Debugging

You can connect the debugger in your editor, for example with Visual Studio Code or PyCharm.

Call uvicorn

In your FastAPI application, import and run uvicorn directly:

```
{!../../docs_src/debugging/tutorial001.py!}
```

```
About __name__ == "__main__"
```

The main purpose of the __name__ == "__main__" is to have some code that is executed when your file is called with:

```
$ python myapp.py
```

but is not called when another file imports it, like in:

```
from myapp import app
```

More details

Let's say your file is named myapp.py.

If you run it with:

```
$ python myapp.py
```

So, the section:

```
uvicorn.run(app, host="0.0.0.0", port=8000)
```

will run.

This won't happen if you import that module (file).

So, if you have another file importer.py with:

```
from myapp import app
# Some more code
```

in that case, the automatic variable inside of <code>myapp.py</code> will not have the variable <code>__name__</code> with a value of <code>__name__</code> with a value of

So, the line:

```
uvicorn.run(app, host="0.0.0.0", port=8000)
```

will not be executed.

!!! info For more information, check the official Python docs.

Run your code with your debugger

Because you are running the Uvicorn server directly from your code, you can call your Python program (your FastAPI application) directly from the debugger.

For example, in Visual Studio Code, you can:

- Go to the "Debug" panel.
- "Add configuration...".
- Select "Python"
- Run the debugger with the option " Python: Current File (Integrated Terminal) ".

It will then start the server with your **FastAPI** code, stop at your breakpoints, etc.

Here's how it might look:



If you use Pycharm, you can:

- Open the "Run" menu.
- Select the option "Debug...".
- Then a context menu shows up.
- \bullet Select the file to debug (in this case, ${\tt main.py}$).

It will then start the server with your FastAPI code, stop at your breakpoints, etc.

Here's how it might look:

