Because Svelte's reactivity is triggered by assignments, using array methods like <code>push</code> and <code>splice</code> won't automatically cause updates. For example, clicking the button doesn't do anything.

One way to fix that is to add an assignment that would otherwise be redundant:

```
function addNumber() {
   numbers.push(numbers.length + 1);
   numbers = numbers;
}
```

But there's a more idiomatic solution:

```
function addNumber() {
   numbers = [...numbers, numbers.length + 1];
}
```

You can use similar patterns to replace $\ \mbox{pop}$, $\ \mbox{shift}$, $\mbox{unshift}$ and \mbox{splice} .

Assignments to properties of arrays and objects — e.g. obj.foo += 1 or array[i] = x — work the same way as assignments to the values themselves.

```
function addNumber() {
   numbers[numbers.length] = numbers.length + 1;
}
```

A simple rule of thumb: the name of the updated variable must appear on the left hand side of the assignment. For example this...

```
const foo = obj.foo;
foo.bar = 'baz';
```

...won't trigger reactivity on obj.foo.bar , unless you follow it up with obj = obj .