# Model selection: choosing estimators and their parameters

# Score, and cross-validated scores

As we have seen, every estimator exposes a score method that can judge the quality of the fit (or the prediction) on new data. Bigger is better.

```
>>> from sklearn import datasets, svm
>>> X_digits, y_digits = datasets.load_digits(return_X_y=True)
>>> svc = svm.SVC(Cel, kernel='linear')
>>> svc.fit(X_digits[:-100], y_digits[:-100]).score(X_digits[-100:], y_digits[-100:])
0 98
```

To get a better measure of prediction accuracy (which we can use as a proxy for goodness of fit of the model), we can successively split the data in folds that we use for training and testing:

```
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... currentmodule:: sklearn.model_selection
```

This is called a :class:'KFold' cross-validation.

```
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```

### **Cross-validation generators**

Scikit-learn has a collection of classes which can be used to generate lists of train/test indices for popular cross-validation strategies.

They expose a split method which accepts the input dataset to be split and yields the train/test set indices for each iteration of the chosen cross-validation strategy.

This example shows an example usage of the  ${\tt split}$  method.

The cross-validation can then be performed easily:

```
>>> [svc.fit(X_digits[train], y_digits[train]).score(X_digits[test], y_digits[test])
... for train, test in k_fold.split(X_digits)]
[0.963..., 0.922..., 0.963..., 0.963..., 0.930...]
```

The cross-validation score can be directly calculated using the <code>flunc</code> cross\_val\_score' helper. Given an estimator, the cross-validation object and the input dataset, the <code>flunc</code> cross\_val\_score' splits the data repeatedly into a training and a testing set, trains the estimator using the training set and computes the scores based on the testing set for each iteration of cross-validation.

```
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```

By default the estimator's score method is used to compute the individual scores.

Refer the <a href="ref":metrics module <metrics">ref":metrics module <metrics</a> to learn more on the available scoring methods.

```
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```

```
>>> cross_val_score(svc, X_digits, y_digits, cv=k_fold, n_jobs=-1) array([0.96388889, 0.92222222, 0.9637883 , 0.9637883 , 0.93036212])
```

n jobs=-1 means that the computation will be dispatched on all the CPUs of the computer.

Alternatively, the  ${\tt scoring}$  argument can be provided to specify an alternative scoring method.

```
>>> cross_val_score(svc, X_digits, y_digits, cv=k_fold, ... scoring='precision_macro')
array([0.96578289, 0.92708922, 0.96681476, 0.96362897, 0.93192644])
```

Cross-validation generators :class:`GroupKFold` (n\_splits) :class:'KFold' (n splits, shuffle, random state)  $\verb|class|| `Stratified KFold' (n\_splits, shuffle, random\_state)|$ System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-System Message: ER resources\sample-onboardingresources\sample-onboardingresources\sample-on resources\scikit-learnresources\scikit-learnresources\scikit-le main\doc\tutorial\statistical\_inference\ main\doc\tutorial\statistical\_inference\ main\doc\tutorial\s (scikit-learn-main) (doc) (tutorial) (scikit-learn-main) (doc) (tutorial) (scikit-learn-main) (statistical\_inference)model\_selection.rst, (statistical\_inference)model\_selection.rst, (statistical infer line 112); backlink line 108); backlink line 110); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "class". Unknown interpreted text role "class". Unknown interpreted tex Same as K-Fold but preserves the class distribution within each fold. Splits it into K folds, trains on K-1 and then tests on the left-out. Ensures that the same group is no :class:`ShuffleSplit` (n\_splits, test\_size, train\_size, random\_state) :class:`StratifiedShuffleSplit :class:`GroupShuffleSplit` System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onl System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-System Message: ER sources\sample-onboardingsources\sample-onboardingsources\sample-on resources\scikit-le resources\scikit-learnresources\scikit-learnmain\doc\tutorial\statistical inference\ main\doc\tutorial\statistical inference\ main\doc\tutorial\s (scikit-learn-main) (doc) (tutorial) (scikit-learn-main) (doc) (tutorial) (statistical infer (statistical\_inference)model\_selection.rst, (statistical\_inference)model\_selection.rst, line 132); backlink line 128); backlink line 130); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "class". Unknown interpreted tex Unknown interpreted text role "class". Same as shuffle split but preserves the class distribution within each Generates train/test indices based on random permutation. Ensures that the same group is no iteration. :class:'LeaveOneGroupOut' () :class:`LeavePGroupsOut` (n\_groups) :class:\LeaveOneOut\ () System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-System Message: ER resources\sample-onboardingresources\sample-onboardingresources\sample-on resources\scikit-learnresources\scikit-learnresources\scikit-le main\doc\tutorial\statistical\_inference\ main\doc\tutorial\statistical\_inference\ main\doc\tutorial\s (scikit-learn-main) (doc) (tutorial) (scikit-learn-main) (doc) (tutorial) (scikit-learn-main (statistical\_inference)model\_selection.rst,  $({\tt statistical\_inference}) {\tt model\_selection.rst},$ (statistical infer line 151); backlink line 147); backlink line 149); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "class". Unknown interpreted text role "class". 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(statistical_inference) model_selection.rst, line 204)
Unknown directive type "currentmodule".
... currentmodule:: sklearn.model_selection
```

scikit-learn provides an object that, given data, computes the score during the fit of an estimator on a parameter grid and chooses the parameters to maximize the cross-validation score. This object takes an estimator during the construction and exposes an estimator API:

By default, the "class: GridSearchCV" uses a 5-fold cross-validation. However, if it detects that a classifier is passed, rather than a regressor, it uses a stratified 5-fold.

```
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```

#### Nested cross-validation

```
>>> cross_val_score(clf, X_digits, y_digits) # doctest: +SKIP array([0.938..., 0.963..., 0.944...])
```

Two cross-validation loops are performed in parallel: one by the <code>xelass: GridSearchCV</code> estimator to set <code>gamma</code> and the other one by <code>cross\_val\_score</code> to measure the prediction performance of the estimator. The resulting scores are unbiased estimates of the prediction score on new data.

```
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```

# Warning

You cannot nest objects with parallel computing (n\_jobs different than 1).

### Cross-validated estimators

Cross-validation to set a parameter can be done more efficiently on an algorithm-by-algorithm basis. This is why, for certain estimators, scilcit-learn exposes ref: cross\_validation` estimators that set their parameter automatically by cross-validation.

```
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```
>>> from sklearn import linear_model, datasets
>>> lasso = linear_model.LassoCV()
>>> X_diabetes, y_diabetes = datasets.load_diabetes(return_X_y=True)
>>> lasso.fit(X_diabetes, y_diabetes)
LassoCV()
>>> # The estimator chose automatically its lambda:
>>> lasso.alpha_
0.00375...
```

These estimators are called similarly to their counterparts, with 'CV' appended to their name.

## Exercise

On the diabetes dataset, find the optimal regularization parameter alpha.

Bonus: How much can you trust the selection of alpha?

```
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:lines: 17-24
```

Solution: ref. sphx\_glr\_auto\_examples\_exercises\_plot\_cv\_diabetes.py

```
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