

Componentes

The theme's `components` key allows you to customize a component without wrapping it in another component. You can change the styles, the default props, and more.

Propriedades padrão

You can change the default of every prop of a Material-UI component. A `defaultProps` key is exposed in the theme's `components` key for this use case.

```
const theme = createTheme({
  components: {
    // Name of the component
    MuiButtonBase: {
      defaultProps: {
        // The props to change the default for.
        disableRipple: true, // No more ripple!
      },
    },
  },
});
```

{{"demo": "DefaultProps.js"}}

To override lab component styles with TypeScript, check [this page](#).

Global style overrides

You can use the theme's `styleOverrides` key to potentially change every single style injected by Material-UI into the DOM.

```
const theme = createTheme({
  components: {
    // Name of the component
    MuiButton: {
      styleOverrides: {
        // Name of the slot
        root: {
          // Some CSS
          fontSize: '1rem',
        },
      },
    },
  },
});
```

{{"demo": "GlobalThemeOverride.js"}}

The list of each component's classes is documented under the **CSS** section of its API page.

To override a lab component's styles with TypeScript, check [this section of the documentation](#).

Overrides based on props

You can pass a callback as a value in each slot of the component's `styleOverrides` to apply styles based on props.

The `ownerState` prop is a combination of public props that you pass to the component + internal state of the component.

```
const theme = createTheme({
  components: {
    MuiButton: {
      variants: [
        {
          props: { variant: 'dashed' },
          style: {
            textTransform: 'none',
            border: `2px dashed grey${blue[500]}`,
          },
        },
        {
          props: { variant: 'dashed', color: 'secondary' },
          style: {
            border: `4px dashed ${red[500]}`,
          },
        },
      ],
    },
  },
});
```

```
{{"demo": "GlobalThemeOverrideCallback.js"}}
```

Using `sx` (experimental) syntax

If you are not familiar `sx`, first check out [the concept](#) and [the difference with the `styled`](#).

`sx` is also compatible with theme style overrides if you prefer the shorthand notation.

```
{{"demo": "GlobalThemeOverrideSx.js"}}
```

Adicionando novas variantes de componentes

You can use the `variants` key in the theme's `components` section to add new variants to Material-UI components. These new variants can specify what styles the component should have when specific props are applied.

As definições são especificadas em um array, sob o nome do componente. For each of them a CSS class is added to the HTML `<head>`. The order is important, so make sure that the styles that should win are specified last.

```
declare module '@material-ui/core/Button/Button' {
  interface ButtonPropsVariantOverrides {
    dashed: true;
  }
}
```

```
}  
}
```

If you're using TypeScript, you'll need to specify your new variants/colors, using [module augmentation](#).

```
declare module '@mui/material/Button' {  
  interface ButtonPropsVariantOverrides {  
    dashed: true;  
  }  
}
```

```
{{"demo": "GlobalThemeVariants.js"}}
```

Variáveis de tema

Another way to override the look of all component instances is to adjust the [theme configuration variables](#).

```
const theme = createTheme({  
  typography: {  
    button: {  
      fontSize: '1rem',  
    },  
  },  
});
```

```
{{"demo": "ThemeVariables.js"}}
```