Type Objects

Creating Heap-Allocated Types

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 1)

Unknown directive type "highlight".

.. highlight:: c

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 8)

Unknown directive type "index".

.. index:: object: type

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 11)

Unknown directive type "c:type".

.. c:type:: PyTypeObject

The C structure of the objects used to describe built-in types.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 16)

Unknown directive type "c:var".

.. c:var:: PyTypeObject PyType_Type

This is the type object for type objects; it is the same object as :class:`type` in the Python layer.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 22)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: int PyType_Check(PyObject *o)

Return non-zero if the object *o* is a type object, including instances of types derived from the standard type object. Return 0 in all other cases. This function always succeeds.

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (c-api)\ type.rst, \ line\ 29)$

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: int PyType_CheckExact(PyObject *o)

Return non-zero if the object *o* is a type object, but not a subtype of the standard type object. Return 0 in all other cases. This function always succeeds.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 36)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: unsigned int PyType_ClearCache()

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Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: unsigned long PyType_GetFlags(PyTypeObject* type)

Return the :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_flags` member of *type*. This function is primarily meant for use with `Py_LIMITED_API`; the individual flag bits are guaranteed to be stable across Python releases, but access to :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_flags` itself is not part of the limited API.

- .. versionadded:: 3.2
- .. versionchanged:: 3.4
 The return type is now ``unsigned long`` rather than ``long``.

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Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void PyType Modified(PyTypeObject *type)

Invalidate the internal lookup cache for the type and all of its subtypes. This function must be called after any manual modification of the attributes or base classes of the type.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 60)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: int PyType_HasFeature(PyTypeObject *o, int feature)

Return non-zero if the type object *o* sets the feature *feature*. Type features are denoted by single bit flags.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 66)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: int PyType_IS_GC(PyTypeObject *o)

Return true if the type object includes support for the cycle detector; this tests the type flag :const:`Py TPFLAGS HAVE GC`.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 72)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: int PyType_IsSubtype(PyTypeObject *a, PyTypeObject *b)

Return true if *a* is a subtype of *b*.

This function only checks for actual subtypes, which means that :meth:`~class.__subclasscheck__` is not called on *b*. Call :c:func:`PyObject_IsSubclass` to do the same check that :func:`issubclass` would do.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 82)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: PyObject* PyType_GenericAlloc(PyTypeObject *type, Py_ssize_t nitems)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 88)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: PyObject* PyType_GenericNew(PyTypeObject *type, PyObject *args, PyObject *kwds)

Generic handler for the :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_new` slot of a type object. Create a new instance using the type's :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_alloc` slot.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 93)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: int PyType Ready(PyTypeObject *type)

Finalize a type object. This should be called on all type objects to finish their initialization. This function is responsible for adding inherited slots from a type's base class. Return ``0`` on success, or return ``-1`` and sets an exception on error.

.. note::

If some of the base classes implements the GC protocol and the provided type does not include the :const: Py_TPFLAGS_HAVE_GC` in its flags, then the GC protocol will be automatically implemented from its parents. On the contrary, if the type being created does include :const: Py_TPFLAGS_HAVE_GC` in its flags then it **must** implement the GC protocol itself by at least implementing the :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_traverse` handle.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 109)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: PyObject* PyType_GetName(PyTypeObject *type)
Return the type's name. Equivalent to getting the type's ``__name__`` attribute.
.. versionadded:: 3.11
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 115)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: PyObject* PyType_GetQualName(PyTypeObject *type)
  Return the type's qualified name. Equivalent to getting the type's ``_qualname__`` attribute.
.. versionadded:: 3.11
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 122)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: void* PyType_GetSlot(PyTypeObject *type, int slot)

Return the function pointer stored in the given slot. If the
result is ``NULL``, this indicates that either the slot is ``NULL``,
or that the function was called with invalid parameters.
Callers will typically cast the result pointer into the appropriate
function type.
```

See :c:member:`PyType_Slot.slot` for possible values of the *slot* argument.

- .. versionadded:: 3.4
- .. versionchanged:: 3.10

```
:c:func:`PyType_GetSlot` can now accept all types.
Previously, it was limited to :ref:`heap types <heap-types>`.
```

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Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: PyObject* PyType_GetModule(PyTypeObject *type)
```

Return the module object associated with the given type when the type was created using :c:func:`PyType FromModuleAndSpec`.

If no module is associated with the given type, sets :py:class:`TypeError` and returns ``NULL``.

This function is usually used to get the module in which a method is defined. Note that in such a method, ``PyType_GetModule(Py_TYPE(self))`` may not return the intended result.

``Py_TYPE(self)`` may be a *subclass* of the intended class, and subclasses are not necessarily defined in the same module as their superclass.

See :c:type:`PyCMethod` to get the class that defines the method.

See :c:func:`PyType_GetModuleByDef` for cases when ``PyCMethod`` cannot be used.

.. versionadded:: 3.9

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 157)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: void* PyType_GetModuleState(PyTypeObject *type)
```

Return the state of the module object associated with the given type. This is a shortcut for calling :c:func:`PyModule_GetState()` on the result of :c:func:`PyType_GetModule`.

If no module is associated with the given type, sets :py:class:`TypeError` and returns ``NULL``.

If the *type* has an associated module but its state is ``NULL``, returns ``NULL`` without setting an exception.

.. versionadded:: 3.9

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 171)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: PyObject* PyType GetModuleByDef(PyTypeObject *type, struct PyModuleDef *def)
```

Find the first superclass whose module was created from the given :c:type:`PyModuleDef` *def*, and return that module.

If no module is found, raises a :py:class:`TypeError` and returns ``NULL``.

This function is intended to be used together with :c:func:`PyModule_GetState()` to get module state from slot methods (such as :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_init` or :c:member:`~PyNumberMethods.nb_add`) and other places where a method's defining class cannot be passed using the :c:type:`PyCMethod` calling convention.

.. versionadded:: 3.11

The following functions and structs are used to create ref. heap types <heap-types>\.

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Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 193)

```
Creates and returns a :ref:`heap type <heap-types>` from the *spec*
            (:const: `Py TPFLAGS HEAPTYPE`).
            The *bases* argument can be used to specify base classes; it can either
            be only one class or a tuple of classes.
            If *bases* is ``NULL``, the *Py_tp_bases* slot is used instead.

If that also is ``NULL``, the *Py_tp_base* slot is used instead.

If that also is ``NULL``, the new type derives from :class:`object`.
            The *module* argument can be used to record the module in which the new
            class is defined. It must be a module object or ``NULL``.
            If not ``NULL``, the module is associated with the new type and can later be
            retrieved with :c:func:`PyType_GetModule`.
            The associated module is not inherited by subclasses; it must be specified
            for each class individually.
            This function calls :c:func:`PyType Ready` on the new type.
            .. versionadded:: 3.9
            .. versionchanged:: 3.10
                  The function now accepts a single class as the *bases* argument and
                    ``NULL`` as the ``tp_doc`` slot.
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-
main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main)(Doc)(c-api)type.rst, line 220)
Unknown directive type "c:function".
      .. c:function:: PyObject* PyType FromSpecWithBases(PyType Spec *spec, PyObject *bases)
            Equivalent to ``PyType FromModuleAndSpec(NULL, spec, bases)``.
            .. versionadded:: 3.3
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main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 226)
Unknown directive type "c:function".
      .. c:function:: PyObject* PyType_FromSpec(PyType_Spec *spec)
            Equivalent to ``PyType_FromSpecWithBases(spec, NULL)``.
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main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 230)
Unknown directive type "c:type".
      .. c:type:: PyType_Spec
            Structure defining a type's behavior.
            .. c:member:: const char* PyType Spec.name
                 Name of the type, used to set :c:member: PyTypeObject.tp_name `.
            .. c:member:: int PyType_Spec.basicsize
            .. c:member:: int PyType_Spec.itemsize
                  Size of the instance in bytes, used to set
                  :c:member: `PyTypeObject.tp basicsize` and
                  :c:member:`PyTypeObject.tp_itemsize`.
            .. c:member:: int PyType_Spec.flags
                  Type flags, used to set :c:member: PyTypeObject.tp flags .
                  If the ``Py_TPFLAGS_HEAPTYPE`` flag is not set,
                  :c:func:`PyType FromSpecWithBases` sets it automatically.
            .. c:member:: PyType Slot *PyType Spec.slots
                  Array of :c:type:`PyType_Slot` structures.
                  Terminated by the special slot value ``{0, NULL}``.
```

.. c:function:: PyObject* PyType FromModuleAndSpec(PyObject *module, PyType Spec *spec, PyObject *bas

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
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main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) type.rst, line 257)
Unknown directive type "c:type".
        .. c:type:: PyType Slot
              Structure defining optional functionality of a type, containing a slot ID
              and a value pointer.
              .. c:member:: int PyType Slot.slot
                    A slot ID.
                     Slot IDs are named like the field names of the structures
                    :c:type:`PyTypeObject`, :c:type:`PyNumberMethods`,
:c:type:`PySequenceMethods`, :c:type:`PyMappingMethods` and
:c:type:`PyAsyncMethods` with an added ``Py_`` prefix.
                     For example, use:
                     * ``Py_tp_dealloc`` to set :c:member:`PyTypeObject.tp_dealloc`
                     * ``Py_nb_add`` to set :c:member:`PyNumberMethods.nb_add`
* ``Py_sq_length`` to set :c:member:`PySequenceMethods.sq_length`
                     The following fields cannot be set at all using :c:type:`PyType Spec` and
                     :c:type:`PyType_Slot`:
                     * :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_dict`
                     * :c:member: `~PyTypeObject.tp mro
                     * :c:member: `~PyTypeObject.tp cache`
                     * :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_subclasses`
                     * :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_weaklist
                     * :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_vectorcall`
                     * :c:member: `~PyTypeObject.tp weaklistoffset`
                         (see :ref:`PyMemberDef <pymemberdef-offsets>`)
                     * :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_dictoffset
                          (see :ref: `PyMemberDef <pymemberdef-offsets>`)
                     * :c:member:`~PyTypeObject.tp_vectorcall_offset`
                          (see :ref: PyMemberDef <pymemberdef-offsets>`)
                     Setting :c:data:`Py_tp_bases` or :c:data:`Py_tp_base` may be
                     problematic on some platforms.
                     To avoid issues, use the *bases* argument of
                     :py:func: `PyType FromSpecWithBases` instead.
                   .. versionchanged:: 3.9
                         Slots in :c:type:`PyBufferProcs` may be set in the unlimited API.
                   .. versionchanged:: 3.11
                         :c:member:`~PyBufferProcs.bf_getbuffer` and
:c:member:`~PyBufferProcs.bf_releasebuffer` are now available
                         under the limited API.
               .. c:member:: void *PyType Slot.pfunc
                     The desired value of the slot. In most cases, this is a pointer
                     to a function.
```

Slots other than ``Py_tp_doc`` may not be ``NULL``.