:mod:'contextvars' --- Context Variables

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 1); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

 $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3\, (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\xspace) context vars.rst, \mbox{line}\xspace 4)$

Unknown directive type "module".

```
.. module:: contextvars
    :synopsis: Context Variables
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 7)

Unknown directive type "sectionauthor".

```
.. sectionauthor:: Yury Selivanov <yury@magic.io>
```

This module provides APIs to manage, store, and access context-local state. The :class:`~contextvars.ContextVar` class is used to declare and work with *Context Variables*. The :func:`~contextvars.copy_context` function and the :class:`~contextvars.Context` class should be used to manage the current context in asynchronous frameworks.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 11); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 11); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 11); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Context managers that have state should use Context Variables instead of :finc:`threading.local()` to prevent their state from bleeding to other code unexpectedly, when used in concurrent code.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 17); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

See also PEP 567 for additional details.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 23)

Unknown directive type "versionadded".

```
.. versionadded:: 3.7
```

Context Variables

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpythonmain\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 29) Invalid class attribute value for "class" directive: "ContextVar(name, [*, default])". .. class:: ContextVar(name, [*, default]) This class is used to declare a new Context Variable, e.g.:: var: ContextVar[int] = ContextVar('var', default=42) The required *name* parameter is used for introspection and debug purposes. The optional keyword-only *default* parameter is returned by :meth: `ContextVar.get` when no value for the variable is found in the current context. **Important:** Context Variables should be created at the top module level and never in closures. :class:`Context` objects hold strong references to context variables which prevents context variables from being properly garbage collected. .. attribute:: ContextVar.name The name of the variable. This is a read-only property. .. versionadded:: 3.7.1 .. method:: get([default]) Return a value for the context variable for the current context. If there is no value for the variable in the current context, the method will: * return the value of the *default* argument of the method, if provided; or * return the default value for the context variable, if it was created with one; or * raise a :exc:`LookupError`. .. method:: set(value) Call to set a new value for the context variable in the current The required *value* argument is the new value for the context variable. Returns a :class: `~contextvars.Token` object that can be used to restore the variable to its previous value via the :meth: `ContextVar.reset` method. .. method:: reset(token) Reset the context variable to the value it had before the :meth:`ContextVar.set` that created the *token* was used. For example:: var = ContextVar('var') token = var.set('new value') # code that uses 'var'; var.get() returns 'new value'. var.reset(token) # After the reset call the var has no value again, so # var.get() would raise a LookupError.

Token objects are returned by the :meth: ContextVar.set` method. They can be passed to the :meth: ContextVar.reset` method to revert the value of the variable to what it was before the corresponding set.

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

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Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

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Unknown directive type "attribute".

```
.. attribute:: Token.var

A read-only property. Points to the :class:`ContextVar` object
that created the token.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 109)

Unknown directive type "attribute".

```
.. attribute:: Token.old_value

A read-only property. Set to the value the variable had before the :meth: `ContextVar.set` method call that created the token. It points to :attr: `Token.MISSING` is the variable was not set before the call.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 116)

Unknown directive type "attribute".

```
.. attribute:: Token.MISSING
   A marker object used by :attr:`Token.old_value`.
```

Manual Context Management

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 124)

Unknown directive type "function".

```
.. function:: copy_context()
  Returns a copy of the current :class:`~contextvars.Context` object.
  The following snippet gets a copy of the current context and prints all variables and their values that are set in it::
     ctx: Context = copy_context()
     print(list(ctx.items()))

The function has an O(1) complexity, i.e. works equally fast for contexts with a few context variables and for contexts that have a lot of them.
```

A mapping of :class: 'ContextVars < ContextVar>' to their values.

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 143); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

Context implements the :class:'collections.abc.Mapping' interface.

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 149)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: run(callable, *args, **kwargs)
  Execute ``callable(*args, **kwargs)`` code in the context object
  the *run* method is called on. Return the result of the execution
  or propagate an exception if one occurred.
  Any changes to any context variables that *callable* makes will
  be contained in the context object::
    var = ContextVar('var')
    var.set('spam')
    def main():
         # 'var' was set to 'spam' before
         # calling 'copy_context()' and 'ctx.run(main)', so:
# var.get() == ctx[var] == 'spam'
         var.set('ham')
         # Now, after setting 'var' to 'ham':
         # var.get() == ctx[var] == 'ham'
    ctx = copy_context()
     # Any changes that the 'main' function makes to 'var'
     # will be contained in 'ctx'.
    ctx.run(main)
     # The 'main()' function was run in the 'ctx' context,
     # so changes to 'var' are contained in it:
     # ctx[var] == 'ham'
     # However, outside of 'ctx', 'var' is still set to 'spam':
     # var.get() == 'spam'
  The method raises a :exc:`RuntimeError` when called on the same
  context object from more than one OS thread, or when called
  recursively.
```

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Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: copy()

Return a shallow copy of the context object.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 192)

Unknown directive type "describe".

```
.. describe:: var in context
```

```
Return ``True`` if the *context* has a value for *var* set; return ``False`` otherwise.
```

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Unknown directive type "describe".

```
.. describe:: context[var]

Return the value of the *var* :class:`ContextVar` variable.
If the variable is not set in the context object, a
:exc:`KeyError` is raised.
```

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Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: get(var, [default])

Return the value for *var* if *var* has the value in the context
object. Return *default* otherwise. If *default* is not given,
return ``None``.
```

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Unknown directive type "describe".

```
.. describe:: iter(context)

Return an iterator over the variables stored in the context
object.
```

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Unknown directive type "describe".

```
.. describe:: len(proxy)

Return the number of variables set in the context object.
```

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Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: keys()
   Return a list of all variables in the context object.
```

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Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: values()
   Return a list of all variables' values in the context object.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) contextvars.rst, line 227)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: items()

Return a list of 2-tuples containing all variables and their
values in the context object.
```

asyncio support

Context variables are natively supported in :mod:`asyncio` and are ready to be used without any extra configuration. For example, here is a simple echo server, that uses a context variable to make the address of a remote client available in the Task that handles that client:

```
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```

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

```
import asyncio
import contextvars
client addr var = contextvars.ContextVar('client addr')
def render_goodbye():
    # The address of the currently handled client can be accessed
    # without passing it explicitly to this function.
    client addr = client addr var.get()
    return f'Good bye, client @ {client_addr}\n'.encode()
async def handle_request(reader, writer):
    addr = writer.transport.get extra info('socket').getpeername()
    client addr var.set(addr)
    # In any code that we call is now possible to get
    # client's address by calling 'client addr var.get()'.
    while True:
       line = await reader.readline()
        print(line)
        if not line.strip():
           break
        writer.write(line)
    writer.write(render goodbye())
    writer.close()
async def main():
   srv = await asyncio.start server(
       handle_request, '127.0.0.1', 8081)
    async with srv:
       await srv.serve forever()
asyncio.run(main())
# To test it you can use telnet:
     telnet 127.0.0.1 8081
```