# gatsby-core-utils

Utilities used in multiple Gatsby packages.

## Usage

```
npm install gatsby-core-utils
```

### ${\bf create Content Digest}$

Encrypts an input using md5 hash of hexadecimal digest.

```
const { createContentDigest } = require("gatsby-core-utils")
const options = {
  key: "value",
  foo: "bar",
}
const digest = createContentDigest(options)
// ...
```

#### cpuCoreCount

Calculate the number of CPU cores on the current machine

This function can be controlled by an env variable  ${\tt GATSBY\_CPU\_COUNT}$  setting the first argument to true.

value	description
logical-cores any number	Counts amount of real cores by running a shell command require("os").cpus() to count all virtual cores Sets cpu count to that specific number

```
const { cpuCoreCount } = require("gatsby-core-utils")
const coreCount = cpuCoreCount(false)
// ...
const { cpuCoreCount } = require("gatsby-core-utils")
process.env.GATSBY_CPU_COUNT = "logical-cores"
const coreCount = cpuCoreCount()
// ...
```

#### joinPath

A utility that joins paths with a / on windows and unix-type platforms. This can also be used for URL concatenation.

```
const { joinPath } = require("gatsby-core-utils")
const BASEPATH = "/mybase/"
const pathname = "./gatsby/is/awesome"
const url = joinPath(BASEPATH, pathname)
isCI
A utility that enhances isCI from 'ci-info' with support for Vercel and Heroku
detection
const { isCI } = require("gatsby-core-utils")
if (isCI()) {
  // execute CI-specific code
// ...
getCIName
A utility that returns the name of the current CI environment if available, null
otherwise
const { getCIName } = require("gatsby-core-utils")
const CI_NAME = getCIName()
console.log({ CI_NAME })
// {CI_NAME: null}, or
// {CI_NAME: "Vercel"}
// ...
createRequireFromPath
A cross-version polyfill for Node's Module.createRequire.
const { createRequireFromPath } = require("gatsby-core-utils")
const requireUtil = createRequireFromPath("../src/utils/")
// Require `../src/utils/some-tool`
```

requireUtil("./some-tool")

// ...

#### Mutex

When working inside workers or async operations you want some kind of concurrency control that a specific work load can only concurrent one at a time. This is what a Mutex does.

By implementing the following code, the code is only executed one at a time and the other threads/async workloads are awaited until the current one is done. This is handy when writing to the same file to disk.

```
const { createMutex } = require("gatsby-core-utils/mutex")
const mutex = createMutex("my-custom-mutex-key")
await mutex.acquire()
await fs.writeFile("pathToFile", "my custom content")
await mutex.release()
```