The following operators are part of the distinct rxjava-async module. They are used to convert synchronous methods into Observables.

- <u>start()</u> create an Observable that emits the return value of a function
- <u>toAsync()</u> <u>or asyncAction()</u> <u>or asyncFunc()</u> convert a function or Action into an Observable that executes the function and emits its return value
- <u>startFuture()</u> convert a function that returns Future into an Observable that emits that Future's return value
- <u>deferFuture()</u> convert a Future that returns an Observable into an Observable, but do not attempt to get the Observable that the Future returns until a Subscriber subscribes
- <u>forEachFuture()</u> pass Subscriber methods to an Observable but also have it behave like a Future that blocks until it completes
- <u>fromAction()</u> convert an Action into an Observable that invokes the action and emits its result when a Subscriber subscribes
- <u>fromCallable()</u> convert a Callable into an Observable that invokes the callable and emits its result or exception when a Subscriber subscribes
- <u>fromRunnable()</u> convert a Runnable into an Observable that invokes the runable and emits its result when a Subscriber subscribes
- <u>runAsync()</u> returns a StoppableObservable that emits multiple actions as generated by a specified Action on a Scheduler