# PostCSS

PostCSS transforms extended syntaxes and features into modern, browser-friendly CSS. This guide will show you how to get started with Gatsby and PostCSS.

### Installing and configuring PostCSS

This guide assumes that you have a Gatsby project set up. If you need to set up a project, head to the quick start guide, then come back.

1. Install the Gatsby plugin gatsby-plugin-postcss.

npm install postcss gatsby-plugin-postcss

2. Include the plugin in your gatsby-config. is file.

```
plugins: [`gatsby-plugin-postcss`],
```

**Note**: If you need to pass options to PostCSS use the plugins options; see postcss-loader for all available options.

3. Write your stylesheets using PostCSS (.css files) and require or import them as normal.

```
@custom-media --med (width <= 50rem);
@media (--med) {
   a {
     &:hover {
      color: color-mod(black alpha(54%));
   }
}
import "./styles.css"</pre>
```

#### With CSS modules

To use CSS modules, prepend .module to the extension. For example: App.css -> App.module.css. Any file with the module extension will use CSS modules.

## PostCSS plugins

If you would prefer to add additional postprocessing to your PostCSS output you can specify plugins in the plugin options:

```
plugins: [
  {
    resolve: `gatsby-plugin-postcss`,
    options: {
      postCssPlugins: [require(`postcss-preset-env`)({ stage: 0 })],
    },
  },
],
Alternatively, you can use postcss.config.js to specify your particular
PostCSS configuration:
const postcssPresetEnv = require(`postcss-preset-env`)
module.exports = () => ({
  plugins: [
    postcssPresetEnv({
      stage: 0,
    }),
  ],
})
```

## Other resources

• Introduction to PostCSS