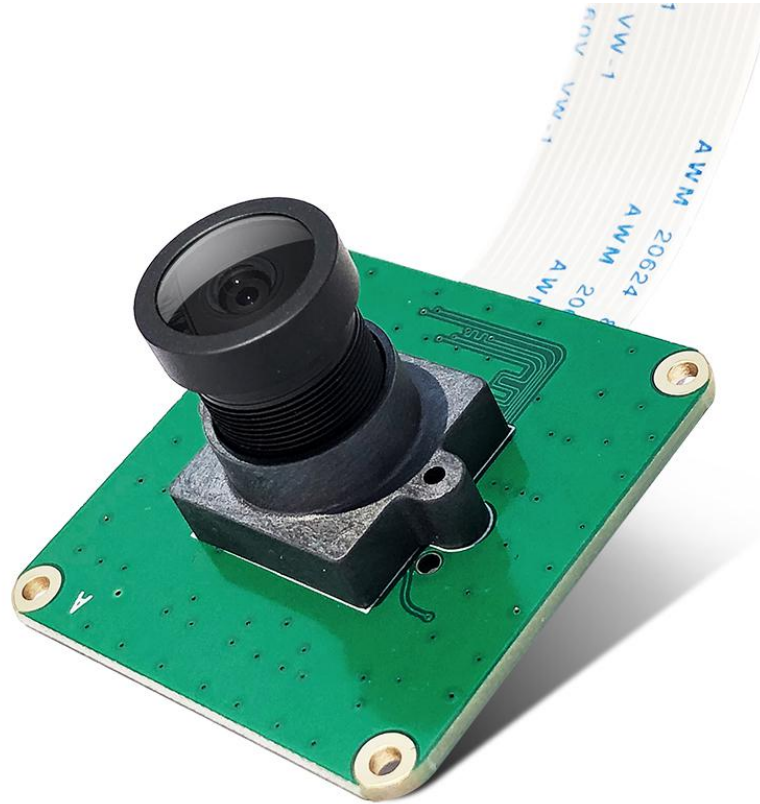


# CAM-MIPI327RAW UserManual



## 1. General

CAM-MIPI327RAW is a low-cost fisheye Lens excellent low illumination and wide dynamic camera module, designed for whole series Raspberry(P4/Pi3B+/PI3A+/PI3/CM3/CM3+). Plug into the CSI-2 Pi camera interface directly.

On-board IMX327LQR-C is a diagonal 6.46 mm (Type 1/2.8) CMOS active pixel type solid-state image sensor with a square pixel array and 2.13 M effective pixels. This chip operates with analog 2.9 V, digital 1.2 V, and interface 1.8 V triple power supply, and has low power consumption. High sensitivity, low dark current and no smear are achieved through the adoption of R, G and B primary color mosaic filters. This chip features an electronic shutter with variable charge integration time.

## 2. Features

1. Raspberry Pi Camera CAM-MIPI327RAW is an Industrial Camera Module for Raspberry Pi 4,3B+, 3B, 3A+ CM3+, CM3, Pi zero.
2. Sensor Type: STARVIS IMX327LQR Color CMOS Active Pixel type Solid-state Image Sensor with Square Pixel Array 2.13 M Effective Pixels. Diagonal 6.46 mm (Type 1/2.8). Pixel count: 1920x1080. High to
3. This IMX327LQR module connects to the CSI connector on the Raspberry Pi directly. CSI-2 output: 2 lanes/RAW10 or RAW12. Support V4L2 and libcamera.
4. Match a wide angle Lens. Fov(D)=148 degrees, Fov(H)=118 degrees. Focal distance is adjustable.
5. Comes with user manual, test demo and friendly technology support. We offer custom design service.

## 3. Hardware Description

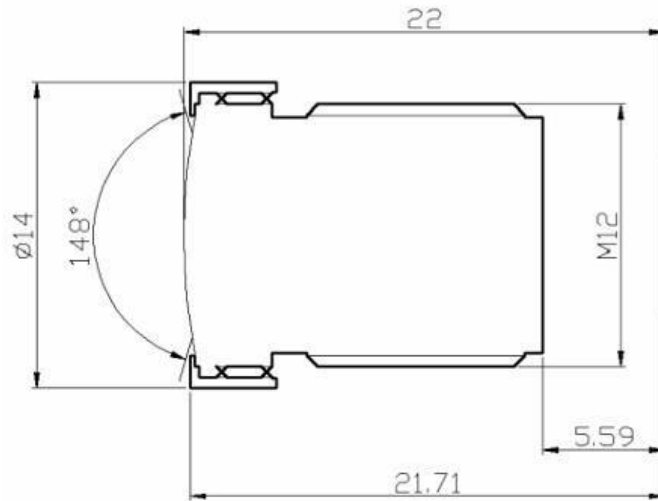
### 3.1 Overview

Features	
Size	39mm x 39mm
Weight	4g
Still Resolution	2.07M pixels
Video Modes	1920x1080 60fps, SRGB10P
Linux integration	V4L2 Libcamera
Sensor	IMX327LQR-C
Sensor Resolution	1920 (H) × 1080 (V)
Sensor image area	5568 μm (H)*3132 μm (V)
Pixel size	2.9 μm (H) × 2.9 μm (V)
Optical size	1/2.8"
S/N ratio	55dB
Dynamic range	120db
Output interface	global shutter
Output formats	RAW10/RAW12
Field of view	Fov(D) = 148 degrees , Fov(H) = 118 degrees
Focal Length	2.8 mm
Focal Distance	Adjustable
TV DISTORTION	<-17%
F(N) /Aperture	2.2

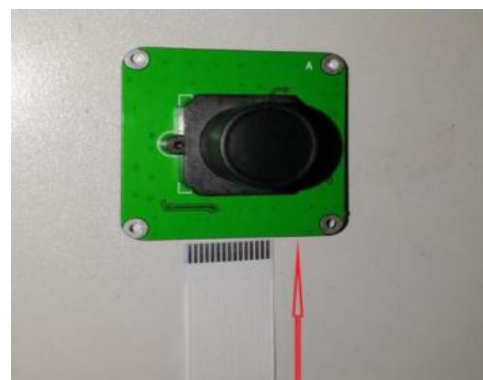
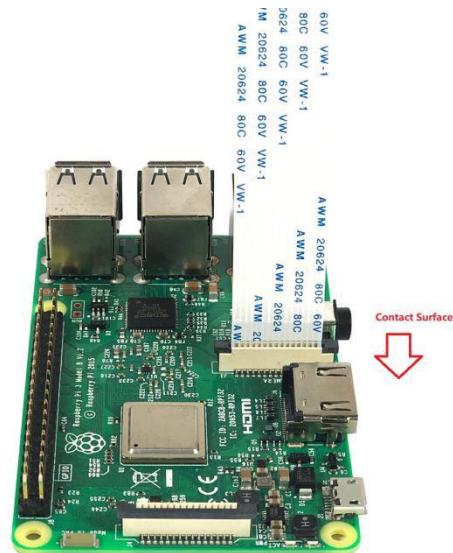
### 3.2.1 PCB Size



### 3.2.2 Len Size



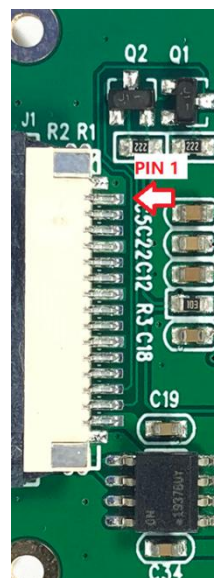
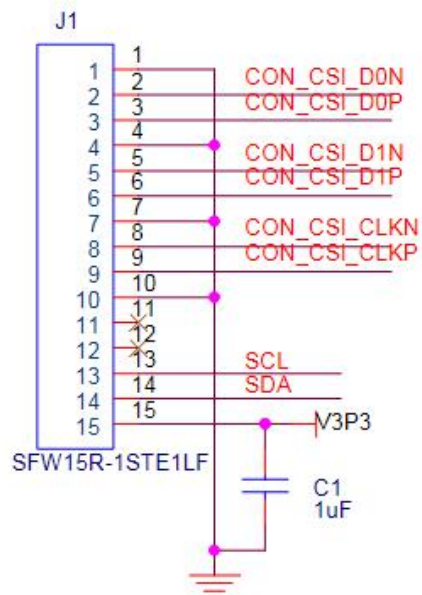
### 3.3 Connection Of The Hardware



## 3.4 Pin-Out

### 3.4.1 Signal/Power Connector J1

The J1 pin map is same Raspberry Pi camera.



PIN	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground Pin
2	CON_CSI_D0N	Pixel Data Lane0 Negative
3	CON_CSI_D0P	Pixel Data Lane0 Positive
4	GND	Ground Pin
5	CON_CSI_D1N	Pixel Data Lane1 Negative
6	CON_CSI_D1P	Pixel Data Lane1 Positive
7	GND	Ground Pin
8	CON_CSI_CLKN	Pixel Clock Output Form Sensor Negative
9	CON_CSI_CLKP	Pixel Clock Output Form Sensor Positive
10	GND	Ground Pin
11	None	None
12	None	None
13	SCL	CLK input, SIO_C of SCCB
14	SDA	DATA input, SIO_D of SCCB
15	3.3V Power	Power Supply

## 4. Using Raspbian Build-In Driver

### 4.1 Load Raspberry Pi image

Prepare a capacity of more than 8GB TF card(16Gb Class10 is better) and a card reader. Load the image file on to the SD card, using the instructions provided on the Raspberry Pi website for Linux, Mac or PC:

<https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/installation/installing-images/README.md>

Raspbian Image download:

<https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/>

### 4.2 Driver Sources Codes

The existing IMX290 driver and overlay also work fine with IMX327 and IMX426.

The open source driver on Raspbian:

<https://github.com/raspberrypi/linux/blob/rpi-5.10.y/drivers/media/i2c/imx290.c>

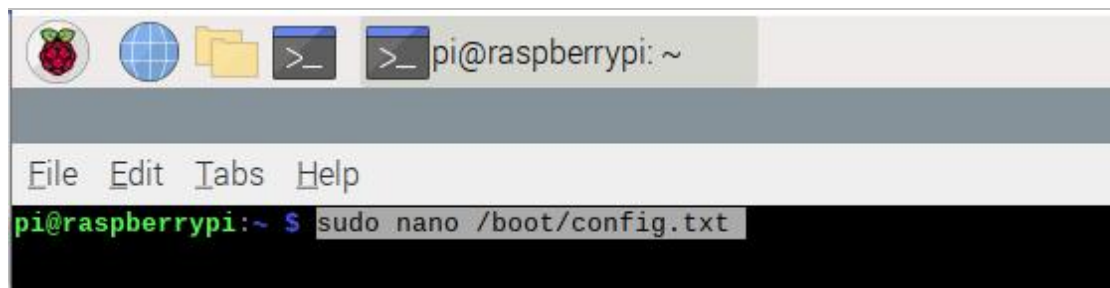
Reference codes:

<https://github.com/torvalds/linux/blob/master/drivers/media/i2c/imx290.c>

### 4.3 Dtoverlay

(1) Open the config.txt on Raspbian:

```
sudo nano /boot/config.txt
```



(2) Add the dtoverlay into the config.txt file,

```
dtoverlay=imx290,clock-frequency=74250000
```

```
[cm4]
# Enable host mode on the 2711 built-in XHCI USB controller.
# This line should be removed if the legacy DWC2 controller is required
# (e.g. for USB device mode) or if USB support is not required.
otg_mode=1

[all]

[pi4]
# Run as fast as firmware / board allows
arm_boost=1

[all]
dtoverlay=imx290,clock-frequency=74250000
```

(3) And then press ctrl+ x to exit and press 'y' to save.



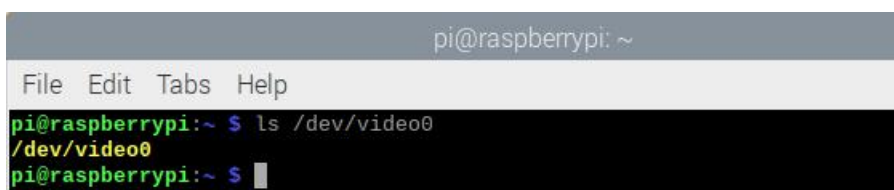
(4) Rebooted your Pi

```
sudo reboot
```

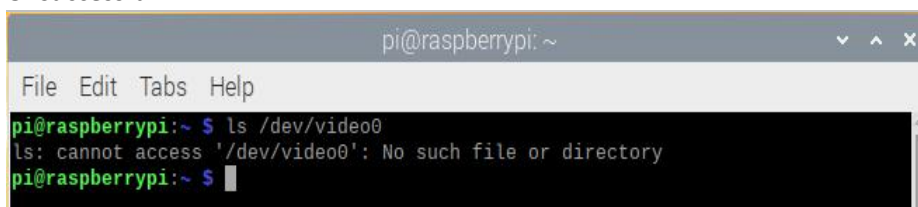
(5) Use below command to check the camera is ready.

```
ls /dev/video0
```

**Successful:**



**Unsuccessful:**





#### 4.4 Frame Rate(fps) Test

Use below command, you can see frames-per-second information of your camera.

```
v4l2-ctl --stream-mmap --stream-count=-1 -d /dev/video0 --stream-to=/dev/null
```

30 fps:

[illegible]

60 fps:

[illegible]

## 5. Libcamera On Raspbian

libcamera is an open source Linux community project. More information is available at the libcamera website:

<https://libcamera.org/>

The libcamera source code can be found and checked out from the official libcamera repository.

<https://git.linuxtv.org/libcamera.git/>

When running a Raspberry Pi OS based on Bullseye, the 5 basic libcamera-apps are already installed. In this case, official Raspberry Pi cameras will also be detected and enabled automatically. Below we only take 'libcamera-hello' for example. For more information, please refer to below link:

<https://www.raspberrypi.com/documentation/accessories/camera.html#binary-packages>

In addition, Below test base on Raspberry Pi 4, If you want libcamera apps on Bullseye running on Pi 0 - 3, please refer to below link:

<https://forums.raspberrypi.com/viewtopic.php?t=323547>

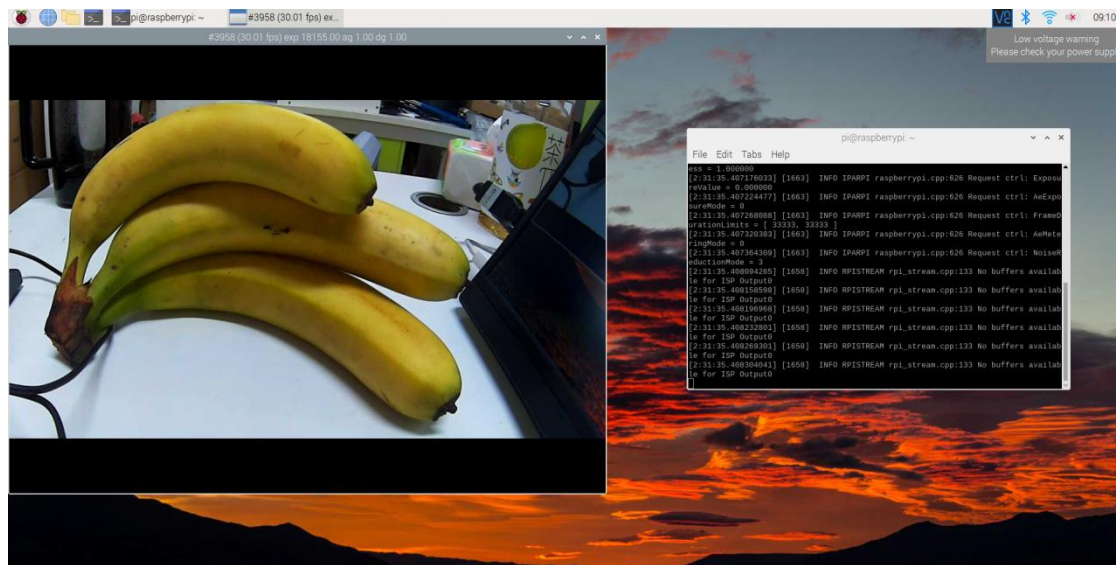
### 5.1 Libcamera-hello

libcamera-hello is the equivalent of a "hello world" application for the camera. It starts the camera, displays a preview window.

#### 5.1.1 Preview

Use below command to start the preview.

```
libcamera-hello -t 10000
```



### 5.1.2 Set the Frame Rate

The IMX327 module can support up to 60fps.

<https://github.com/raspberrypi/linux/pull/4398/commits/192569ee019ad4bd642dc7012e176d1aa87ccd2c>

<https://github.com/raspberrypi/linux/pull/4398>

```
libcamera-hello --framerate 60
```

### 5.1.2 Set the Bit-Depth

```
libcamera-hello -t 10000 --mode 1920:1080:12:U
```

Above command sets IMX327 to work on 12bit, 1920(W) \* 1080(H) unpacked mode. For more detail

--mode arg : Camera mode as W:H:bit-depth:packing, where packing is P (packed) or U (unpacked)

## 6. User Manual Version Descriptions

Version	Description	Date	E-mail
V1.0		2021.11.25	<a href="mailto:support@inno-maker.com">support@inno-maker.com</a> <a href="mailto:sales@inno-maker.com">sales@inno-maker.com</a>

If you have any suggestions, ideas, codes and tools please feel free to email to me. I will update the user manual and record your name and E-mail in list. Look forward to your letter and kindly share.