Entity Framework

Slides Roadmap

- Intro Linq
- Lambda expressions
- Intro Entity Framework

Language extensions that enable query operations over data

- System.Core.dll : IEnumerable<T>
- System.Data.DataExtensions.dll LINQ for DataSet
- System.Data.Linq.dll: LINQ for SQL Server
- System.Xml.Linq.dll : LINQ for XML.

- System.Linq namespace contains different extensions under System.Linq.Enumerable.
- Commonly used operators:
 OrderByDescending/ OrderBy/ Take/ Average/
 Sum/ Distinct/ Count/ First/ FirstOrDefault
 etc...

```
string[] strArray = new string[] { "hello", "hola", "bonjour", "ca va", "que tal" };
var result = from s in strArray
             where s[0] == 'h'
             select s:
string[] strArray = new string[] { "hello", "hola", "bonjour", "ca va", "que tal" };
var result = from s in strArray
            where s[0] == 'h'
            orderby s
            select s:
                  int count = (from s in strArray
                                 where s[0] == 'h'
                                 select s).Count();
```

- Conversion operators: ToArray/ ToList/
 ToDictionary
- Enforce the immediate execution of queries
- Convert to different collection types List/
 Enumerable/ Queryable/ etc..

Watch 1		
Name	Value	
□ 🧳 result	{System.Linq.OrderedEnumerable <string,string>}</string,string>	
	{System.Linq.OrderedEnumerable <string,string>}</string,string>	
🗷 🤏 Results View	Expanding the Results View will enumerate the IEnumerable	

Name	Value
□ 👂 result	Count = 2
\$ [0]	"hola"
[1]	"hello"
Raw View Raw View	

- Partitioning operators: Take/ Skip/ TakeWhile/
 SkipWhile
- Allows partitioning the results of query into a specific sequence.

Demo

LINQ query objects

- Anonymous function that can contain expressions and statements.
- Can be used to create delegates or expression tree types.
- => "goes to"
- All restrictions that apply to anonymous methods also apply to lambda expressions.

Example 1

```
delegate int del(int i);
static void Main(string[] args)
{
    del myDelegate = x => x * x;
    int j = myDelegate(5); //j = 25
}
```

Example 2

```
//create an expression tree
Expression<del> myEt = x => x * x;
//compile the expression tree into a delegate
del result = myEt.Compile();
//invoke the delegate
result(5);
```

Linq and Lambda expressions

before

after

string[] strArray = new string[] { "hello", "hola", "hoho", "bonjour", "ca va", "que tal" };
var result = strArray.Where(s => s[0] == 'h').OrderByDescending(s => s).Skip(1).Take(2);

Demo

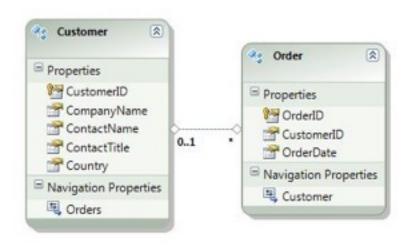
Entity Framework: Components

- Edmx (Entity Data Model X for XML)
 - Modeling Entities
 - Define Mapping with Database
- SSDL (Store Schema Definition Language):
 - Database description
- CSDL (Conceptual Schema Definition Language) :
 - Entities description
- MSL (Mapping Specification Language) :
 - Mapping description

Entity Framework: Components

Conceptual Model Entity Data Model Schema *.CSDL Conceptual Model Storage/Logical Model Database Objects Schema *.SSDL *.SSDL *.MSL *.SSDL

Entity Framework: Components



Column	Operator	Value / Property	
△ Tables			
■ Maps to Customers			
Add a Condition>			
Column Mappings			
CustomerlD : nchar	++	CustomerID : String	1
CompanyName: nvarchar	**	CompanyName: String	
ContactName: nvarchar	++	ContactName: String	
ContactTitle: nvarchar	++	ContactTitle: String	

Entity Framework: Strategies

- Database First (generate Model from database)
- Model First (generate database from Model)
- Code First (No model, create code only)

Entity Framework: Template T4

- Template **generation code** for :
 - Entities
 - Context
- Template examples:
 - POCO
 - Self Traking Entities

Entity Framework: Template T4

```
[EdmEntityTypeAttribute(NamespaceName="NorthwindModel", Name="Customer")]
[Serializable()]
[DataContractAttribute(IsReference=true)]
public partial class Customer : EntityObject
   Factory Method
   Primitive Properties
   Navigation Properties
public partial class Customer
     Primitive Properties
      Navigation Properties
     Association Fixup
```

Entity Framework: Key benefits

- Integration with WCF DataService and Scaffolding
- Powerful mapping
- Entity framework use the EDM to build SQL queries
- Low coupling between objects of the data access layer and elements of the database

Entity Framework: ObjectContext

- Main class for interacting with objects
- Contains:
 - EntityConnection (Manage connections to the database)
 - MetadataWorkspace (Get Metadata from edm at runtime)
 - ObjectStateManager (track entities)
- Any entity retrieved from the ObjectContext is attached

- Create Model Classes
- POCO
- No data code
- Navigation property virtual

- Create the context
- Get/Persist data

```
O references

public class LibraryContext : DbContext

{

    O references
    public DbSet<Book> Books { get; set; }
    O references
    public DbSet<Person> Persons { get; set; }
}
```

- Conventions
 - DbContext properties => Tables
 - POCO properties => Columns
 - Property Id will be primary key
 - http://blogs.msdn.com/b/efdesign/archive/
 2010/06/01/conventions-for-code-first.aspx

- DataAnnotations (simple configuration)
 - KeyAttribute
 - ForeignKeyAttribute
 - RequiredAttribute
 - MaxLengthAttribute
 - MinLengthAttribute
 - TableAttribute
 - ColumnAttribute
 - DatabaseGeneratedAttribute (example Computed)
 - IndexAttribute

- Fluent API (advanced configuration)
 - DbContext: override OnModelCreating
 - modelBuilder.HasDefaultSchema: change schema
 - modelBuilder.Entity<>: Entity Conventions
 - HasKey: primary key
 - ToTable
 - Property: get property convention
 - ex: Ignore, HasColumnName,
 HasColumnType, Required, HasMaxLength...

Fluent API (advanced configuration)

```
//one to many
modelBuilder.Entity<Course>()
 .HasRequired(_ => _.Teacher)
 .WithMany(_ => _.Courses)
 .HasForeignKey( => .TeacherId);
//many to many
modelBuilder.Entity<Course>()
    .HasMany(_ => _.Students)
    .WithMany(_ => _.Courses)
    .Map(_ =>
        _.ToTable("Courses");
        _.MapLeftKey("Id");
        _.MapRightKey("Id");
    }); ;
```

- Custom conventions
 - ex: new primary key convention

```
modelBuilder.Properties()
    .Where(p => p.Name.EndsWith("Key"))
    .Configure(p => p.IsKey().HasDatabaseGeneratedOption(DatabaseGeneratedOption.None));
```

- ex: custom attribute

```
modelBuilder.Properties()
    .Having(x =>x.GetCustomAttributes(false).OfType<IsUnicode>().FirstOrDefault())
    .Configure((config, att) => config.IsUnicode(att.Unicode));
```

example Convention class

```
public class DateTime2Convention : Convention
{
    public DateTime2Convention()
    {
        this.Properties<DateTime>()
        .Configure(c => c.HasColumnType("datetime2"));
    }
}
```

Register with modelBuilder

```
modelBuilder.Conventions.Add(new DateTime2Convention());
```

- Migrations
 - Enable-Migrations
 - Add-Migration «MyMigration»
 - Update-Database
 - http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-US/data/jj591621

- Tips
 - Local server: (localdb)\v11.0
 - Connectionstring in App.config/web.config

Entity Framework: ObjectContext / DbContext

```
using (var context = new NorthwindEntities())
{
    var query = from c in context.Customers
        where c.Country == "France"
        orderby c.ContactName
        select c;

    var query2 = context.Customers.Where(_ => _.Country == "France").OrderBy(_ => _.ContactName);
}
```

Entity Framework: Demo

Mapping + query