

:mod:`fractions` --- Rational numbers

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\[cpython-main] [Doc] [library]fractions.rst, line 1); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\[cpython-main] [Doc] [library]fractions.rst, line 4)

Unknown directive type "module".

```
.. module:: fractions
   :synopsis: Rational numbers.
```

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Unknown directive type "moduleauthor".

```
.. moduleauthor:: Jeffrey Yasskin <jyasskin at gmail.com>
```

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Unknown directive type "sectionauthor".

```
.. sectionauthor:: Jeffrey Yasskin <jyasskin at gmail.com>
```

Source code: `:source:`Lib/fractions.py``

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The `:mod:`fractions`` module provides support for rational number arithmetic.

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A `Fraction` instance can be constructed from a pair of integers, from another rational number, or from a string.

The first version requires that *numerator* and *denominator* are instances of `:class:`numbers.Rational`` and returns a new `:class:`Fraction`` instance with value `numerator/denominator`. If *denominator* is `:const:`0``, it raises a `:exc:`ZeroDivisionError``. The second version requires that *other_fraction* is an instance of `:class:`numbers.Rational`` and returns a `:class:`Fraction`` instance with the same value. The next two versions accept either a `:class:`float`` or a `:class:`decimal.Decimal`` instance, and return a `:class:`Fraction`` instance with exactly the same value. Note that due to the usual issues with binary floating-point (see [:ref:`tut-fp-issues`](#)), the argument to `Fraction(1.1)` is not exactly equal to `11/10`, and so `Fraction(1.1)` does *not* return `Fraction(11, 10)` as one might expect. (But see the documentation for the `:meth:`limit_denominator`` method below.) The last version of the constructor expects a string or unicode instance. The usual form for this instance is:

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

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Unknown interpreted text role "const".

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Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\[cpython-main] [Doc] [library] fractions.rst, line 26); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\[cpython-main] [Doc] [library] fractions.rst, line 26); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

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[sign] numerator ['/' denominator]

where the optional `sign` may be either '+' or '-' and `numerator` and `denominator` (if present) are strings of decimal digits (underscores may be used to delimit digits as with integral literals in code). In addition, any string that represents a finite value and is accepted by the `:class:`float`` constructor is also accepted by the `:class:`Fraction`` constructor. In either form the input string may also have leading and/or trailing whitespace. Here are some examples:

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```
>>> from fractions import Fraction
>>> Fraction(16, -10)
```

```

Fraction(-8, 5)
>>> Fraction(123)
Fraction(123, 1)
>>> Fraction()
Fraction(0, 1)
>>> Fraction('3/7')
Fraction(3, 7)
>>> Fraction(' -3/7 ')
Fraction(-3, 7)
>>> Fraction('1.414213 \t\n')
Fraction(1414213, 1000000)
>>> Fraction('-.125')
Fraction(-1, 8)
>>> Fraction('7e-6')
Fraction(7, 1000000)
>>> Fraction(2.25)
Fraction(9, 4)
>>> Fraction(1.1)
Fraction(2476979795053773, 2251799813685248)
>>> from decimal import Decimal
>>> Fraction(Decimal('1.1'))
Fraction(11, 10)

```

The `:class:`Fraction`` class inherits from the abstract base class `:class:`numbers.Rational``, and implements all of the methods and operations from that class. `:class:`Fraction`` instances are hashable, and should be treated as immutable. In addition, `:class:`Fraction`` has the following properties and methods:

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\[cpython-main] [Doc] [library] fractions.rst, line 78); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

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Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```

.. versionchanged:: 3.2
   The :class:`Fraction` constructor now accepts :class:`float` and
   :class:`decimal.Decimal` instances.

```

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Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```

.. versionchanged:: 3.9
   The :func:`math.gcd` function is now used to normalize the *numerator*
   and *denominator*. :func:`math.gcd` always return a :class:`int` type.
   Previously, the GCD type depended on *numerator* and *denominator*.

```

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Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.11
    Underscores are now permitted when creating a :class:`Fraction` instance
    from a string, following :PEP:`515` rules.
```

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Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.11
    :class:`Fraction` implements ``__int__`` now to satisfy
    ``typing.SupportsInt`` instance checks.
```

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Unknown directive type "attribute".

```
.. attribute:: numerator

    Numerator of the Fraction in lowest term.
```

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Unknown directive type "attribute".

```
.. attribute:: denominator

    Denominator of the Fraction in lowest term.
```

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Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: as_integer_ratio()

    Return a tuple of two integers, whose ratio is equal
    to the Fraction and with a positive denominator.

.. versionadded:: 3.8
```

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Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: from_float(flt)

    This class method constructs a :class:`Fraction` representing the exact
    value of *flt*, which must be a :class:`float`. Beware that
    ``Fraction.from_float(0.3)`` is not the same value as ``Fraction(3, 10)``.

.. note::

    From Python 3.2 onwards, you can also construct a
    :class:`Fraction` instance directly from a :class:`float`.
```

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Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: from_decimal(dec)

    This class method constructs a :class:`Fraction` representing the exact
```

value of `*dec*`, which must be a `:class:`decimal.Decimal`` instance.

.. note::

From Python 3.2 onwards, you can also construct a `:class:`Fraction`` instance directly from a `:class:`decimal.Decimal`` instance.

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Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: limit_denominator(max_denominator=1000000)

Finds and returns the closest `:class:`Fraction`` to ```self``` that has denominator at most `max_denominator`. This method is useful for finding rational approximations to a given floating-point number:

```
>>> from fractions import Fraction
>>> Fraction('3.1415926535897932').limit_denominator(1000)
Fraction(355, 113)
```

or for recovering a rational number that's represented as a float:

```
>>> from math import pi, cos
>>> Fraction(cos(pi/3))
Fraction(4503599627370497, 9007199254740992)
>>> Fraction(cos(pi/3)).limit_denominator()
Fraction(1, 2)
>>> Fraction(1.1).limit_denominator()
Fraction(11, 10)
```

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Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: __floor__()

Returns the greatest `:class:`int`` ```<= self```. This method can also be accessed through the `:func:`math.floor`` function:

```
>>> from math import floor
>>> floor(Fraction(355, 113))
3
```

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Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: __ceil__()

Returns the least `:class:`int`` ```>= self```. This method can also be accessed through the `:func:`math.ceil`` function.

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Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: __round__()
 __round__(ndigits)

The first version returns the nearest `:class:`int`` to ```self```, rounding half to even. The second version rounds ```self``` to the nearest multiple of ```Fraction(1, 10**ndigits)``` (logically, if ```ndigits``` is negative), again rounding half toward even. This

method can also be accessed through the `:func:`round`` function.

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Unknown directive type "seealso".

```
.. seealso::
```

```
Module :mod:`numbers`
```

```
    The abstract base classes making up the numeric tower.
```