

MATPLOTLIB

10.3.2018

OFFICE HOURS

* SLIGHT MODIFICATION: today 2:00-3:00 PM
(not starting at 1:30 PM)

MATPLOTLIB

- * **READ** PDSH Chapter 4: <https://jakevdp.github.io/PythonDataScienceHandbook/04.00-introduction-to-matplotlib.html>

MATPLOTLIB

- * At the top of you python file / notebook:
 - * `%matplotlib inline`
`from matplotlib import pyplot as plt`
- * The basic commands:
 - * `plt.plot`
 - * `plt.hist`

PLT.PLOT

- * plots a line: `plt.plot(x, y)`
- * control line & marker styles through the format string



XLIM / YLIM

- * you can zoom in (or out) on some portion of your plot using `plt.xlim` and `plt.ylim`
- * `xlim(xmin, xmax)` scales the x-axis so that the left edge is at `xmin` and right is at `xmax`
- * similar for `ylim`

IMSHOW / MATSHOW

- * turns a 2D array (matrix) into an image
- * matshow is a wrapper around imshow (i.e. matshow calls imshow internally) with some default values set (and, by default, it creates a new figure)
- * `imshow(arr)`
`matshow(arr)`

IMSHOW / MATSHOW

- * `imshow` & `matshow` turn each value in the array into a color using a **colormap**
- * by default, the smallest value in the array gets mapped to the “lowest” color, and the largest value gets mapped to the “highest” color



lowest

everything in between

highest

IMSHOW / MATSHOW

- * you can control the color mapping using the `vmin` and `vmax` parameters to `imshow/matshow`
- * `vmin` is the value that gets set to the “lowest” color (by default the smallest value in your array)
- * similar for `vmax`



`vmin`

`vmax`

IMSHOW / MATSHOW

- * there are many colormaps to choose from!
- * they are listed in the `plt.cm` module
- * you can change the colormap using the **cmap** argument to `imshow/matshow`
- * to see all the matplotlib colormaps:
https://matplotlib.org/examples/color/colormaps_reference.html

NP.SAVE / NP.LOAD

- * save numpy ndarrays to disk (and load them) using the np.save (and np.load functions)
- * np.save creates a .npy file
- * e.g.

```
>>> np.save('some_filename.npy', arr)
>>> arr2 = np.load('some_filename.npy')
>>> np.allclose(arr, arr2)
True
```

END