

Layout 布局

通过基础的 24 分栏，迅速简便地创建布局。

基础布局

使用单一分栏创建基础的栅格布局。

:::demo 通过 row 和 col 组件，并通过 col 组件的 `span` 属性我们就可以自由地组合布局。

```
<el-row>
  <el-col :span="24"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-dark"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row>
  <el-col :span="12"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="12"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row>
  <el-col :span="8"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="8"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="8"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row>
  <el-col :span="4"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="4"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="4"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="4"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="4"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="4"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
</el-row>

<style>
.el-row {
  margin-bottom: 20px;
  &:last-child {
    margin-bottom: 0;
  }
}
.el-col {
  border-radius: 4px;
}
.bg-purple-dark {
  background: #99a9bf;
}
.bg-purple {
  background: #d3dce6;
```

```

    }
    .bg-purple-light {
      background: #e5e9f2;
    }
    .grid-content {
      border-radius: 4px;
      min-height: 36px;
    }
    .row-bg {
      padding: 10px 0;
      background-color: #f9fafc;
    }
  }
</style>

```

...

分栏间隔

分栏之间存在间隔。

:::demo Row 组件 提供 `gutter` 属性来指定每一栏之间的间隔，默认间隔为 0。

```

<el-row :gutter="20">
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>

<style>
  .el-row {
    margin-bottom: 20px;
    &:last-child {
      margin-bottom: 0;
    }
  }
  .el-col {
    border-radius: 4px;
  }
  .bg-purple-dark {
    background: #99a9bf;
  }
  .bg-purple {
    background: #d3dce6;
  }
  .bg-purple-light {
    background: #e5e9f2;
  }
  .grid-content {
    border-radius: 4px;
    min-height: 36px;
  }

```

```
.row-bg {
  padding: 10px 0;
  background-color: #f9fafc;
}
</style>
```

...

混合布局

通过基础的 1/24 分栏任意扩展组合形成较为复杂的混合布局。

:::demo

```
<el-row :gutter="20">
  <el-col :span="16"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="8"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row :gutter="20">
  <el-col :span="8"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="8"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="4"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="4"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row :gutter="20">
  <el-col :span="4"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="16"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="4"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>

<style>
.el-row {
  margin-bottom: 20px;
  &:last-child {
    margin-bottom: 0;
  }
}
.el-col {
  border-radius: 4px;
}
.bg-purple-dark {
  background: #99a9bf;
}
.bg-purple {
  background: #d3dce6;
}
.bg-purple-light {
  background: #e5e9f2;
}
.grid-content {
  border-radius: 4px;
  min-height: 36px;
}
```

```

    }
    .row-bg {
      padding: 10px 0;
      background-color: #f9fafc;
    }
  }
</style>

```

...

分栏偏移

支持偏移指定的栏数。

:::demo 通过制定 col 组件的 `offset` 属性可以指定分栏偏移的栏数。

```

<el-row :gutter="20">
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6" :offset="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row :gutter="20">
  <el-col :span="6" :offset="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6" :offset="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row :gutter="20">
  <el-col :span="12" :offset="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>

<style>
  .el-row {
    margin-bottom: 20px;
    &:last-child {
      margin-bottom: 0;
    }
  }
  .el-col {
    border-radius: 4px;
  }
  .bg-purple-dark {
    background: #99a9bf;
  }
  .bg-purple {
    background: #d3dce6;
  }
  .bg-purple-light {
    background: #e5e9f2;
  }
  .grid-content {
    border-radius: 4px;
    min-height: 36px;
  }
  .row-bg {
    padding: 10px 0;
  }

```

```
background-color: #f9fafc;
}
</style>
```

...

对齐方式

通过 `flex` 布局来对分栏进行灵活的对齐。

在 demo 中将 `type` 属性赋值为 'flex'，可以启用 flex 布局，并可通过 `justify` 属性来指定 start, center, end, space-between, space-around 其中的值来定义子元素的排版方式。

```
<el-row type="flex" class="row-bg">
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row type="flex" class="row-bg" justify="center">
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row type="flex" class="row-bg" justify="end">
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row type="flex" class="row-bg" justify="space-between">
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>
<el-row type="flex" class="row-bg" justify="space-around">
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple-light"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :span="6"><div class="grid-content bg-purple"></div></el-col>
</el-row>

<style>
.el-row {
  margin-bottom: 20px;
  &:last-child {
    margin-bottom: 0;
  }
}
.el-col {
  border-radius: 4px;
}
.bg-purple-dark {
  background: #99a9bf;
}
```

```

.bg-purple {
  background: #d3dce6;
}
.bg-purple-light {
  background: #e5e9f2;
}
.grid-content {
  border-radius: 4px;
  min-height: 36px;
}
.row-bg {
  padding: 10px 0;
  background-color: #f9fafc;
}
</style>

```

...

响应式布局

参照了 Bootstrap 的 响应式设计，预设了五个响应尺寸：xs、sm、md、lg 和 xl。

:::demo

```

<el-row :gutter="10">
  <el-col :xs="8" :sm="6" :md="4" :lg="3" :xl="1"><div class="grid-content bg-
purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :xs="4" :sm="6" :md="8" :lg="9" :xl="11"><div class="grid-content bg-
purple-light"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :xs="4" :sm="6" :md="8" :lg="9" :xl="11"><div class="grid-content bg-
purple"></div></el-col>
  <el-col :xs="8" :sm="6" :md="4" :lg="3" :xl="1"><div class="grid-content bg-
purple-light"></div></el-col>
</el-row>

<style>
.el-col {
  border-radius: 4px;
}
.bg-purple-dark {
  background: #99a9bf;
}
.bg-purple {
  background: #d3dce6;
}
.bg-purple-light {
  background: #e5e9f2;
}
.grid-content {
  border-radius: 4px;
  min-height: 36px;
}

```

```
}
</style>
```

...

基于断点的隐藏类

Element 额外提供了一系列类名，用于在某些条件下隐藏元素。这些类名可以添加在任何 DOM 元素或自定义组件上。如果需要，请自行引入以下文件：

```
import 'element-ui/lib/theme-chalk/display.css';
```

包含的类名及其含义为：

- `hidden-xs-only` - 当视口在 `xs` 尺寸时隐藏
- `hidden-sm-only` - 当视口在 `sm` 尺寸时隐藏
- `hidden-sm-and-down` - 当视口在 `sm` 及以下尺寸时隐藏
- `hidden-sm-and-up` - 当视口在 `sm` 及以上尺寸时隐藏
- `hidden-md-only` - 当视口在 `md` 尺寸时隐藏
- `hidden-md-and-down` - 当视口在 `md` 及以下尺寸时隐藏
- `hidden-md-and-up` - 当视口在 `md` 及以上尺寸时隐藏
- `hidden-lg-only` - 当视口在 `lg` 尺寸时隐藏
- `hidden-lg-and-down` - 当视口在 `lg` 及以下尺寸时隐藏
- `hidden-lg-and-up` - 当视口在 `lg` 及以上尺寸时隐藏
- `hidden-xl-only` - 当视口在 `xl` 尺寸时隐藏

Row Attributes

参数	说明	类型	可选值	默认值
<code>gutter</code>	栅格间隔	number	—	0
<code>type</code>	布局模式，可选 <code>flex</code> ，现代浏览器下有效	string	—	—
<code>justify</code>	<code>flex</code> 布局下的水平排列方式	string	<code>start/end/center/space-around/space-between</code>	<code>start</code>
<code>align</code>	<code>flex</code> 布局下的垂直排列方式	string	<code>top/middle/bottom</code>	—
<code>tag</code>	自定义元素标签	string	*	<code>div</code>

Col Attributes

参数	说明	类型	可选值	默认值
<code>span</code>	栅格占据的列数	number	—	24
<code>offset</code>	栅格左侧的间隔格数	number	—	0
<code>push</code>	栅格向右移动格数	number	—	0

pull	栅格向左移动格数	number	—	0
xs	<768px 响应式栅格数或者栅格属性对象	number/object (例如: {span: 4, offset: 4})	—	—
sm	≥768px 响应式栅格数或者栅格属性对象	number/object (例如: {span: 4, offset: 4})	—	—
md	≥992px 响应式栅格数或者栅格属性对象	number/object (例如: {span: 4, offset: 4})	—	—
lg	≥1200px 响应式栅格数或者栅格属性对象	number/object (例如: {span: 4, offset: 4})	—	—
xl	≥1920px 响应式栅格数或者栅格属性对象	number/object (例如: {span: 4, offset: 4})	—	—
tag	自定义元素标签	string	*	div