Program 1.

```
/* File Name: freertos.c
File Description: This is the main file that contains the primary function
calls.
Author Name: Nitik Satish Gupta and Rakesh Kumar */
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "FreeRTOS.h"
#include "task.h"
#include "queue.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "semphr.h"
#include "fsl dac.h"
#include "fsl_device_registers.h"
#include "fsl_debug_console.h"
#include "fsl_port.h"
#include "fsl gpio.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "fsl_port.h"
#include "pin_mux.h"
#include "fsl common.h"
#include "clock config.h"
#include "math.h"
/************************
****
* Definitions
********************
#define DEMO DAC BASEADDR DACO
#define BUFF LENGTH 4
#define DMA CHANNEL 0
#define DMA SOURCE 63
/* clang-format on */
/***********************
****
* Variables
******************
static void SwTimerCallback(TimerHandle t xTimer);
#define SINUS LENGTH 51
#define SW TIMER PERIOD MS (100 / portTICK PERIOD MS)
dac config t dacConfigStruct;
static int dacValue[SINUS LENGTH] ;
/* Name: DACInit()
   Description: This is the function that does the initialization for the
DAC.
   Inputs: void
   Returns: void */
void DACInit()
       DAC GetDefaultConfig(&dacConfigStruct);
            DAC Init(DEMO DAC BASEADDR, &dacConfigStruct);
```

```
/* Enable
             DAC Enable (DEMO DAC BASEADDR, true);
output. */
             DAC SetBufferReadPointer(DEMO DAC BASEADDR, OU);
}
/************************
****
* Code
**************
***/
/*!
* @brief Main function
//BaseType t DAC task;
//TaskHandle t* DAC task;
int main (void)
/* Define the init structure for the input switch pin */
#ifdef BOARD SW NAME
   gpio_pin_config_t sw_config = {
      kGPIO DigitalInput, 0,
   };
#endif
   uint8 t index=0;
   TimerHandle t SwTimerHandle = NULL;
   //Initializing the Queue
   LED GREEN INIT(1);
   for(index = 0;index<51;index++)</pre>
          dacValue[index] = ( ( ( sin(index * (6.28/50)))+2)*4096/3.3 );
         PRINTF("SINE = %d\n\r", dacValue[index]);
      }
   DACInit();
  // lptmrInit();
#if configUSE TICKLESS IDLE
#endif
   BOARD InitPins();
   BOARD BootClockRUN();
   BOARD InitDebugConsole();
   /*Create tickless task*/
 /* Make sure the read pointer to the start. */
                                                    * The buffer is not
enabled, so the read pointer can not move automatically. However, the
buffer's read pointer
                                                    * and itemss can be
written manually by user.
                                                    /* Text name. */
      SwTimerHandle = xTimerCreate("SwTimer1",
                                 SW_TIMER_PERIOD_MS, /* Timer period. */
                                 pdTRUE,
                                                    /* Enable auto
reload. */
                                                    /* ID is not used.
                                 0,
* /
                                 SwTimerCallback); /* The callback
function. */
   /*Task Scheduler*/
```

```
xTimerStart(SwTimerHandle, 0);
    vTaskStartScheduler();
    for (;;)
}
/* Tickless Task */
uint8 t i=0;
/* Name: SwTimerCallback
   Description: This is the function that does the calls the Timer
Function.
   Inputs: xTimer
   Returns: void */
static void SwTimerCallback(TimerHandle t xTimer)
    LED_GREEN_TOGGLE();
DAC_SetBufferValue(DEMO_DAC_BASEADDR, OU, dacValue[i]);
    PRINTF("\n\rDAC Value:%d", dacValue[i]);
    if(i==SINUS_LENGTH)
       i=0;
   //vTaskResume(Hello task);
}
```

Program 2.

```
/* File Name: freertos.c
File Description: This is the main file that contains the primary function
calls.
Author Name: Nitik Satish Gupta and Rakesh Kumar */
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "FreeRTOS.h"
#include "task.h"
#include "queue.h"
#include "timers.h"
#include "semphr.h"
#include "fsl dac.h"
#include "fsl_device_registers.h"
#include "fsl_debug_console.h"
#include "fsl_port.h"
#include "fsl gpio.h"
#include "board.h"
#include "fsl_port.h"
#include "pin_mux.h"
#include "fsl_common.h"
#include "clock config.h"
#include "fsl adc16.h"
#include "fsl_dma.h"
#include "fsl_dmamux.h"
#if configUSE_TICKLESS_IDLE
#include "fsl lptmr.h"
#endif
#include "math.h"
#include "circular buffer.h"
* Definitions
*****************
#define BOARD SW GPIO BOARD SW2 GPIO
#define BOARD SW PORT BOARD SW2 PORT
#define BOARD SW GPIO PIN BOARD SW2 GPIO PIN
#define BOARD SW IRQ BOARD SW2 IRQ
#define BOARD SW IRQ HANDLER BOARD SW2 IRQ HANDLER
#define BOARD SW NAME BOARD SW2 NAME
#define MAX LOG LENGTH 20
/* @brief FreeRTOS tickless timer configuration. */
#define BOARD LPTMR IRQ HANDLER LPTMR0 IRQHandler /*! < Timer IRQ handler.
#define TICKLESS LPTMR BASE PTR LPTMR0
                                             /*!< Tickless timer base
address. */
#define TICKLESS LPTMR IRQn LPTMR0 IRQn
                                             /*!< Tickless timer IRQ
number. */
/* Task priorities. */
/* clang-format off */
#define tickless task PRIORITY ( configMAX PRIORITIES )
#define SW task PRIORITY ( configMAX PRIORITIES - 1 )
#define TIME DELAY SLEEP 100
#define DEMO_DAC_BASEADDR DAC0
#define DEMO ADC16 BASE ADC0
#define DEMO ADC16 CHANNEL GROUP OU
```

```
#define DEMO ADC16 USER CHANNEL OU /*PTE20, ADC0 SE0 */
/* Interrupt priorities. */
#define SW NVIC PRIO 2
#define SIZE 64
#define BUFF LENGTH 4
#define DMA CHANNEL 0
#define DMA SOURCE 63
/* clang-format on */
/****************************
****
 * Prototypes
************************
***/
extern void vPortLptmrIsr(void);
LPTMR Type *vPortGetLptrmBase(void);
IRQn Type vPortGetLptmrIrqn(void);
****
 * Variables
******************
static void DAC TRANSFER_task(void *pvParameters);
static void ADC TRANSFER task(void *pvParameters);
static void DSP Task(void *pvParameters);
static void SW task(void *pvParameters);
#define SINUS LENGTH 51
volatile uint32 t i=0;
SemaphoreHandle t xSWSemaphore = NULL;
adc16 config t adc16ConfigStruct;
adc16 channel config t adc16ChannelConfigStruct;
dac config t dacConfigStruct;
circularbuff handle t cbuf handle;
uint16 t * buffer;
uint8 t count=0;
dma_handle_t g_DMA_Handle;
dma transfer config t transferConfig;
uint32_t counter = \overline{0};
/* Data log queue handle */
static QueueHandle t log queue = NULL;
//Semaphore for the LED resource
SemaphoreHandle t xSemaphore LED = NULL;
const TickType_t xDelay1ms = pdMS_TO_TICKS( 1 );
volatile bool g Transfer Done = false;
volatile uint8 t flag=0;
uint16 t ADC Buffer[51];
uint16 t DSP Buffer[51], Max, Min;
char logg[MAX LOG LENGTH + 1];
double mean, StdDev;
static const int dacValue[SINUS LENGTH];
/* Name: log task()
   Description: This is the function to display the logging information
stored in the queue.
   Inputs: void
   Returns: void */
static void log task()
```

```
{
    char log temp[MAX LOG LENGTH + 1];
    while (counter--)
        //Get the logging informatin stored in the queue
        xQueueReceive(log_queue, log_temp, portMAX_DELAY);
        PRINTF("Log %d: %s\r\n", counter, log temp);
    }
}
   Name: ConvertTime()
    Description: This is the function to process time in the required
format.
    Inputs: void
    Returns: void */
void ConvertTime(double ticks)
       double mil;
       uint8 t S=0, M=0;
       mil=ticks;
       while (mil>1000)
               mil=mil-1000;
               S++;
        }
       while (S>60)
               S=S-60;
               M++;
        }
               PRINTF("\n\r%d:%d.%d",M,S,mil);
               PRINTF("\n\r%d",ticks);
}
/* Name: ADCInit()
    Description: This is the function that does the initialization for the
ADC.
    Inputs: void
    Returns: void */
void ADCInit()
        ADC16 GetDefaultConfig(&adc16ConfigStruct);
        #ifdef BOARD ADC USE ALT VREF
            adc16ConfigStruct.referenceVoltageSource =
kADC16 ReferenceVoltageSourceValt;
            //Initializing the ADC
            ADC16 Init(DEMO ADC16 BASE, &adc16ConfigStruct);
            /* Make sure the software trigger is used. */
            ADC16 EnableHardwareTrigger(DEMO ADC16 BASE, false);
        #if defined(FSL FEATURE ADC16 HAS CALIBRATION) &&
FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS CALIBRATION
            if (kStatus Success ==
ADC16_DoAutoCalibration(DEMO_ADC16 BASE))
                PRINTF("ADC16 DoAutoCalibration() Done.\r\n");
            }
            else
                PRINTF("ADC16 DoAutoCalibration() Failed.\r\n");
```

```
#endif /* FSL FEATURE ADC16 HAS CALIBRATION */
           PRINTF("Press any key to get user channel's ADC value
...\r\n");
           adc16ChannelConfigStruct.channelNumber =
DEMO ADC16 USER CHANNEL;
           adc16ChannelConfigStruct.enableInterruptOnConversionCompleted =
false;
        #if defined(FSL FEATURE ADC16 HAS DIFF MODE) &&
FSL FEATURE ADC16 HAS DIFF MODE
           adc16ChannelConfigStruct.enableDifferentialConversion = false;
        #endif /* FSL FEATURE ADC16 HAS DIFF MODE */
}
/* Name: DACInit()
    Description: This is the function that does the initialization for the
DAC.
    Inputs: void
    Returns: void */
void DACInit()
        //Getting the default configuration for the DAC
        DAC GetDefaultConfig(&dacConfigStruct);
         //Initializing the DAC
        DAC Init(DEMO DAC BASEADDR, &dacConfigStruct);
         //Enabling the DAC
        DAC Enable (DEMO DAC BASEADDR, true);
                                                         /* Enable output.
*/
        DAC SetBufferReadPointer(DEMO DAC BASEADDR, OU);
}
/* Name: CircularBuffInit()
    Description: This is the function that does the initialization for the
circular buffer.
    Inputs: void
    Returns: void */
void CircularBuffInit()
{
       //Memory allocation for the buffer to be provided to the circular
buffer handle
       buffer = (uint16 t *)malloc(SIZE*sizeof(uint16 t));
       assert(buffer);
       //Memory allocation for the circular buffer structure
       cbuf handle = (circular buffer t
*)malloc(SIZE*sizeof(circular buffer t));
       bool res = circular buffer valid(cbuf handle);
       if(res)
        {
                PRINTF("\n\r The buffer pointer is valid");
        }
       else
        {
                PRINTF("\n\r Invalid Buffer pointer");
        //Initializing the circular buffer
       circular buffer init(buffer, SIZE, cbuf handle);
        //Checking for the proper initialization of the buffer
        res = circular buffer init check(cbuf handle);
```

```
if(res)
                PRINTF("\n\r The buffer pointer is initialized");
        }
        else
        {
                PRINTF("\n\r Couldn't initialize buffer");
        cbuf handle->tail = 0;
}
/* Name: DMA Callback()
    Description: This is the callback function for the DMA.
    Inputs: void
    Returns: void */
void DMA Callback(dma handle t *handle, void *param)
       //Indicating the transfer done status
    g Transfer Done = true;
}
/* Name: queue_init()
    Description: Queue init for the logging functionality.
    Inputs: void
    Returns: void */
void queue init(uint32 t queue length, uint32 t max log length)
       //Creating the queue
    log queue = xQueueCreate(queue_length, max_log_length);
}
/* Name: log_add()
    Description: This is the function that adds the logginf information
into the queue.
    Inputs: void
    Returns: void */
void log add(char *log)
{
       //Adding information inside the queue
    xQueueSend(log_queue, logg, 0);
}
//void DMA func()
//{
       DMA PrepareTransfer(&transferConfig, srcAddr, sizeof(srcAddr[0]),
//
destAddr, sizeof(destAddr[0]), sizeof(srcAddr),
                                kDMA MemoryToMemory);
//
//
           DMA SubmitTransfer(&g DMA Handle, &transferConfig,
kDMA EnableInterrupt);
           DMA StartTransfer(&g DMA Handle);
//
//
           /* Wait for DMA transfer finish */
//
           while (g Transfer Done != true)
//
//
            }
//}
* @brief Main function
* /
int main(void)
{
```

```
/* Define the init structure for the input switch pin */
#ifdef BOARD SW NAME
    gpio pin config t sw config = {
        kGPIO DigitalInput, 0,
    };
#endif
    //Initializing the Queue
    queue init(10, MAX LOG LENGTH);
    vSemaphoreCreateBinary(xSemaphore LED);
    if (xSemaphore LED == NULL)
        PRINTF("xSemaphore producer creation failed.\r\n");
        vTaskSuspend(NULL);
    }
    for(uint8 t index = 0;index<50;index++)</pre>
        dacValue[index] = ( ( ( <math>sin(index * (6.28/50)))+2)*4096/3.3 );
        PRINTF("SINE = %d\n\r", dacValue[index]);
    LED GREEN INIT(1);
    LED BLUE INIT(1);
    xSemaphoreGive(xSemaphore LED);
    uint8 t status = uxSemaphoreGetCount(xSemaphore LED);
    if(status)
       LED GREEN ON();
       //xSemaphoreGive(xSemaphore LED);
       xSemaphoreTake(xSemaphore LED, 0);
       sprintf(logg, "LED status: %d", 1);
       log add(logg);
       counter++;
    }
    else
       LED GREEN OFF();
       xSemaphoreGive(xSemaphore LED);
       sprintf(logg, "LED status: %d", 0);
       log add(logg);
       counter++;
    status = uxSemaphoreGetCount(xSemaphore LED);
    if(!status)
        LED GREEN OFF();
        xSemaphoreGive(xSemaphore LED);
        sprintf(logg, "LED status: %d", 0);
        log add(logg);
        counter++;
    }
    else
        LED GREEN ON();
        sprintf(logg, "LED status: %d", 1);
        log add(logg);
        counter++;
    log task();
    ADCInit();
    DACInit();
    CircularBuffInit();
```

```
#if configUSE TICKLESS IDLE
#endif
   BOARD InitPins();
    BOARD BootClockRUN();
    BOARD InitDebugConsole();
    /* Print a note to terminal. */
   PRINTF("Tickless Demo example\r\n");
#ifdef BOARD SW NAME
   PRINTF("Press %s to wake up the CPU\r\n", BOARD SW NAME);
    /* Init input switch GPIO. */
    PORT SetPinInterruptConfig(BOARD SW PORT, BOARD SW GPIO PIN,
kPORT InterruptFallingEdge);
// NVIC_SetPriority(BOARD_SW_IRQ, SW_NVIC_PRIO);
     EnableIRQ(BOARD SW IRQ);
   GPIO PinInit (BOARD SW GPIO, BOARD SW GPIO PIN, &sw config);
#endif
   /*Create tickless task*/
  /* Make sure the read pointer to the start. */
     ^{\star} The buffer is not enabled, so the read pointer can not move
automatically. However, the buffer's read pointer
     * and itemss can be written manually by user.
    */
   xTaskCreate(DAC TRANSFER task, "DAC TRANSFER task",
configMINIMAL_STACK_SIZE + 100, NULL, tickless task PRIORITY-2, NULL);
   xTaskCreate(ADC TRANSFER task, "ADC TRANSFER task",
configMINIMAL STACK SIZE + 1000, NULL, tickless task PRIORITY-3, NULL);
   xTaskCreate(SW task, "Tickless task", configMINIMAL STACK SIZE + 38,
NULL, tickless task PRIORITY, NULL);
    /*Task Scheduler*/
   vTaskStartScheduler();
    for (;;)
        ;
}
/* Name: DMA0 IRQHandler()
   Description: This is the IRQ handler for the DMA-0.
   Inputs: void
   Returns: void */
void DMA0 IRQHandler(void)
      PRINTF("\n\r DMA Done");
{
       ConvertTime(xTaskGetTickCount());
       //Task creation for the DSP
       xTaskCreate(DSP Task, "DSP Task", configMINIMAL STACK SIZE-20 ,
NULL, tickless task PRIORITY-1, NULL);
       //Disabling the DMA interrupt
       DisableIRQ(DMA0_IRQn);
/* Tickless Task */
  Name: DAC TRANSFER task()
   Description: This is the function that executes the DMA transfer
operation.
    Inputs: pvParameters
    Returns: void */
static void DAC TRANSFER task(void *pvParameters)
   for (;;)
    {
```

```
i++;
        LED GREEN_TOGGLE();
        DAC SetBufferValue(DEMO DAC BASEADDR, OU, dacValue[i]);
        PRINTF("\n\rDAC Value:%d", dacValue[i]);
        if(i==SINUS LENGTH)
                i=0;
        vTaskDelay(TIME DELAY SLEEP);
    }
}
   Name: ADC TRANSFER task()
    Description: This is the function that executes the ADC transfer
operation.
    Inputs: pvParameters
    Returns: void */
static void ADC TRANSFER task(void *pvParameters)
      TickType t DMA Start, DMA Stop;
                                                               //Adding the
data to the circular buffer
       for (;;)
        ADC16 SetChannelConfig(DEMO ADC16 BASE, DEMO ADC16 CHANNEL GROUP,
&adc16ChannelConfigStruct);
        while (OU == (kADC16 ChannelConversionDoneFlag &
        //Getting the status flags of the ADC
        ADC16 GetChannelStatusFlags (DEMO ADC16 BASE,
DEMO ADC16 CHANNEL GROUP)))
        //Getting the channel conversion value
        ADC Buffer[i]=ADC16 GetChannelConversionValue(DEMO ADC16 BASE,
DEMO ADC16 CHANNEL GROUP);
        PRINTF("ADC Value: %d\r\n", ADC Buffer[i] );
        PRINTF("\n\r%d",i);
        //Adding values into the circular buffer
        circular buffer add(cbuf handle, ADC Buffer[i]);
        uint16 t* Add=cbuf handle->buffer;
        if(i==0)
        {
               count++;
               PRINTF("\n\r INSIDE DMA");
               //Getting the current tick count
               DMA Start = xTaskGetTickCount();
                ConvertTime(DMA Start);
                //Adjusting for the required delay
                DMA Stop = DMA Start + (500*xDelay1ms);
            while (DMA Start != DMA Stop)
                        DMA Start = xTaskGetTickCount();
                       GPIOB \rightarrow PDDR \&= 0 \times 00;
                       LED BLUE ON();
                LED BLUE OFF();
                GPIOB \rightarrow PDDR = 0 \times FF;
               LED GREEN INIT(1);
                LED BLUE INIT(1);
                //xTaskCreate(LED Task,"Led Task",configMINIMAL STACK SIZE
+ 500, NULL, tickless task PRIORITY-1, NULL);
```

```
DMAMUX Init(DMAMUX0);
            DMAMUX_SetSource(DMAMUX0, DMA_CHANNEL, DMA_SOURCE);
            DMAMUX EnableChannel(DMAMUX0, DMA_CHANNEL);
            /* Configure DMA one shot transfer */
            DMA Init(DMA0);
            DMA CreateHandle (&g DMA Handle, DMAO, DMA CHANNEL);
               DMA SetCallback(&g DMA Handle, DMA Callback, NULL);
               DMA PrepareTransfer(&transferConfig, Add, sizeof(uint16 t),
DSP Buffer, sizeof(uint16 t), SIZE*sizeof(uint16 t),kDMA MemoryToMemory);
            DMA SubmitTransfer(&g DMA Handle, &transferConfig,
kDMA EnableInterrupt);
            DMA StartTransfer(&g DMA Handle);
                            /* Wait for DMA transfer finish */
//
                           while (g Transfer Done != true)
//
                            {
//
                            }
        vTaskDelay(TIME DELAY SLEEP);
    }
   Name: SW task()
    Description: This is the function that is responsible for the CPU
wakeup on the external interrupt.
    Inputs: pvParameters
    Returns: void */
static void SW task(void *pvParameters)
        //Creating a binary semaphore
    xSWSemaphore = xSemaphoreCreateBinary();
    for (;;)
        if (xSemaphoreTake(xSWSemaphore, portMAX DELAY) == pdTRUE)
            PRINTF("CPU waked up by EXT interrupt\r\n");
        }
    }
}
volatile uint16 t cnt=0;
/* Name: DSP Task()
    Description: This is the function that carries out the DSP related
operation.
    Inputs: pvParameters
    Returns: void */
static void DSP Task(void *pvParameters)
{
       for(;;)
               cnt++;
               PRINTF("\n\r DSP Task");
               uint16 t j;
               double sum=0, sumVar=0, Var;
//
               for (j=0; j<51; j++)
//
//
                       PRINTF("\n\r%d",DSP Buffer[j]);
//
                for (j=0; j<51; j++)
                       if(j==0)
                               Max=DSP Buffer[j];
                               Min=DSP Buffer[j];
```

```
if(DSP Buffer[j]>Max)
                               Max=DSP_Buffer[j];
                        if(DSP_Buffer[j]<Min)</pre>
                               Min=DSP Buffer[j];
                       sum+=DSP Buffer[j];
               mean=sum/50;
               for(j=0;j<51;j++)
                        sumVar+=pow((DSP_Buffer[j]-mean),2);
               Var=sumVar/50;
               StdDev=sqrt(Var);
               PRINTF("\n\rMAX=%d",Max);
               PRINTF("\n\rMIN=%d",Min);
               PRINTF("\n\rMEAN=%f", mean);
               PRINTF("\n\rSTANDARD DEVIATION=%f",StdDev);
               if(cnt==5)
                       vTaskSuspendAll();
               vTaskSuspend(NULL);
       }
}
```