

Árboles II

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PROGRAMACIÓN 2

2023





Más operaciones con nodos

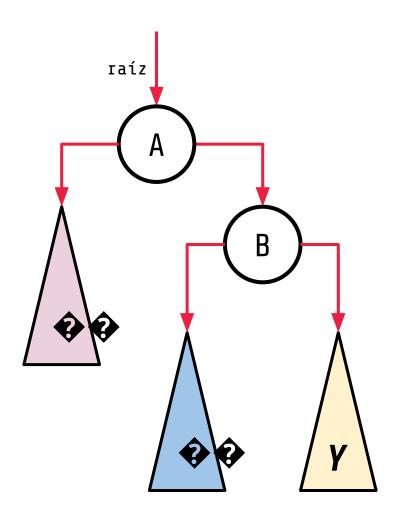


Rotación



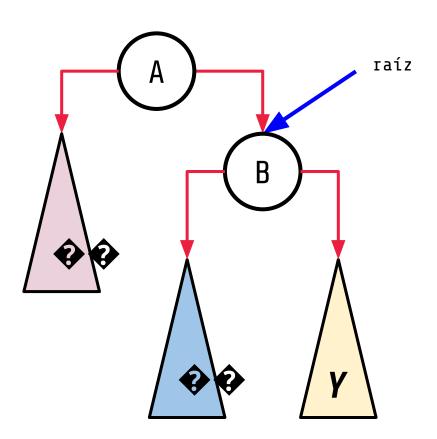
Rotación izquierda





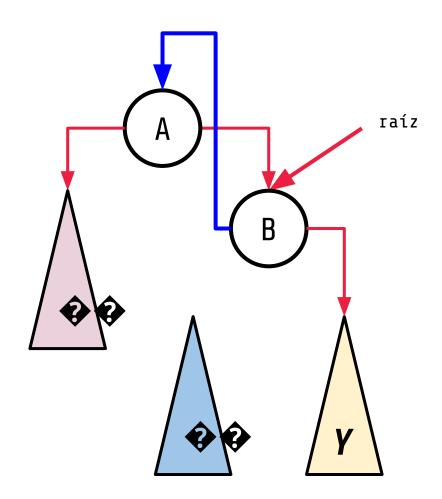


 el nodo izquierdo ahora es la raíz



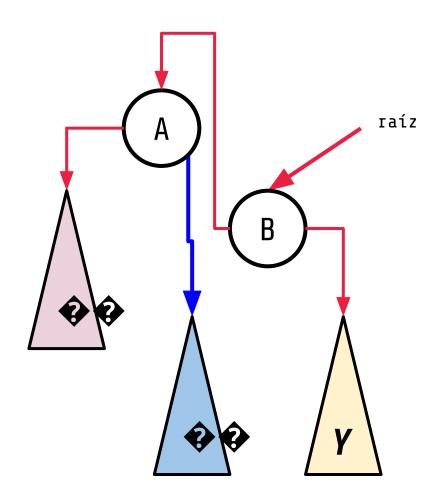


- el nodo izquierdo ahora es la raíz
- 2. el nodo izquierdo apunta a la raíz anterior

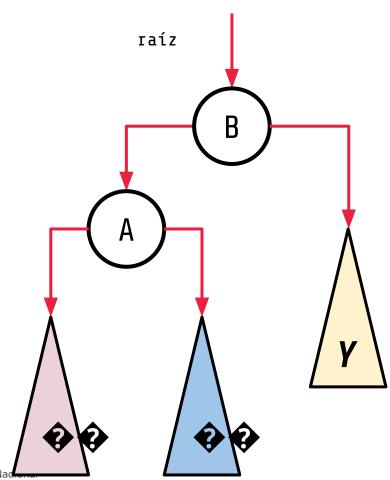




- el nodo izquierdo ahora es la raíz
- 2. el nodo izquierdo apunta a la raíz anterior
- 3. la raíz anterior apunta al subarbol izquierdo





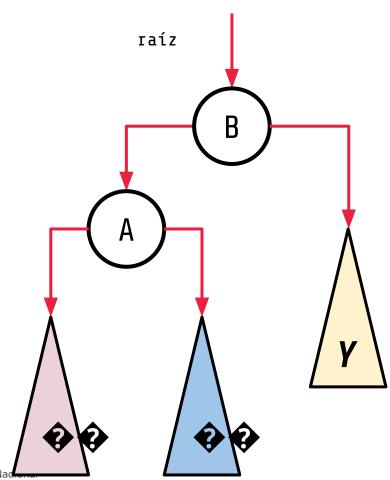




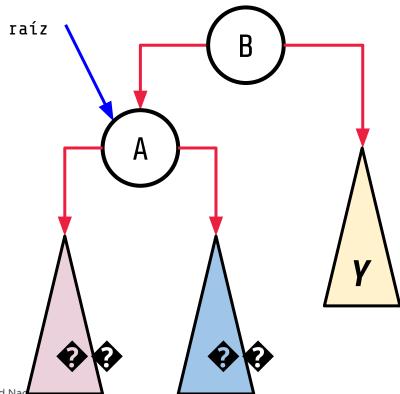


Y hacia la derecha

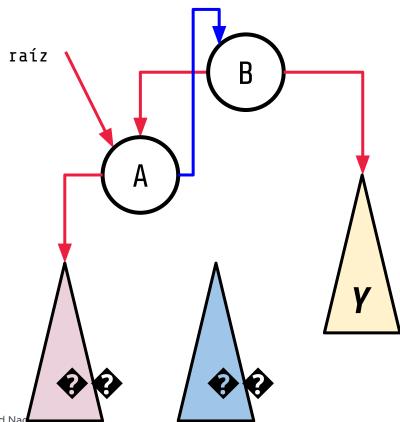




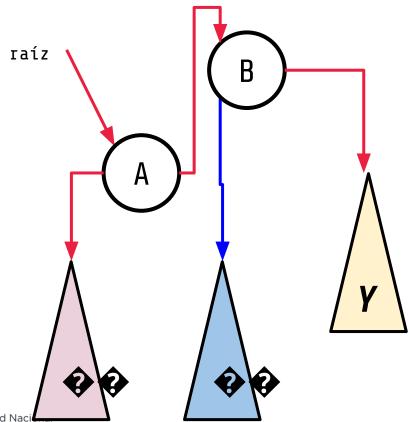




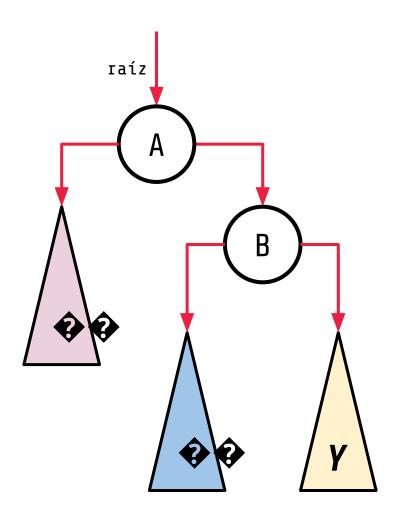








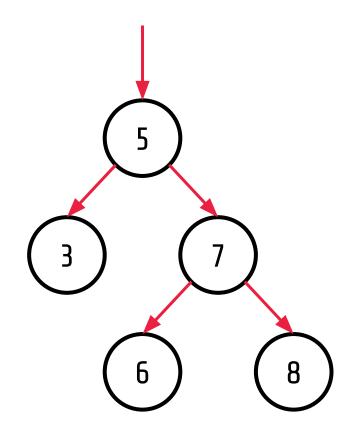




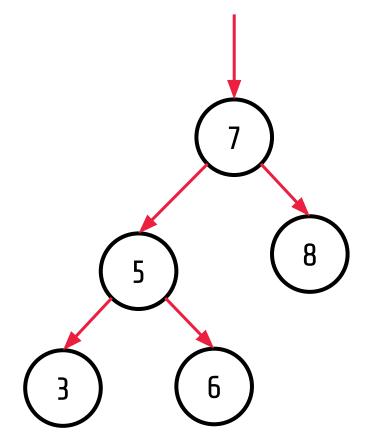


Un ejemplo mas concreto







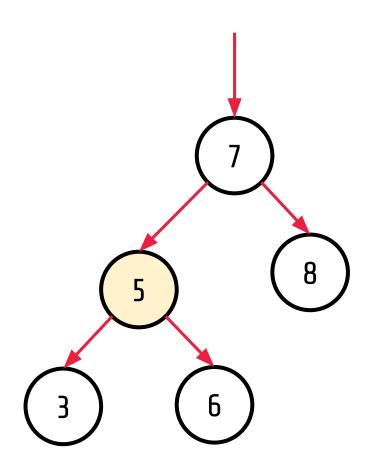


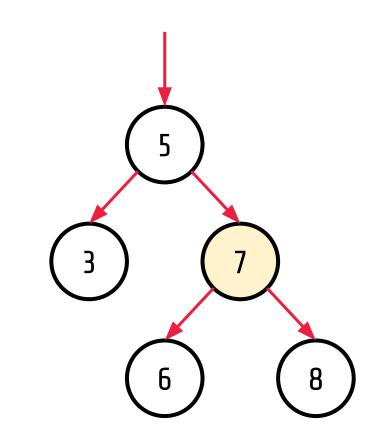




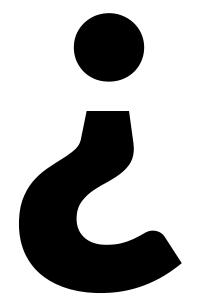
El recorrido inorder no cambia











para que se usa esta operación

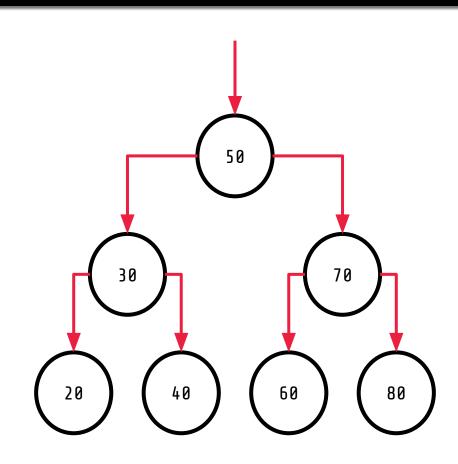


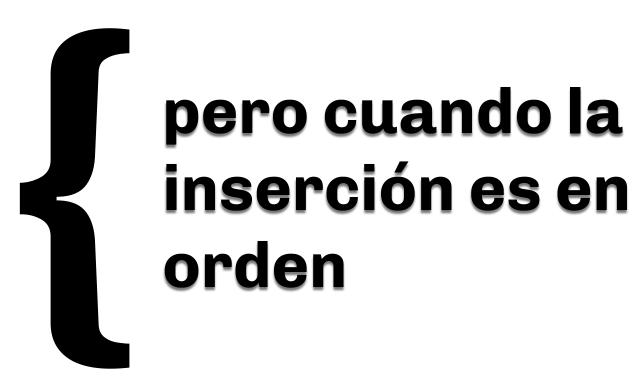


Árbol binario de búsqueda

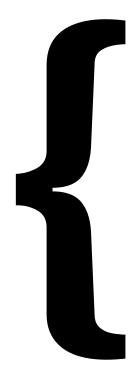


El menor a la izquierda y el mayor a la derecha







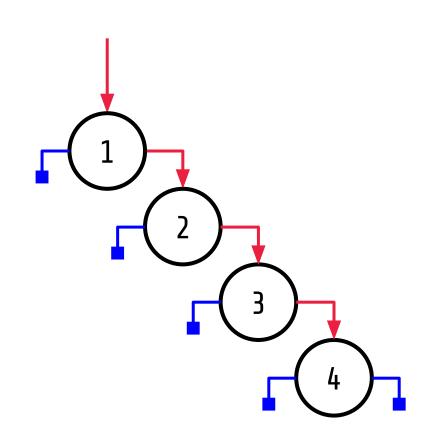


[1, 2, 3, 4]





Se 'degradan' a una lista enlazada



Se 'reducen' en una lista enlazada



Múltiples operaciones en el árbol pueden dejarlo en este estado



Es aquí donde

entran los Árboles balanceados





Arboles AVL

Adelson-Velskii, Landis (1962)



Cada nodo guarda el balance de los subarboles



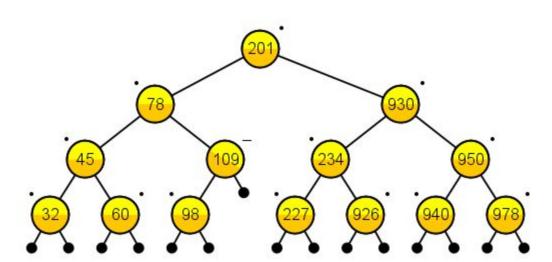
Como la diferencia de altura entre el izquierdo y derecho



Que no puede ser mayor que 1



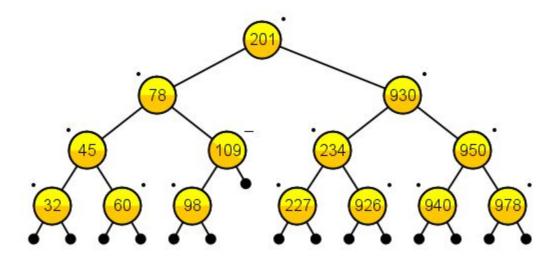
busqueda

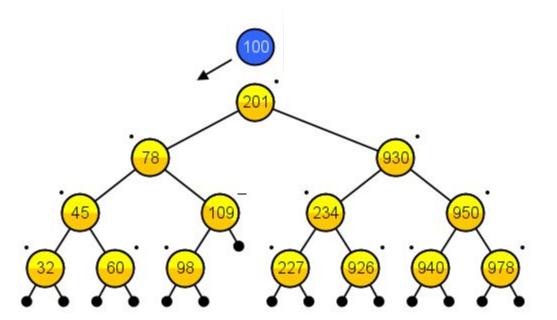


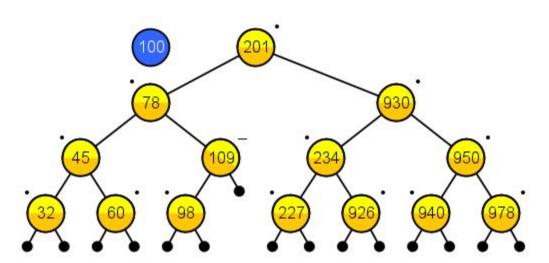
inserción

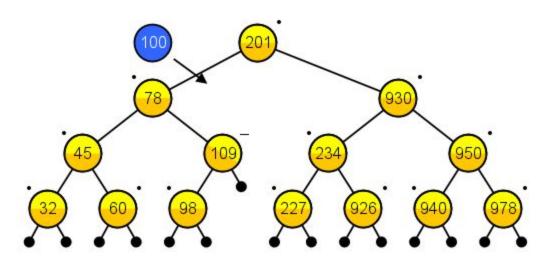
Algoritmo

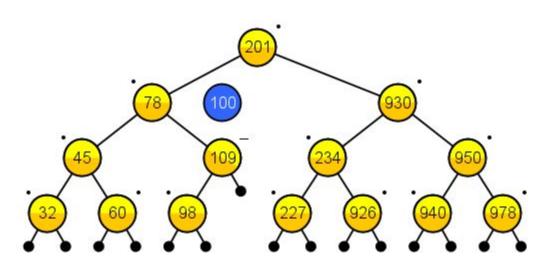
- 1. Se inserta como un árbol binario de búsqueda tradicional
- 2. Se actualizan las alturas y balances en los nodos
- 3. Si el balance es mayor que |1| se comienzan las rotaciones sobre los nodos desbalanceados
- 4. Repetir pasos 2 y 3

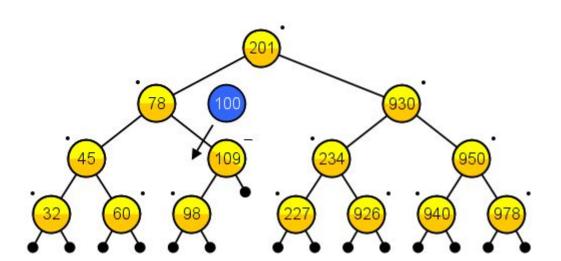


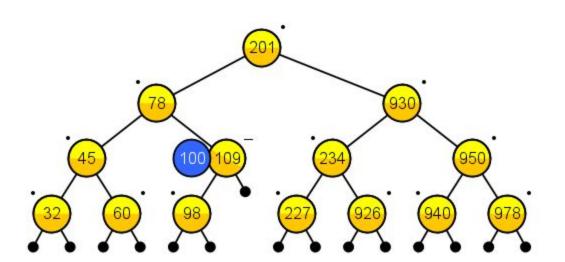


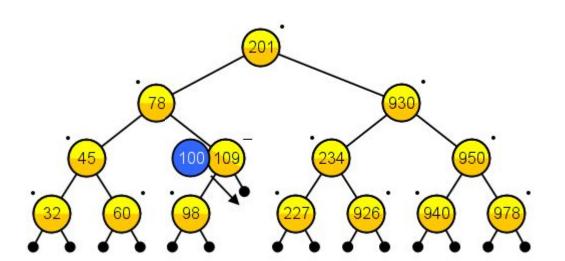


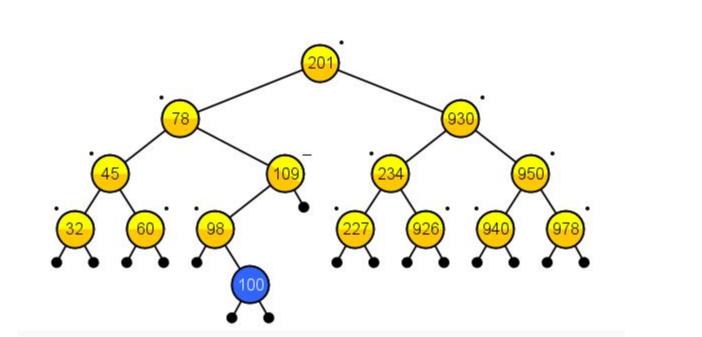






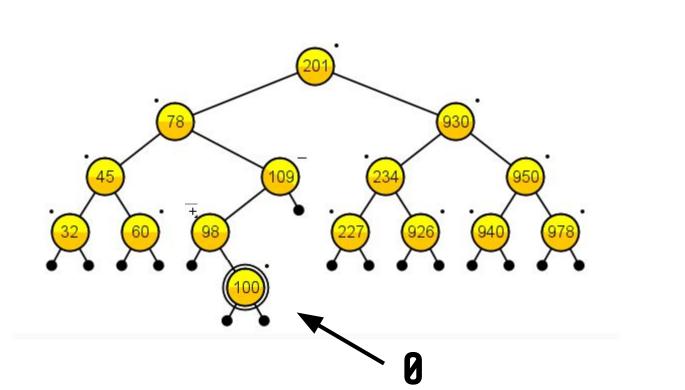


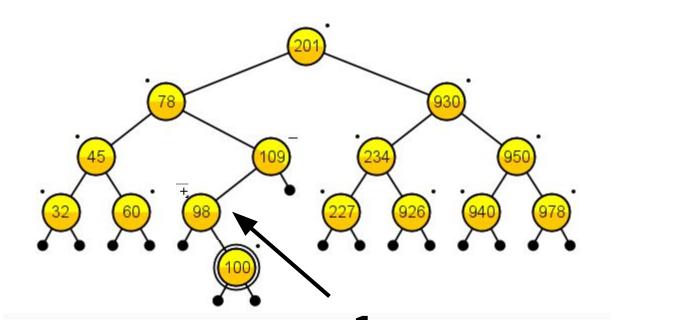


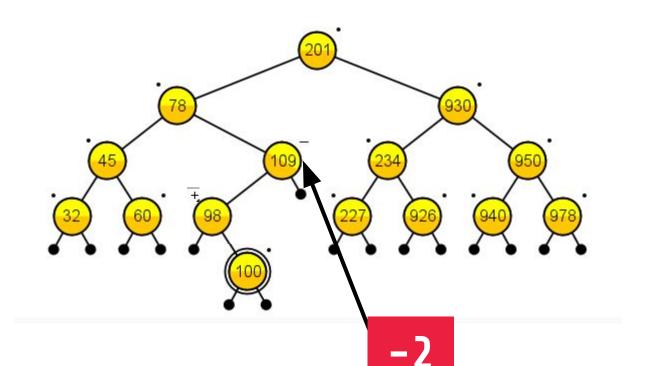


Y actualizamos el balance

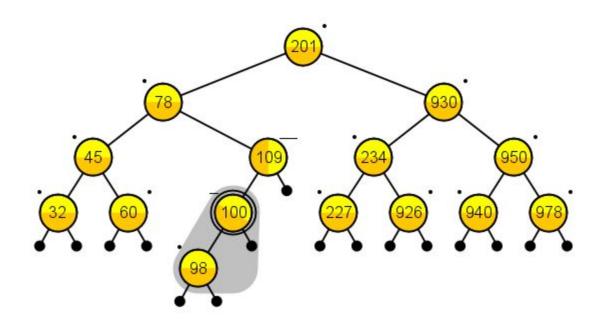




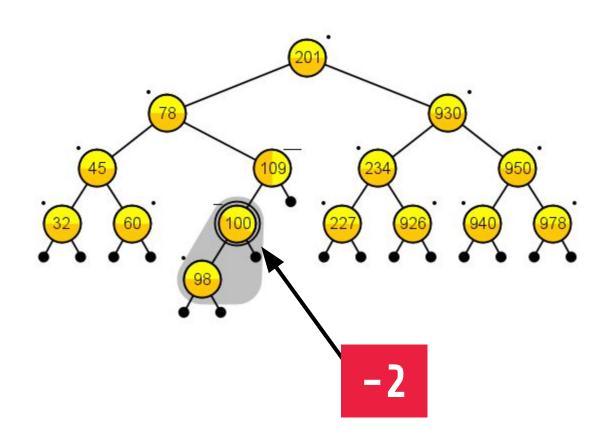




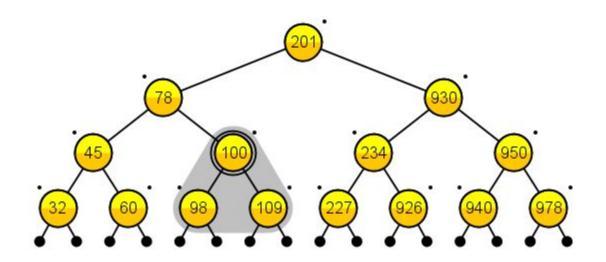
una rotación sobre 100

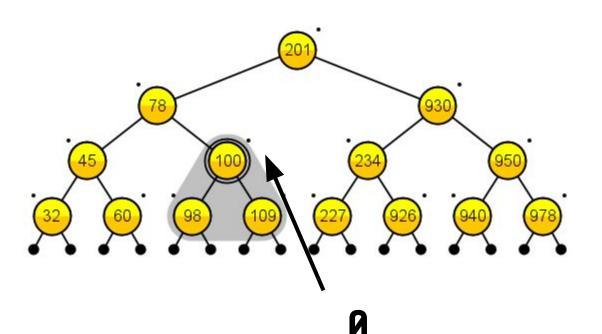


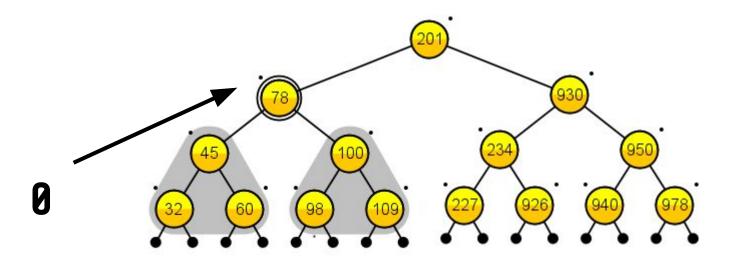
Pero sigue en -2

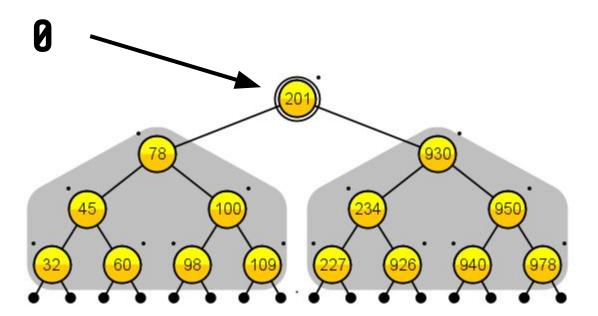


otra rotación sobre 100







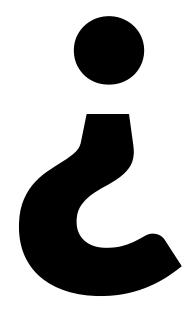




Eliminación



Proxima clase



Para qué se usan



Implementación de sets Búsquedas



