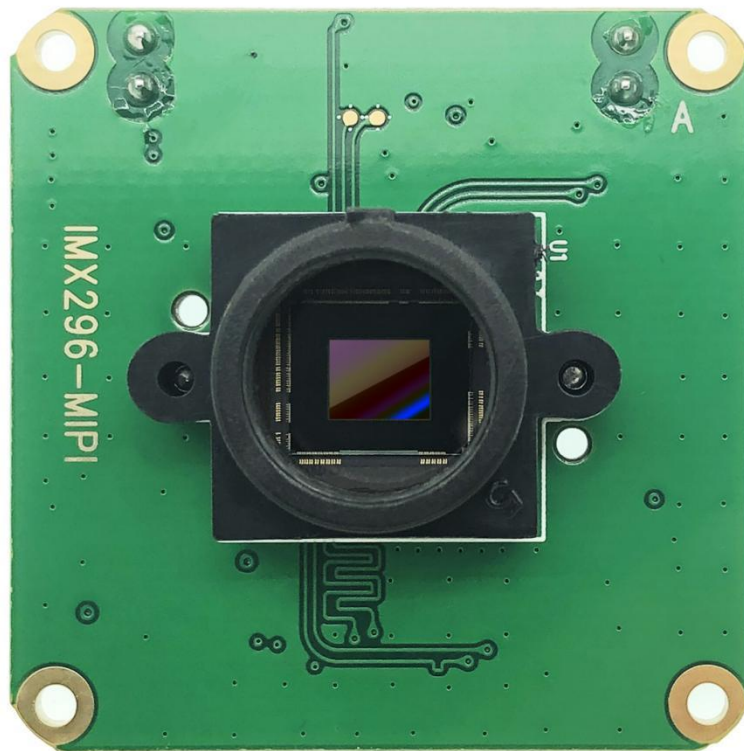


CAM-MIPI296RAW User Manual



SONY IMX296LLR-C
Global Shutter CMOS Sensor


1456*1088 / 60fps

Normally We will update our development Manual here


<https://github.com/INNO-MAKER/cam-imx296raw-trigger>

<https://www.inno-maker.com/product/cam-mipi296raw-trigger/>

Date	Revision	Change Details
2023/04/04	V1.0	First Released
2023/05/30	V1.1	Chapter 4.2.1, Preview command change
2023/6/9	V1.2	Chapter 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6 Add python code
2023/06/13	V1.3	Delete 3.6 innocam description

 www.inno-maker.com	CAM-MIPI296RAW Raspberry PI Global Shutter Camera Support Hardware Trigger And Strobe Support PI4/PI3+/PI3/PI2 libcamera
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2023/01/15	V1.4	Chapter 2.4, 2.5 Update Trigger/Strobe
2024/3/18	V1.5	

 www.inno-maker.com	CAM-MIPI296RAW Raspberry PI Global Shutter Camera Support Hardware Trigger And Strobe Support PI4/PI3+/PI3/PI2 libcamera
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Chapter 1 Description

CAM-MIPI296RAW is a Global Shutter Camera with IMX296LLR-C CMOS Sensor Module support up to 60fps at 1456×1088 Pixels operate with shorter exposure times down to 30μs, given enough light than a rolling shutter camera, which makes it useful for high-speed photography.

- ***Support Raspberry Pi OS Build In Drivers totally compatible raspberry pi official gs camera module with libcamera tools for all pi boards***
- ***Support Innomaker driver with isolated hardware External Trigger And isolated Strobe function, control by v4l2-ctl -l tools.(InnoMaker Driver did not support libcamera and only support specify system version)***

Module Features:

- Support up to 60fps at 1456×1088 Pixels,Compatible with raspberry pi GS camera;
- Comes with 1x M12 Len-seat and 1xCS Len-Seat, 1x M12 wide angle Len;
- Support Pi 4B/Pi 3B+/Pi 3B/Pi 3A+/CM4/CM3+/CM3 Directly with libcamera tools;
- Output format Y10 with Resolution 1456*1088 up to 60fps (InnoMaker Driver);
- Output format YUV with Resolution 1456*1088 up to 60fps;(Raspberry PI OS Driver);

Sensor Features:

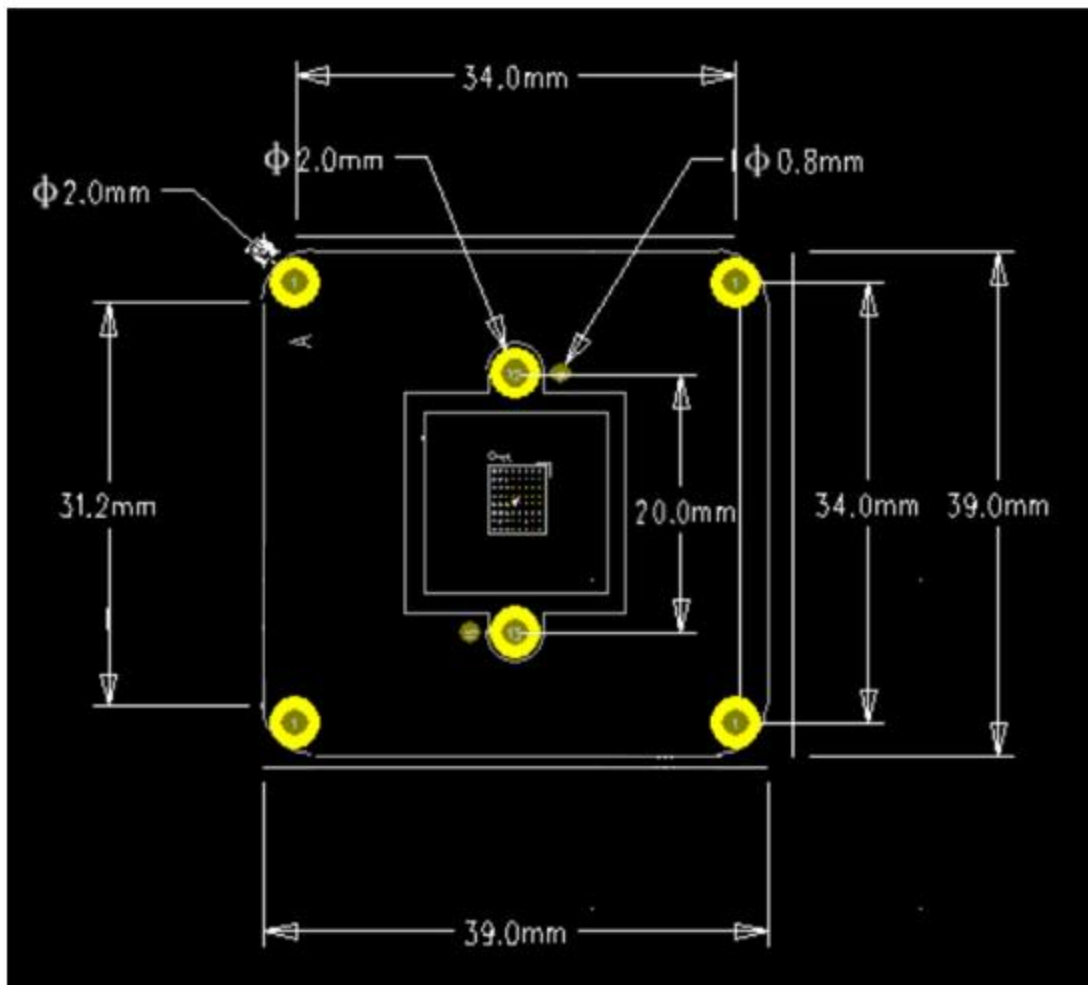
This chip operates with analog 3.3V, digital 1.2V, and interface 1.8V triple power supply :

- **low power consumption.**
 - **High sensitivity, low dark current and low PLS characteristics are achieved.**
- (Applications: Sensing)**

Sony IMX296LLR Sensor	
FPS (Sensors):	60.3 fps
Pixel Size (Sensors):	3.4μm x 3.4μm
Resolution (Sensors):	1.58M
Scan/Series:	Pregius
Shutter (Sensors):	Global
Signal (Sensors):	Monochrome
Sensor Size	1 / 2.9

Chapter 2 Hardware

2.1 Module Size



2.2 LEN Seat And LEN

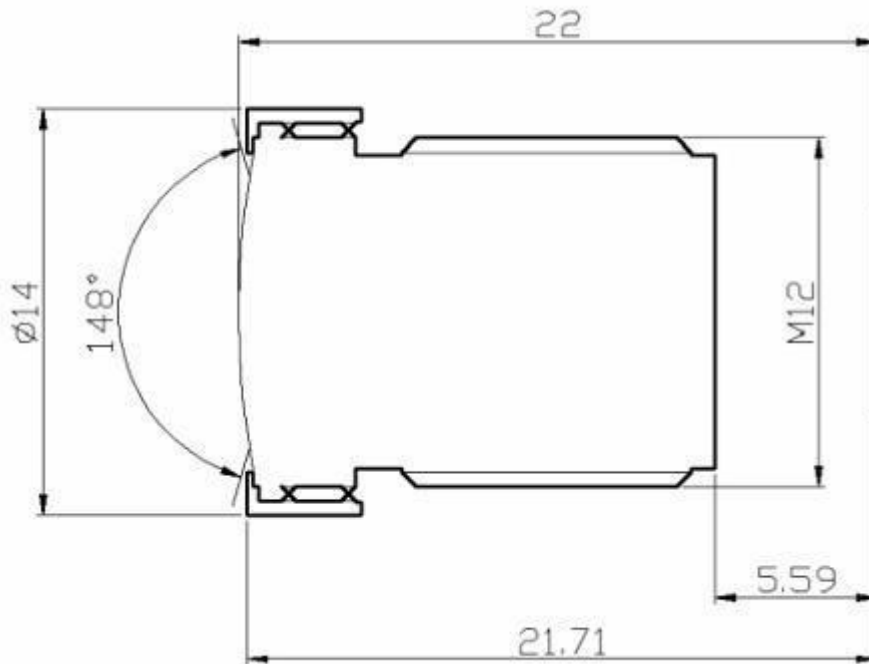
M12 LEN Seat



M12-CS Len Seat

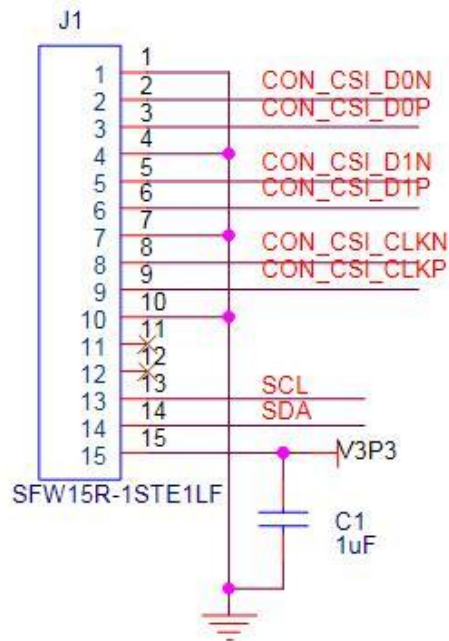


M12 LEN

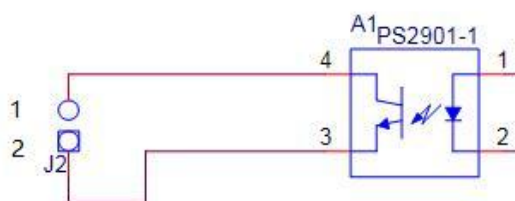


- Interface: M12
- Field of view Fov(D) = wide angle
- Focal Length 2.8 mm
- Focal Distance Adjustable
- TV DISTORTION < -17%
- F(N) /Aperture 2.2

2.3 PIN Out Connector J1



2.4 STROB Connector J2

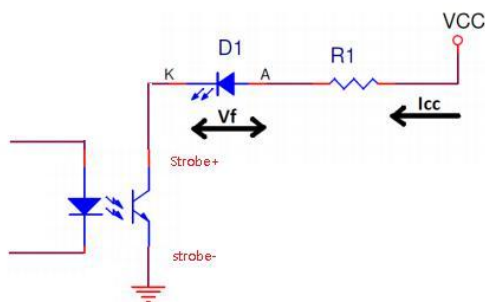


ISO FLASH



J2 PIN	Symbol
1	STROB+
2	STROB-

2.4.1 Reference Circuit



On-board TLP281 optocoupler isolation, Notice the max collector current is 50mA.

Output Specifications

S. No	Parameter	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
1	Driver Voltage (VCC)			12	24	V
2	Drive current (Icc)			10	50	mA
3	Collector Emitter Breakdown Voltage				80	V
4	Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage	Icc = 1 mA		0.1	0.2	V
5	Power Dissipation				150	mW

Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE(sat)}	I _F = 10mA, I _C = 1mA		0.1	0.2	V
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So If the current required to drive the Flash LED is no more than 50mA

The value of series resistor: $R1 = (VCC - Vf - VCE) / If$

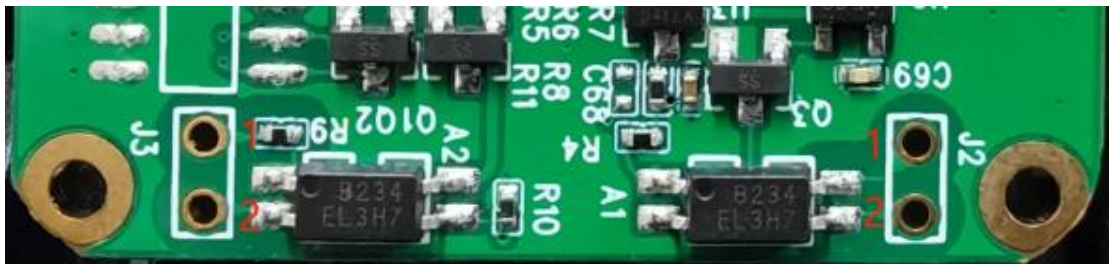
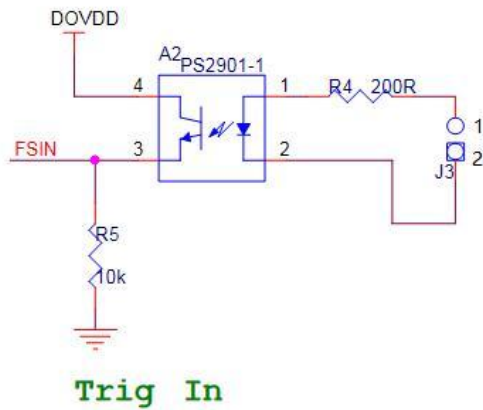
VCC: system Voltage

Vf: Forward voltage of Flash LED for current Icc

VCE: Collection Emitter voltage, typical:0.1V

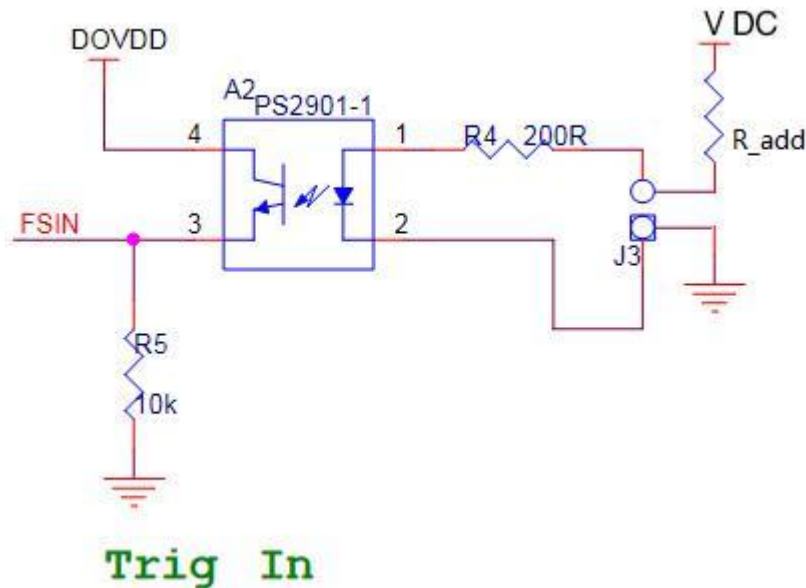
If the current required to drive the flash exceeds 50mA, then it is required to drive it with the help of LED driver circuit, and LED driver circuit can be controlled by using the strobe output pin.

2.5 EXT TRIG Connector J3



J3 PIN	Symbol	Description
1	TRIG+	3.3V-5.0V External Trigger Input
2	TRIG-	External GND

2.5.1 Reference Circuit



For example, $V_{CC} = 12V$, $V_f = 1.25V$

The calculations done here are based on 12VDC. Please do follow these calculations for other voltages like 24VDC.

Let's take the current through IR LED $I_f = 20mA$.

Voltage drop across the IR LED = 1.25V

The value of Resistor $R_1 = (V_{cc} - V_f) / I_f = (12 - 1.25) / 0.02 = 537.5 \Omega$

Wattage of resistor $R_1 > I_f^2 * R_1 = 0.02^2 * 537.5 = 0.215W$

Wattage of the resistor R_1 selected should be greater than 0.215W.

And there is a resistor on board ($R_4 = 200\Omega$), So the $R_{add} = R_1 - R_4 = 537.5 - 200 = 337.5\Omega$

Chapter 3 PI OS Driver Usage

Only Need below setting to enable Raspberry Pi Os BuildIn Driver,
No need to follow Chapter 3

3.1 Simple Setup of config.txt

Update system to latest version

```
$sudo apt-get update
```

```
$sudo apt-get dist-upgrade
```

Edit /boot/config.txt

Support: support@inno-maker.com

Bulk Price: sales@inno-maker.com

Wiki: wiki.inno-maker.com

Github: <https://github.com/INNO-MAKER>



Raspberry PI Global Shutter Camera
Support Software External Trigger
Support Hardware External Trigger

```
$sudo nano /boot/config.txt
```

Add below content to the last line and reboot

```
dtoverlay=imx296
```

edit /boot/cmdline.txt

```
cma=128M
```

Reboot

```
$sudo reboot
```

Check camera module status after reboot

```
$ls /dev/video*
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ ls /dev/video*  
/dev/video0 /dev/video11 /dev/video13 /dev/video14  
/dev/video10 /dev/video12 /dev/video14 /dev/video15  
pi@raspberrypi:~ $
```

3.2 Libcamera

3.2.1 Preview

```
$libcamera-vid --width 1456 --height 1088 -t 0
```

More about libcamera and libcamera-apps Please Refer:

https://www.raspberrypi.com/documentation/computers/camera_software.html#libcamera-and-libcamera-apps