

# Minimal requirements to compile the Kernel

## Intro

This document is designed to provide a list of the minimum levels of software necessary to run the 4.x kernels.

This document is originally based on my "Changes" file for 2.0.x kernels and therefore owes credit to the same people as that file (Jared Mauch, Axel Boldt, Alessandro Sigala, and countless other users all over the 'net).

## Current Minimal Requirements

Upgrade to at **least** these software revisions before thinking you've encountered a bug! If you're unsure what version you're currently running, the suggested command should tell you.

Again, keep in mind that this list assumes you are already functionally running a Linux kernel. Also, not all tools are necessary on all systems; obviously, if you don't have any PC Card hardware, for example, you probably needn't concern yourself with pcmciautils.

Program	Minimal version	Command to check the version
GNU C	5.1	gcc --version
Clang/LLVM (optional)	11.0.0	clang --version
GNU make	3.81	make --version
binutils	2.23	ld -v
flex	2.5.35	flex --version
bison	2.0	bison --version
pahole	1.16	pahole --version
util-linux	2.10o	fdformat --version
kmod	13	depmod -V
e2fsprogs	1.41.4	e2fsck -V
jfsutils	1.1.3	fsck.jfs -V
reiserfsprogs	3.6.3	reiserfsck -V
xfsprogs	2.6.0	xfs_db -V
squashfs-tools	4.0	mksquashfs -version
btrfs-progs	0.18	btrfsck
pcmciautils	004	pccardctl -V
quota-tools	3.09	quota -V
PPP	2.4.0	pppd --version
nfs-utils	1.0.5	showmount --version
procps	3.2.0	ps --version
udev	081	udev --version
grub	0.93	grub --version    grub-install --version
mcelog	0.6	mcelog --version
iptables	1.4.2	iptables -V
openssl & libcrypto	1.0.0	openssl version
bc	1.06.95	bc --version
Sphinx <sup>[1]</sup>	1.7	sphinx-build --version

[1] Sphinx is needed only to build the Kernel documentation

## Kernel compilation

### GCC

The gcc version requirements may vary depending on the type of CPU in your computer.

### Clang/LLVM (optional)

The latest formal release of clang and LLVM utils (according to [releases.llvm.org](https://releases.llvm.org)) are supported for building kernels. Older releases aren't guaranteed to work, and we may drop workarounds from the kernel that were used to support older versions. Please see additional docs on [ref: Building Linux with Clang/LLVM <kbuild\\_llvm>](#).

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## Make

You will need GNU make 3.81 or later to build the kernel.

## Binutils

Binutils 2.23 or newer is needed to build the kernel.

## pkg-config

The build system, as of 4.18, requires pkg-config to check for installed kconfig tools and to determine flags settings for use in 'make {g,x} config'. Previously pkg-config was being used but not verified or documented.

## Flex

Since Linux 4.16, the build system generates lexical analyzers during build. This requires flex 2.5.35 or later.

## Bison

Since Linux 4.16, the build system generates parsers during build. This requires bison 2.0 or later.

## pahole:

Since Linux 5.2, if CONFIG\_DEBUG\_INFO\_BTf is selected, the build system generates BTf (BPF Type Format) from DWARF in vmlinux, a bit later from kernel modules as well. This requires pahole v1.16 or later.

It is found in the 'dwarves' or 'pahole' distro packages or from <https://fedorapeople.org/~acme/dwarves/>.

## Perl

You will need perl 5 and the following modules: Getopt::Long, Getopt::Std, File::Basename, and File::Find to build the kernel.

## BC

You will need bc to build kernels 3.10 and higher

## OpenSSL

Module signing and external certificate handling use the OpenSSL program and crypto library to do key creation and signature generation.

You will need openssl to build kernels 3.7 and higher if module signing is enabled. You will also need openssl development packages to build kernels 4.3 and higher.

## System utilities

### Architectural changes

DevFS has been obsoleted in favour of udev (<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utis/kernel/hotplug/>)

32-bit UID support is now in place. Have fun!

Linux documentation for functions is transitioning to inline documentation via specially-formatted comments near their definitions in the source. These comments can be combined with ReST files the Documentation/ directory to make enriched documentation, which can then be converted to PostScript, HTML, LaTeX, ePUB and PDF files. In order to convert from ReST format to a format of your choice, you'll need Sphinx.

### Util-linux

New versions of util-linux provide fdisk support for larger disks, support new options to mount, recognize more supported partition types, have a fdformat which works with 2.4 kernels, and similar goodies. You'll probably want to upgrade.

### Ksymoos

If the unthinkable happens and your kernel oopses, you may need the ksymoos tool to decode it, but in most cases you don't. It is generally preferred to build the kernel with CONFIG\_KALLSYMS so that it produces readable dumps that can be used as-is (this also produces better output than ksymoos). If for some reason your kernel is not build with CONFIG\_KALLSYMS and you have no way to rebuild and reproduce the Oops with that option, then you can still decode that Oops with ksymoos.

### Mkinitrd

These changes to the /lib/modules file tree layout also require that mkinitrd be upgraded.

## E2fsprogs

The latest version of `e2fsprogs` fixes several bugs in `fsck` and `debugfs`. Obviously, it's a good idea to upgrade.

## JFSutils

The `jfsutils` package contains the utilities for the file system. The following utilities are available:

- `fsck.jfs` - initiate replay of the transaction log, and check and repair a JFS formatted partition.
- `mkfs.jfs` - create a JFS formatted partition.
- other file system utilities are also available in this package.

## Reiserfsprogs

The `reiserfsprogs` package should be used for `reiserfs-3.6.x` (Linux kernels 2.4.x). It is a combined package and contains working versions of `mkreiserfs`, `resize_reiserfs`, `debugreiserfs` and `reiserfsck`. These utils work on both i386 and alpha platforms.

## Xfsprogs

The latest version of `xfsprogs` contains `mkfs.xfs`, `xfs_db`, and the `xfs_repair` utilities, among others, for the XFS filesystem. It is architecture independent and any version from 2.0.0 onward should work correctly with this version of the XFS kernel code (2.6.0 or later is recommended, due to some significant improvements).

## PCMCIAutils

PCMCIAutils replaces `pcmcia-cs`. It properly sets up PCMCIA sockets at system startup and loads the appropriate modules for 16-bit PCMCIA devices if the kernel is modularized and the hotplug subsystem is used.

## Quota-tools

Support for 32 bit uid's and gid's is required if you want to use the newer version 2 quota format. Quota-tools version 3.07 and newer has this support. Use the recommended version or newer from the table above.

## Intel IA32 microcode

A driver has been added to allow updating of Intel IA32 microcode, accessible as a normal (misc) character device. If you are not using `udev` you may need to:

```
mkdir /dev/cpu
mknod /dev/cpu/microcode c 10 184
chmod 0644 /dev/cpu/microcode
```

as root before you can use this. You'll probably also want to get the user-space `microcode_ctl` utility to use with this.

## udev

`udev` is a userspace application for populating `/dev` dynamically with only entries for devices actually present. `udev` replaces the basic functionality of `devfs`, while allowing persistent device naming for devices.

## FUSE

Needs `libfuse` 2.4.0 or later. Absolute minimum is 2.3.0 but mount options `direct_io` and `kernel_cache` won't work.

## Networking

### General changes

If you have advanced network configuration needs, you should probably consider using the network tools from `ip-route2`.

### Packet Filter / NAT

The packet filtering and NAT code uses the same tools like the previous 2.4.x kernel series (`iptables`). It still includes backwards-compatibility modules for 2.2.x-style `ipchains` and 2.0.x-style `ipfwadm`.

## PPP

The PPP driver has been restructured to support `multilink` and to enable it to operate over diverse media layers. If you use PPP, upgrade `pppd` to at least 2.4.0.

If you are not using `udev`, you must have the device file `/dev/ppp` which can be made by:

```
mknod /dev/ppp c 108 0
```

as root.

## NFS-utils

In ancient (2.4 and earlier) kernels, the nfs server needed to know about any client that expected to be able to access files via NFS. This information would be given to the kernel by `mountd` when the client mounted the filesystem, or by `exportfs` at system startup. `exportfs` would take information about active clients from `/var/lib/nfs/rmtab`.

This approach is quite fragile as it depends on `rmtab` being correct which is not always easy, particularly when trying to implement fail-over. Even when the system is working well, `rmtab` suffers from getting lots of old entries that never get removed.

With modern kernels we have the option of having the kernel tell `mountd` when it gets a request from an unknown host, and `mountd` can give appropriate export information to the kernel. This removes the dependency on `rmtab` and means that the kernel only needs to know about currently active clients.

To enable this new functionality, you need to:

```
mount -t nfsd nfsd /proc/fs/nfsd
```

before running `exportfs` or `mountd`. It is recommended that all NFS services be protected from the internet-at-large by a firewall where that is possible.

## mcelog

On x86 kernels the `mcelog` utility is needed to process and log machine check events when `CONFIG_X86_MCE` is enabled. Machine check events are errors reported by the CPU. Processing them is strongly encouraged.

## Kernel documentation

### Sphinx

Please see `ref:sphinx_install` in `ref:Documentation/doc-guide/sphinx.rst` `<sphinxdoc>` for details about Sphinx requirements.

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## Getting updated software

### Kernel compilation

#### gcc

- [<ftp://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/gcc/>](http://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/gcc/)

#### Clang/LLVM

- `ref:Getting LLVM <getting llvm>`.

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#### Make

- [<ftp://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/make/>](http://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/make/)

#### Binutils

- [<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/devel/binutils/>](https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/devel/binutils/)

#### Flex

- <<https://github.com/westes/flex/releases>>

## **Bison**

- <<ftp://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/bison/>>

## **OpenSSL**

- <<https://www.openssl.org/>>

## **System utilities**

### **Util-linux**

- <<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/util-linux/>>

### **Kmod**

- <<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/kernel/kmod/>>
- <<https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/utils/kernel/kmod/kmod.git>>

### **Ksymoops**

- <<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/kernel/ksymoops/v2.4/>>

### **Mkinitrd**

- <<https://code.launchpad.net/initrd-tools/main>>

### **E2fsprogs**

- <<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/people/tytso/e2fsprogs/>>
- <<https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/fs/ext2/e2fsprogs.git>>

### **JFSutils**

- <<http://jfs.sourceforge.net/>>

### **Reiserfsprogs**

- <<https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jeffm/reiserfsprogs.git>>

### **Xfsprogs**

- <<https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/fs/xfs/xfsprogs-dev.git>>
- <<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/fs/xfs/xfsprogs/>>

### **Pcmciautils**

- <<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/kernel/pcmcia/>>

### **Quota-tools**

- <<http://sourceforge.net/projects/linuxquota/>>

### **Intel P6 microcode**

- <<https://downloadcenter.intel.com/>>

### **udev**

- <<https://www.freedesktop.org/software/systemd/man/udev.html>>

### **FUSE**

- <<https://github.com/libfuse/libfuse/releases>>

### **mcelog**

- <<http://www.mcelog.org/>>

## **Networking**

### **PPP**

- <<https://download.samba.org/pub/ppp/>>
- <<https://git.ozlabs.org/?p=ppp.git>>
- <<https://github.com/paulusmack/ppp/>>

#### **NFS-utils**

- <[http://sourceforge.net/project/showfiles.php?group\\_id=14](http://sourceforge.net/project/showfiles.php?group_id=14)>

#### **Iptables**

- <<http://netfilter.org/projects/iptables/index.html>>

#### **Ip-route2**

- <<https://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/utils/net/iproute2/>>

#### **OProfile**

- <<http://oprofile.sf.net/download/>>

#### **NFS-Utills**

- <<http://nfs.sourceforge.net/>>

#### **Kernel documentation**

#### **Sphinx**

- <<https://www.sphinx-doc.org/>>