# **DAY-20**

#### OCTOBER-06

#### **DICTIONARY:**

- Always values are stored in key:value pairs
- Here key is immutable and values are mutable
- We represent dictionary by dict() or {:}

### Example:

```
pdata = {'name':'priyanka','ph no':
'7349178176', 'place': 'davanagere', 'email': 'priyankabg99@gmail.com'}
pdata
o/p:
{'name': 'priyanka',
'ph no': '7349178176',
'place': 'davanagere',
'email': 'priyankabg99@gmail.com'}
 To print only keys - pdata.keys()
 To print only values – pdata.values()
• To change the values –
      pdata['ph no'] = '9807654321'
      pdata
      o/p:
      {'name': 'priyanka',
       'ph no': '9807654321',
       'place': 'davanagere',
       'email': 'priyankabg99@gmail.com'}
  To add new key value pair to the dictionary
      pdata['age'] = 26
      pdata
      o/p:
      {'name': 'priyanka',
```

```
'ph no': '9807654321',
'place': 'davanagere',
'email': 'priyankabg99@gmail.com',
'age': 26}
```

• To delete any value

```
pdata.pop('email')
```

To delete the last element or last key value pair go with pop item pdata.popitem()

we can use delete function also.

#### Usage of dictionary:

- We use this in pandas library mostly in data cleaning, our data will mostly be 2 dimensional we cant directly create data instead we create a dictionary and change it into table in pandas.
- Dictionary can accept multiple values for the one key value.

```
sdatas = {'sid':[1,2,3,4],'name':['a','b','c','d'],'class':['8th','10th','7th','10th']} sdatas o/p: {'sid': [1, 2, 3, 4], 'name': ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd'], 'class': ['8th', '10th', '7th', '10th']} sdatas = {'sid':(1,2,3,4),'name':('a','b','c','d'),'class':('8th','10th','7th','10th')} o/p: {'sid': (1, 2, 3, 4), 'name': ('a', 'b', 'c', 'd'), 'class': ('8th', '10th', '7th', '10th')} 'class': ('8th', '10th', '7th', '10th')}
```

## String:

- String can hold a word or a sentence, hence considered as a sequence data type.
- String is immutable in structure.
- To add something to the string we should go with concatenation.

```
1. s = 'python@course$price&is!2350'
Count how many vowels, consonants, special characters and numbers are present
in s
Code:
s = 'python@course$price&is!2350'
v = 0
c = 0
sp = 0
d = 0
for i in s:
  if i.isalpha():
     if i in 'aeiou':
        v += 1
     else:
        c += 1
  elif i.isdigit():
     d += 1
  else:
     sp += 1
print(f"Number of vowels: \{v\} \setminus nNumber of consonants: \{c\} \setminus nNumber of consonants \}
digits:{d}\nNumber of special characters:{sp}")
o/p:
Number of vowels:7
Number of consonants:12
```

```
Number of digits:4
```

Number of special characters:4

```
2. s1 = 'PyThOn StUdEnts"
```

Create seperate list for uppercase and lowercase characters.

Code:

```
s1 = 'PyThOn StUdEnts'
ucase = []
lcase = []
for i in s1:
    if i!=' ':
        if i.isupper():
            ucase.append(i)
        else:
            lcase.append(i)
print(f"Uppercase list:{ucase}\nLowercase list:{lcase}")
o/p:
Uppercase list:['P', 'T', 'O', 'S', 'U', 'E']
Lowercase list:['y', 'h', 'n', 't', 'd', 'n', 't', 's']
```

3. Create a string made of the first, middle and last character.

Write a program to create a new string made of an input string's first, middle and last character.

Code:

```
s = input("Enter a string: ")

p = len(s)//2

f = s[0]
```

```
l = s[-1]

m = s[p]

fs = f+m+l

print(fs)

o/p:

Enter a string: Indhu
```

Idu

4. Create a string made of the middle three characters

Write a program to create a new string made of the middle three characters of an input string.

```
ex.JaSonAy-->Son
JhonDipPeta -->Dip
Code:
s = input("Enter a String:")
mid = int(len(s)/2)
new_string = s[mid-1:mid+2]
print(f"New String made of middle characters is: {new_string}")
o/p:
```

New String made of middle characters is: ndh

5. Append new string in the middle of a given string

Given two strings, s1 and s2. Write a program to create a new string s3 by appending s2 in the middle of s1.

```
s1 = "Ault"
s2 = "Kelly"
```

Enter a String: Indhu

```
expected-->AuKellylt
Code:
s1 = "Ault"
s2 = "Kelly"
mid = int(len(s)/2)
x = s1[:mid:]
x = x + s2
x = x + s1[mid:]
print("After appending new string in middle:", x)
o/p:
```

After appending new string in middle: AuKellylt