Is your Meteor Cordova app not getting the updates you're deploying?

After reading this article, you'll know:

- 1. The prerequisites to using Hot Code Push
- 2. Some techniques to diagnose and solve common issues
- 3. How to dig deeper if that doesn't solve your issue

This article builds on the <u>Cordova</u> article. We recommend reading that first, though we've tried to link back to its relevant sections.

# **Prerequisites**

Make sure that you have:

- an Android and/or iOS mobile app based on Meteor's Cordova integration
- the package hot-code-push listed in your .meteor/versions file
- locally: make sure your test device and development device are on the same network
- in production: make sure the --server flag of your meteor build command points to the same
  place as your ROOT\_URL environment variable (or, on Galaxy, the site in meteor deploy site). See
  details

## **Known issues**

### Override compatability versions

Did the app suddenly stop getting new code after you updated meteor, or you changed plugins?

The client probably logs: Skipping downloading new version because the Cordova platform version or plugin versions have changed and are potentially incompatible

Meteor, Cordova and plugins cannot be updated through Hot Code Push. So Meteor by default disables Hot Code Push to app versions that have different versions than the server. This avoids crashing a user's app, for example, when new JS calls a plugin that his app version doesn't yet have.

You can override this behavior. Just make sure you deal with potentially incompatible versions in your JS instead.

# Update your AUTOUPDATE\_VERSION

AUTOUPDATE\_VERSION is an environment variable you can add to your run and deploy commands:

```
$ AUTOUPDATE_VERSION=abc meteor deploy example.com
```

If your app has an AUTOUPDATE\_VERSION set, make sure you change its value when you want a deploy to update your clients.

#### Cordova doesn't hot reload CSS separately

Are you seeing your web app incorporate changes without reload, yet your cordova app reloads each time?

For CSS-only changes, this is the expected behaviour. Browsers update the layout without reload, but in cordova, <u>any change reloads the whole app</u>.

In case you want to implement soft CSS update for Cordova, see below how to edit the source.

### Outdated custom reload code and packages

There are <u>several reload packages</u>, and maybe your app includes some custom reload code. Of course, these may have bugs or be outdated.

In particular, when you push an update, does the app reload but use the old code anyways? Probably, the code hasn't been updated to work with Meteor 1.8.1 or later. As mentioned in the <a href="mailto:changelog">changelog</a>, we recommend you call <a href="https://www.weitchtoPendingVersion">WebAppLocalServer.switchtoPendingVersion</a> before forcing a browser reload.

Alternatively, use the built-in behavior to reload. Instead of, say, window.location.reload(), call the retry function passed to the Reload. onMigrate() callback. For example:

```
Reload._onMigrate((retry) => {
   if (/* not ready */) {
      window.setTimeout(retry, 5 * 1000); // Check again in 5 seconds
      return [false];
   }
   // ready
   return [true];
});
```

If you use a package that is no longer compatible, consider forking it or opening a PR with the above changes. Alternatively, you can switch to a compatible one such as <a href="mailto:guave:reloader">guave:reloader</a>

#### **Avoid hash fragments**

Cordova doesn't show the URL bar, but the user is still on some URL or other, which may have a hash ( # ). HCP works better if it doesn't.

If you can, remove the hash fragment before the reload.

### Avoid making it download big files

In the client side logs, you may see HCP fail with errors like:

```
Error: Error downloading asset: /
  at http://localhost:12472/plugins/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp/www/webapp-local-
server.js:51:21
  at Object.callbackFromNative (http://localhost:12472/cordova.js:287:58)
  at <anonymous>:1:9
```

This error from <u>cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp</u> may be caused by big files, often in the <u>public</u> folder. Downloading these can fail depending on connection speed, and available space on the device.

You could run \$ du -a public | sort -n -r | head -n 20 to find the 20 biggest files and their sizes. Consider serving them from an external storage service or CDN instead. Then they are only downloaded when really needed, and can fail downloading without blocking HCP.

## If it is only broken locally

If you notice HCP works in production but not when you test locally, you may need to enable clear text or set a correct --mobile-server . Both are <u>explained</u> in the docs.

# Still having issues?

If none of that solved your issues and you'd like to dive deeper, here's some tips to get you started.

If you end up finding a bug in one of Meteor's packages or plugins, don't hesitate to open an <u>issue</u> and/or a <u>pull</u> <u>request</u>.

#### Where does hot code push live?

Hot code push is included in <code>meteor-base</code> through a web of <u>official meteor packages</u>, most importantly <code>reload</code> and <code>autoupdate</code>.

In the case of cordova, a lot of the heavy lifting is done by <a href="mailto:cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp">cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp</a>.

To oversimplify, autoupdate decides when to refresh the client, the plugin then downloads the new client code and assets, and reload then refreshes the page to start using them.

### What are the steps it takes?

We can break it down a bit more:

- whenever the server thinks the client side may have changed, it calculates a hash of your entire client bundle
- it <u>publishes</u> this hash to all clients
- the clients subscribe to this publish
- when a new hash arrives, each client compares it to its own hash
- if it's different, it starts to download the new client bundle
- when it's done, the client saves any data and announces that it will reload
- the app and packages get a chance to save their data or to deny the reload
- if/when allowed, it reloads

# How to spy on it?

To figure out where the issue is, we can log the various steps HCP takes.

First, make sure you can see client-side logs (or print them on some screen of your app).

A few more useful values to print, and events to listen to, might be:

- The version hashes: \_\_meteor\_runtime\_config\_\_.autoupdate.versions['web.cordova']
- The reactive <a href="Autoupdate.newClientAvailable">Autoupdate.newClientAvailable</a>() : if this turns into true and then doesn't refresh, you know the client does receive the new version but something goes wrong trying to download or apply it.

```
Tracker.autorun(() => {
   console.log('new client available:', Autoupdate.newClientAvailable());
});
```

To check the client's subscription to the new versions, check
 Meteor.default\_connection.\_subscriptions . For example, to log whether the subscription is ready and inactive (using lodash):

```
const { ready, inactive } = _.chain(Meteor)
  .get('default_connection._subscriptions', {})
  .toPairs()
  .map(1)
  .find({ name: 'meteor_autoupdate_clientVersions' })
  .pick(['inactive', 'ready']) // comment this to see all options
  .value();
console.log('ready:', ready);
console.log('inactive:', inactive);
```

Or, to log the value of ready each time the subscription changes:

```
const hcpSub = _.chain(Meteor)
   .get('default_connection._subscriptions', {})
   .toPairs()
   .map(1)
   .find({ name: 'meteor_autoupdate_clientVersions' })
   .value(); // no .pick() this time; return whole subscription object

Tracker.autorun(() => {
   hcpSub.readyDeps.depend(); // Rerun when something changes in the subscription console.log('hcpSub.ready', hcpSub.ready);
});
```

Should print false and then true less than a second later.

• To see if we finish downloading and preparing the new version, listen to WebAppLocalServer.onNewVersionReady;

```
WebAppLocalServer.onNewVersionReady(() => {
   console.log('new version is ready!');
   // Copied from original in autoupdate/autoupdate_cordova.js because we overwrite
   it
   if (Package.reload) {
     Package.reload.Reload._reload();
   }
});
```

• To see if permission to reload is being requested, listen to Reload.\_onMigrate(). Be sure to return [true] or the reload may not happen. (I believe that if this is run in your app code, it means all packages allowed the reload. But I didn't find my source on this.)

```
Reload._onMigrate(() => {
  console.log('going to reload now');
  return [true];
});
```

• To know if a run of Meteor.startup was the result of a HCP reload or not, we can take advantage of the fact that Session s (like ReactiveDict s) are preserved.

```
Meteor.startup(() => {
  console.log('Was HCP:', Session.get('wasHCP'));
  Session.set('wasHCP', false);

Reload._onMigrate(() => {
    Session.set('wasHCP', true);
    return [true];
  });
});
```

## How to edit the source

Finally, if you want to change some of the package and plugin code locally, you can.

## **Editing the packages**

Say we want to edit the autoupdate package.

In the root of your project, create a folder named packages , then add a folder autoupdate . Here we put the code from the original package (found in  $\sim$ /.meteor/packages), then we edit it.

Meteor will now use the local version instead of the official one.

## **Editing the plugin**

To install a modified version of a plugin,

- from another folder, download the original code e.g. git clone https://github.com/meteor/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp.git
- install it into your meteor project with <a href="meteor-add-cordova-cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://path/to/cordova-plugin-meteor-webapp@file://pat
- · modify it as you like

Meteor will start using the local version instead of the official one. But note you will have to rerun meteor build or meteor run every time you change the plugin.

# Found a bug?

If you found a bug in one of the packages or plugins, don't hesitate to open an issue and/or pull request.