Configure Git

This chapter describes maintainer level git configuration.

Tagged branches used in ref. Documentation/maintainer/pull-requests.rst <pullrequests>` should be signed with the developers public GPG key. Signed tags can be created by passing the -u flag to git tag. However, since you would usually use the same key for the same project, you can set it once with

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\linux-master\Documentation\maintainer\[linux-master] [Documentation] [maintainer] configure-git.rst, line 8); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".
```

```
git config user.signingkey "keyname"
```

Alternatively, edit your .git/config or ~/.gitconfig file by hand:

```
[user]
    name = Jane Developer
    email = jd@domain.org
    signingkey = jd@domain.org

You may need to tell git to use gpg2
```

```
[gpg] program = /path/to/gpg2
```

You may also like to tell gpg which tty to use (add to your shell re file)

```
export GPG_TTY=$(tty)
```

Creating commit links to lore.kernel.org

The web site http://lore.kernel.org is meant as a grand archive of all mail list traffic concerning or influencing the kernel development. Storing archives of patches here is a recommended practice, and when a maintainer applies a patch to a subsystem tree, it is a good idea to provide a Link: tag with a reference back to the lore archive so that people that browse the commit history can find related discussions and rationale behind a certain change. The link tag will look like this:

```
Link: https://lore.kernel.org/r/<message-id>
```

This can be configured to happen automatically any time you issue git am by adding the following hook into your git: