This page shows operators you can use to filter and select items emitted by reactive sources, such as Observables.

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# debounce

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

**ReactiveX documentation:** http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/d ebounce.html

Drops items emitted by a reactive source that are followed by newer items before the given timeout value expires. The timer resets on each emission.

This operator keeps track of the most recent emitted item, and emits this item only when enough time has passed without the source emitting any other items.

# debounce example

```
// Diagram:
// -A-----B-----E-/--->
// a----1s
               b----1s
               c----1s
//
                      d----1s
// -----E-/->
Observable < String > source = Observable.create(emitter -> {
   emitter.onNext("A");
   Thread.sleep(1_500);
   emitter.onNext("B");
   Thread.sleep(500);
   emitter.onNext("C");
   Thread.sleep(250);
   emitter.onNext("D");
   Thread.sleep(2_000);
   emitter.onNext("E");
   emitter.onComplete();
});
source.subscribeOn(Schedulers.io())
       .debounce(1, TimeUnit.SECONDS)
       .blockingSubscribe(
              item -> System.out.println("onNext: " + item),
              Throwable::printStackTrace,
              () -> System.out.println("onComplete"));
// prints:
// onNext: A
// onNext: D
// onNext: E
// onComplete
distinct
Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O
Completable
```

**ReactiveX documentation:** http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/distinct.html

Filters a reactive source by only emitting items that are distinct by comparison from previous items. A io.reactivex.functions.Function can be specified that projects each item emitted by the source into a new value that will be used for comparison with previous projected values.

#### distinct example

# distinctUntilChanged

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

ReactiveX documentation: http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/distinct.html

Filters a reactive source by only emitting items that are distinct by comparison from their immediate predecessors. A <code>io.reactivex.functions.Function</code> can be specified that projects each item emitted by the source into a new value that will be used for comparison with previous projected values. Alternatively, a <code>io.reactivex.functions.BiPredicate</code> can be specified that is used as the comparator function to compare immediate predecessors with each other.

# distinctUntilChanged example

// 3 // 4

# elementAt

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

 $\label{lem:reactiveX} \textbf{ReactiveX documentation:} \ \text{http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/e} \\ \text{lementat.html}$ 

Emits the single item at the specified zero-based index in a sequence of emissions from a reactive source. A default item can be specified that will be emitted if the specified index is not within the sequence.

#### elementAt example

```
Observable<Long> source = Observable.<Long, Long>generate(() -> 1L, (state, emitter) -> {
    emitter.onNext(state);

    return state + 1L;
}).scan((product, x) -> product * x);

Maybe<Long> element = source.elementAt(5);
element.subscribe(System.out::println);
```

#### // prints 720

# elementAtOrError

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O

**ReactiveX documentation:** http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/e lementat.html

Emits the single item at the specified zero-based index in a sequence of emissions from a reactive source, or signals a java.util.NoSuchElementException if the specified index is not within the sequence.

#### elementAtOrError example

```
Observable<String> source = Observable.just("Kirk", "Spock", "Chekov", "Sulu");
Single<String> element = source.elementAtOrError(4);
element.subscribe(
   name -> System.out.println("onSuccess will not be printed!"),
   error -> System.out.println("onError: " + error));
```

```
// prints:
// onError: java.util.NoSuchElementException
```

#### filter

Available in: Flowable, Observable, Maybe, Single, O Completable

Filters items emitted by a reactive source by only emitting those that satisfy a specified predicate.

## filter example

#### first

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

**ReactiveX documentation:** http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/first.html

Emits only the first item emitted by a reactive source, or emits the given default item if the source completes without emitting an item. This differs from firstElement in that this operator returns a Single whereas firstElement returns a Maybe.

#### first example

```
Observable<String> source = Observable.just("A", "B", "C");
Single<String> firstOrDefault = source.first("D");
firstOrDefault.subscribe(System.out::println);
// prints A
```

# firstElement

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

 $\label{lem:reactiveX} \textbf{ReactiveX documentation:} \ \text{http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/first.html}$ 

Emits only the first item emitted by a reactive source, or just completes if the source completes without emitting an item. This differs from first in that this operator returns a Maybe whereas first returns a Single.

#### firstElement example

```
Observable<String> source = Observable.just("A", "B", "C");
Maybe<String> first = source.firstElement();
first.subscribe(System.out::println);
// prints A
```

#### firstOrError

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

Emits only the first item emitted by a reactive source, or signals a java.util.NoSuchElementException if the source completes without emitting an item.

#### firstOrError example

			$\frown$						$\sim$
Available in:	$\cup$	Flowable,	$\cup$	Observable,	V	Maybe,	V	Single,	$\cup$
Completable									

 $\label{lem:reactiveX} \textbf{ReactiveX documentation:} \ \text{http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/i} \\ \textbf{gnoreelements.html}$ 

Ignores the single item emitted by a Single or Maybe source, and returns a Completable that signals only the error or completion event from the the source.

# $ignore Element\ example$

# ignoreElements

```
Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable
```

Ignores all items from the Observable or Flowable source, and returns a Completable that signals only the error or completion event from the source.

# ignoreElements example

Available in: Flowable, Observable, Maybe, Osingle, Completable
ReactiveX documentation: http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/last.html
Emits only the last item emitted by a reactive source, or emits the given default item if the source completes without emitting an item. This differs from lastElement in that this operator returns a Single whereas lastElement returns a Maybe.
last example
<pre>Observable<string> source = Observable.just("A", "B", "C"); Single<string> lastOrDefault = source.last("D");</string></string></pre>
<pre>lastOrDefault.subscribe(System.out::println);</pre>
// prints C
lastElement
Available in: Flowable, Observable, Maybe, Osingle, O
ReactiveX documentation: http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/last.html
Emits only the last item emitted by a reactive source, or just completes if the source completes without emitting an item. This differs from last in that this operator returns a Maybe whereas last returns a Single.
lastElement example
<pre>Observable<string> source = Observable.just("A", "B", "C"); Maybe<string> last = source.lastElement();</string></string></pre>
<pre>last.subscribe(System.out::println);</pre>
// prints C
lastOrError
Available in: Flowable, Observable, Maybe, Osingle, Ocompletable

last

Emits only the last item emitted by a reactive source, or signals a java.util.NoSuchElementException if the source completes without emitting an item.

## lastOrError example

# ofType

Available in: Flowable, Observable, Maybe, Osingle, O

ReactiveX documentation: http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/filter.html

Filters items emitted by a reactive source by only emitting those of the specified type.

#### ofType example

```
Observable<Number> numbers = Observable.just(1, 4.0, 3, 2.71, 2f, 7);
Observable<Integer> integers = numbers.ofType(Integer.class);
integers.subscribe((Integer x) -> System.out.println(x));
// prints:
// 1
// 3
// 7
```

## sample

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

 $\label{lem:reactiveX} \textbf{ReactiveX documentation:} \ \text{http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/s} \\ \text{ample.html}$ 

Filters items emitted by a reactive source by only emitting the most recently emitted item within periodic time intervals.

# sample example

```
// Diagram:
// -A----B-C-----D----E-/-->
// -0s----c--1s---d----2s-/-->
// ----D--/->
Observable<String> source = Observable.create(emitter -> {
    emitter.onNext("A");
   Thread.sleep(500);
    emitter.onNext("B");
   Thread.sleep(200);
    emitter.onNext("C");
   Thread.sleep(800);
    emitter.onNext("D");
   Thread.sleep(600);
   emitter.onNext("E");
    emitter.onComplete();
});
source.subscribeOn(Schedulers.io())
        .sample(1, TimeUnit.SECONDS)
        .blockingSubscribe(
               item -> System.out.println("onNext: " + item),
               Throwable::printStackTrace,
               () -> System.out.println("onComplete"));
// prints:
// onNext: C
// onNext: D
// onComplete
skip
Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O
Completable
```

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \bf Reactive X \ documentation: \ http://reactive x.io/documentation/operators/s \\ kip.html \end{tabular}$ 

Drops the first n items emitted by a reactive source, and emits the remaining items.

# skip example

# skipLast

```
Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable
```

**ReactiveX documentation:** http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/s kiplast.html

Drops the last n items emitted by a reactive source, and emits the remaining items.

#### skipLast example

// 6

# take Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable ReactiveX documentation: http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/t ake.html Emits only the first n items emitted by a reactive source. take example Observable < Integer > source = Observable.just(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10); source.take(4) .subscribe(System.out::println); // prints: // 1 // 2 // 3 114 takeLast Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable ReactiveX documentation: http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/t akelast.html Emits only the last n items emitted by a reactive source. takeLast example Observable<Integer> source = Observable.just(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10); source.takeLast(4) .subscribe(System.out::println); // prints:

// 7 // 8 // 9 // 10

# throttleFirst

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

**ReactiveX documentation:** http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/s ample.html

Emits only the first item emitted by a reactive source during sequential time windows of a specified duration.

#### throttleFirst example

```
// Diagram:
// -A----B-C-----D----E-/-->
// a----1s
                d-----/-->
Observable < String > source = Observable.create(emitter -> {
   emitter.onNext("A");
   Thread.sleep(500);
   emitter.onNext("B");
   Thread.sleep(200);
   emitter.onNext("C");
   Thread.sleep(800);
   emitter.onNext("D");
   Thread.sleep(600);
   emitter.onNext("E");
   emitter.onComplete();
});
source.subscribeOn(Schedulers.io())
       .throttleFirst(1, TimeUnit.SECONDS)
       .blockingSubscribe(
               item -> System.out.println("onNext: " + item),
               Throwable::printStackTrace,
               () -> System.out.println("onComplete"));
// prints:
// onNext: A
// onNext: D
// onComplete
```

# throttleLast

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

**ReactiveX documentation:** http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/s ample.html

Emits only the last item emitted by a reactive source during sequential time windows of a specified duration.

## throttleLast example

```
// Diagram:
// -A----B-C-----D----E-/-->
// -0s----c--1s---d----2s-/-->
// -----D--/->
Observable<String> source = Observable.create(emitter -> {
    emitter.onNext("A");
   Thread.sleep(500);
    emitter.onNext("B");
   Thread.sleep(200);
    emitter.onNext("C");
   Thread.sleep(800);
    emitter.onNext("D");
   Thread.sleep(600);
   emitter.onNext("E");
   emitter.onComplete();
});
source.subscribeOn(Schedulers.io())
        .throttleLast(1, TimeUnit.SECONDS)
        .blockingSubscribe(
               item -> System.out.println("onNext: " + item),
               Throwable::printStackTrace,
                () -> System.out.println("onComplete"));
// prints:
// onNext: C
// onNext: D
// onComplete
```

# throttleLatest

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

**ReactiveX documentation:** http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/s ample.html

Emits the next item emitted by a reactive source, then periodically emits the latest item (if any) when the specified timeout elapses between them.

#### throttleLatest example

```
// Diagram:
// -A----B-C-----D----E-/-->
// -a----c--1s
       ----d----1s
Observable < String > source = Observable.create(emitter -> {
   emitter.onNext("A");
   Thread.sleep(500);
   emitter.onNext("B");
   Thread.sleep(200);
   emitter.onNext("C");
   Thread.sleep(800);
   emitter.onNext("D");
   Thread.sleep(600);
   emitter.onNext("E");
   emitter.onComplete();
});
source.subscribeOn(Schedulers.io())
       .throttleLatest(1, TimeUnit.SECONDS)
       .blockingSubscribe(
               item -> System.out.println("onNext: " + item),
               Throwable::printStackTrace,
               () -> System.out.println("onComplete"));
// prints:
// onNext: A
// onNext: C
```

```
// onNext: D
// onComplete
```

# throttle With Time out

Available in: Flowable, Observable, O Maybe, O Single, O Completable

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \bf Reactive X \ documentation: \ http://reactive x.io/documentation/operators/d \\ ebounce.html \end{tabular}$ 

Alias to debounce

Drops items emitted by a reactive source that are followed by newer items before the given timeout value expires. The timer resets on each emission.

#### throttleWithTimeout example

```
// Diagram:
b-----1s
                 c----1s
                    d-----1s
// ---------E-/-->
Observable<String> source = Observable.create(emitter -> {
   emitter.onNext("A");
   Thread.sleep(1_500);
   emitter.onNext("B");
   Thread.sleep(500);
   emitter.onNext("C");
   Thread.sleep(250);
   emitter.onNext("D");
   Thread.sleep(2 000);
   emitter.onNext("E");
   emitter.onComplete();
});
source.subscribeOn(Schedulers.io())
      .throttleWithTimeout(1, TimeUnit.SECONDS)
      .blockingSubscribe(
```

## timeout

Available in: Flowable, Observable, Maybe, Single, Ocompletable

**ReactiveX documentation:** http://reactivex.io/documentation/operators/t imeout.html

Emits the items from the Observable or Flowable source, but terminates with a java.util.concurrent.TimeoutException if the next item is not emitted within the specified timeout duration starting from the previous item. For Maybe, Single and Completable the specified timeout duration specifies the maximum time to wait for a success or completion event to arrive. If the Maybe, Single or Completable does not complete within the given time a java.util.concurrent.TimeoutException will be emitted.

### timeout example

```
// Diagram:
// -A-----B---C-----D-/-->
// a----1s
//
         b----1s
              c----1s
// -A-----B---C-----X----->
Observable<String> source = Observable.create(emitter -> {
   emitter.onNext("A");
   Thread.sleep(800);
   emitter.onNext("B");
   Thread.sleep(400);
   emitter.onNext("C");
   Thread.sleep(1200);
   emitter.onNext("D");
   emitter.onComplete();
```