A method was called on a raw pointer whose inner type wasn't completely known.

Erroneous code example:

```
# #![deny(warnings)]
# fn main() {
let foo = &1;
let bar = foo as *const _;
if bar.is_null() {
    // ...
}
# }
```

Here, the type of bar isn't known; it could be a pointer to anything. Instead, specify a type for the pointer (preferably something that makes sense for the thing you're pointing to):

```
let foo = &1;
let bar = foo as *const i32;
if bar.is_null() {
    // ...
}
```

Even though <code>is_null()</code> exists as a method on any raw pointer, Rust shows this error because Rust allows for <code>self</code> to have arbitrary types (behind the arbitrary_self_types feature flag).

This means that someone can specify such a function:

```
impl Foo {
    fn is_null(self: *const Self) -> bool {
        // do something else
    }
}
```

and now when you call <code>.is_null()</code> on a raw pointer to <code>Foo</code> , there's ambiguity.

Given that we don't know what type the pointer is, and there's potential ambiguity for some types, we disallow calling methods on raw pointers when the type is unknown.