TY CSE AY-2025-26 Sem-I

Sub: Cutting Edge Technologies Lab (7CS352)

Assignment No 1

Due date- 29/07/2025

(Variable and Constant declaration, Type Safety and Type Inference)

- 1. Write a Swift program to declare a constant 'pi' with a value of 3.14159 and a variable 'radius' with a value of 5. Calculate and print the circumference of a circle using the formula circumference=2×pi×radius.
- 2. Declare a constant birthYear and assign your birth year to it. Then, declare a variable currentYear and assign the current year to it. Calculate your age and print it. Try changing the value of birthYear and observe what happens.
- 3. Declare a Variable 'marks' and Modify Its Value, declare a Constant 'outOfMarks' and Attempt to Modify It. Observe the error.
- 4. If you are building a simple app that tracks a user's 'score' in a game, declare a 'score' with appropriate type (variable or constant), justify your choice (write print statement for justification).
- 5. You are creating a weather app. You need to track the current temperature and the freezing point of water. What should be the type of above two values.
- 6. Declare two variables: one for storing a person's age (Int) and another for storing their height (Double). Initialize these variables with appropriate values and use explicit type annotations to ensure the correct data types.

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- 7. Declare two variables, one called 'firstDecimal' and one called 'secondDecimal'. Both should have decimal values. Look at both of their types by holding Option and clicking the variable name.
- 8. Declare a variable called 'trueOrFalse' and give it a boolean value. Try to assign it to 'firstDecimal' like so: 'firstDecimal = trueOrFalse'. Does it compile? Print a statement to the console explaining why not, and remove the line of code that will not compile.

- 9. Declare a variable and give it a string value. Then try to assign it to 'firstDecimal'. Does it compile? Print a statement to the console explaining why not, and remove the line of code that will not compile.
- 10. Finally, declare a variable with a whole number value. Then try to assign it to 'firstDecimal'. Why won't this compile even though both variables are numbers? Print a statement to the console explaining why not, and remove the line of code that will not compile.
- 11. Declare a variable called 'name' of type 'String', but do not give it a value. Print 'name' to the console. Does the code compile? Remove any code that will not compile.
- 12. Declare a variable called 'distanceTraveled' and set it to 0. Do not give it an explicit type. Now assign a value of 54.3 to 'distanceTraveled'. Does the code compile? Go back and set an explicit type on 'distanceTraveled' so the code will compile.
- 13. You decide that your fitness tracking app should show the user what percentage of his/her goal has been achieved so far today. Declare a variable called 'percentCompleted' and set it to 0. Do not explicitly assign it a type.
- 14. Imagine that partway through the day a user has taken 3,467 steps out of the 10,000 step goal. This means he/she is 34.67% of the way to his/her goal. Assign 34.67 to 'percentCompleted'. Does the code compile? Go back and explicitly assign a type to 'percentCompleted' that will allow the code to compile.

*(Hint: for keyboard input print("Please enter your name:") let name = readLine()

*For input other than string print("Please enter your age:") let ageString = readLine() let age = Int(ageString)

15. Write a Swift program that asks the user to input their name. Then, print a greeting message using the entered name.

Input: User's name (String)

Output: Greeting message (e.g., "Hello, John!")

16. Write a Swift program that asks the user to input two numbers (integers). Then, calculate and print the sum of these two numbers.

17. Write a Swift program that asks the user to input a temperature in Celsius. Then, convert it to Fahrenheit and print the result.			
