## libFuzzer Integration

Custom builds of the Swift toolchain (including development snapshots) have a built-in libFuzzer integration. In order to use it on a file myfile.swift , define an entry point fuzzing function with a

@ cdecl("LLVMFuzzerTestOneInput") annotation:

```
@_cdecl("LLVMFuzzerTestOneInput")
public func test(_ start: UnsafeRawPointer, _ count: Int) -> CInt {
  let bytes = UnsafeRawBufferPointer(start: start, count: count)
  // TODO: Test the code using the provided bytes.
  return 0
}
```

To compile it, use the <code>-sanitize=fuzzer</code> flag to link <code>libFuzzer</code> and enable code coverage information; and the <code>-parse-as-library</code> flag to omit the <code>main</code> symbol, so that the fuzzer entry point can be used:

```
% swiftc -sanitize=fuzzer -parse-as-library myfile.swift
```

libFuzzer can be combined with other sanitizers:

```
% swiftc -sanitize=fuzzer,address -parse-as-library myfile.swift
```

Finally, launch the fuzzing process:

```
% ./myfile
```

Refer to the official libFuzzer documentation at <a href="https://llvm.org/docs/LibFuzzer.html#options">https://llvm.org/docs/LibFuzzer.html#options</a> for a description of the fuzzer's command line options.