

# CRC32C

build passing build failing

New file format authors should consider [HighwayHash](#). The initial version of this code was extracted from [LevelDB](#), which is a stable key-value store that is widely used at Google.

This project collects a few CRC32C implementations under an umbrella that dispatches to a suitable implementation based on the host computer's hardware capabilities.

CRC32C is specified as the CRC that uses the iSCSI polynomial in [RFC 3720](#). The polynomial was introduced by G. Castagnoli, S. Braeuer and M. Herrmann. CRC32C is used in software such as Btrfs, ext4, Ceph and leveldb.

## Usage

```
#include "crc32c/crc32c.h"

int main() {
    const std::uint8_t buffer[] = {0, 0, 0, 0};
    std::uint32_t result;

    // Process a raw buffer.
    result = crc32c::Crc32c(buffer, 4);

    // Process a std::string.
    std::string string;
    string.resize(4);
    result = crc32c::Crc32c(string);

    // If you have C++17 support, process a std::string_view.
    std::string_view string_view(string);
    result = crc32c::Crc32c(string_view);

    return 0;
}
```

## Prerequisites

This project uses [CMake](#) for building and testing. CMake is available in all popular Linux distributions, as well as in [Homebrew](#).

This project uses submodules for dependency management.

```
git submodule update --init --recursive
```

If you're using [Atom](#), the following packages can help.

```
apm install autocomplete-clang build build-cmake clang-format language-cmake \
  linter linter-clang
```

If you don't mind more setup in return for more speed, replace `autocomplete-clang` and `linter-clang` with `you-complete-me` . This requires [setting up ycmd](#).

```
apm install autocomplete-plus build build-cmake clang-format language-cmake \
  linter you-complete-me
```

## Building

The following commands build and install the project.

```
mkdir build
cd build
cmake -DCRC32C_BUILD_TESTS=0 -DCRC32C_BUILD_BENCHMARKS=0 .. && make all install
```

## Development

The following command (when executed from `build/` ) (re)builds the project and runs the tests.

```
cmake .. && cmake --build . && ctest --output-on-failure
```

## Android testing

The following command builds the project against the Android NDK, which is useful for benchmarking against ARM processors.

```
cmake .. -DCMAKE_SYSTEM_NAME=Android -DCMAKE_ANDROID_ARCH_ABI=arm64-v8a \
  -DCMAKE_ANDROID_NDK=$HOME/Library/Android/sdk/ndk-bundle \
  -DCMAKE_ANDROID_NDK_TOOLCHAIN_VERSION=clang \
  -DCMAKE_ANDROID_STL_TYPE=c++_static -DCRC32C_USE_GLOG=0 \
  -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Release && cmake --build .
```

The following commands install and run the benchmarks.

```
adb push crc32c_bench /data/local/tmp
adb shell chmod +x /data/local/tmp/crc32c_bench
adb shell 'cd /data/local/tmp && ./crc32c_bench'
adb shell rm /data/local/tmp/crc32c_bench
```

The following commands install and run the tests.

```
adb push crc32c_tests /data/local/tmp
adb shell chmod +x /data/local/tmp/crc32c_tests
adb shell 'cd /data/local/tmp && ./crc32c_tests'
adb shell rm /data/local/tmp/crc32c_tests
```

