Errors

Applications running in Node.js will generally experience four categories of errors:

- Standard JavaScript errors such as {EvalError}, {SyntaxError}, {RangeError}, {ReferenceError}, {TypeError}, and {URIError}.
- System errors triggered by underlying operating system constraints such as attempting to open a file that does not exist or attempting to send data over a closed socket.
- User-specified errors triggered by application code.
- AssertionError s are a special class of error that can be triggered when Node.js detects an exceptional
 logic violation that should never occur. These are raised typically by the assert module.

All JavaScript and system errors raised by Node.js inherit from, or are instances of, the standard JavaScript {Error} class and are guaranteed to provide *at least* the properties available on that class.

Error propagation and interception

Node.js supports several mechanisms for propagating and handling errors that occur while an application is running. How these errors are reported and handled depends entirely on the type of <code>Error</code> and the style of the API that is called.

All JavaScript errors are handled as exceptions that *immediately* generate and throw an error using the standard JavaScript throw mechanism. These are handled using the try...catch construct provided by the JavaScript language.

```
// Throws with a ReferenceError because z is not defined.
try {
  const m = 1;
  const n = m + z;
} catch (err) {
  // Handle the error here.
}
```

Any use of the JavaScript throw mechanism will raise an exception that *must* be handled using try...catch or the Node.js process will exit immediately.

With few exceptions, *Synchronous* APIs (any blocking method that does not accept a callback function, such as fs.readFileSync), will use throw to report errors.

Errors that occur within Asynchronous APIs may be reported in multiple ways:

• Most asynchronous methods that accept a <code>callback</code> function will accept an <code>Error</code> object passed as the first argument to that function. If that first argument is not <code>null</code> and is an instance of <code>Error</code>, then an error occurred that should be handled.

```
const fs = require('fs');
fs.readFile('a file that does not exist', (err, data) => {
  if (err) {
    console.error('There was an error reading the file!', err);
    return;
}
```

```
// Otherwise handle the data
});
```

• When an asynchronous method is called on an object that is an EventEmitter, errors can be routed to that object's 'error' event.

```
const net = require('net');
const connection = net.connect('localhost');

// Adding an 'error' event handler to a stream:
connection.on('error', (err) => {
    // If the connection is reset by the server, or if it can't
    // connect at all, or on any sort of error encountered by
    // the connection, the error will be sent here.
    console.error(err);
});
connection.pipe(process.stdout);
```

A handful of typically asynchronous methods in the Node.js API may still use the throw mechanism to
raise exceptions that must be handled using try...catch. There is no comprehensive list of such methods;
please refer to the documentation of each method to determine the appropriate error handling mechanism
required.

The use of the 'error' event mechanism is most common for <u>stream-based</u> and <u>event emitter-based</u> APIs, which themselves represent a series of asynchronous operations over time (as opposed to a single operation that may pass or fail).

For all <u>EventEmitter</u> objects, if an 'error' event handler is not provided, the error will be thrown, causing the Node.js process to report an uncaught exception and crash unless either: The <u>domain</u> module is used appropriately or a handler has been registered for the <u>'uncaughtException'</u> event.

```
const EventEmitter = require('events');
const ee = new EventEmitter();

setImmediate(() => {
    // This will crash the process because no 'error' event
    // handler has been added.
    ee.emit('error', new Error('This will crash'));
});
```

Errors generated in this way *cannot* be intercepted using try...catch as they are thrown *after* the calling code has already exited.

Developers must refer to the documentation for each method to determine exactly how errors raised by those methods are propagated.

Error-first callbacks

Most asynchronous methods exposed by the Node.js core API follow an idiomatic pattern referred to as an *error-first callback*. With this pattern, a callback function is passed to the method as an argument. When the operation either completes or an error is raised, the callback function is called with the <code>Error</code> object (if any) passed as the first argument. If no error was raised, the first argument will be passed as <code>null</code>.

```
const fs = require('fs');

function errorFirstCallback(err, data) {
   if (err) {
      console.error('There was an error', err);
      return;
   }
   console.log(data);
}

fs.readFile('/some/file/that/does-not-exist', errorFirstCallback);
fs.readFile('/some/file/that/does-exist', errorFirstCallback);
```

The JavaScript try...catch mechanism **cannot** be used to intercept errors generated by asynchronous APIs. A common mistake for beginners is to try to use throw inside an error-first callback:

```
// THIS WILL NOT WORK:
const fs = require('fs');

try {
   fs.readFile('/some/file/that/does-not-exist', (err, data) => {
        // Mistaken assumption: throwing here...
        if (err) {
            throw err;
        }
     });
} catch (err) {
     // This will not catch the throw!
     console.error(err);
}
```

This will not work because the callback function passed to <code>fs.readFile()</code> is called asynchronously. By the time the callback has been called, the surrounding code, including the <code>try..catch</code> block, will have already exited. Throwing an error inside the callback <code>can crash the Node.js process</code> in most cases. If <code>domains</code> are enabled, or a handler has been registered with <code>process.on('uncaughtException')</code>, such errors can be intercepted.

Class: Error

A generic JavaScript {Error} object that does not denote any specific circumstance of why the error occurred.

Error objects capture a "stack trace" detailing the point in the code at which the Error was instantiated, and may provide a text description of the error.

All errors generated by Node.js, including all system and JavaScript errors, will either be instances of, or inherit from, the Error class.

new Error (message)

message {string}

Creates a new Error object and sets the error.message property to the provided text message. If an object is passed as message, the text message is generated by calling message.toString(). The error.stack property will represent the point in the code at which new Error() was called. Stack traces are dependent on V8's stack trace API. Stack traces extend only to either (a) the beginning of synchronous code execution, or (b) the number of frames given by the property Error.stackTraceLimit, whichever is smaller.

Error.captureStackTrace(targetObject[, constructorOpt])

- targetObject {Object}
- constructorOpt {Function}

Creates a .stack property on targetObject, which when accessed returns a string representing the location in the code at which Error.captureStackTrace() was called.

```
const myObject = {};
Error.captureStackTrace(myObject);
myObject.stack; // Similar to `new Error().stack`
```

The first line of the trace will be prefixed with \${myObject.name}: \${myObject.message}.

The optional constructorOpt argument accepts a function. If given, all frames above constructorOpt, including constructorOpt, will be omitted from the generated stack trace.

The constructorOpt argument is useful for hiding implementation details of error generation from the user. For instance:

```
function MyError() {
   Error.captureStackTrace(this, MyError);
}

// Without passing MyError to captureStackTrace, the MyError
// frame would show up in the .stack property. By passing
// the constructor, we omit that frame, and retain all frames below it.
new MyError().stack;
```

Error.stackTraceLimit

• {number}

The Error.stackTraceLimit property specifies the number of stack frames collected by a stack trace (whether generated by new Error().stack or Error.captureStackTrace(obj)).

The default value is 10 but may be set to any valid JavaScript number. Changes will affect any stack trace captured after the value has been changed.

If set to a non-number value, or set to a negative number, stack traces will not capture any frames.

error.code

• {string}

The error.code property is a string label that identifies the kind of error. error.code is the most stable way to identify an error. It will only change between major versions of Node.js. In contrast, error.message strings may change between any versions of Node.js. See Node.js error codes for details about specific codes.

error.message

{string}

The error.message property is the string description of the error as set by calling new Error (message). The message passed to the constructor will also appear in the first line of the stack trace of the Error, however changing this property after the Error object is created *may not* change the first line of the stack trace (for example, when error.stack is read before this property is changed).

```
const err = new Error('The message');
console.error(err.message);
// Prints: The message
```

error.stack

• {string}

The error.stack property is a string describing the point in the code at which the Error was instantiated.

```
Error: Things keep happening!
  at /home/gbusey/file.js:525:2
  at Frobnicator.refrobulate (/home/gbusey/business-logic.js:424:21)
  at Actor.<anonymous> (/home/gbusey/actors.js:400:8)
  at increaseSynergy (/home/gbusey/actors.js:701:6)
```

The first line is formatted as <error class name>: <error message> , and is followed by a series of stack frames (each line beginning with "at "). Each frame describes a call site within the code that lead to the error being generated. V8 attempts to display a name for each function (by variable name, function name, or object method name), but occasionally it will not be able to find a suitable name. If V8 cannot determine a name for the function, only location information will be displayed for that frame. Otherwise, the determined function name will be displayed with location information appended in parentheses.

Frames are only generated for JavaScript functions. If, for example, execution synchronously passes through a C++ addon function called cheetahify which itself calls a JavaScript function, the frame representing the cheetahify call will not be present in the stack traces:

```
const cheetahify = require('./native-binding.node');

function makeFaster() {
    // `cheetahify()` *synchronously* calls speedy.
    cheetahify(function speedy() {
        throw new Error('oh no!');
    });
}

makeFaster();
```

```
// will throw:
// /home/gbusey/file.js:6
// throw new Error('oh no!');
//
//
Error: oh no!
// at speedy (/home/gbusey/file.js:6:11)
// at makeFaster (/home/gbusey/file.js:5:3)
// at Object.<anonymous> (/home/gbusey/file.js:10:1)
// at Module._compile (module.js:456:26)
// at Object.Module._extensions..js (module.js:474:10)
// at Module.load (module.js:356:32)
// at Function.Module._load (module.js:312:12)
// at Function.Module.runMain (module.js:497:10)
// at startup (node.js:119:16)
// at node.js:906:3
```

The location information will be one of:

- native , if the frame represents a call internal to V8 (as in [].forEach).
- plain-filename.js:line:column, if the frame represents a call internal to Node.js.
- /absolute/path/to/file.js:line:column , if the frame represents a call in a user program (using CommonJS module system), or its dependencies.
- <transport-protocol>:///url/to/module/file.mjs:line:column , if the frame represents a
 call in a user program (using ES module system), or its dependencies.

The string representing the stack trace is lazily generated when the error.stack property is accessed.

The number of frames captured by the stack trace is bounded by the smaller of Error.stackTraceLimit or the number of available frames on the current event loop tick.

Class: AssertionError

• Extends: {errors.Error}

Indicates the failure of an assertion. For details, see Class: assert.AssertionError.

Class: RangeError

• Extends: {errors.Error}

Indicates that a provided argument was not within the set or range of acceptable values for a function; whether that is a numeric range, or outside the set of options for a given function parameter.

```
require('net').connect(-1);
// Throws "RangeError: "port" option should be >= 0 and < 65536: -1"</pre>
```

Node.js will generate and throw RangeError instances immediately as a form of argument validation.

Class: ReferenceError

• Extends: {errors.Error}

Indicates that an attempt is being made to access a variable that is not defined. Such errors commonly indicate typos in code, or an otherwise broken program.

While client code may generate and propagate these errors, in practice, only V8 will do so.

```
doesNotExist;
// Throws ReferenceError, doesNotExist is not a variable in this program.
```

Unless an application is dynamically generating and running code, ReferenceError instances indicate a bug in the code or its dependencies.

Class: SyntaxError

• Extends: {errors.Error}

Indicates that a program is not valid JavaScript. These errors may only be generated and propagated as a result of code evaluation. Code evaluation may happen as a result of eval, Function, require, or vm. These errors are almost always indicative of a broken program.

```
try {
   require('vm').runInThisContext('binary ! isNotOk');
} catch (err) {
   // 'err' will be a SyntaxError.
}
```

SyntaxError instances are unrecoverable in the context that created them – they may only be caught by other contexts.

Class: SystemError

• Extends: {errors.Error}

Node.js generates system errors when exceptions occur within its runtime environment. These usually occur when an application violates an operating system constraint. For example, a system error will occur if an application attempts to read a file that does not exist.

- address {string} If present, the address to which a network connection failed
- code {string} The string error code
- dest {string} If present, the file path destination when reporting a file system error
- errno {number} The system-provided error number
- info {Object} If present, extra details about the error condition
- message {string} A system-provided human-readable description of the error
- path {string} If present, the file path when reporting a file system error
- port {number} If present, the network connection port that is not available
- syscall {string} The name of the system call that triggered the error

error.address

• {string}

If present, error.address is a string describing the address to which a network connection failed.

error.code

• {string}

The error.code property is a string representing the error code.

error.dest

• {string}

If present, error.dest is the file path destination when reporting a file system error.

error.errno

• {number}

The error.errno property is a negative number which corresponds to the error code defined in <u>libuv Error</u>
handling.

On Windows the error number provided by the system will be normalized by libuv.

To get the string representation of the error code, use $\underline{\mathtt{util.getSystemErrorName(error.errno)}}$.

error.info

• {Object}

If present, error.info is an object with details about the error condition.

error.message

• {string}

error.message is a system-provided human-readable description of the error.

error.path

• {string}

If present, error.path is a string containing a relevant invalid pathname.

error.port

• {number}

If present, error.port is the network connection port that is not available.

error.syscall

• {string}

The error.syscall property is a string describing the syscall that failed.

Common system errors

This is a list of system errors commonly-encountered when writing a Node.js program. For a comprehensive list, see the error (3) man page.

- EACCES (Permission denied): An attempt was made to access a file in a way forbidden by its file access permissions.
- EADDRINUSE (Address already in use): An attempt to bind a server (net, http, or https) to a local address failed due to another server on the local system already occupying that address.
- ECONNREFUSED (Connection refused): No connection could be made because the target machine actively refused it. This usually results from trying to connect to a service that is inactive on the foreign host.
- ECONNRESET (Connection reset by peer): A connection was forcibly closed by a peer. This normally results from a loss of the connection on the remote socket due to a timeout or reboot. Commonly encountered via the http and net_modules.
- EEXIST (File exists): An existing file was the target of an operation that required that the target not exist.
- EISDIR (Is a directory): An operation expected a file, but the given pathname was a directory.
- EMFILE (Too many open files in system): Maximum number of <u>file descriptors</u> allowable on the system has been reached, and requests for another descriptor cannot be fulfilled until at least one has been closed. This is encountered when opening many files at once in parallel, especially on systems (in particular, macOS) where there is a low file descriptor limit for processes. To remedy a low limit, run <u>ulimit -n 2048</u> in the same shell that will run the Node.js process.
- ENOENT (No such file or directory): Commonly raised by <u>fs</u> operations to indicate that a component of
 the specified pathname does not exist. No entity (file or directory) could be found by the given path.
- ENOTDIR (Not a directory): A component of the given pathname existed, but was not a directory as
 expected. Commonly raised by <u>fs.readdir</u>.
- ENOTEMPTY (Directory not empty): A directory with entries was the target of an operation that requires an
 empty directory, usually <u>fs.unlink</u>.
- ENOTFOUND (DNS lookup failed): Indicates a DNS failure of either EAI_NODATA or EAI_NONAME . This is not a standard POSIX error.
- EPERM (Operation not permitted): An attempt was made to perform an operation that requires elevated privileges.
- EPIPE (Broken pipe): A write on a pipe, socket, or FIFO for which there is no process to read the data.
 Commonly encountered at the net and http layers, indicative that the remote side of the stream being written to has been closed.
- ETIMEDOUT (Operation timed out): A connect or send request failed because the connected party did not
 properly respond after a period of time. Usually encountered by http or net. Often a sign that a
 socket.end() was not properly called.

Class: TypeError

• Extends {errors.Error}

Indicates that a provided argument is not an allowable type. For example, passing a function to a parameter which expects a string would be a TypeError.

```
require('url').parse(() => { });
// Throws TypeError, since it expected a string.
```

Node.js will generate and throw TypeError instances immediately as a form of argument validation.

Exceptions vs. errors

A JavaScript exception is a value that is thrown as a result of an invalid operation or as the target of a throw statement. While it is not required that these values are instances of Error or classes which inherit from Error, all exceptions thrown by Node.js or the JavaScript runtime will be instances of Error.

Some exceptions are *unrecoverable* at the JavaScript layer. Such exceptions will *always* cause the Node.js process to crash. Examples include <code>assert()</code> checks or <code>abort()</code> calls in the C++ layer.

OpenSSL errors

Errors originating in crypto or tls are of class Error, and in addition to the standard .code and .message properties, may have some additional OpenSSL-specific properties.

error.opensslErrorStack

An array of errors that can give context to where in the OpenSSL library an error originates from.

error.function

The OpenSSL function the error originates in.

```
error.library
```

The OpenSSL library the error originates in.

```
error.reason
```

A human-readable string describing the reason for the error.

Node.js error codes

ABORT ERR

Used when an operation has been aborted (typically using an AbortController).

APIs not using AbortSignal s typically do not raise an error with this code.

This code does not use the regular ERR_* convention Node.js errors use in order to be compatible with the web platform's AbortError.

ERR AMBIGUOUS ARGUMENT

A function argument is being used in a way that suggests that the function signature may be misunderstood. This is thrown by the assert module when the message parameter in assert.throws(block, message)

matches the error message thrown by block because that usage suggests that the user believes message is the expected message rather than the message the AssertionError will display if block does not throw.

ERR ARG NOT ITERABLE

An iterable argument (i.e. a value that works with for...of loops) was required, but not provided to a Node.js API.

ERR ASSERTION

A special type of error that can be triggered whenever Node.js detects an exceptional logic violation that should never occur. These are raised typically by the assert module.

ERR ASYNC CALLBACK

An attempt was made to register something that is not a function as an AsyncHooks callback.

ERR ASYNC TYPE

The type of an asynchronous resource was invalid. Users are also able to define their own types if using the public embedder API.

ERR BROTLI COMPRESSION FAILED

Data passed to a Brotli stream was not successfully compressed.

ERR BROTLI INVALID PARAM

An invalid parameter key was passed during construction of a Brotli stream.

ERR BUFFER CONTEXT NOT AVAILABLE

An attempt was made to create a Node.js Buffer instance from addon or embedder code, while in a JS engine Context that is not associated with a Node.js instance. The data passed to the Buffer method will have been released by the time the method returns.

When encountering this error, a possible alternative to creating a <code>Buffer</code> instance is to create a normal <code>Uint8Array</code>, which only differs in the prototype of the resulting object. <code>Uint8Array</code> s are generally accepted in all <code>Node.js</code> core APIs where <code>Buffer</code> s are; they are available in all Contexts.

ERR BUFFER OUT OF BOUNDS

An operation outside the bounds of a Buffer was attempted.

ERR BUFFER TOO LARGE

An attempt has been made to create a Buffer larger than the maximum allowed size.

ERR_CANNOT_WATCH_SIGINT

Node.js was unable to watch for the SIGINT signal.

ERR_CHILD_CLOSED_BEFORE_REPLY

A child process was closed before the parent received a reply.

ERR CHILD PROCESS IPC REQUIRED

Used when a child process is being forked without specifying an IPC channel.

ERR CHILD PROCESS STDIO MAXBUFFER

Used when the main process is trying to read data from the child process's STDERR/STDOUT, and the data's length is longer than the maxBuffer option.

ERR CLOSED MESSAGE PORT

There was an attempt to use a MessagePort instance in a closed state, usually after .close() has been called.

ERR CONSOLE WRITABLE STREAM

Console was instantiated without stdout stream, or Console has a non-writable stdout or stderr stream.

ERR CONSTRUCT CALL INVALID

A class constructor was called that is not callable.

ERR CONSTRUCT CALL REQUIRED

A constructor for a class was called without new.

ERR CONTEXT NOT INITIALIZED

The vm context passed into the API is not yet initialized. This could happen when an error occurs (and is caught) during the creation of the context, for example, when the allocation fails or the maximum call stack size is reached when the context is created.

ERR CRYPTO CUSTOM ENGINE NOT SUPPORTED

A client certificate engine was requested that is not supported by the version of OpenSSL being used.

ERR CRYPTO ECDH INVALID FORMAT

An invalid value for the format argument was passed to the <code>crypto.ECDH()</code> class <code>getPublicKey()</code> method.

ERR_CRYPTO_ECDH_INVALID_PUBLIC_KEY

An invalid value for the key argument has been passed to the <code>crypto.ECDH()</code> class <code>computeSecret()</code> method. It means that the public key lies outside of the elliptic curve.

ERR CRYPTO ENGINE UNKNOWN

An invalid crypto engine identifier was passed to require('crypto').setEngine()

ERR CRYPTO FIPS FORCED

The <u>--force-fips</u> command-line argument was used but there was an attempt to enable or disable FIPS mode in the crypto module.

ERR_CRYPTO_FIPS_UNAVAILABLE

An attempt was made to enable or disable FIPS mode, but FIPS mode was not available.

ERR CRYPTO HASH FINALIZED

hash.digest() was called multiple times. The hash.digest() method must be called no more than one time
per instance of a Hash object.

ERR CRYPTO HASH UPDATE FAILED

<u>hash.update()</u> failed for any reason. This should rarely, if ever, happen.

ERR_CRYPTO_INCOMPATIBLE_KEY

The given crypto keys are incompatible with the attempted operation.

ERR CRYPTO INCOMPATIBLE KEY OPTIONS

The selected public or private key encoding is incompatible with other options.

ERR CRYPTO INITIALIZATION FAILED

Initialization of the crypto subsystem failed.

ERR CRYPTO INVALID AUTH TAG

An invalid authentication tag was provided.

ERR_CRYPTO_INVALID_COUNTER

An invalid counter was provided for a counter-mode cipher.

ERR CRYPTO INVALID CURVE

An invalid elliptic-curve was provided.

ERR_CRYPTO_INVALID_DIGEST

An invalid <u>crypto digest algorithm</u> was specified.

ERR CRYPTO INVALID IV

An invalid initialization vector was provided.

ERR_CRYPTO_INVALID_JWK

An invalid JSON Web Key was provided.

ERR_CRYPTO_INVALID_KEY_OBJECT_TYPE

The given crypto key object's type is invalid for the attempted operation.

ERR CRYPTO INVALID KEYLEN

An invalid key length was provided.

ERR CRYPTO INVALID KEYPAIR

An invalid key pair was provided.

ERR CRYPTO INVALID KEYTYPE

An invalid key type was provided.

ERR CRYPTO INVALID MESSAGELEN

An invalid message length was provided.

ERR CRYPTO INVALID SCRYPT PARAMS

Invalid scrypt algorithm parameters were provided.

ERR CRYPTO INVALID STATE

A crypto method was used on an object that was in an invalid state. For instance, calling cipher.getAuthTag() before calling cipher.final().

ERR CRYPTO INVALID TAG LENGTH

An invalid authentication tag length was provided.

ERR CRYPTO JOB INIT FAILED

Initialization of an asynchronous crypto operation failed.

ERR_CRYPTO_JWK_UNSUPPORTED_CURVE

Key's Elliptic Curve is not registered for use in the JSON Web Key Elliptic Curve Registry.

ERR CRYPTO JWK UNSUPPORTED KEY TYPE

Key's Asymmetric Key Type is not registered for use in the JSON Web Key Types Registry.

ERR CRYPTO OPERATION FAILED

A crypto operation failed for an otherwise unspecified reason.

ERR_CRYPTO_PBKDF2_ERROR

The PBKDF2 algorithm failed for unspecified reasons. OpenSSL does not provide more details and therefore neither does Node.js.

ERR CRYPTO SCRYPT INVALID PARAMETER

One or more crypto.scryptSync() parameters are outside their legal range.

ERR_CRYPTO_SCRYPT_NOT_SUPPORTED

Node.js was compiled without scrypt support. Not possible with the official release binaries but can happen with custom builds, including distro builds.

ERR CRYPTO SIGN KEY REQUIRED

A signing key was not provided to the sign.sign() method.

ERR CRYPTO TIMING SAFE EQUAL LENGTH

crypto.timingSafeEqual() was called with Buffer , TypedArray , or DataView arguments of different lengths.

ERR_CRYPTO_UNKNOWN_CIPHER

An unknown cipher was specified.

ERR CRYPTO UNKNOWN DH GROUP

An unknown Diffie-Hellman group name was given. See crypto.getDiffieHellman () for a list of valid group names.

ERR CRYPTO UNSUPPORTED OPERATION

An attempt to invoke an unsupported crypto operation was made.

ERR DEBUGGER ERROR

An error occurred with the debugger.

ERR DEBUGGER STARTUP ERROR

The <u>debugger</u> timed out waiting for the required host/port to be free.

ERR DLOPEN DISABLED

Loading native addons has been disabled using _-no-addons .

ERR DLOPEN FAILED

A call to process.dlopen() failed.

ERR_DIR_CLOSED

The <u>fs.Dir</u> was previously closed.

ERR DIR CONCURRENT OPERATION

A synchronous read or close call was attempted on an <u>fs.Dir</u> which has ongoing asynchronous operations.

ERR DNS SET SERVERS FAILED

c-ares failed to set the DNS server.

ERR DOMAIN CALLBACK NOT AVAILABLE

The domain module was not usable since it could not establish the required error handling hooks, because process.setUncaughtExceptionCaptureCallback() had been called at an earlier point in time.

ERR_DOMAIN_CANNOT_SET_UNCAUGHT_EXCEPTION_CAPTURE

process.setUncaughtExceptionCaptureCallback() could not be called because the domain module has been loaded at an earlier point in time.

The stack trace is extended to include the point in time at which the domain module had been loaded.

ERR_ENCODING_INVALID_ENCODED_DATA

Data provided to TextDecoder() API was invalid according to the encoding provided.

ERR ENCODING NOT SUPPORTED

Encoding provided to <code>TextDecoder()</code> API was not one of the <u>WHATWG Supported Encodings</u>.

ERR EVAL ESM CANNOT PRINT

--print cannot be used with ESM input.

ERR EVENT RECURSION

Thrown when an attempt is made to recursively dispatch an event on EventTarget .

ERR EXECUTION ENVIRONMENT NOT AVAILABLE

The JS execution context is not associated with a Node.js environment. This may occur when Node.js is used as an embedded library and some hooks for the JS engine are not set up properly.

ERR FALSY VALUE REJECTION

A Promise that was callbackified via util.callbackify() was rejected with a falsy value.

ERR_FEATURE_UNAVAILABLE_ON_PLATFORM

Used when a feature that is not available to the current platform which is running Node.js is used.

ERR_FS_CP_DIR_TO_NON_DIR

An attempt was made to copy a directory to a non-directory (file, symlink, etc.) using fs.cp().

ERR_FS_CP_EEXIST

An attempt was made to copy over a file that already existed with fs.cp(), with the force and errorOnExist set to true.

ERR FS CP EINVAL

When using fs.cp(), src or dest pointed to an invalid path.

ERR FS CP FIFO PIPE

An attempt was made to copy a named pipe with <u>fs.cp()</u>.

ERR FS CP NON DIR TO DIR

An attempt was made to copy a non-directory (file, symlink, etc.) to a directory using fs.cp().

ERR_FS_CP_SOCKET

An attempt was made to copy to a socket with <u>fs.cp()</u>.

ERR FS CP SYMLINK TO SUBDIRECTORY

When using fs.cp(), a symlink in dest pointed to a subdirectory of src.

ERR FS CP UNKNOWN

An attempt was made to copy to an unknown file type with <a>fs.cp() .

ERR FS EISDIR

Path is a directory.

ERR_FS_FILE_TOO_LARGE

An attempt has been made to read a file whose size is larger than the maximum allowed size for a <code>Buffer</code> .

ERR FS INVALID SYMLINK TYPE

An invalid symlink type was passed to the <u>fs.symlink()</u> or <u>fs.symlinkSync()</u> methods.

ERR_HTTP_HEADERS_SENT

An attempt was made to add more headers after the headers had already been sent.

ERR HTTP INVALID HEADER VALUE

An invalid HTTP header value was specified.

ERR HTTP INVALID STATUS CODE

Status code was outside the regular status code range (100-999).

ERR_HTTP_REQUEST_TIMEOUT

The client has not sent the entire request within the allowed time.

ERR HTTP SOCKET ENCODING

Changing the socket encoding is not allowed per RFC 7230 Section 3.

ERR HTTP TRAILER INVALID

The Trailer header was set even though the transfer encoding does not support that.

ERR HTTP2 ALTSVC INVALID ORIGIN

HTTP/2 ALTSVC frames require a valid origin.

ERR HTTP2 ALTSVC LENGTH

HTTP/2 ALTSVC frames are limited to a maximum of 16,382 payload bytes.

ERR HTTP2 CONNECT AUTHORITY

For HTTP/2 requests using the CONNECT method, the :authority pseudo-header is required.

ERR HTTP2 CONNECT PATH

For HTTP/2 requests using the CONNECT method, the :path pseudo-header is forbidden.

ERR HTTP2 CONNECT SCHEME

For HTTP/2 requests using the CONNECT method, the :scheme pseudo-header is forbidden.

ERR HTTP2 ERROR

A non-specific HTTP/2 error has occurred.

ERR HTTP2 GOAWAY SESSION

New HTTP/2 Streams may not be opened after the Http2Session has received a GOAWAY frame from the connected peer.

ERR HTTP2 HEADER SINGLE VALUE

Multiple values were provided for an HTTP/2 header field that was required to have only a single value.

ERR_HTTP2_HEADERS_AFTER_RESPOND

An additional headers was specified after an HTTP/2 response was initiated.

ERR HTTP2 HEADERS SENT

An attempt was made to send multiple response headers.

ERR_HTTP2_INFO_STATUS_NOT_ALLOWED

Informational HTTP status codes (1xx) may not be set as the response status code on HTTP/2 responses.

ERR HTTP2 INVALID CONNECTION HEADERS

HTTP/1 connection specific headers are forbidden to be used in HTTP/2 requests and responses.

ERR_HTTP2_INVALID_HEADER_VALUE

An invalid HTTP/2 header value was specified.

ERR HTTP2 INVALID INFO STATUS

An invalid HTTP informational status code has been specified. Informational status codes must be an integer between 100 and 199 (inclusive).

ERR_HTTP2_INVALID_ORIGIN

HTTP/2 ORIGIN frames require a valid origin.

ERR HTTP2 INVALID PACKED SETTINGS LENGTH

Input Buffer and Uint8Array instances passed to the http2.getUnpackedSettings() API must have a length that is a multiple of six.

ERR HTTP2 INVALID PSEUDOHEADER

Only valid HTTP/2 pseudoheaders (:status,:path,:authority,:scheme,and:method) may be used.

ERR HTTP2 INVALID SESSION

An action was performed on an Http2Session object that had already been destroyed.

ERR HTTP2 INVALID SETTING VALUE

An invalid value has been specified for an HTTP/2 setting.

ERR HTTP2 INVALID STREAM

An operation was performed on a stream that had already been destroyed.

ERR HTTP2 MAX PENDING SETTINGS ACK

Whenever an HTTP/2 SETTINGS frame is sent to a connected peer, the peer is required to send an acknowledgment that it has received and applied the new SETTINGS. By default, a maximum number of unacknowledged SETTINGS frames may be sent at any given time. This error code is used when that limit has been reached.

ERR HTTP2 NESTED PUSH

An attempt was made to initiate a new push stream from within a push stream. Nested push streams are not permitted.

ERR_HTTP2_NO_MEM

Out of memory when using the http2session.setLocalWindowSize(windowSize) API.

ERR HTTP2 NO SOCKET MANIPULATION

An attempt was made to directly manipulate (read, write, pause, resume, etc.) a socket attached to an <code>Http2Session</code> .

ERR HTTP2 ORIGIN LENGTH

HTTP/2 ORIGIN frames are limited to a length of 16382 bytes.

ERR HTTP2 OUT OF STREAMS

The number of streams created on a single HTTP/2 session reached the maximum limit.

ERR HTTP2 PAYLOAD FORBIDDEN

A message payload was specified for an HTTP response code for which a payload is forbidden.

ERR HTTP2 PING CANCEL

An HTTP/2 ping was canceled.

ERR HTTP2 PING LENGTH

HTTP/2 ping payloads must be exactly 8 bytes in length.

ERR HTTP2 PSEUDOHEADER NOT ALLOWED

An HTTP/2 pseudo-header has been used inappropriately. Pseudo-headers are header key names that begin with the : prefix.

ERR HTTP2 PUSH DISABLED

An attempt was made to create a push stream, which had been disabled by the client.

ERR HTTP2 SEND FILE

An attempt was made to use the <code>Http2Stream.prototype.responseWithFile()</code> API to send a directory.

ERR HTTP2 SEND FILE NOSEEK

An attempt was made to use the <code>Http2Stream.prototype.responseWithFile()</code> API to send something other than a regular file, but <code>offset</code> or <code>length</code> options were provided.

ERR HTTP2 SESSION ERROR

The Http2Session closed with a non-zero error code.

ERR HTTP2 SETTINGS CANCEL

The Http2Session settings canceled.

ERR HTTP2 SOCKET BOUND

An attempt was made to connect a <code>Http2Session</code> object to a <code>net.Socket</code> or <code>tls.TLSSocket</code> that had already been bound to another <code>Http2Session</code> object.

ERR HTTP2 SOCKET UNBOUND

An attempt was made to use the socket property of an Http2Session that has already been closed.

ERR_HTTP2_STATUS_101

Use of the 101 Informational status code is forbidden in HTTP/2.

ERR HTTP2 STATUS INVALID

An invalid HTTP status code has been specified. Status codes must be an integer between 100 and 599 (inclusive).

ERR HTTP2 STREAM CANCEL

An Http2Stream was destroyed before any data was transmitted to the connected peer.

ERR HTTP2 STREAM ERROR

A non-zero error code was been specified in an RST STREAM frame.

ERR HTTP2 STREAM SELF DEPENDENCY

When setting the priority for an HTTP/2 stream, the stream may be marked as a dependency for a parent stream. This error code is used when an attempt is made to mark a stream and dependent of itself.

ERR HTTP2 TOO MANY INVALID FRAMES

The limit of acceptable invalid HTTP/2 protocol frames sent by the peer, as specified through the maxSessionInvalidFrames option, has been exceeded.

ERR HTTP2 TRAILERS ALREADY SENT

Trailing headers have already been sent on the Http2Stream .

ERR HTTP2 TRAILERS NOT READY

The http2stream.sendTrailers() method cannot be called until after the 'wantTrailers' event is emitted on an Http2Stream object. The 'wantTrailers' event will only be emitted if the waitForTrailers option is set for the Http2Stream.

ERR HTTP2 UNSUPPORTED PROTOCOL

http2.connect() was passed a URL that uses any protocol other than http: or https:.

ERR_ILLEGAL_CONSTRUCTOR

An attempt was made to construct an object using a non-public constructor.

ERR IMPORT ASSERTION TYPE FAILED

An import assertion has failed, preventing the specified module to be imported.

ERR IMPORT ASSERTION TYPE MISSING

An import assertion is missing, preventing the specified module to be imported.

ERR_IMPORT_ASSERTION_TYPE_UNSUPPORTED

An import assertion is not supported by this version of Node.js.

ERR INCOMPATIBLE OPTION PAIR

An option pair is incompatible with each other and cannot be used at the same time.

ERR INPUT TYPE NOT ALLOWED

Stability: 1 - Experimental

The --input-type flag was used to attempt to execute a file. This flag can only be used with input via --eval, --print or STDIN.

ERR INSPECTOR ALREADY ACTIVATED

While using the inspector module, an attempt was made to activate the inspector when it already started to listen on a port. Use inspector.close() before activating it on a different address.

ERR INSPECTOR ALREADY CONNECTED

While using the inspector module, an attempt was made to connect when the inspector was already connected.

ERR INSPECTOR CLOSED

While using the inspector module, an attempt was made to use the inspector after the session had already closed.

ERR INSPECTOR COMMAND

An error occurred while issuing a command via the inspector module.

ERR INSPECTOR NOT ACTIVE

The inspector is not active when inspector.waitForDebugger() is called.

ERR INSPECTOR NOT AVAILABLE

The inspector module is not available for use.

ERR INSPECTOR NOT CONNECTED

While using the inspector module, an attempt was made to use the inspector before it was connected.

ERR_INSPECTOR_NOT_WORKER

An API was called on the main thread that can only be used from the worker thread.

ERR INTERNAL ASSERTION

There was a bug in Node.js or incorrect usage of Node.js internals. To fix the error, open an issue at https://github.com/nodejs/node/issues.

ERR INVALID ADDRESS FAMILY

The provided address family is not understood by the Node.js API.

ERR_INVALID_ARG_TYPE

An argument of the wrong type was passed to a Node.js API.

ERR INVALID ARG VALUE

An invalid or unsupported value was passed for a given argument.

ERR INVALID ASYNC ID

An invalid asyncId or triggerAsyncId was passed using AsyncHooks . An id less than -1 should never happen.

ERR INVALID BUFFER SIZE

A swap was performed on a Buffer but its size was not compatible with the operation.

ERR INVALID CHAR

Invalid characters were detected in headers.

ERR_INVALID_CURSOR_POS

A cursor on a given stream cannot be moved to a specified row without a specified column.

ERR INVALID FD

A file descriptor ('fd') was not valid (e.g. it was a negative value).

ERR INVALID FD TYPE

A file descriptor ('fd') type was not valid.

ERR_INVALID_FILE_URL_HOST

A Node is API that consumes file: URLs (such as certain functions in the <u>fs</u> module) encountered a file URL with an incompatible host. This situation can only occur on Unix-like systems where only <u>localhost</u> or an empty host is supported.

ERR INVALID FILE URL PATH

A Node is API that consumes file: URLs (such as certain functions in the fs module) encountered a file URL with an incompatible path. The exact semantics for determining whether a path can be used is platform-dependent.

ERR_INVALID_HANDLE_TYPE

An attempt was made to send an unsupported "handle" over an IPC communication channel to a child process. See subprocess.send() and process.send() for more information.

ERR_INVALID_HTTP_TOKEN

An invalid HTTP token was supplied.

ERR_INVALID_IP_ADDRESS

An IP address is not valid.

ERR INVALID MODULE

An attempt was made to load a module that does not exist or was otherwise not valid.

ERR INVALID MODULE SPECIFIER

The imported module string is an invalid URL, package name, or package subpath specifier.

ERR INVALID OBJECT DEFINE PROPERTY

An error occurred while setting an invalid attribute on the property of an object.

ERR INVALID PACKAGE CONFIG

An invalid package.json file failed parsing.

ERR INVALID PACKAGE TARGET

The package.json <u>"exports"</u> field contains an invalid target mapping value for the attempted module resolution.

ERR_INVALID_PERFORMANCE_MARK

While using the Performance Timing API (perf hooks), a performance mark is invalid.

ERR INVALID PROTOCOL

An invalid options.protocol was passed to http.request().

ERR INVALID REPL EVAL CONFIG

Both breakEvalOnSigint and eval options were set in the REPL config, which is not supported.

ERR_INVALID_REPL_INPUT

The input may not be used in the REPL . The conditions under which this error is used are described in the documentation.

ERR INVALID RETURN PROPERTY

Thrown in case a function option does not provide a valid value for one of its returned object properties on execution.

ERR INVALID RETURN PROPERTY VALUE

Thrown in case a function option does not provide an expected value type for one of its returned object properties on execution.

ERR INVALID RETURN VALUE

Thrown in case a function option does not return an expected value type on execution, such as when a function is expected to return a promise.

ERR INVALID STATE

Indicates that an operation cannot be completed due to an invalid state. For instance, an object may have already been destroyed, or may be performing another operation.

ERR_INVALID_SYNC_FORK_INPUT

A Buffer, TypedArray, DataView or string was provided as stdio input to an asynchronous fork. See the documentation for the child_process module for more information.

ERR INVALID THIS

A Node.js API function was called with an incompatible this value.

```
const urlSearchParams = new URLSearchParams('foo=bar&baz=new');

const buf = Buffer.alloc(1);
urlSearchParams.has.call(buf, 'foo');

// Throws a TypeError with code 'ERR_INVALID_THIS'
```

ERR INVALID TRANSFER OBJECT

An invalid transfer object was passed to <code>postMessage()</code> .

ERR INVALID TUPLE

An element in the iterable provided to the <u>WHATWG URLSearchParams</u> constructor did not represent a [name, value] tuple – that is, if an element is not iterable, or does not consist of exactly two elements.

ERR INVALID URI

An invalid URI was passed.

ERR INVALID URL

An invalid URL was passed to the <u>WHATWG URL constructor</u> or the legacy <u>url.parse()</u> to be parsed. The thrown error object typically has an additional property 'input' that contains the URL that failed to parse.

ERR_INVALID_URL_SCHEME

An attempt was made to use a URL of an incompatible scheme (protocol) for a specific purpose. It is only used in the WHATWG URL API support in the fs module (which only accepts URLs with 'file' scheme), but may be used in other Node.js APIs as well in the future.

ERR IPC CHANNEL CLOSED

An attempt was made to use an IPC communication channel that was already closed.

ERR IPC DISCONNECTED

An attempt was made to disconnect an IPC communication channel that was already disconnected. See the documentation for the child_process module for more information.

ERR IPC ONE PIPE

An attempt was made to create a child Node.js process using more than one IPC communication channel. See the documentation for the child_process module for more information.

ERR IPC SYNC FORK

An attempt was made to open an IPC communication channel with a synchronously forked Node.js process. See the documentation for the child_process module for more information.

ERR MANIFEST ASSERT INTEGRITY

An attempt was made to load a resource, but the resource did not match the integrity defined by the policy manifest. See the documentation for <u>policy</u> manifests for more information.

ERR MANIFEST DEPENDENCY MISSING

An attempt was made to load a resource, but the resource was not listed as a dependency from the location that attempted to load it. See the documentation for <u>policy</u> manifests for more information.

ERR MANIFEST INTEGRITY MISMATCH

An attempt was made to load a policy manifest, but the manifest had multiple entries for a resource which did not match each other. Update the manifest entries to match in order to resolve this error. See the documentation for <u>policy</u> manifests for more information.

ERR MANIFEST INVALID RESOURCE FIELD

A policy manifest resource had an invalid value for one of its fields. Update the manifest entry to match in order to resolve this error. See the documentation for <u>policy</u> manifests for more information.

ERR MANIFEST INVALID SPECIFIER

A policy manifest resource had an invalid value for one of its dependency mappings. Update the manifest entry to match to resolve this error. See the documentation for <u>policy</u> manifests for more information.

ERR_MANIFEST_PARSE_POLICY

An attempt was made to load a policy manifest, but the manifest was unable to be parsed. See the documentation for <u>policy</u> manifests for more information.

ERR MANIFEST TDZ

An attempt was made to read from a policy manifest, but the manifest initialization has not yet taken place. This is likely a bug in Node.js.

ERR MANIFEST UNKNOWN ONERROR

A policy manifest was loaded, but had an unknown value for its "onerror" behavior. See the documentation for <u>policy</u> manifests for more information.

ERR MEMORY ALLOCATION FAILED

An attempt was made to allocate memory (usually in the C++ layer) but it failed.

ERR MESSAGE TARGET CONTEXT UNAVAILABLE

A message posted to a MessagePort could not be describlized in the target vm Context. Not all Node.js objects can be successfully instantiated in any context at this time, and attempting to transfer them using postMessage() can fail on the receiving side in that case.

ERR METHOD NOT IMPLEMENTED

A method is required but not implemented.

ERR MISSING ARGS

A required argument of a Node.js API was not passed. This is only used for strict compliance with the API specification (which in some cases may accept <code>func(undefined)</code> but not <code>func()</code>). In most native Node.js APIs, <code>func(undefined)</code> and <code>func()</code> are treated identically, and the <code>ERR_INVALID_ARG_TYPE</code> error code may be used instead.

ERR MISSING OPTION

For APIs that accept options objects, some options might be mandatory. This code is thrown if a required option is missing.

ERR MISSING PASSPHRASE

An attempt was made to read an encrypted key without specifying a passphrase.

ERR MISSING PLATFORM FOR WORKER

The V8 platform used by this instance of Node.js does not support creating Workers. This is caused by lack of embedder support for Workers. In particular, this error will not occur with standard builds of Node.js.

ERR MISSING TRANSFERABLE IN TRANSFER LIST

An object that needs to be explicitly listed in the transferList argument is in the object passed to a postMessage() call, but is not provided in the transferList for that call. Usually, this is a MessagePort .

In Node, js versions prior to v15.0.0, the error code being used here was ERR MISSING MESSAGE PORT IN TRANSFER LIST. However, the set of transferable object types has been expanded to cover more types than MessagePort.

ERR_MODULE_NOT_FOUND

A module file could not be resolved by the ECMAScript modules loader while attempting an import operation or when loading the program entry point.

ERR_MULTIPLE_CALLBACK

A callback was called more than once.

A callback is almost always meant to only be called once as the query can either be fulfilled or rejected but not both at the same time. The latter would be possible by calling a callback more than once.

ERR_NAPI_CONS_FUNCTION

While using Node-API, a constructor passed was not a function.

ERR NAPI INVALID DATAVIEW ARGS

While calling napi_create_dataview(), a given offset was outside the bounds of the dataview or offset + length was larger than a length of given buffer.

ERR NAPI INVALID TYPEDARRAY ALIGNMENT

While calling napi create typedarray(), the provided offset was not a multiple of the element size.

ERR NAPI INVALID TYPEDARRAY LENGTH

While calling napi_create_typedarray(), (length * size_of_element) + byte_offset was larger than the length of given buffer.

ERR NAPI TSFN CALL JS

An error occurred while invoking the JavaScript portion of the thread-safe function.

ERR_NAPI_TSFN_GET_UNDEFINED

An error occurred while attempting to retrieve the JavaScript undefined value.

ERR NAPI TSFN START IDLE LOOP

On the main thread, values are removed from the queue associated with the thread-safe function in an idle loop. This error indicates that an error has occurred when attempting to start the loop.

ERR_NAPI_TSFN_STOP_IDLE_LOOP

Once no more items are left in the queue, the idle loop must be suspended. This error indicates that the idle loop has failed to stop.

ERR_NO_CRYPTO

An attempt was made to use crypto features while Node.js was not compiled with OpenSSL crypto support.

ERR NO ICU

An attempt was made to use features that require ICU, but Node.js was not compiled with ICU support.

ERR NON CONTEXT AWARE DISABLED

A non-context-aware native addon was loaded in a process that disallows them.

ERR_OUT_OF_RANGE

A given value is out of the accepted range.

ERR PACKAGE IMPORT NOT DEFINED

The package.json "imports" field does not define the given internal package specifier mapping.

ERR_PACKAGE_PATH_NOT_EXPORTED

The package.json <u>"exports"</u> field does not export the requested subpath. Because exports are encapsulated, private internal modules that are not exported cannot be imported through the package resolution, unless using an absolute URL.

ERR PERFORMANCE INVALID TIMESTAMP

An invalid timestamp value was provided for a performance mark or measure.

ERR PERFORMANCE MEASURE INVALID OPTIONS

Invalid options were provided for a performance measure.

ERR PROTO ACCESS

Accessing Object.prototype.__proto__ has been forbidden using <u>--disable-proto=throw</u>.

Object.getPrototypeOf and Object.setPrototypeOf should be used to get and set the prototype of an object.

ERR REQUIRE ESM

Stability: 1 - Experimental

An attempt was made to require() an ES Module.

ERR SCRIPT EXECUTION INTERRUPTED

Script execution was interrupted by SIGINT (For example, Ctrl+C was pressed.)

ERR SCRIPT EXECUTION TIMEOUT

Script execution timed out, possibly due to bugs in the script being executed.

ERR SERVER ALREADY LISTEN

The server.listen() method was called while a net.Server was already listening. This applies to all instances of net.Server, including HTTP, HTTPS, and HTTP/2 Server instances.

ERR SERVER NOT RUNNING

The server.close() method was called when a net.Server was not running. This applies to all instances of net.Server , including HTTP, HTTPS, and HTTP/2 Server instances.

ERR SOCKET ALREADY BOUND

An attempt was made to bind a socket that has already been bound.

ERR_SOCKET_BAD_BUFFER_SIZE

An invalid (negative) size was passed for either the recvBufferSize or sendBufferSize options in dgram.createSocket().

ERR_SOCKET_BAD_PORT

An API function expecting a port >= 0 and < 65536 received an invalid value.

ERR_SOCKET_BAD_TYPE

An API function expecting a socket type (udp4 or udp6) received an invalid value.

ERR SOCKET BUFFER SIZE

While using dgram.createSocket(), the size of the receive or send Buffer could not be determined.

ERR SOCKET CLOSED

An attempt was made to operate on an already closed socket.

ERR SOCKET DGRAM IS CONNECTED

A <u>dgram.connect()</u> call was made on an already connected socket.

ERR SOCKET DGRAM NOT CONNECTED

A dgram.remoteAddress() call was made on a disconnected socket.

ERR SOCKET DGRAM NOT RUNNING

A call was made and the UDP subsystem was not running.

ERR SRI PARSE

A string was provided for a Subresource Integrity check, but was unable to be parsed. Check the format of integrity attributes by looking at the <u>Subresource Integrity specification</u>.

ERR STREAM ALREADY FINISHED

A stream method was called that cannot complete because the stream was finished.

ERR STREAM CANNOT PIPE

An attempt was made to call stream.pipe() on a Writable stream.

ERR STREAM DESTROYED

A stream method was called that cannot complete because the stream was destroyed using <code>stream.destroy()</code> .

ERR STREAM NULL VALUES

An attempt was made to call stream.write() with a null chunk.

ERR_STREAM_PREMATURE_CLOSE

An error returned by stream.finished() and stream.pipeline(), when a stream or a pipeline ends non gracefully with no explicit error.

ERR_STREAM_PUSH_AFTER_EOF

An attempt was made to call stream.push() after a null (EOF) had been pushed to the stream.

ERR STREAM UNSHIFT AFTER END EVENT

An attempt was made to call stream.unshift() after the 'end' event was emitted.

ERR STREAM WRAP

Prevents an abort if a string decoder was set on the Socket or if the decoder is in <code>objectMode</code> .

```
const Socket = require('net').Socket;
const instance = new Socket();
instance.setEncoding('utf8');
```

ERR STREAM WRITE AFTER END

An attempt was made to call stream.write() after stream.end() has been called.

ERR STRING TOO LONG

An attempt has been made to create a string longer than the maximum allowed length.

ERR SYNTHETIC

An artificial error object used to capture the call stack for diagnostic reports.

ERR_SYSTEM_ERROR

An unspecified or non-specific system error has occurred within the Node.js process. The error object will have an err.info object property with additional details.

ERR TEST FAILURE

This error represents a failed test. Additional information about the failure is available via the cause property. The failureType property specifies what the test was doing when the failure occurred.

ERR_TLS_CERT_ALTNAME_FORMAT

This error is thrown by <code>checkServerIdentity</code> if a user-supplied <code>subjectaltname</code> property violates encoding rules. Certificate objects produced by Node.js itself always comply with encoding rules and will never cause this error.

ERR TLS CERT ALTNAME INVALID

While using TLS, the host name/IP of the peer did not match any of the subjectAltNames in its certificate.

ERR TLS DH PARAM SIZE

While using TLS, the parameter offered for the Diffie-Hellman ($_{\rm DH}$) key-agreement protocol is too small. By default, the key length must be greater than or equal to 1024 bits to avoid vulnerabilities, even though it is strongly recommended to use 2048 bits or larger for stronger security.

ERR_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TIMEOUT

A TLS/SSL handshake timed out. In this case, the server must also abort the connection.

ERR TLS INVALID CONTEXT

The context must be a SecureContext .

ERR TLS INVALID PROTOCOL METHOD

The specified secureProtocol method is invalid. It is either unknown, or disabled because it is insecure.

ERR TLS INVALID PROTOCOL VERSION

Valid TLS protocol versions are 'TLSv1', 'TLSv1.1', or 'TLSv1.2'.

ERR TLS INVALID STATE

The TLS socket must be connected and securily established. Ensure the 'secure' event is emitted before continuing.

ERR TLS PROTOCOL VERSION CONFLICT

Attempting to set a TLS protocol minVersion or maxVersion conflicts with an attempt to set the secureProtocol explicitly. Use one mechanism or the other.

ERR TLS PSK SET IDENTIY HINT FAILED

Failed to set PSK identity hint. Hint may be too long.

ERR TLS RENEGOTIATION DISABLED

An attempt was made to renegotiate TLS on a socket instance with TLS disabled.

ERR TLS REQUIRED SERVER NAME

While using TLS, the server.addContext() method was called without providing a host name in the first parameter.

ERR TLS SESSION ATTACK

An excessive amount of TLS renegotiations is detected, which is a potential vector for denial-of-service attacks.

ERR TLS SNI FROM SERVER

An attempt was made to issue Server Name Indication from a TLS server-side socket, which is only valid from a client.

ERR TRACE EVENTS CATEGORY REQUIRED

The trace events.createTracing() method requires at least one trace event category.

ERR TRACE EVENTS UNAVAILABLE

The trace_events module could not be loaded because Node.js was compiled with the --without-v8-platform flag.

ERR TRANSFORM ALREADY TRANSFORMING

A Transform stream finished while it was still transforming.

ERR_TRANSFORM_WITH_LENGTH_0

A Transform stream finished with data still in the write buffer.

ERR_TTY_INIT_FAILED

The initialization of a TTY failed due to a system error.

ERR UNAVAILABLE DURING EXIT

Function was called within a process.on('exit') handler that shouldn't be called within process.on('exit') handler.

ERR_UNCAUGHT_EXCEPTION_CAPTURE_ALREADY_SET

process.setUncaughtExceptionCaptureCallback() was called twice, without first resetting the callback to
null .

This error is designed to prevent accidentally overwriting a callback registered from another module.

ERR UNESCAPED CHARACTERS

A string that contained unescaped characters was received.

ERR UNHANDLED ERROR

An unhandled error occurred (for instance, when an 'error' event is emitted by an EventEmitter but an 'error' handler is not registered).

ERR UNKNOWN BUILTIN MODULE

Used to identify a specific kind of internal Node.js error that should not typically be triggered by user code. Instances of this error point to an internal bug within the Node.js binary itself.

ERR UNKNOWN CREDENTIAL

A Unix group or user identifier that does not exist was passed.

ERR_UNKNOWN_ENCODING

An invalid or unknown encoding option was passed to an API.

ERR UNKNOWN FILE EXTENSION

Stability: 1 - Experimental

An attempt was made to load a module with an unknown or unsupported file extension.

ERR UNKNOWN MODULE FORMAT

Stability: 1 - Experimental

An attempt was made to load a module with an unknown or unsupported format.

ERR UNKNOWN SIGNAL

An invalid or unknown process signal was passed to an API expecting a valid signal (such as subprocess.kill ()).

ERR UNSUPPORTED DIR IMPORT

import a directory URL is unsupported. Instead, <u>self-reference a package using its name</u> and <u>define a custom subpath</u> in the <u>"exports"</u> field of the <u>package.json</u> file.

```
import './'; // unsupported
import './index.js'; // supported
import 'package-name'; // supported
```

ERR UNSUPPORTED ESM URL SCHEME

import with URL schemes other than file and data is unsupported.

ERR VALID PERFORMANCE ENTRY TYPE

While using the Performance Timing API (perf hooks), no valid performance entry types are found.

ERR_VM_DYNAMIC_IMPORT_CALLBACK_MISSING

A dynamic import callback was not specified.

ERR VM MODULE ALREADY LINKED

The module attempted to be linked is not eligible for linking, because of one of the following reasons:

- It has already been linked (linkingStatus is 'linked')
- It is being linked (linkingStatus is 'linking')
- Linking has failed for this module (linkingStatus is 'errored')

ERR VM MODULE CACHED DATA REJECTED

The cachedData option passed to a module constructor is invalid.

ERR VM MODULE CANNOT CREATE CACHED DATA

Cached data cannot be created for modules which have already been evaluated.

ERR_VM_MODULE_DIFFERENT_CONTEXT

The module being returned from the linker function is from a different context than the parent module. Linked modules must share the same context.

ERR VM MODULE LINKING ERRORED

The linker function returned a module for which linking has failed.

ERR VM MODULE LINK FAILURE

The module was unable to be linked due to a failure.

ERR_VM_MODULE_NOT_MODULE

The fulfilled value of a linking promise is not a <code>vm.Module</code> object.

ERR VM MODULE STATUS

The current module's status does not allow for this operation. The specific meaning of the error depends on the specific function.

ERR WASI ALREADY STARTED

The WASI instance has already started.

ERR WASI NOT STARTED

The WASI instance has not been started.

ERR WORKER INIT FAILED

The Worker initialization failed.

ERR WORKER INVALID EXEC ARGV

The execArgv option passed to the Worker constructor contains invalid flags.

ERR WORKER NOT RUNNING

An operation failed because the Worker instance is not currently running.

ERR WORKER OUT OF MEMORY

The Worker instance terminated because it reached its memory limit.

ERR WORKER PATH

The path for the main script of a worker is neither an absolute path nor a relative path starting with ./ or ../.

ERR WORKER UNSERIALIZABLE ERROR

All attempts at serializing an uncaught exception from a worker thread failed.

ERR WORKER UNSUPPORTED OPERATION

The requested functionality is not supported in worker threads.

ERR ZLIB INITIALIZATION FAILED

Creation of a zlib object failed due to incorrect configuration.

HPE_HEADER_OVERFLOW

Too much HTTP header data was received. In order to protect against malicious or malconfigured clients, if more than 8 KB of HTTP header data is received then HTTP parsing will abort without a request or response object being created, and an Error with this code will be emitted.

HPE UNEXPECTED CONTENT LENGTH

 $Server is \ sending \ both \ a \ \texttt{Content-Length} \ \ header \ and \ \texttt{Transfer-Encoding:} \ \texttt{chunked} \ .$

Transfer-Encoding: chunked allows the server to maintain an HTTP persistent connection for dynamically generated content. In this case, the Content-Length HTTP header cannot be used.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Use & {\tt Content-Length} & {\tt or} & {\tt Transfer-Encoding:} & {\tt chunked} \end{tabular}.$

MODULE NOT FOUND

A module file could not be resolved by the CommonJS modules loader while attempting a require() operation
or when loading the program entry point.

Legacy Node.js error codes

Stability: 0 - Deprecated. These error codes are either inconsistent, or have been removed.

ERR CANNOT TRANSFER OBJECT

The value passed to <code>postMessage()</code> contained an object that is not supported for transferring.

ERR CRYPTO HASH DIGEST NO UTF16

The UTF-16 encoding was used with hash.digest() . While the hash.digest() method does allow an encoding argument to be passed in, causing the method to return a string rather than a Buffer, the UTF-16 encoding (e.g. ucs or utf16le) is not supported.

ERR HTTP2 FRAME ERROR

Used when a failure occurs sending an individual frame on the HTTP/2 session.

ERR HTTP2 HEADERS OBJECT

Used when an HTTP/2 Headers Object is expected.

ERR HTTP2 HEADER REQUIRED

Used when a required header is missing in an HTTP/2 message.

ERR HTTP2 INFO HEADERS AFTER RESPOND

HTTP/2 informational headers must only be sent *prior* to calling the <code>Http2Stream.prototype.respond()</code> method.

ERR HTTP2 STREAM CLOSED

Used when an action has been performed on an HTTP/2 Stream that has already been closed.

ERR HTTP INVALID CHAR

Used when an invalid character is found in an HTTP response status message (reason phrase).

ERR_INDEX_OUT_OF_RANGE

A given index was out of the accepted range (e.g. negative offsets).

ERR INVALID OPT VALUE

An invalid or unexpected value was passed in an options object.

ERR_INVALID_OPT_VALUE_ENCODING

An invalid or unknown file encoding was passed.

ERR_MISSING_MESSAGE_PORT_IN_TRANSFER_LIST

This error code was replaced by <u>ERR_MISSING_TRANSFERABLE_IN_TRANSFER_LIST</u> in Node.js v15.0.0, because it is no longer accurate as other types of transferable objects also exist now.

ERR NAPI CONS PROTOTYPE OBJECT

Used by the Node-API when Constructor.prototype is not an object.

ERR NETWORK IMPORT BAD RESPONSE

Stability: 1 - Experimental

Response was received but was invalid when importing a module over the network.

ERR NETWORK IMPORT DISALLOWED

Stability: 1 - Experimental

A network module attempted to load another module that it is not allowed to load. Likely this restriction is for security reasons.

ERR NO LONGER SUPPORTED

A Node is API was called in an unsupported manner, such as Buffer.write(string, encoding, offset[, length]).

ERR OPERATION FAILED

An operation failed. This is typically used to signal the general failure of an asynchronous operation.

ERR_OUTOFMEMORY

Used generically to identify that an operation caused an out of memory condition.

ERR_PARSE_HISTORY_DATA

The repl module was unable to parse data from the REPL history file.

ERR SOCKET CANNOT SEND

Data could not be sent on a socket.

ERR STDERR CLOSE

An attempt was made to close the process.stderr stream. By design, Node.js does not allow stdout or stderr streams to be closed by user code.

ERR STDOUT CLOSE

An attempt was made to close the process.stdout stream. By design, Node.js does not allow stdout or stderr streams to be closed by user code.

ERR STREAM READ NOT IMPLEMENTED

Used when an attempt is made to use a readable stream that has not implemented readable. read().

ERR TLS RENEGOTIATION FAILED

Used when a TLS renegotiation request has failed in a non-specific way.

ERR TRANSFERRING EXTERNALIZED SHAREDARRAYBUFFER

A SharedArrayBuffer whose memory is not managed by the JavaScript engine or by Node.js was encountered during serialization. Such a SharedArrayBuffer cannot be serialized.

This can only happen when native addons create SharedArrayBuffer s in "externalized" mode, or put existing SharedArrayBuffer into externalized mode.

ERR_UNKNOWN_STDIN_TYPE

An attempt was made to launch a Node.js process with an unknown stdin file type. This error is usually an indication of a bug within Node.js itself, although it is possible for user code to trigger it.

ERR UNKNOWN STREAM TYPE

An attempt was made to launch a Node.js process with an unknown stdout or stderr file type. This error is usually an indication of a bug within Node.js itself, although it is possible for user code to trigger it.

ERR V8BREAKITERATOR

The V8 BreakIterator API was used but the full ICU data set is not installed.

ERR VALUE OUT OF RANGE

Used when a given value is out of the accepted range.

ERR VM MODULE NOT LINKED

The module must be successfully linked before instantiation.

ERR WORKER UNSUPPORTED EXTENSION

The pathname used for the main script of a worker has an unknown file extension.

ERR_ZLIB_BINDING_CLOSED

Used when an attempt is made to use a zlib object after it has already been closed.

ERR_CPU_USAGE

The native call from process.cpuUsage could not be processed.