Recipes: Transforming Data

Transforming data in Gatsby is plugin-driven. Transformer plugins take data fetched using source plugins, and process it into something more usable (e.g. JSON into JavaScript objects, and more).

Transforming Markdown into HTML

The gatsby-transformer-remark plugin can transform Markdown files to HTML.

Prerequisites

- A Gatsby site with gatsby-config.js and an index.js page
- A Markdown file saved in your Gatsby site src directory
- A source plugin installed, such as gatsby-source-filesystem
- The gatsby-transformer-remark plugin installed

Directions

1. Add the transformer plugin in your gatsby-config.js:

2. Add a GraphQL query to the index.js file of your Gatsby site to fetch MarkdownRemark nodes:

```
export const query = graphql`
  query {
    allMarkdownRemark {
        totalCount
        edges {
            node {
               id
                frontmatter {
                  title
                      date(formatString: "DD MMMM, YYYY")
```

```
}
    excerpt
    }
}
}
```

3. Restart the development server and open GraphiQL at http://localhost:8000/__graphql. Explore the fields available on the MarkdownRemark node.

Additional resources

- Tutorial on transforming Markdown to HTML using gatsby-transformer-remark
- Browse available transformer plugins in the Gatsby plugin library

Transforming images into grayscale using GraphQL

Prerequisites

- A Gatsby site with a gatsby-config.js file and an index.js page
- The gatsby-image, gatsby-transformer-sharp, and gatsby-plugin-sharp packages installed
- A source plugin installed, such as gatsby-source-filesystem
- An image (.jpg, .png, .gif, .svg, etc.) in the src/images folder

Directions

1. Edit your gatsby-config.js file to source images and configure plugins for Gatsby's GraphQL data layer. A common approach is to source them from an images directory using the gatsby-source-filesystem plugin:

2. Query your image using GraphQL and apply a grayscale transformation to the image inline. The relativePath should be relative to the path you configured in gatsby-source-filesystem.

Note: You can find these and other parameters in your GraphQL playground located at http://localhost:8000/__graphql

3. Next import the Img component from "gatsby-image". You'll use this inside your JSX to display the image.

```
import React from "react"
import { useStaticQuery, graphql } from "gatsby"
import Layout from "../components/layout"
// highlight-next-line
import Img from "gatsby-image"
export default function Home() {
  const data = useStaticQuery(graphql`
    query {
     file(relativePath: { eq: "corgi.jpg" }) {
       childImageSharp {
         // highlight-next-line
         fluid(grayscale: true) {
           ... Gatsby Image Sharp Fluid
     }
   }
  `)
 return (
    <Layout>
      <h1>I love my corgi!</h1>
      // highlight-start
      <Img
        fluid={data.file.childImageSharp.fluid}
        alt="A corgi smiling happily"
      // highlight-end
    </Layout>
```

}

- 4. Run gatsby develop to start the development server.
- 5. View your image in the browser: http://localhost:8000/

Additional resources

- $\bullet\,$ API docs, including grayscale and duot one query tips
- Gatsby Image docs
- $\bullet \;$ Image processing examples