Memory Management

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 1)

Unknown directive type "highlight".

.. highlight:: c
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 10)

Unknown directive type "sectionauthor".

.. sectionauthor:: Vladimir Marangozov <Vladimir.Marangozov@inrialpes.fr>
```

Overview

Memory management in Python involves a private heap containing all Python objects and data structures. The management of this private heap is ensured internally by the *Python memory manager*. The Python memory manager has different components which deal with various dynamic storage management aspects, like sharing, segmentation, preallocation or caching.

At the lowest level, a raw memory allocator ensures that there is enough room in the private heap for storing all Python-related data by interacting with the memory manager of the operating system. On top of the raw memory allocator, several object-specific allocators operate on the same heap and implement distinct memory management policies adapted to the peculiarities of every object type. For example, integer objects are managed differently within the heap than strings, tuples or dictionaries because integers imply different storage requirements and speed/space tradeoffs. The Python memory manager thus delegates some of the work to the object-specific allocators, but ensures that the latter operate within the bounds of the private heap.

It is important to understand that the management of the Python heap is performed by the interpreter itself and that the user has no control over it, even if they regularly manipulate object pointers to memory blocks inside that heap. The allocation of heap space for Python objects and other internal buffers is performed on demand by the Python memory manager through the Python/C API functions listed in this document.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 43)

Unknown directive type "index".

.. index::
    single: malloc()
    single: calloc()
    single: realloc()
    single: free()
```

To avoid memory corruption, extension writers should never try to operate on Python objects with the functions exported by the C library: c:fine: malloc', :c:fine: calloc', :c:fine: realloc' and :c:fine: free'. This will result in mixed calls between the C allocator and the Python memory manager with fatal consequences, because they implement different algorithms and operate on different heaps. However, one may safely allocate and release memory blocks with the C library allocator for individual purposes, as shown in the following example:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 49); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:finc".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 49); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

```
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```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 49); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

```
PyObject *res;
char *buf = (char *) malloc(BUFSIZ); /* for I/O */

if (buf == NULL)
    return PyErr_NoMemory();
...Do some I/O operation involving buf...
res = PyBytes_FromString(buf);
free(buf); /* malloc'ed */
return res;
```

In this example, the memory request for the I/O buffer is handled by the C library allocator. The Python memory manager is involved only in the allocation of the bytes object returned as a result.

In most situations, however, it is recommended to allocate memory from the Python heap specifically because the latter is under control of the Python memory manager. For example, this is required when the interpreter is extended with new object types written in C. Another reason for using the Python heap is the desire to *inform* the Python memory manager about the memory needs of the extension module. Even when the requested memory is used exclusively for internal, highly-specific purposes, delegating all memory requests to the Python memory manager causes the interpreter to have a more accurate image of its memory footprint as a whole. Consequently, under certain circumstances, the Python memory manager may or may not trigger appropriate actions, like garbage collection, memory compaction or other preventive procedures. Note that by using the C library allocator as shown in the previous example, the allocated memory for the I/O buffer escapes completely the Python memory manager.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 86)

Unknown directive type "seealso".

.. seealso::

The :envvar: `PYTHONMALLOC` environment variable can be used to configure the memory allocators used by Python.

The :envvar: `PYTHONMALLOCSTATS` environment variable can be used to print statistics of the :ref: `pymalloc memory allocator <pymalloc>` every time a new pymalloc object arena is created, and on shutdown.
```

Allocator Domains

All allocating functions belong to one of three different "domains" (see also :c:type: PyMemAllocatorDomain'). These domains represent different allocation strategies and are optimized for different purposes. The specific details on how every domain allocates memory or what internal functions each domain calls is considered an implementation detail, but for debugging purposes a simplified table can be found at :ref. here <default-memory-allocators>'. There is no hard requirement to use the memory returned by the allocation functions belonging to a given domain for only the purposes hinted by that domain (although this is the recommended practice). For example, one could use the memory returned by :c:func: PyMem_RawMalloc ' for allocating Python objects or the memory returned by :c:func: PyObject_Malloc ' for allocating memory for buffers.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 98); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api)memory.rst, line 98); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 98); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "c:fine".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 98); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "c:finc".
```

• Raw domain: intended for allocating memory for general-purpose memory buffers where the allocation *must* go to the system allocator or where the allocator can operate without the :term: 'GIL'. The memory is requested directly to the system.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 112); backlink
```

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• "Mem" domain: intended for allocating memory for Python buffers and general-purpose memory buffers where the allocation must be performed with the :term: `GIL` held. The memory is taken from the Python private heap.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 117); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "term".

• Object domain: intended for allocating memory belonging to Python objects. The memory is taken from the Python private heap.

When freeing memory previously allocated by the allocating functions belonging to a given domain, the matching specific deallocating functions must be used. For example, :c:func: PyMem_Free` must be used to free memory allocated using :c:func: PyMem_Malloc`.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 124); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 124); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

Raw Memory Interface

The following function sets are wrappers to the system allocator. These functions are thread-safe, the :term:`GIL <global interpreter lock>` does not need to be held.

 $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3\, (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\coc\c-api\cpython-main)}\, (\texttt{Doc})\, (\texttt{c-api})\, \texttt{memory.rst}, \, \\ \mbox{line}\, 131); \, \\ \mbox{\it backlink} \label{eq:backlink}$

Unknown interpreted text role "term".

The ref 'default raw memory allocator <default-memory-allocators>' uses the following functions: :c:func: 'malloc', :c:func: 'calloc', :c:func: 'realloc' and :c:func: 'free'; call malloc(1) (or calloc(1, 1)) when requesting zero bytes.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 135); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 135); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 135); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 135); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 135); backlink

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 140)

Unknown directive type "versionadded".

.. versionadded:: 3.4

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\coc\c-api\cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (c-api)\ memory.rst,\ line\ 142)$

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void* PyMem RawMalloc(size t n)

Allocates *n* bytes and returns a pointer of type :c:type:`void*` to the allocated memory, or ``NULL`` if the request fails.

Requesting zero bytes returns a distinct non-``NULL`` pointer if possible, as if ``PyMem_RawMalloc(1)`` had been called instead. The memory will not have been initialized in any way.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 152)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void* PyMem RawCalloc(size t nelem, size t elsize)

Allocates *nelem* elements each whose size in bytes is *elsize* and returns a pointer of type :c:type:`void*` to the allocated memory, or ``NULL`` if the request fails. The memory is initialized to zeros.

Requesting zero elements or elements of size zero bytes returns a distinct non-``NULL`` pointer if possible, as if ``PyMem_RawCalloc(1, 1)`` had been called instead.

.. versionadded:: 3.5

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Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void* PyMem_RawRealloc(void *p, size_t n)

Resizes the memory block pointed to by p* to n* bytes. The contents will be unchanged to the minimum of the old and the new sizes.

If *p* is ``NULL``, the call is equivalent to ``PyMem_RawMalloc(n)``; else if *n* is equal to zero, the memory block is resized but is not freed, and the returned pointer is non-``NULL``.

Unless *p* is ``NULL``, it must have been returned by a previous call to :c:func:`PyMem_RawMalloc`, :c:func:`PyMem_RawRealloc` or :c:func:`PyMem_RawCalloc`.

If the request fails, :c:func:`PyMem_RawRealloc` returns ``NULL`` and *p* remains a valid pointer to the previous memory area.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 182)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void PyMem_RawFree(void *p)

Frees the memory block pointed to by *p*, which must have been returned by a previous call to :c:func:`PyMem_RawMalloc`, :c:func:`PyMem_RawRealloc` or :c:func:`PyMem_RawCalloc`. Otherwise, or if ``PyMem_RawFree(p)`` has been called before, undefined behavior occurs.

Memory Interface

The following function sets, modeled after the ANSI C standard, but specifying behavior when requesting zero bytes, are available for allocating and releasing memory from the Python heap.

The ref. default memory allocator <default-memory-allocators> uses the ref. pymalloc memory allocator <pymalloc> .

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 201); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\coc\c-api\cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (c-api)\ memory.rst,\ line\ 201); \ backlink$

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

Warning

The .term.'GIL <global interpreter lock>' must be held when using these functions.

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Unknown interpreted text role "term".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 209)

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

.. versionchanged:: 3.6

The default allocator is now pymalloc instead of system :c:func:`malloc`.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 213)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void* PyMem_Malloc(size_t n)

Allocates *n* bytes and returns a pointer of type :c:type:`void*` to the allocated memory, or ``NULL`` if the request fails.

Requesting zero bytes returns a distinct non-``NULL`` pointer if possible, as if ``PyMem_Malloc(1)`` had been called instead. The memory will not have been initialized in any way.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 223)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void* PyMem_Calloc(size_t nelem, size_t elsize)

Allocates *nelem* elements each whose size in bytes is *elsize* and returns a pointer of type :c:type:`void*` to the allocated memory, or ``NULL`` if the request fails. The memory is initialized to zeros.

Requesting zero elements or elements of size zero bytes returns a distinct non-``NULL`` pointer if possible, as if ``PyMem_Calloc(1, 1)`` had been called instead.

.. versionadded:: 3.5

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 236)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void* PyMem Realloc(void *p, size t n)

Resizes the memory block pointed to by *p* to *n* bytes. The contents will be unchanged to the minimum of the old and the new sizes.

If *p* is ``NULL``, the call is equivalent to ``PyMem_Malloc(n)``; else if *n* is equal to zero, the memory block is resized but is not freed, and the returned pointer is non-``NULL``.

Unless *p* is ``NULL``, it must have been returned by a previous call to :c:func:`PyMem_Malloc`, :c:func:`PyMem_Realloc` or :c:func:`PyMem_Calloc`.

If the request fails, :c:func:`PyMem_Realloc` returns ``NULL`` and *p* remains a valid pointer to the previous memory area.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 252)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void PyMem_Free(void *p)

Frees the memory block pointed to by *p*, which must have been returned by a previous call to :c:func:`PyMem_Malloc`, :c:func:`PyMem_Realloc` or :c:func:`PyMem_Calloc`. Otherwise, or if ``PyMem_Free(p)`` has been called before, undefined behavior occurs.

If *p* is ``NULL``, no operation is performed.

The following type-oriented macros are provided for convenience. Note that TYPE refers to any C type.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 265)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: TYPE* PyMem_New(TYPE, size_t n)

Same as :c:func:`PyMem_Malloc`, but allocates ``(n * sizeof(TYPE))`` bytes of memory. Returns a pointer cast to :c:type:`TYPE*`. The memory will not have been initialized in any way.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 272)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: TYPE* PyMem Resize(void *p, TYPE, size t n)

Same as :c:func:`PyMem_Realloc`, but the memory block is resized to ``(n * sizeof(TYPE))`` bytes. Returns a pointer cast to :c:type:`TYPE*`. On return, *p* will be a pointer to the new memory area, or ``NULL`` in the event of failure.

This is a C preprocessor macro; *p* is always reassigned. Save the original value of *p* to avoid losing memory when handling errors.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 283)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: void PyMem_Del(void *p)
```

Same as :c:func:`PyMem_Free`.

In addition, the following macro sets are provided for calling the Python memory allocator directly, without involving the C API

functions listed above. However, note that their use does not preserve binary compatibility across Python versions and is therefore deprecated in extension modules.

- PyMem MALLOC(size)
- PyMem NEW(type, size)
- PyMem REALLOC(ptr, size)
- PyMem RESIZE(ptr, type, size)
- PyMem_FREE(ptr)
- PyMem DEL(ptr)

Object allocators

The following function sets, modeled after the ANSI C standard, but specifying behavior when requesting zero bytes, are available for allocating and releasing memory from the Python heap.

Note

There is no guarantee that the memory returned by these allocators can be successfully cast to a Python object when intercepting the allocating functions in this domain by the methods described in the ref: Customize Memory Allocators section.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 308); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

The ref: default object allocator <default-memory-allocators>' uses the ref: pymalloc memory allocator <pymalloc>'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 313); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 313); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

Warning

The term 'GIL must be held when using these functions.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 318); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "term".

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\coc\c-api\cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (c-api)\ memory.rst,\ line\ 321)$

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: void* PyObject_Malloc(size_t n)
```

Allocates *n* bytes and returns a pointer of type :c:type:`void*` to the allocated memory, or ``NULL`` if the request fails.

Requesting zero bytes returns a distinct non-``NULL`` pointer if possible, as if ``PyObject_Malloc(1)`` had been called instead. The memory will not have been initialized in any way.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 331)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void* PyObject_Calloc(size_t nelem, size_t elsize)

Allocates *nelem* elements each whose size in bytes is *elsize* and returns a pointer of type :c:type:`void*` to the allocated memory, or ``NULL`` if the request fails. The memory is initialized to zeros.

Requesting zero elements or elements of size zero bytes returns a distinct non-``NULL`` pointer if possible, as if ``PyObject_Calloc(1, 1)`` had been called instead.

.. versionadded:: 3.5

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 344)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void* PyObject Realloc(void *p, size t n)

Resizes the memory block pointed to by *p* to *n* bytes. The contents will be unchanged to the minimum of the old and the new sizes.

If *p* is ``NULL``, the call is equivalent to ``PyObject_Malloc(n)``; else if *n* is equal to zero, the memory block is resized but is not freed, and the returned pointer is non-``NULL``.

Unless *p* is ``NULL``, it must have been returned by a previous call to :c:func:`PyObject Malloc`, :c:func:`PyObject Realloc` or :c:func:`PyObject Calloc`.

If the request fails, :c:func:`PyObject_Realloc` returns ``NULL`` and *p* remains a valid pointer to the previous memory area.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 360)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void PyObject_Free(void *p)

Frees the memory block pointed to by *p*, which must have been returned by a previous call to :c:func:`PyObject_Malloc`, :c:func:`PyObject_Realloc` or :c:func:`PyObject_Calloc`. Otherwise, or if ``PyObject_Free(p)`` has been called before, undefined behavior occurs.

If p^* is ``NULL``, no operation is performed.

Default Memory Allocators

Default memory allocators:

Configuration	Name	PyMem_RawMalloc	PyMem_Malloc	PyObject_Malloc
Release build	"pymalloc"	malloc	pymalloc	pymalloc
Debug build	"pymalloc_debug"	malloc + debug	pymalloc + debug	pymalloc + debug
Release build, without pymalloc	"malloc"	malloc	malloc	malloc
Debug build, without pymalloc	"malloc debug"	malloc + debug	malloc + debug	malloc + debug

Legend:

• Name: value for :envvar: PYTHONMALLOC' environment variable.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 388); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "envvar".

• malloc: system allocators from the standard C library, C functions: :c:func: 'malloc', :c:func: 'calloc', :c:func: 'realloc' and :c:func: 'free'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 389); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 389); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 389); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 389); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

• pymalloc: ref. pymalloc memory allocator <pymalloc>'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 391); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

• "+ debug": with ref. debug hooks on the Python memory allocators <pymem-debug-hooks>'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 392); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

• "Debug build": ref. Python build in debug mode <debug-build>'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 394); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

Customize Memory Allocators

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Unknown directive type "versionadded".

.. versionadded:: 3.4

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 403)

Unknown directive type "c:type".

.. c:type:: PyMemAllocatorEx

Structure used to describe a memory block allocator. The structure has the following fields:

```
Field | Meaning |
| ``void *ctx`` | user context passed as first argumen |
| ``void* malloc(void *ctx, size_t size)`` | allocate a memory block |
| ``void* calloc(void *ctx, size_t nelem, size_t elsize)`` | allocate a memory block initialized
```

```
| with zeros
         _____
| ``void* realloc(void *ctx, void *ptr, size t new size) `` | allocate or resize a memory block
      ___________
| ``void free(void *ctx, void *ptr)``
                                           | free a memory block
.. versionchanged:: 3.5
 The :c:type: `PyMemAllocator` structure was renamed to
  :c:type:`PyMemAllocatorEx` and a new ``calloc`` field was added.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpythonmain\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 428)

```
Unknown directive type "c:type".
```

```
.. c:type:: PyMemAllocatorDomain
   Enum used to identify an allocator domain. Domains:
   .. c:macro:: PYMEM DOMAIN RAW
      Functions:
      * :c:func:`PyMem RawMalloc`
      * :c:func:`PyMem_RawRealloc`
* :c:func:`PyMem_RawCalloc`
      * :c:func:`PyMem_RawFree`
   .. c:macro:: PYMEM DOMAIN MEM
      Functions:
      * :c:func:`PyMem_Malloc`,
* :c:func:`PyMem_Realloc`
      * :c:func: `PyMem Calloc`
      * :c:func:`PyMem Free
   .. c:macro:: PYMEM DOMAIN OBJ
      Functions:
      * :c:func:`PyObject_Malloc`
      * :c:func:`PyObject_Realloc`
      * :c:func: `PyObject Calloc
      * :c:func: `PyObject Free
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpythonmain\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 459)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void PyMem GetAllocator(PyMemAllocatorDomain domain, PyMemAllocatorEx tallocator) Get the memory block allocator of the specified domain.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpythonmain\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 464)

Set the memory block allocator of the specified domain.

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void PyMem SetAllocator(PyMemAllocatorDomain domain, PyMemAllocatorEx tallocator)

The new allocator must return a distinct non-``NULL`` pointer when requesting zero bytes.

For the :c:data: PYMEM DOMAIN RAW domain, the allocator must be thread-safe: the :term:`GIL <\(\bar{g}\)lobal interpreter lock>` is not held when the allocator is called.

If the new allocator is not a hook (does not call the previous allocator), the :c:func:`PyMem SetupDebugHooks` function must be called to reinstall the debug hooks on top on the new allocator.

See also :c:member:`PyPreConfig.allocator` and :ref:`Preinitialize Python with PyPreConfig <c-preinit>`.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 482)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void PyMem_SetupDebugHooks(void)

Setup :ref:`debug hooks in the Python memory allocators $\operatorname{pymem-debug-hooks}$ ` to detect memory errors.

Debug hooks on the Python memory allocators

When ref: Python is built in debug mode <debug-build>', the ref: Python preinitalization <c-preinit>' to setup debug hooks on Python memory allocators to detect memory errors.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 493); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 493); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 493); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

The :envvar: 'PYTHONMALLOC' environment variable can be used to install debug hooks on a Python compiled in release mode (ex: PYTHONMALLOC=debug).

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 498); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "envvar".

The :c:func:'PyMem SetupDebugHooks' function can be used to set debug hooks after calling :c:func:'PyMem SetAllocator'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 501); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

 $System\ Message:\ ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\coc\c-api\cpython-main\c)}\ (\texttt{Dec}\c-api\cpython-main\c)\cpython-main\c)\ (\texttt{Coc}\c-api\cpython-main\c)\cpython-main\cpython-main\c)\cpython-main\cpython-main\cpython-main\c)\cpython-main\cpython-ma$

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

These debug hooks fill dynamically allocated memory blocks with special, recognizable bit patterns. Newly allocated memory is filled with the byte <code>0xdd</code> (<code>PYMEM_CLEANBYTE</code>), freed memory is filled with the byte <code>0xdd</code> (<code>PYMEM_DEADBYTE</code>). Memory blocks are surrounded by "forbidden bytes" filled with the byte <code>0xfd</code> (<code>PYMEM_FORBIDDENBYTE</code>). Strings of these bytes are unlikely to be valid addresses, floats, or ASCII strings.

Runtime checks:

• Detect API violations. For example, detect if :c:fimc:'PyObject_Free' is called on a memory block allocated by :c:fimc:'PyMem_Malloc'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 513); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-

resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 513); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

- Detect write before the start of the buffer (buffer underflow).
- Detect write after the end of the buffer (buffer overflow).
- Check that the :term: `GIL <global interpreter lock>` is held when allocator functions of :c:data: `PYMEM_DOMAIN_OBJ` (ex: :c:func: `PyObject_Malloc`) and :c:data: `PYMEM_DOMAIN_MEM` (ex: :c:func: `PyMem_Malloc`) domains are called.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 517); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "term".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 517); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:data".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 517); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 517); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:data".

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Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

On error, the debug hooks use the :mod:`tracemalloc` module to get the traceback where a memory block was allocated. The traceback is only displayed if :mod:`tracemalloc` is tracing Python memory allocations and the memory block was traced.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 522); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 522); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

Let $S = \mathtt{sizeof}(\mathtt{size_t})$. 2*s bytes are added at each end of each block of N bytes requested. The memory layout is like so, where p represents the address returned by a malloc-like or realloc-like function (p[i:j] means the slice of bytes from * (p+i) inclusive up to * (p+j) exclusive; note that the treatment of negative indices differs from a Python slice):

```
p[-2*S:-S]
```

Number of bytes originally asked for. This is a size t, big-endian (easier to read in a memory dump).

p[-S]

API identifier (ASCII character):

• 'r' for :c:data: 'PYMEM DOMAIN RAW'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 539); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:data".

• 'm' for :c:data: 'PYMEM DOMAIN MEM'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main)\Doc\ (c-api)\ memory.rst, line 540); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:data".

'o' for :c:data: PYMEM DOMAIN OBJ'.

Unknown interpreted text role "c:data".

p[-S+1:0]

Copies of PYMEM FORBIDDENBYTE. Used to catch under- writes and reads.

p[0:N]

The requested memory, filled with copies of PYMEM_CLEANBYTE, used to catch reference to uninitialized memory. When a realloc-like function is called requesting a larger memory block, the new excess bytes are also filled with PYMEM_CLEANBYTE. When a free-like function is called, these are overwritten with PYMEM_DEADBYTE, to catch reference to freed memory. When a realloc-like function is called requesting a smaller memory block, the excess old bytes are also filled with PYMEM_DEADBYTE.

p[N:N+S]

Copies of PYMEM_FORBIDDENBYTE. Used to catch over- writes and reads.

p[N+S:N+2*S]

Only used if the PYMEM_DEBUG_SERIALNO macro is defined (not defined by default).

A serial number, incremented by 1 on each call to a malloc-like or realloc-like function. Big-endian <code>size_t</code>. If "bad memory" is detected later, the serial number gives an excellent way to set a breakpoint on the next run, to capture the instant at which this block was passed out. The static function bumpserialno() in obmalloc.c is the only place the serial number is incremented, and exists so you can set such a breakpoint easily.

A realloc-like or free-like function first checks that the PYMEM_FORBIDDENBYTE bytes at each end are intact. If they've been altered, diagnostic output is written to stderr, and the program is aborted via Py_FatalError(). The other main failure mode is provoking a memory error when a program reads up one of the special bit patterns and tries to use it as an address. If you get in a debugger then and look at the object, you're likely to see that it's entirely filled with PYMEM_DEADBYTE (meaning freed memory is getting used) or PYMEM_CLEANBYTE (meaning uninitialized memory is getting used).

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 578)

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

.. versionchanged:: 3.6

The :c:func:`PyMem_SetupDebugHooks` function now also works on Python compiled in release mode. On error, the debug hooks now use :mod:`tracemalloc` to get the traceback where a memory block was allocated. The debug hooks now also check if the GIL is held when functions of :c:data:`PYMEM_DOMAIN_OBJ` and :c:data:`PYMEM_DOMAIN_MEM` domains are called.

 $System\ Message:\ ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\coc\c-api\cpython-main)}\ (\texttt{Doc})\ (\texttt{c-api})\ (\texttt{memory.rst},\ line\ 586)$

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.8
  Byte patterns ``0xCB`` (``PYMEM_CLEANBYTE``), ``0xDB`` (``PYMEM_DEADBYTE``)
  and ``0xFB`` (``PYMEM_FORBIDDENBYTE``) have been replaced with \[\tilde{\)}\]
  ``0xDD`` and \[\tilde{\)}\]
  ``oxbD`` and \[\tilde{\)}\]
  ``malloc()`` and \[\tilde{\}}\]
```

Python has a *pymalloc* allocator optimized for small objects (smaller or equal to 512 bytes) with a short lifetime. It uses memory mappings called "arenas" with a fixed size of 256 KiB. It falls back to :c:func:`PyMem_RawMalloc` and :c:func:`PyMem_RawRealloc` for allocations larger than 512 bytes.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 598); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 598); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

pymalloc is the ref: 'default allocator <default-memory-allocators>' of the c:data: 'PYMEM_DOMAIN_MEM' (ex: c:func: 'PyMem Malloc') and :c:data: 'PYMEM DOMAIN OBJ' (ex: c:func: 'PyObject Malloc') domains.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 603); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 603); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:data".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 603); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 603); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:data".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 603); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

The arena allocator uses the following functions:

• :c:func: 'VirtualAlloc' and :c:func: 'VirtualFree' on Windows,

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 609); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 609); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

• :c:func:'mmap' and :c:func:'munmap' if available,

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 610); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 610); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

• :c:func:'malloc' and :c:func:'free' otherwise.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 611); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

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Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

This allocator is disabled if Python is configured with the :option:'--without-pymalloc' option. It can also be disabled at runtime using the :envvar:'PYTHONMALLOC' environment variable (ex: PYTHONMALLOC=malloc).

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 613); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "option".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 613); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "envvar".

Customize pymalloc Arena Allocator

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 620)

Unknown directive type "versionadded".

.. versionadded:: 3.4

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 622)

Unknown directive type "c:type".

.. c:type:: PyObjectArenaAllocator

Structure used to describe an arena allocator. The structure has three fields:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 637)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

.. c:function:: void PyObject_GetArenaAllocator(PyObjectArenaAllocator *allocator)

Get the arena allocator.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 641)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: void PyObject_SetArenaAllocator(PyObjectArenaAllocator *allocator)

Set the arena allocator.
```

tracemalloc C API

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 649)

Unknown directive type "versionadded".

.. versionadded:: 3.7

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 651)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: int PyTraceMalloc_Track(unsigned int domain, uintptr_t ptr, size_t size)
   Track an allocated memory block in the :mod:`tracemalloc` module.

Return ``0`` on success, return ``-1`` on error (failed to allocate memory to store the trace). Return ``-2`` if tracemalloc is disabled.

If memory block is already tracked, update the existing trace.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 660)

Unknown directive type "c:function".

```
.. c:function:: int PyTraceMalloc_Untrack(unsigned int domain, uintptr_t ptr)

Untrack an allocated memory block in the :mod:`tracemalloc` module.

Do nothing if the block was not tracked.

Return ``-2`` if tracemalloc is disabled, otherwise return ``0``.
```

Examples

Here is the example from section reff memoryoverview, rewritten so that the I/O buffer is allocated from the Python heap by using the first function set:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 673); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

```
PyObject *res;
char *buf = (char *) PyMem_Malloc(BUFSIZ); /* for I/O */

if (buf == NULL)
    return PyErr_NoMemory();
/* ...Do some I/O operation involving buf... */
res = PyBytes_FromString(buf);
PyMem_Free(buf); /* allocated with PyMem_Malloc */
return res;
```

The same code using the type-oriented function set:

```
PyObject *res;
char *buf = PyMem_New(char, BUFSIZ); /* for I/O */

if (buf == NULL)
          return PyErr_NoMemory();
/* ...Do some I/O operation involving buf... */
res = PyBytes_FromString(buf);
PyMem_Del(buf); /* allocated with PyMem_New */
return res;
```

Note that in the two examples above, the buffer is always manipulated via functions belonging to the same set. Indeed, it is required to use the same memory API family for a given memory block, so that the risk of mixing different allocators is reduced to a minimum

The following code sequence contains two errors, one of which is labeled as *fatal* because it mixes two different allocators operating on different heaps.

```
char *buf1 = PyMem_New(char, BUFSIZ);
char *buf2 = (char *) malloc(BUFSIZ);
char *buf3 = (char *) PyMem_Malloc(BUFSIZ);
...
PyMem_Del(buf3); /* Wrong -- should be PyMem_Free() */
free(buf2); /* Right -- allocated via malloc() */
free(buf1); /* Fatal -- should be PyMem_Del() */
```

In addition to the functions aimed at handling raw memory blocks from the Python heap, objects in Python are allocated and released with :c:func:`PyObject_New`, :c:func:`PyObject_NewVar` and :c:func:`PyObject_Del`.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 713); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api)memory.rst, line 713); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:fime".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\c-api\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (c-api) memory.rst, line 713); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".
```

These will be explained in the next chapter on defining and implementing new object types in C.