There are conflicting trait implementations for the same type.

```
Erroneous code example:
```

When looking for the implementation for the trait, the compiler finds both the impl<T> MyTrait for T where T is all types and the impl MyTrait for Foo. Since a trait cannot be implemented multiple times, this is an error. So, when you write:

```
trait MyTrait {
    fn get(&self) -> usize;
}

impl<T> MyTrait for T {
    fn get(&self) -> usize { 0 }
}
```

This makes the trait implemented on all types in the scope. So if you try to implement it on another one after that, the implementations will conflict. Example:

```
trait MyTrait {
    fn get(&self) -> usize;
}

impl<T> MyTrait for T {
    fn get(&self) -> usize { 0 }
}

struct Foo;

fn main() {
```

```
let f = Foo;
f.get(); // the trait is implemented so we can use it
}
```