

:mod:`traceback` --- Print or retrieve a stack traceback

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 1); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 4)

Unknown directive type "module".

```
.. module:: traceback
   :synopsis: Print or retrieve a stack traceback.
```

Source code: `source: 'Lib/traceback.py'`

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 7); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "source".

This module provides a standard interface to extract, format and print stack traces of Python programs. It exactly mimics the behavior of the Python interpreter when it prints a stack trace. This is useful when you want to print stack traces under program control, such as in a "wrapper" around the interpreter.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 17)

Unknown directive type "index".

```
.. index:: object: traceback
```

The module uses traceback objects --- this is the object type that is stored in the `:data:`sys.last_traceback`` variable and returned as the third item from `:func:`sys.exc_info``.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 19); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "data".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 19); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

The module defines the following functions:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 26)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: print_tb(tb, limit=None, file=None)
```

Print up to `*limit*` stack trace entries from traceback object `*tb*` (starting from the caller's frame) if `*limit*` is positive. Otherwise, print the last ``abs(limit)`` entries. If `*limit*` is omitted or ``None``, all entries are printed. If `*file*` is omitted or ``None``, the output goes to ``sys.stderr``; otherwise it should be an open file or file-like object to receive the output.

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.5
   Added negative *limit* support.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 39)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: print_exception(exc, /[, value, tb], limit=None, \
                           file=None, chain=True)
```

Print exception information and stack trace entries from traceback object `*tb*` to `*file*`. This differs from `:func:`print_tb`` in the following ways:

- * if `*tb*` is not ``None``, it prints a header ``Traceback (most recent call last):``

- * it prints the exception type and `*value*` after the stack trace

```
.. index:: single: ^ (caret); marker
```

- * if `*type(value)*` is `:exc:`SyntaxError`` and `*value*` has the appropriate format, it prints the line where the syntax error occurred with a caret indicating the approximate position of the error.

Since Python 3.10, instead of passing `*value*` and `*tb*`, an exception object can be passed as the first argument. If `*value*` and `*tb*` are provided, the first argument is ignored in order to provide backwards compatibility.

The optional `*limit*` argument has the same meaning as for `:func:`print_tb``. If `*chain*` is true (the default), then chained exceptions (the `:attr:`__cause__`` or `:attr:`__context__`` attributes of the exception) will be printed as well, like the interpreter itself does when printing an unhandled exception.

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.5
    The *etype* argument is ignored and inferred from the type of *value*.

.. versionchanged:: 3.10
    The *etype* parameter has been renamed to *exc* and is now
    positional-only.
```

SystemMessage: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 75)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: print_exc(limit=None, file=None, chain=True)

    This is a shorthand for `print_exception(*sys.exc_info(), limit, file, chain)`.
```

SystemMessage: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 81)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: print_last(limit=None, file=None, chain=True)

    This is a shorthand for `print_exception(sys.last_type, sys.last_value, sys.last_traceback, limit, file, chain)`. In general it will work only after an exception has reached an interactive prompt (see :data:`sys.last_type`).
```

SystemMessage: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 89)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: print_stack(f=None, limit=None, file=None)

    Print up to *limit* stack trace entries (starting from the invocation point) if *limit* is positive. Otherwise, print the last `abs(limit)` entries. If *limit* is omitted or `None`, all entries are printed. The optional *f* argument can be used to specify an alternate stack frame to start. The optional *file* argument has the same meaning as for :func:`print_tb`.

.. versionchanged:: 3.5
    Added negative *limit* support.
```

SystemMessage: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 102)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: extract_tb(tb, limit=None)

    Return a :class:`StackSummary` object representing a list of "pre-processed" stack trace entries extracted from the traceback object *tb*. It is useful for alternate formatting of stack traces. The optional *limit* argument has the same meaning as for :func:`print_tb`. A "pre-processed" stack trace entry is a :class:`FrameSummary` object containing attributes :attr:`~FrameSummary.filename`, :attr:`~FrameSummary.lineno`, :attr:`~FrameSummary.name`, and :attr:`~FrameSummary.line` representing the information that is usually printed for a stack trace. The :attr:`~FrameSummary.line` is a string with leading and trailing whitespace stripped; if the source is not available it is `None`.
```

SystemMessage: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 116)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: extract_stack(f=None, limit=None)

    Extract the raw traceback from the current stack frame. The return value has the same format as for :func:`extract_tb`. The optional *f* and *limit* arguments have the same meaning as for :func:`print_stack`.
```

SystemMessage: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 123)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: format_list(extracted_list)

    Given a list of tuples or :class:`FrameSummary` objects as returned by :func:`extract_tb` or :func:`extract_stack`, return a list of strings ready for printing. Each string in the resulting list corresponds to the item with
```

the same index in the argument list. Each string ends in a newline; the strings may contain internal newlines as well, for those items whose source text line is not ``None``.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 133)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: format_exception_only(exc, /[, value])
```

Format the exception part of a traceback using an exception value such as given by ``sys.last_value``. The return value is a list of strings, each ending in a newline. Normally, the list contains a single string; however, for :exc:`SyntaxError` exceptions, it contains several lines that (when printed) display detailed information about where the syntax error occurred. The message indicating which exception occurred is the always last string in the list.

Since Python 3.10, instead of passing *value*, an exception object can be passed as the first argument. If *value* is provided, the first argument is ignored in order to provide backwards compatibility.

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.10
   The *etype* parameter has been renamed to *exc* and is now
   positional-only.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 152)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: format_exception(exc, /[, value, tb], limit=None, chain=True)
```

Format a stack trace and the exception information. The arguments have the same meaning as the corresponding arguments to :func:`print_exception`. The return value is a list of strings, each ending in a newline and some containing internal newlines. When these lines are concatenated and printed, exactly the same text is printed as does :func:`print_exception`.

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.5
   The *etype* argument is ignored and inferred from the type of *value*.
```

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.10
   This function's behavior and signature were modified to match
   :func:`print_exception`.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 168)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: format_exc(limit=None, chain=True)
```

This is like ``print_exc(limit)`` but returns a string instead of printing to a file.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 174)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: format_tb(tb, limit=None)
```

A shorthand for ``format_list(extract_tb(tb, limit))``.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 179)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: format_stack(f=None, limit=None)
```

A shorthand for ``format_list(extract_stack(f, limit))``.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 183)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: clear_frames(tb)
```

Clears the local variables of all the stack frames in a traceback *tb* by calling the :meth:`clear` method of each frame object.

```
.. versionadded:: 3.4
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 190)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: walk_stack(f)

Walk a stack following ``f.f_back`` from the given frame, yielding the frame
and line number for each frame. If *f* is ``None``, the current stack is
used. This helper is used with :meth:`StackSummary.extract`.

.. versionadded:: 3.5
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 198)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: walk_tb(tb)

Walk a traceback following ``tb.next`` yielding the frame and line number
for each frame. This helper is used with :meth:`StackSummary.extract`.

.. versionadded:: 3.5
```

The module also defines the following classes:

:class:`TracebackException` Objects

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 207); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 210)

Unknown directive type "versionadded".

```
.. versionadded:: 3.5
```

:class:`TracebackException` objects are created from actual exceptions to capture data for later printing in a lightweight fashion.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 212); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 215)

Invalid class attribute value for "class" directive: "TracebackException(exc_type, exc_value, exc_traceback, *, limit=None, lookup_lines=True, capture_locals=False, compact=False)".

```
.. class:: TracebackException(exc_type, exc_value, exc_traceback, *, limit=None, lookup_lines=True, capture_locals=False, compact=False)

Capture an exception for later rendering. *limit*, *lookup_lines* and
*capture_locals* are as for the :class:`StackSummary` class.

If *compact* is true, only data that is required by :class:`TracebackException`'s
``format`` method is saved in the class attributes. In particular, the
``__context__`` field is calculated only if ``__cause__`` is ``None`` and
``__suppress_context__`` is false.

Note that when locals are captured, they are also shown in the traceback.

.. attribute:: __cause__

A :class:`TracebackException` of the original ``__cause__``.

.. attribute:: __context__

A :class:`TracebackException` of the original ``__context__``.

.. attribute:: __suppress_context__

The ``__suppress_context__`` value from the original exception.

.. attribute:: stack

A :class:`StackSummary` representing the traceback.

.. attribute:: exc_type

The class of the original traceback.

.. attribute:: filename

For syntax errors - the file name where the error occurred.

.. attribute:: lineno

For syntax errors - the line number where the error occurred.

.. attribute:: text

For syntax errors - the text where the error occurred.

.. attribute:: offset

For syntax errors - the offset into the text where the error occurred.

.. attribute:: msg
```

```

For syntax errors - the compiler error message.

.. classmethod:: from_exception(exc, *, limit=None, lookup_lines=True, capture_locals=False)

Capture an exception for later rendering. *limit*, *lookup_lines* and
*capture_locals* are as for the :class:`StackSummary` class.

Note that when locals are captured, they are also shown in the traceback.

.. method:: print(*, file=None, chain=True)

Print to *file* (default ``sys.stderr``) the exception information returned by
:meth:`format`.

.. versionadded:: 3.11

.. method:: format(*, chain=True)

Format the exception.

If *chain* is not ``True``, ``__cause__`` and ``__context__`` will not
be formatted.

The return value is a generator of strings, each ending in a newline and
some containing internal newlines. :func:`~traceback.print_exception`
is a wrapper around this method which just prints the lines to a file.

The message indicating which exception occurred is always the last
string in the output.

.. method:: format_exception_only()

Format the exception part of the traceback.

The return value is a generator of strings, each ending in a newline.

Normally, the generator emits a single string; however, for
:exc:`SyntaxError` exceptions, it emits several lines that (when
printed) display detailed information about where the syntax
error occurred.

The message indicating which exception occurred is always the last
string in the output.

.. versionchanged:: 3.10
   Added the *compact* parameter.

```

:class:`StackSummary` Objects

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 313); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 316)

Unknown directive type "versionadded".

```
.. versionadded:: 3.5
```

:class:`StackSummary` objects represent a call stack ready for formatting.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 318); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 322)

Unknown directive type "classmethod".

```

.. classmethod:: extract(frame_gen, *, limit=None, lookup_lines=True, capture_locals=False)

Construct a :class:`StackSummary` object from a frame generator (such as
is returned by :func:`~traceback.walk_stack` or
:func:`~traceback.walk_tb`).

If *limit* is supplied, only this many frames are taken from *frame_gen*.
If *lookup_lines* is ``False``, the returned :class:`FrameSummary`
objects will not have read their lines in yet, making the cost of
creating the :class:`StackSummary` cheaper (which may be valuable if it
may not actually get formatted). If *capture_locals* is ``True`` the
local variables in each :class:`FrameSummary` are captured as object
representations.

```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 336)

Unknown directive type "classmethod".

```

.. classmethod:: from_list(a_list)

Construct a :class:`StackSummary` object from a supplied list of
:class:`FrameSummary` objects or old-style list of tuples. Each tuple
should be a 4-tuple with filename, lineno, name, line as the elements.

```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 342)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: format()
```

Returns a list of strings ready for printing. Each string in the resulting list corresponds to a single frame from the stack. Each string ends in a newline; the strings may contain internal newlines as well, for those items with source text lines.

For long sequences of the same frame and line, the first few repetitions are shown, followed by a summary line stating the exact number of further repetitions.

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.6
   Long sequences of repeated frames are now abbreviated.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 356)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: format_frame_summary(frame_summary)
```

Returns a string for printing one of the frames involved in the stack. This method is called for each `:class:`FrameSummary`` object to be printed by `:meth:`StackSummary.format``. If it returns ```None```, the frame is omitted from the output.

```
.. versionadded:: 3.11
```

:class:`FrameSummary` Objects

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 366); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 369)

Unknown directive type "versionadded".

```
.. versionadded:: 3.5
```

A `:class:`FrameSummary`` object represents a single frame in a traceback.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 371); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Represent a single frame in the traceback or stack that is being formatted or printed. It may optionally have a stringified version of the frames locals included in it. If `lookup_line` is `False`, the source code is not looked up until the `:class:`FrameSummary`` has the `:attr:`~FrameSummary.line`` attribute accessed (which also happens when casting it to a tuple). `:attr:`~FrameSummary.line`` may be directly provided, and will prevent line lookups happening at all. `locals` is an optional local variable dictionary, and if supplied the variable representations are stored in the summary for later display.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 375); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 375); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 375); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

Traceback Examples

This simple example implements a basic read-eval-print loop, similar to (but less useful than) the standard Python interactive interpreter loop. For a more complete implementation of the interpreter loop, refer to the `:mod:`code`` module.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 390); [backlink](#)

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
import sys, traceback

def run_user_code(envdir):
    source = input(">>> ")
    try:
        exec(source, envdir)
    except Exception:
```

```

print("Exception in user code:")
print("-"*60)
traceback.print_exc(file=sys.stdout)
print("-"*60)

envdir = {}
while True:
    run_user_code(envdir)

```

The following example demonstrates the different ways to print and format the exception and traceback:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 415)

Unknown directive type "testcode".

```

.. testcode::

    import sys, traceback

    def lumberjack():
        bright_side_of_death()

    def bright_side_of_death():
        return tuple()[0]

    try:
        lumberjack()
    except IndexError:
        exc_type, exc_value, exc_traceback = sys.exc_info()
        print("**** print_tb:")
        traceback.print_tb(exc_traceback, limit=1, file=sys.stdout)
        print("**** print_exception:")
        # exc_type below is ignored on 3.5 and later
        traceback.print_exception(exc_type, exc_value, exc_traceback,
                                limit=2, file=sys.stdout)

        print("**** print_exc:")
        traceback.print_exc(limit=2, file=sys.stdout)
        print("**** format_exc, first and last line:")
        formatted_lines = traceback.format_exc().splitlines()
        print(formatted_lines[0])
        print(formatted_lines[-1])
        print("**** format_exception:")
        # exc_type below is ignored on 3.5 and later
        print(repr(traceback.format_exception(exc_type, exc_value,
                                              exc_traceback)))

        print("**** extract_tb:")
        print(repr(traceback.extract_tb(exc_traceback)))
        print("**** format_tb:")
        print(repr(traceback.format_tb(exc_traceback)))
        print("**** tb_lineno:", exc_traceback.tb_lineno)

```

The output for the example would look similar to this:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 453)

Unknown directive type "testoutput".

```

.. testoutput::
:options: +NORMALIZE_WHITESPACE

*** print_tb:
File "<doctest...>", line 10, in <module>
    lumberjack()
    ~~~~~

*** print_exception:
Traceback (most recent call last):
File "<doctest...>", line 10, in <module>
    lumberjack()
    ~~~~~

File "<doctest...>", line 4, in lumberjack
    bright_side_of_death()
    ~~~~~

IndexError: tuple index out of range
*** print_exc:
Traceback (most recent call last):
File "<doctest...>", line 10, in <module>
    lumberjack()
    ~~~~~

File "<doctest...>", line 4, in lumberjack
    bright_side_of_death()
    ~~~~~

IndexError: tuple index out of range
*** format_exc, first and last line:
Traceback (most recent call last):
IndexError: tuple index out of range
*** format_exception:
['Traceback (most recent call last):\n',
 ' File "<doctest default[0]>", line 10, in <module>\n   lumberjack()\n   ~~~~~\n',
 ' File "<doctest default[0]>", line 4, in lumberjack\n   bright_side_of_death()\n   ~~~~~\n',
 ' File "<doctest default[0]>", line 7, in bright_side_of_death\n   return tuple()[0]\n   ~~~~~\n',
 'IndexError: tuple index out of range\n']
*** extract_tb:
[<FrameSummary file <doctest...>, line 10 in <module>>,
 <FrameSummary file <doctest...>, line 4 in lumberjack>,
 <FrameSummary file <doctest...>, line 7 in bright_side_of_death>]
*** format_tb:
[' File "<doctest default[0]>", line 10, in <module>\n   lumberjack()\n   ~~~~~\n',
 ' File "<doctest default[0]>", line 4, in lumberjack\n   bright_side_of_death()\n   ~~~~~\n',
 ' File "<doctest default[0]>", line 7, in bright_side_of_death\n   return tuple()[0]\n   ~~~~~\n',
 'IndexError: tuple index out of range\n']
*** tb_lineno: 10

```

The following example shows the different ways to print and format the stack:

```

>>> import traceback
>>> def another_function():
...     lumberstack()
...
>>> def lumberstack():
...     traceback.print_stack()
...     print(repr(traceback.extract_stack()))
...     print(repr(traceback.format_stack()))
...
>>> another_function()
File "<doctest>", line 10, in <module>
    another_function()
File "<doctest>", line 3, in another_function
    lumberstack()
File "<doctest>", line 6, in lumberstack
    traceback.print_stack()
[('<doctest>', 10, '<module>', 'another_function() '),
 ('<doctest>', 3, 'another_function', 'lumberstack() '),
 ('<doctest>', 7, 'lumberstack', 'print(repr(traceback.extract_stack()))')]
[' File "<doctest>", line 10, in <module>\n    another_function()\n',
 ' File "<doctest>", line 3, in another_function\n    lumberstack()\n',
 ' File "<doctest>", line 8, in lumberstack\n    print(repr(traceback.format_stack()))\n']

```

This last example demonstrates the final few formatting functions:

SystemMessage: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) traceback.rst, line 526)

Unknown directive type "doctest".

```

.. doctest::
   :options: +NORMALIZE_WHITESPACE

   >>> import traceback
   >>> traceback.format_list([('spam.py', 3, '<module>', 'spam.eggs() '),
   ...                       ('eggs.py', 42, 'eggs', 'return "bacon"')])
   [' File "spam.py", line 3, in <module>\n    spam.eggs()\n',
    ' File "eggs.py", line 42, in eggs\n    return "bacon"\n']
   >>> an_error = IndexError('tuple index out of range')
   >>> traceback.format_exception_only(type(an_error), an_error)
   ['IndexError: tuple index out of range\n']

```