Form controls

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Example

```
 \begin{split} & \{ \{ < example > \} \} \\ & Email \ address \\ & Example \ textarea \\ & \{ \{ < / example > \} \} \end{split}
```

Sizing

Set heights using classes like .form-control-lg and .form-control-sm. $\{ \{ < \text{example} > \} \} \ \{ \{ < / \text{example} > \} \}$

Disabled

Add the disabled boolean attribute on an input to give it a grayed out appearance and remove pointer events.

```
\{\{< example > \}\} \ \{\{< / example > \}\}
```

Readonly

Add the readonly boolean attribute on an input to prevent modification of the input's value.

```
\{\{< example > \}\} \{\{< /example > \}\}
```

Readonly plain text

If you want to have <input readonly> elements in your form styled as plain text, use the .form-control-plaintext class to remove the default form field styling and preserve the correct margin and padding.

```
\{\{\langle example \rangle\}\}
<label for="staticEmail" class="col-sm-2 col-form-label">Email</label>
<div class="col-sm-10">
  <input type="text" readonly class="form-control-plaintext" id="staticEmail" value="email@</pre>
</div>
<label for="inputPassword" class="col-sm-2 col-form-label">Password</label>
<div class="col-sm-10">
  <input type="password" class="form-control" id="inputPassword">
</div>
\{\{</\text{example}>\}\}
\{\{\langle example \rangle\}\}
<label for="staticEmail2" class="visually-hidden">Email</label>
<input type="text" readonly class="form-control-plaintext" id="staticEmail2" value="email@e:</pre>
<label for="inputPassword2" class="visually-hidden">Password</label>
<input type="password" class="form-control" id="inputPassword2" placeholder="Password">
<button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary mb-3">Confirm identity</button>
\{\{</\text{example}>\}\}
```

File input

```
{{< example >}}
Default file input example
Multiple files input example
Disabled file input example
Small file input example
Large file input example
{{< /example >}}
```

Color

```
\{\{< example > \}\}\ Color\ picker \{\{< / example > \}\}
```

Datalists

Datalists allow you to create a group of <option>s that can be accessed (and autocompleted) from within an <input>. These are similar to <select> elements, but come with more menu styling limitations and differences. While most browsers and operating systems include some support for <datalist> elements, their styling is inconsistent at best.

Learn more about support for datalist elements.

```
\{\{< example > \}\} Datalist example \{\{< /example > \}\}
```

Sass

Variables

```
$input-* are shared across most of our form controls (and not buttons).
{{< scss-docs name="form-input-variables" file="scss/_variables.scss" >}}
$form-label-* and $form-text-* are for our <label>s and .form-text component.
{{< scss-docs name="form-label-variables" file="scss/_variables.scss" >}}
{{< scss-docs name="form-text-variables" file="scss/_variables.scss" >}}
$form-file-* are for file input.
{{< scss-docs name="form-file-variables" file="scss/_variables.scss" >}}
```