:mod:`struct` --- Interpret bytes as packed binary data

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 1); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 4)

Unknown directive type "module".

```
.. module:: struct
    :synopsis: Interpret bytes as packed binary data.
```

Source code: :source:`Lib/struct.py`

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 7); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "source".

Unknown directive type "index".

```
.. index::
  pair: C; structures
  triple: packing; binary; data
```

This module performs conversions between Python values and C structs represented as Python :class:'bytes' objects. This can be used in handling binary data stored in files or from network connections, among other sources. It uses :ref: 'struct-format-strings' as compact descriptions of the layout of the C structs and the intended conversion to/from Python values.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 15); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 15); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

Note

By default, the result of packing a given C struct includes pad bytes in order to maintain proper alignment for the C types involved; similarly, alignment is taken into account when unpacking. This behavior is chosen so that the bytes of a packed struct correspond exactly to the layout in memory of the corresponding C struct. To handle platform-independent data formats or omit implicit pad bytes, use standard size and alignment instead of native size and alignment; see :ref; struct-alignment for details.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 23); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

Several :mod: `struct` functions (and methods of :class: `Struct`) take a *buffer* argument. This refers to objects that implement the ref.` bufferobjects` and provide either a readable or read-writable buffer. The most common types used for that purpose are

class: bytes and class: bytearray, but many other types that can be viewed as an array of bytes implement the buffer protocol, so that they can be read/filled without additional copying from a class: bytes object.

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3~(\texttt{D:}\onboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\\\copython-main\c$

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 31); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (library)\ struct.rst,\ line\ 31); \ backlink$

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 31); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 31); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 31); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Functions and Exceptions

The module defines the following exception and functions:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 45)

Unknown directive type "exception".

.. exception:: error

Exception raised on various occasions; argument is a string describing what is wrong.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 51)

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: pack(format, v1, v2, ...)

Return a bytes object containing the values $v1^*$, $v2^*$, ... packed according to the format string *format*. The arguments must match the values required by the format exactly.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 58)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: pack into(format, buffer, offset, v1, v2, ...)
```

Pack the values *v1*, *v2*, ... according to the format string *format* and write the packed bytes into the writable buffer *buffer* starting at position *offset*. Note that *offset* is a required argument.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 65)

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: unpack(format, buffer)

Unpack from the buffer *buffer* (presumably packed by ``pack(format, ...)``) according to the format string *format*. The result is a tuple even if it contains exactly one item. The buffer's size in bytes must match the size required by the format, as reflected by :func:`calcsize`.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 73)

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: unpack from(format, /, buffer, offset=0)

Unpack from *buffer* starting at position *offset*, according to the format string *format*. The result is a tuple even if it contains exactly one item. The buffer's size in bytes, starting at position *offset*, must be at least the size required by the format, as reflected by :func:`calcsize`.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 81)

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: iter_unpack(format, buffer)

Iteratively unpack from the buffer *buffer* according to the format string *format*. This function returns an iterator which will read equally-sized chunks from the buffer until all its contents have been consumed. The buffer's size in bytes must be a multiple of the size required by the format, as reflected by :func:`calcsize`.

Each iteration yields a tuple as specified by the format string.

.. versionadded:: 3.4

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 94)

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: calcsize(format)

Return the size of the struct (and hence of the bytes object produced by ``pack(format, \dots)``) corresponding to the format string *format*.

Format Strings

Format strings are the mechanism used to specify the expected layout when packing and unpacking data. They are built up from ref. format-characters, which specify the type of data being packed/unpacked. In addition, there are special characters for controlling the ref. struct-alignment.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 105); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 105); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "ref".
```

Byte Order, Size, and Alignment

By default, C types are represented in the machine's native format and byte order, and properly aligned by skipping pad bytes if necessary (according to the rules used by the C compiler).

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-
main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 120)

Unknown directive type "index".

.. index::
    single: @ (at); in struct format strings
    single: = (equals); in struct format strings
    single: < (less); in struct format strings
    single: > (greater); in struct format strings
    single: ! (exclamation); in struct format strings
```

Alternatively, the first character of the format string can be used to indicate the byte order, size and alignment of the packed data, according to the following table:

Character	Byte order	Size	Alignment
@	native	native	native
=	native	standard	none
<	little-endian	standard	none
>	big-endian	standard	none
!	network (= big-endian)	standard	none

If the first character is not one of these, '@' is assumed.

Native byte order is big-endian or little-endian, depending on the host system. For example, Intel x86 and AMD64 (x86-64) are little-endian; Motorola 68000 and PowerPC G5 are big-endian; ARM and Intel Itanium feature switchable endianness (bi-endian). Use sys.byteorder to check the endianness of your system.

Native size and alignment are determined using the C compiler's sizeof expression. This is always combined with native byte order. Standard size depends only on the format character; see the table in the ref. format-characters' section.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 156); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "ref".
```

Note the difference between '@' and '=': both use native byte order, but the size and alignment of the latter is standardized.

The form '!' represents the network byte order which is always big-endian as defined in IETF RFC 1700.

There is no way to indicate non-native byte order (force byte-swapping); use the appropriate choice of '<' or '>'.

Notes:

- 1. Padding is only automatically added between successive structure members. No padding is added at the beginning or the end of the encoded struct.
- 2. No padding is added when using non-native size and alignment, e.g. with '<', '>', '=', and '!'.
- 3. To align the end of a structure to the alignment requirement of a particular type, end the format with the code for that type with a repeat count of zero. See :ref struct-examples.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 176); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

Format Characters

Format characters have the following meaning, the conversion between C and Python values should be obvious given their types. The

'Standard size' column refers to the size of the packed value in bytes when using standard size; that is, when the format string starts with one of '<', '>', '!' or '='. When using native size, the size of the packed value is platform-dependent.

Format	C Type	Python type	Standard size	Notes
Х	pad byte	no value		
С	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 199); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	bytes of length 1	1	
b	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 201); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer	1	(1), (2)
В	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 203); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer	1	(2)

Format	C Type	Python type	Standard size	Notes
?	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 205); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	bool	1	(1)
h	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 207); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer	2	(2)
Н	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 209); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "ctype".	integer	2	(2)

Format	C Type	Python type	Standard size	Notes
	:c:type:`int`	V V F -		
i	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 211); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer	4	(2)
	:c.type:`unsigned int`			
I	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 213); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer	4	(2)
	:c:type:`long`			
1	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 215); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer	4	(2)
	:c:type:`unsigned long`			
L	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 217); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer	4	(2)

Format	C Type	Python type	Standard size	Notes
	:c:type:`long long`	V VX		
đ	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 219); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer	8	(2)
	:c:type:`unsigned long long`			
Q	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 221); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer	8	(2)
	:c:type:`ssize_t`			
n	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 224); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer		(3)
N	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 226); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer		(3)

Format	C Type	Python type	Standard size	Notes
		•		

е	(6)	float	2	(4)
f	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 230); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	float	4	(4)
d	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 232); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	float	8	(4)

Format	C Type	Python type	Standard size	Notes
S	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 234); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	bytes		
p	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 236); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	bytes		
P	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample- onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 238); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".	integer		(5)

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.3
  Added support for the ``'n'`` and ``'N'`` formats.
```

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mboarding-resources \ sample-onboarding-resources \ cpython-main\ (\mboc\ library\ (cpython-main)\ (\mboc\ library\ struct.rst,\ line\ 243)$

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.6
  Added support for the ``'e'`` format.
```

Notes:

1. System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 250)

Unknown directive type "index".

.. index:: single: ? (question mark); in struct format strings

The '?' conversion code corresponds to the 'c.type: Bool' type defined by C99. If this type is not available, it is simulated using a 'c.type: char'. In standard mode, it is always represented by one byte.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 252); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 252); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

When attempting to pack a non-integer using any of the integer conversion codes, if the non-integer has a <u>meth</u> index method then that method is called to convert the argument to an integer before packing.

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\coc\library\cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (library)\ struct.rst,\ line\ 257);\ backlink$

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 261)

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.2
  Added use of the :meth:`__index__` method for non-integers.
```

- 3. The 'n' and 'N' conversion codes are only available for the native size (selected as the default or with the '@' byte order character). For the standard size, you can use whichever of the other integer formats fits your application.
- 4. For the 'f', 'd' and 'e' conversion codes, the packed representation uses the IEEE 754 binary32, binary64 or binary16 format (for 'f', 'd' or 'e' respectively), regardless of the floating-point format used by the platform
- 5. The 'P' format character is only available for the native byte ordering (selected as the default or with the '@' byte order character). The byte order character '=' chooses to use little- or big-endian ordering based on the host system. The struct module does not interpret this as native ordering, so the 'P' format is not available.
- 6. The IEEE 754 binary16 "half precision" type was introduced in the 2008 revision of the IEEE 754 standard. It has a sign bit, a 5-bit exponent and 11-bit precision (with 10 bits explicitly stored), and can represent numbers between approximately 6.1e-05 and 6.5e+04 at full precision. This type is not widely supported by C compilers: on a typical machine, an unsigned short can be used for storage, but not for math operations. See the Wikipedia page on the half-precision floating-point format for more information.

A format character may be preceded by an integral repeat count. For example, the format string '4h' means exactly the same as 'hhhhh'.

Whitespace characters between formats are ignored; a count and its format must not contain whitespace though.

For the 's' format character, the count is interpreted as the length of the bytes, not a repeat count like for the other format characters; for example, '10s' means a single 10-byte string, while '10c' means 10 characters. If a count is not given, it defaults to 1. For packing, the string is truncated or padded with null bytes as appropriate to make it fit. For unpacking, the resulting bytes object always has exactly the specified number of bytes. As a special case, '0s' means a single, empty string (while '0c' means 0

characters).

When packing a value x using one of the integer formats ('b', 'B', 'h', 'H', 'i', 'I', 'I', 'I', 'q', 'Q'), if x is outside the valid range for that format then 'exc: 'struct.error' is raised.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 309); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 314)

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.1
Previously, some of the integer formats wrapped out-of-range values and
raised :exc:`DeprecationWarning` instead of :exc:`struct.error`.
```

The 'p' format character encodes a "Pascal string", meaning a short variable-length string stored in a *fixed number of bytes*, given by the count. The first byte stored is the length of the string, or 255, whichever is smaller. The bytes of the string follow. If the string passed in to :func:'pack' is too long (longer than the count minus 1), only the leading count-1 bytes of the string are stored. If the string is shorter than count-1, it is padded with null bytes so that exactly count bytes in all are used. Note that for :func:'unpack', the 'p' format character consumes count bytes, but that the string returned can never contain more than 255 bytes.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 318); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 318); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 329)

Unknown directive type "index".

.. index:: single: ? (question mark); in struct format strings

For the '?' format character, the return value is either :const:'True' or :const:'False'. When packing, the truth value of the argument object is used. Either 0 or 1 in the native or standard bool representation will be packed, and any non-zero value will be True when unpacking.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 331); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "const".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 331); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "const".

Examples

Note

All examples assume a native byte order, size, and alignment with a big-endian machine.

A basic example of packing/unpacking three integers:

```
>>> from struct import *
>>> pack('hhl', 1, 2, 3)
```

```
b'\x00\x01\x00\x02\x00\x00\x03'
>>> unpack('hhl', b'\x00\x01\x00\x02\x00\x00\x00\x03')
(1, 2, 3)
>>> calcsize('hhl')
8
```

Unpacked fields can be named by assigning them to variables or by wrapping the result in a named tuple:

```
>>> record = b'raymond \x32\x12\x08\x01\x08'
>>> name, serialnum, school, gradelevel = unpack('<10sHHb', record)
>>> from collections import namedtuple
>>> Student = namedtuple('Student', 'name serialnum school gradelevel')
>>> Student._make(unpack('<10sHHb', record))
Student(name=b'raymond ', serialnum=4658, school=264, gradelevel=8)</pre>
```

The ordering of format characters may have an impact on size since the padding needed to satisfy alignment requirements is different:

```
>>> pack('ci', b'*', 0x12131415)
b'*\x00\x00\x00\x12\x13\x14\x15'
>>> pack('ic', 0x12131415, b'*')
b'\x12\x13\x14\x15*'
>>> calcsize('ci')
8
>>> calcsize('ic')
5
```

The following format 'llh01' specifies two pad bytes at the end, assuming longs are aligned on 4-byte boundaries:

This only works when native size and alignment are in effect; standard size and alignment does not enforce any alignment.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 390)

Unknown directive type "seealso".

.. seealso::

Module :mod: `array`
Packed binary storage of homogeneous data.

Module :mod: `xdrlib`
Packing and unpacking of XDR data.
```

Classes

The <u>mod</u>: struct module also defines the following type:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 404); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "mod".
```

Return a new Struct object which writes and reads binary data according to the format string *format*. Creating a Struct object once and calling its methods is more efficient than calling the <u>mod</u>: struct functions with the same format since the format string only needs to be compiled once.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 409); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

Note

The compiled versions of the most recent format strings passed to <code>:class:'Struct'</code> and the module-level functions are cached, so programs that use only a few format strings needn't worry about reusing a single <code>:class:'Struct'</code> instance.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst,
```

line 416); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 416); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Compiled Struct objects support the following methods and attributes:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 423)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: pack(v1, v2, ...)

Identical to the :func:`pack` function, using the compiled format.
  (``len(result)`` will equal :attr:`size`.)
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 429)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: pack_into(buffer, offset, v1, v2, ...)

Identical to the :func:`pack_into` function, using the compiled format.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 434)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: unpack(buffer)

Identical to the :func:`unpack` function, using the compiled format.
The buffer's size in bytes must equal :attr:`size`.
```

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3~(\texttt{D:}\conboarding-resources}\copython-main\coc\library\cocython-main)~(Doc)~(library)~struct.rst, \colored{library}$

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: unpack_from(buffer, offset=0)

Identical to the :func:`unpack_from` function, using the compiled format.
The buffer's size in bytes, starting at position *offset*, must be at least :attr:`size`.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) struct.rst, line 447)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: iter_unpack(buffer)

Identical to the :func:`iter_unpack` function, using the compiled format.
The buffer's size in bytes must be a multiple of :attr:`size`.
.. versionadded:: 3.4
```

Unknown directive type "attribute".

```
.. attribute:: format
```

The format string used to construct this Struct object.

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.7
The format string type is now :class:`str` instead of :class:`bytes`.
```

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3~(\texttt{D:}\conboarding-resources}\conboarding-resources\\conboardin$

Unknown directive type "attribute".

```
.. attribute:: size
```

The calculated size of the struct (and hence of the bytes object produced by the :meth:`pack` method) corresponding to :attr:`format`.