MIPI SyS-T over STP

The MIPI SyS-T protocol driver can be used with STM class devices to generate standardized trace stream. Aside from being a standard, it provides better trace source identification and timestamp correlation.

In order to use the MIPI SyS-T protocol driver with your STM device, first, you'll need CONFIG_STM_PROTO_SYS_T.

Now, you can select which protocol driver you want to use when you create a policy for your STM device, by specifying it in the policy name:

mkdir /config/stp-policy/dummy_stm.0;p_sys-t.my-policy/

In other words, the policy name format is extended like this:

<device name>:color name>

With Intel TH, therefore it can look like '0-sth:p sys-t.my-policy'.

If the protocol name is omitted, the STM class will chose whichever protocol driver was loaded first.

You can also double check that everything is working as expected by

cat /config/stp-policy/dummy_stm0:p_sys-t.my-policy/protocol p_sys-t

Now, with the MIPI SyS-T protocol driver, each policy node in the configfs gets a few additional attributes, which determine persource parameters specific to the protocol:

mkdir/config/stp-policy/dummy_stm0:p_sys-t.my-policy/default # ls/config/stp-policy/dummy_stm0:p_sys-t.my-policy/default channels clocksync interval do len masters ts interval uuid

The most important one here is the "uuid", which determines the UUID that will be used to tag all data coming from this source. It is automatically generated when a new node is created, but it is likely that you would want to change it.

do_len switches on/off the additional "payload length" field in the MIPI SyS-T message header. It is off by default as the STP already marks message boundaries.

ts_interval and clocksync_interval determine how much time in milliseconds can pass before we need to include a protocol (not transport, aka STP) timestamp in a message header or send a CLOCKSYNC packet, respectively.

See Documentation/ABI/testing/configfs-stp-policy-p_sys-t for more details.

• [1] https://www.mipi.org/specifications/sys-t