

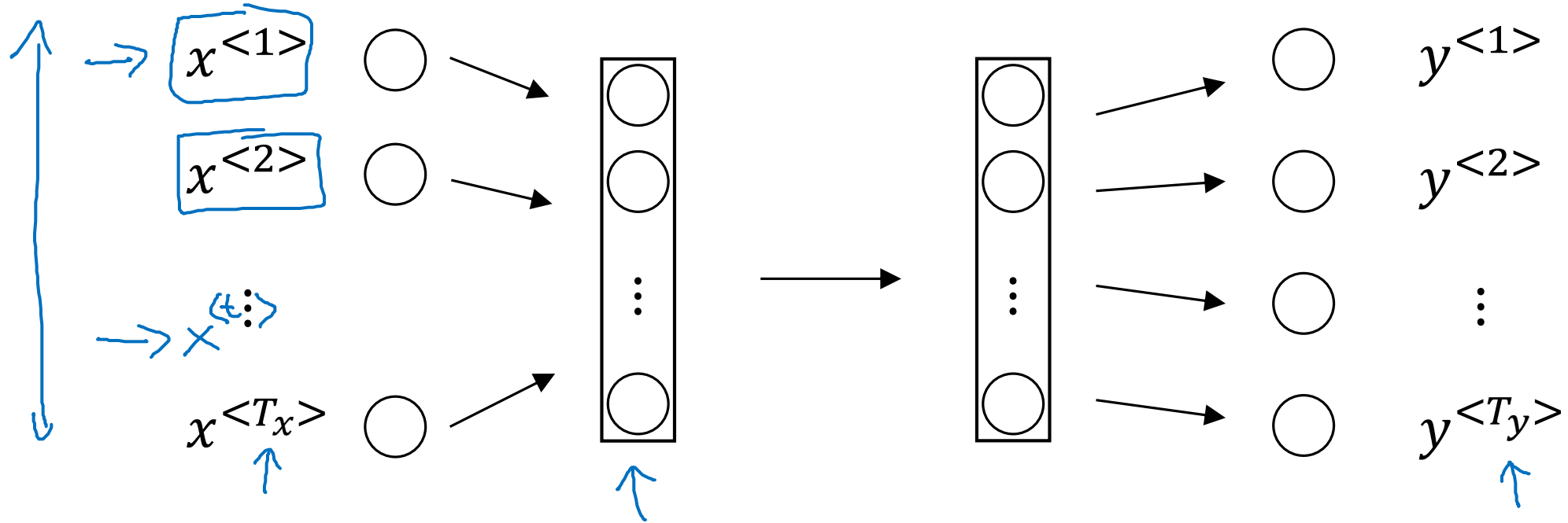


deeplearning.ai

Recurrent Neural Networks

Recurrent Neural Network Model

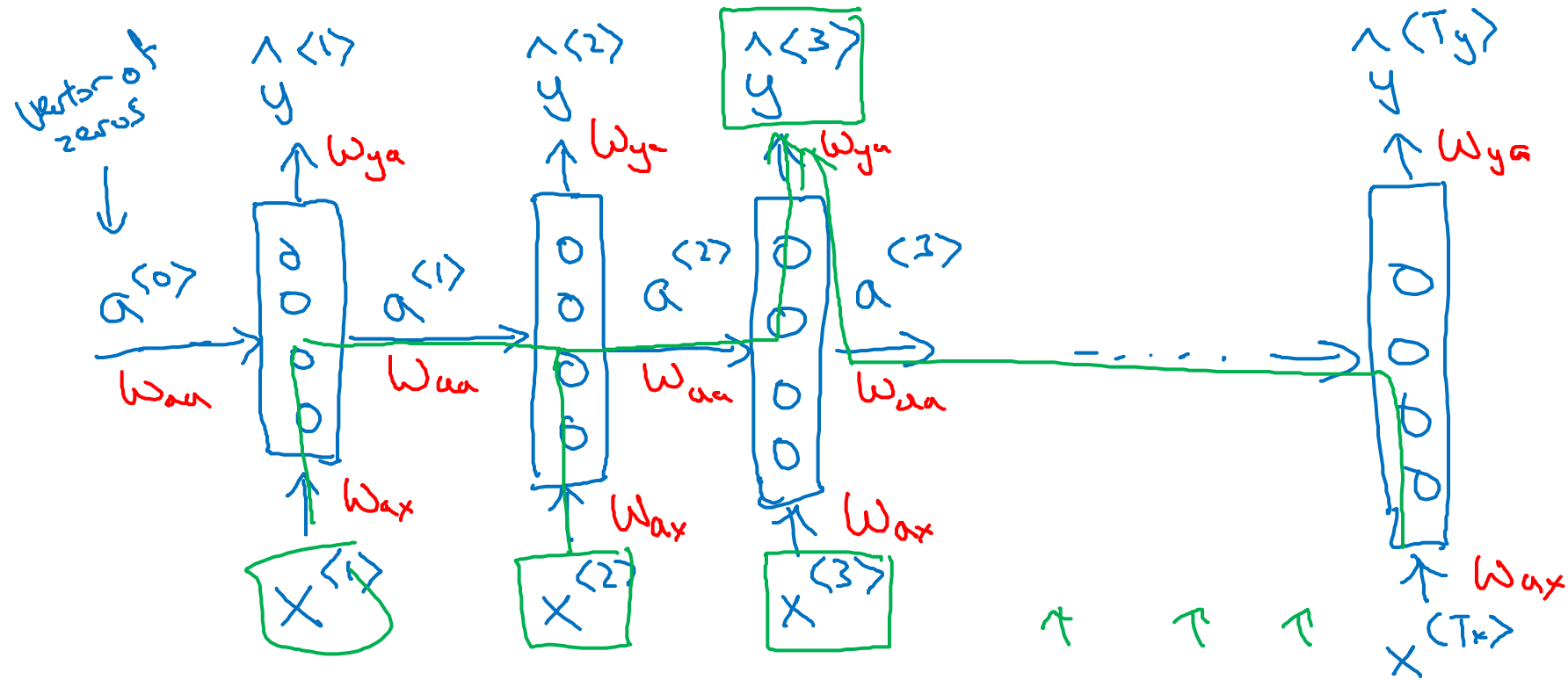
Why not a standard network?



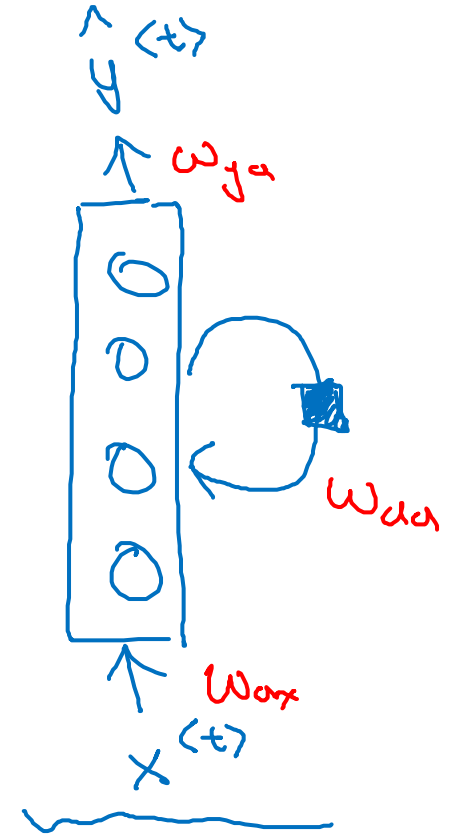
Problems:

- - Inputs, outputs can be different lengths in different examples.
- - Doesn't share features learned across different positions of text.

Recurrent Neural Networks



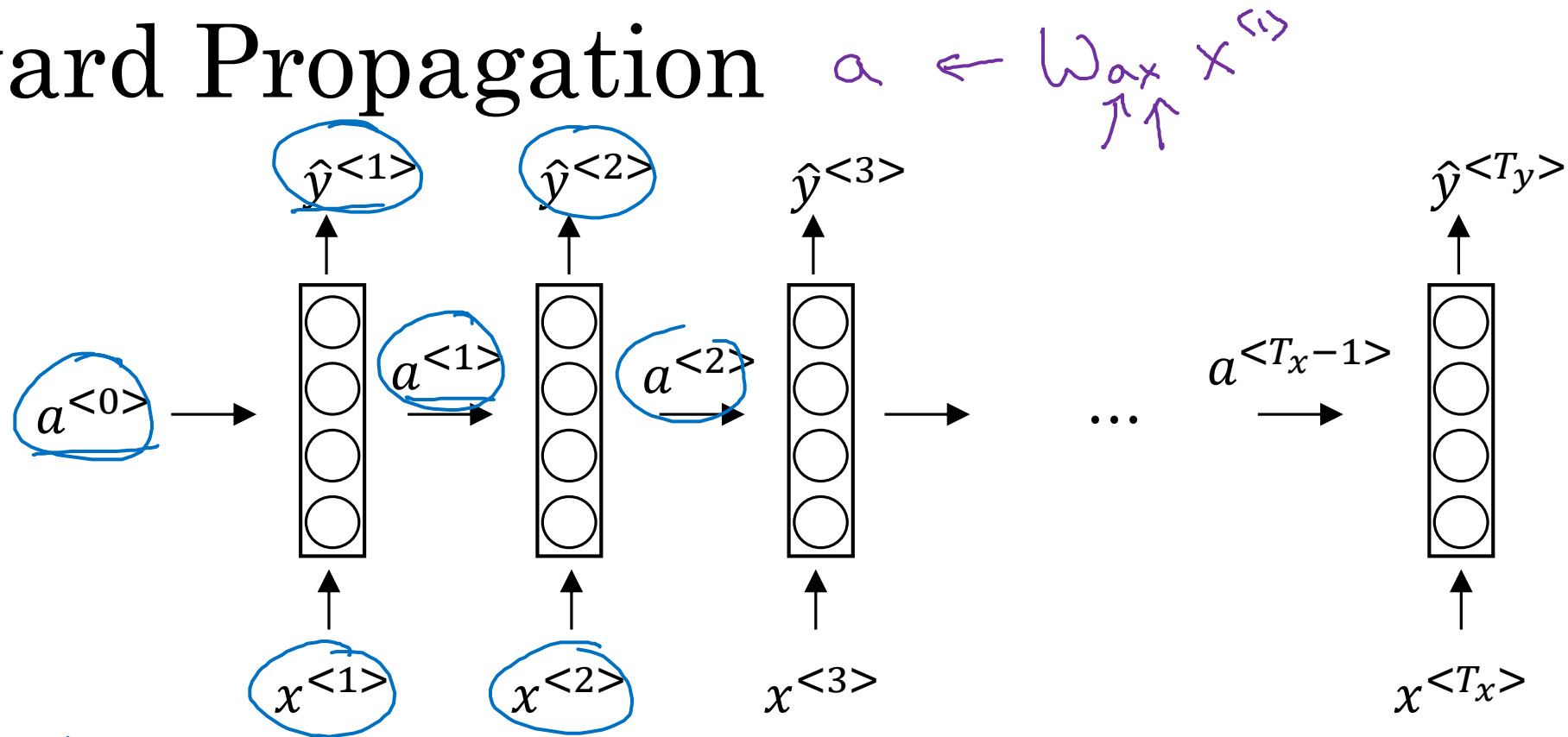
Bidirectional RNN (BRNN)



He said, "Teddy Roosevelt was a great President."

He said, "Teddy bears are on sale!"

Forward Propagation



$$a^{<0>} = \vec{0}$$

$$\underline{a}^{<1>} = g_1(W_{aa} a^{<0>} + \underline{W_{ax}} x^{<1>} + b_a) \leftarrow \underline{\tanh / \text{Relu}}$$

$$\underline{\hat{y}}^{<1>} = g_2(\underline{W_{ya}} a^{<1>} + b_y) \leftarrow \text{Sigmoid}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} a^{<t>} &= g(W_{aa} a^{<t-1>} + W_{ax} x^{<t>} + b_a) \\ \hat{y}^{<t>} &= g(W_{ya} a^{<t>} + b_y) \end{aligned}}$$

Simplified RNN notation

$$a^{<t>} = g(\underbrace{W_{aa}}_{(100,100)} a^{<t-1>} + \underbrace{W_{ax}}_{(100,10,000)} x^{<t>} + b_a)$$

$$\hat{y}^{<t>} = g(W_{ya} a^{<t>} + b_y)$$

$$\hat{y}^{<t>} = g(W_y a^{<t>} + b_y)$$

$$a^{<t>} = g(W_a [a^{<t-1>}, x^{<t>}] + b_a)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} W_{aa} & W_{ax} \end{bmatrix} = W_a$$

(100, 10100)

$$[a^{<t-1>}, x^{<t>}] = \begin{bmatrix} a^{<t-1>} \\ x^{<t>} \end{bmatrix}$$

100
10000
10100

$$\begin{bmatrix} W_{aa} & W_{ax} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a^{<t-1>} \\ x^{<t>} \end{bmatrix} = W_{aa} a^{<t-1>} + W_{ax} x^{<t>}$$