

Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli  
Computer Science & Engineering  
Third Year  
**Course: Computer Algorithm Lab**

**Week 2 and 3 Assignment**

**Searching Algorithm**

Q.1 You are an IT company's manager. Based on their performance over the last  $N$  working days, you must rate your employee. You are given an array of  $N$  integers called *workload*, where *workload*[ $i$ ] represents the number of hours an employee worked on an  $i^{\text{th}}$  day. The employee must be evaluated using the following criteria:

- Rating = the maximum number of consecutive working days when the employee has worked more than 6 hours.

You are given an integer  $N$  where  $N$  represents the number of working days. You are given an integer array *workload* where *workload*[ $i$ ] represents the number of hours an employee worked on an  $i^{\text{th}}$  day.

**Task**

Determine the employee rating.

Q.2 You have  $N$  boxes numbered 1 through  $N$  and  $K$  candies numbered 1 through  $K$ . You put the candies in the boxes in the following order:

- first candy in the first box,
- second candy in the second box,
- .....
- .....
- so up to  $N$ -th candy in the  $N$ th box,
- the next candy in  $(N - 1)$ -th box,
- the next candy in  $(N - 2)$ -th box
- .....
- .....
- and so on up to the first box,
- then the next candy in the second box
- ..... and so on until there is no candy left.

So you put the candies in the boxes in the following order:

Find the index of the box where you put the  $K$ -th candy.

Q.3 Implement and Explain Tower of Hanoi algorithm.

#### Q.4

There is a frog initially placed at the origin of the coordinate plane. In exactly 1 second, the frog can either move up 1 unit, move right 1 unit, or stay still. In other words, from position  $(x, y)$ , the frog can spend 1 second to move to:

- $(x + 1, y)$
- $(x, y + 1)$
- $(x, y)$

After  $T$  seconds, a villager who sees the frog reports that the frog lies on or inside a square of side-length  $s$  with coordinates  $(X, Y)$ ,  $(X + s, Y)$ ,  $(X, Y + s)$ ,  $(X + s, Y + s)$ .

Calculate how many points with integer coordinates on or inside this square could be the frog's position after exactly  $T$  seconds

**Input Format:**

The first and only line of input contains four space-separated integers:  $X$ ,  $Y$ ,  $s$ , and  $T$ .

**Output Format:**

Print the number of points with integer coordinates that could be the frog's position after  $T$  seconds.

#### Q. 5 Lost Package Tracker

##### Problem Statement:

A logistics company stores the scanned timestamps (in hours) of packages entering a warehouse in an array `timestamps[]`. Sometimes, a timestamp is repeated due to re-scanning.

A package is considered "lost" if its ID (timestamp) is missing between two valid timestamps.

##### Task:

Given a sorted but incomplete list of timestamps from start to end, find the first missing timestamp in the range.

**Input:** `timestamps = [1001, 1002, 1004, 1005]`

**Output:** 1003

Q.6 Implement linear search algorithm.

Q.7 Implement Binary Search algorithm.

#### Q.8 Signal Drop Detector

##### Problem Statement:

You're monitoring signal strengths over time using an array `signal[]`. A drop is defined as a strictly decreasing subsequence for at least 3 consecutive readings.

##### Task:

Find the number of such "signal drops" in the array.

**Input:** `signal = [5, 4, 3, 6, 7, 4, 3, 2]`

**Output:** 2 (drops:  $5 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3$  and  $7 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2$ )