Underlying Type Inference for Opaque Result Types

Opaque result types are a useful tool for abstracting the return type of a function or subscript, or type of a property. Although the concrete underlying type of an opaque type is hidden from clients, it is still inferred by the compiler, which enforces certain usage requirements:

 Property declarations with opaque types must have an initializer expression or getter, and functions or subscripts returning opaque types must have at least one return statement:

```
let x: some Equatable // error: property declares an opaque return type, but has no initial
let y: some Equatable = 42 // OK
let z: some Equatable { // Also OK
   return "hello, " + "world!"
}

func foo() -> some Equatable { // error: function declares an opaque return type, but has no fatalError("Unimplemented")
}

func bar() -> some Equatable { // OK
   fatalError("Unimplemented")
   return 42
}

• The underlying type of an opaque type must be unique. In other words, if
```

• The underlying type of an opaque type must be unique. In other words, if a function or subscript returns an opaque type, it must return values of the same underlying type from every return statement in its body.

```
func foo(bar: Bool) -> some Equatable { // error: function declares an opaque return type, if bar {
    return "hello, world!" // note: return statement has underlying type 'String'
} else {
    return 1 // note: return statement has underlying type 'Int'
}
}

func bar(baz: Bool) -> some Equatable { // OK, both branches of the if statement return a verif baz {
    return 100
} else {
    return 200
}
```

• Functions returning opaque types may be recursive. However, such func-

tions must have at least one **return** statement that returns a concrete underlying type as opposed to the function's own opaque result type. Additionally, recursive calls may not be used to create an infinitely recursive opaque type.

To learn more about opaque result types, see the Opaque Types section of *The Swift Programming Language*.