# :mod: `warnings` --- Warning control

System Message: ERROR/3 (p:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 1); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

Unknown directive type "module".

.. module:: warnings :synopsis: Issue warning messages and control their disposition.

Source code: :source:`Lib/warnings.py`

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((1)\) (library\warnings.rst, line 7); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "source".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((1)\) (library\(main\)) warnings.rst, line 9)

Unknown directive type "index".

.. index:: single: warnings

Warning messages are typically issued in situations where it is useful to alert the user of some condition in a program, where that condition (normally) doesn't warrant raising an exception and terminating the program. For example, one might want to issue a warning when a program uses an obsolete module.

Python programmers issue warnings by calling the :finnc:'warn' function defined in this module. (C programmers use :c:finnc:'PyErr\_WarnEx'; see :ref:'exceptionhandling' for details).

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D: \onboarding-resources \sample-onboarding-resources \cpython-main) Doc\library\ (cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (library)\ warnings.rst, line\ 18); backlink$ 

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 18); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((1)\) (library\) warnings.rst, line 18); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

Warning messages are normally written to 'data': sys.stdern', but their disposition can be changed flexibly, from ignoring all warnings to turning them into exceptions. The disposition of warnings can vary based on the ref' warning category < warning-categories>', the text of the warning message, and the source location where it is issued. Repetitions of a particular warning for the same source location are typically suppressed.

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D: \onboarding-resources \sample-onboarding-resources \cpython-main) Doc\library\ (cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (library)\ warnings.rst, line\ 22); backlink$ 

Unknown interpreted text role "data".

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (p:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\coc\library\cpython-main\coc\clibrary\cpython-main\coc\clibrary\cpython-main\cpython-main\cpython-m$ 

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

There are two stages in warning control: first, each time a warning is issued, a determination is made whether a message should be issued or not; next, if a message is to be issued, it is formatted and printed using a user-settable hook.

The determination whether to issue a warning message is controlled by the ref: warning filter <warning-filter>', which is a sequence of matching rules and actions. Rules can be added to the filter by calling :func:'filterwarnings' and reset to its default state by calling :func:'resetwarnings'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((1)\) (Dirary)\(warnings.rst,\) line 33); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 33); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 33); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

The printing of warning messages is done by calling :func:`showwarning`, which may be overridden; the default implementation of this function formats the message by calling :func:`formatwarning`, which is also available for use by custom implementations.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 38); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((1)\) (library\(main\) warnings.rst, line 38); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 43)

Unknown directive type "seealso".

.. seealso::
 :func:`logging.captureWarnings` allows you to handle all warnings with
 the standard logging infrastructure.

# Warning Categories

There are a number of built-in exceptions that represent warning categories. This categorization is useful to be able to filter out groups of warnings.

While these are technically rref: built-in exceptions < warning-categories-as-exceptions >', they are documented here, because conceptually they belong to the warnings mechanism

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 56); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

User code can define additional warning categories by subclassing one of the standard warning categories. A warning category must always be a subclass of the <code>:exc:Warning</code> class.

System Message: ERROR/3 (p:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 60); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

The following warnings category classes are currently defined:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 66)

Unknown directive type "tabularcolumns".

.. tabularcolumns::  $|1|p{0.6\linewidth}|$ 

### Class

:exc:\Warning\

System Message: ERROR/3

(D:\onboardingresources\sample-onboarding-

resources\cpythonmain\Doc\library\(cpythonmain) (Doc)

(library) warnings.rst, line 72): backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

### Description

This is the base class of all warning category classes. It is a subclass of exc.' Exception'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 72); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

:exc:`UserWarning`	Description
	The default category for :func: warn'.
System Message: ERROR/3 (D: \onboarding- resources \sample-onboarding- resources \cpython- main \( \text{Doc}\) (cpython- main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 76); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "exc".	System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample-onboarding- resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython- main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 76); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "func".
:exc:`DeprecationWarning`	
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample-onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\(cpython- main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 78); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "exc".	Base category for warnings about deprecated features when those warning are intended for other Python developers (ignored by default, unless triggered by code inmain).
:exc:`SyntaxWarning`	
System Message: ERROR/3 (D: \onboarding- resources \sample-onboarding- resources \cpython- main \( \text{Doc}\) (cpython- main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 83); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "exc".	Base category for warnings about dubious syntactic features.
exc: RuntimeWarning	
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample-onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\(cpython- main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 86); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "exc".	Base category for warnings about dubious runtime features.
:exc:`FutureWarning`	
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample-onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\(cpython- main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 89); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "exc".	Base category for warnings about deprecated features when those warning are intended for end users of applications that are written in Python.
:exc:`PendingDeprecationWarning`	
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding- resources\sample-onboarding- resources\cpython- main\Doc\library\(cpython- main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line	Base category for warnings about features that will be deprecated in the future (ignored by default).

Class Description :exc:`ImportWarning` System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboardingresources\sample-onboardingresources\cpython-Base category for warnings triggered during the process of importing a main\Doc\library\(cpythonmodule (ignored by default). main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 98); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "exc". :exc:\UnicodeWarning\ System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboardingresources\sample-onboardingresources\cpython-Base category for warnings related to Unicode. main\Doc\library\(cpythonmain) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 102); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "exc". Base category for warnings related to :class:'bytes' and :class:'bytearray'. System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-:exc:`BytesWarning` resources\sample-onboardingresources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-System Message: ERROR/3 main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 105); (D:\onboardingbacklink resources\sample-onboardingresources\cpython-Unknown interpreted text role "class". main\Doc\library\(cpythonmain) (Doc) System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-(library) warnings.rst. line resources\sample-onboarding-105); backlink resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-Unknown interpreted text role "exc". main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 105); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "class". :exc:`ResourceWarning` System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboardingresources\sample-onboardingresources\cpython-Base category for warnings related to resource usage (ignored by default). main\Doc\library\(cpythonmain) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 108); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "exc".  $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3\,(\text{D:}\onboarding-resources}\space)$ 

 $\verb|main\Doc\library\ (cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (library)\ warnings.rst, \ line\ 111)$ 

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

.. versionchanged:: 3.7 Previously :exc:`DeprecationWarning` and :exc:`FutureWarning` were distinguished based on whether a feature was being removed entirely or changing its behaviour. They are now distinguished based on their intended audience and the way they're handled by the default warnings

# The Warnings Filter

The warnings filter controls whether warnings are ignored, displayed, or turned into errors (raising an exception).

Conceptually, the warnings filter maintains an ordered list of filter specifications; any specific warning is matched against each filter specification in the list in turn until a match is found; the filter determines the disposition of the match. Each entry is a tuple of the form (action, message, category, module, lineno), where:

· action is one of the following strings:

Value	Disposition

Value	Disposition
"default"	print the first occurrence of matching warnings for each location (module + line number)
	where the warning is issued
"error"	turn matching warnings into exceptions
"ignore"	never print matching warnings
"always"	always print matching warnings
"module"	print the first occurrence of matching warnings for each module where the warning is issued
	(regardless of line number)
"once"	print only the first occurrence of matching warnings, regardless of location

- message is a string containing a regular expression that the start of the warning message must match. The expression is compiled to always be case-insensitive.
- category is a class (a subclass of exc: Warning) of which the warning category must be a subclass in order to match.

 $System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\cite{Continuous} and independent of the continuous and th$ 

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

- module is a string containing a regular expression that the module name must match. The expression is compiled to be case-sensitive.
- lineno is an integer that the line number where the warning occurred must match, or 0 to match all line numbers.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 169); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources}\ sample-onboarding-resources\ cpython-main\ (\texttt{Doc}\ (\texttt{library})\ warnings.rst,\ line\ 169);\ \textit{backlink}$ 

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

If a warning is reported and doesn't match any registered filter then the "default" action is applied (hence its name).

### **Describing Warning Filters**

The warnings filter is initialized by 'option'-W' options passed to the Python interpreter command line and the 'cenvar'.' PYTHONWARNINGS' environment variable. The interpreter saves the arguments for all supplied entries without interpretation in 'data' 'sys. warnoptions'; the 'mod' warnings' module parses these when it is first imported (invalid options are ignored, after printing a message to 'data' 'sys.stderr').

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\((Doc)\) (library)\warnings.rst, line 181); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "option".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 181); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "envvar".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((1)\) (library\) warnings.rst, line 181); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "data".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\ (Doc)\(library\) warnings.rst, line 181); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 181); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "data".

Individual warnings filters are specified as a sequence of fields separated by colons:

```
action:message:category:module:line
```

The meaning of each of these fields is as described in ref: warning-filter. When listing multiple filters on a single line (as for renvar: PYTHONWARNINGS'), the individual filters are separated by commas and the filters listed later take precedence over those listed before them (as they're applied left-to-right, and the most recently applied filters take precedence over earlier ones).

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 193); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 193); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "envvar".

Commonly used warning filters apply to either all warnings, warnings in a particular category, or warnings raised by particular modules or packages. Some examples:

```
default  # Show all warnings (even those ignored by default)
ignore  # Ignore all warnings
error  # Convert all warnings to errors
error::ResourceWarning  # Treat ResourceWarning messages as errors
default::DeprecationWarning  # Show DeprecationWarning messages
ignore,default::mymodule  # Convert warnings triggered by "mymodule"
error::mymodule[.*]  # Convert warnings to errors in "mymodule"
# and any subpackages of "mymodule"
```

### **Default Warning Filter**

By default, Python installs several warning filters, which can be overridden by the 'option.'-W' command-line option, the 'cenvar' PYTHONWARNINGS' environment variable and calls to :func: 'filterwarnings'.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 219); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "option".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 219); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "envvar".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 219); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "fine".
```

In regular release builds, the default warning filter has the following entries (in order of precedence):

```
default::DeprecationWarning:__main_
ignore::DeprecationWarning
ignore::PendingDeprecationWarning
ignore::ImportWarning
ignore::ResourceWarning
```

In a ref. debug build <debug-build>', the list of default warning filters is empty.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 232); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "ref".
```

 $System\ Message:\ ERROR/3\ (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\ sample-onboarding-resources\ cpython-main\ (\mbox{Doc\library}\ (cpython-main)\ (\mbox{Doc\library}\ )\ warnings.rst,\ line\ 234)$ 

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.2
    :exc:`DeprecationWarning` is now ignored by default in addition to
    :exc:`PendingDeprecationWarning`.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (p:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 238)

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.7    :exc:`DeprecationWarning` is once again shown by default when triggered directly by code in ``_main__``.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 242)

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.7
    :exc:`BytesWarning` no longer appears in the default filter list and is instead configured via :data:`sys.warnoptions` when :option:`-b` is specified twice.
```

### Overriding the default filter

Developers of applications written in Python may wish to hide *all* Python level warnings from their users by default, and only display them when running tests or otherwise working on the application. The :data:`sys.warnoptions` attribute used to pass filter configurations to the interpreter can be used as a marker to indicate whether or not warnings should be disabled:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\((Doc)\) (library)\warnings.rst, line 253); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "data".

```
import sys
if not sys.warnoptions:
   import warnings
   warnings.simplefilter("ignore")
```

Developers of test runners for Python code are advised to instead ensure that *all* warnings are displayed by default for the code under test, using code like:

```
import sys

if not sys.warnoptions:
   import os, warnings
   warnings.simplefilter("default") # Change the filter in this process
   os.environ["PYTHONWARNINGS"] = "default" # Also affect subprocesses
```

Finally, developers of interactive shells that run user code in a namespace other than \_\_main\_\_ are advised to ensure that :exc:`DeprecationWarning` messages are made visible by default, using code like the following (where user\_ns is the module used to execute code entered interactively):

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library)warnings.rst, line 276); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "exc".
```

# **Temporarily Suppressing Warnings**

If you are using code that you know will raise a warning, such as a deprecated function, but do not want to see the warning (even when warnings have been explicitly configured via the command line), then it is possible to suppress the warning using the class: catch\_warnings' context manager:

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3\, (\mboarding-resources \sample-onboarding-resources \cpython-main\boc\library\c(cpython-main)\, (\mboc)\, (\mboarding-resources); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
import warnings

def fxn():
    warnings.warn("deprecated", DeprecationWarning)

with warnings.catch_warnings():
    warnings.simplefilter("ignore")
    fxn()
```

While within the context manager all warnings will simply be ignored. This allows you to use known-deprecated code without having to see the warning while not suppressing the warning for other code that might not be aware of its use of deprecated code. Note: this can only be guaranteed in a single-threaded application. If two or more threads use the <a href="mailto:class:catch\_warnings">class:catch\_warnings</a> context manager at the same time, the behavior is undefined.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 305); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "class".
```

# **Testing Warnings**

To test warnings raised by code, use the "class" catch warnings' context manager. With it you can temporarily mutate the warnings filter to facilitate your testing. For instance, do the following to capture all raised warnings to check:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 319); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
import warnings

def fxn():
    warnings.warn("deprecated", DeprecationWarning)

with warnings.catch_warnings(record=True) as w:
    # Cause all warnings to always be triggered.
    warnings.simplefilter("always")
    # Trigger a warning.
    fxn()
    # Verify some things
    assert len(w) == 1
    assert issubclass(w[-1].category, DeprecationWarning)
    assert "deprecated" in str(w[-1].message)
```

One can also cause all warnings to be exceptions by using error instead of always. One thing to be aware of is that if a warning has already been raised because of a once/default rule, then no matter what filters are set the warning will not be seen again unless the

warnings registry related to the warning has been cleared.

Once the context manager exits, the warnings filter is restored to its state when the context was entered. This prevents tests from changing the warnings filter in unexpected ways between tests and leading to indeterminate test results. The :func: showwarning' function in the module is also restored to its original value. Note: this can only be guaranteed in a single-threaded application. If two or more threads use the .class: catch\_warnings' context manager at the same time, the behavior is undefined.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\ (Doc) (library)\ warnings.rst, line 345); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 345); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

When testing multiple operations that raise the same kind of warning, it is important to test them in a manner that confirms each operation is raising a new warning (e.g. set warnings to be raised as exceptions and check the operations raise exceptions, check that the length of the warning list continues to increase after each operation, or else delete the previous entries from the warnings list before each new operation).

# **Updating Code For New Versions of Dependencies**

Warning categories that are primarily of interest to Python developers (rather than end users of applications written in Python) are ignored by default.

Notably, this "ignored by default" list includes <a href="main">wexc: DeprecationWarning</a> (for every module except <a href="main">main</a>), which means developers should make sure to test their code with typically ignored warnings made visible in order to receive timely notifications of future breaking API changes (whether in the standard library or third party packages).

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 369); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

In the ideal case, the code will have a suitable test suite, and the test runner will take care of implicitly enabling all warnings when running tests (the test runner provided by the <a href="mod:"unittest">module</a> does this).

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((library\)\) warnings.rst, line 375); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

In less ideal cases, applications can be checked for use of deprecated interfaces by passing <code>:option:'-Wd <-W>'</code> to the Python interpreter (this is shorthand for <code>:option:'!-W</code> default') or setting <code>PYTHONWARNINGS=default</code> in the environment. This enables default handling for all warnings, including those that are ignored by default. To change what action is taken for encountered warnings you can change what argument is passed to <code>:option:'-W'</code> (e.g. <code>:option:'!-W</code> error'). See the <code>:option:'-W'</code> flag for more details on what is possible.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((library\)\) warnings.rst, line 379); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "option".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((1)\) (library\) warnings.rst, line 379); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "option".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((1)\) (library\warnings.rst, line 379); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "option".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\ (Doc) (library)\warnings.rst, line 379); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "option".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\ (Doc)\(library\) warnings.rst, line 379); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "option".

### **Available Functions**

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 395)

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: warn(message, category=None, stacklevel=1, source=None)

Issue a warning, or maybe ignore it or raise an exception. The \*category\* argument, if given, must be a :ref: warning category class <warning-categories>`; it defaults to :exc:`UserWarning`. Alternatively, \*message\* can be a :exc:`Warning` instance, in which case \*category\* will be ignored and ``message.\_\_class\_\_`` will be used. In this case, the message text will be ``str(message)``. This function raises an exception if the particular warning issued is changed into an error by the :ref:`warnings filter <warning-filter>`. The \*stacklevel\* argument can be used by wrapper functions written in Python, like this::

def deprecation(message):
 warnings.warn(message, DeprecationWarning, stacklevel=2)

This makes the warning refer to :func:`deprecation`'s caller, rather than to the source of :func:`deprecation` itself (since the latter would defeat the purpose of the warning message).

\*source\*, if supplied, is the destroyed object which emitted a :exc:`ResourceWarning`.

.. versionchanged:: 3.6
 Added \*source\* parameter.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 420)

#### Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: warn\_explicit(message, category, filename, lineno, module=None, registry=None, module\_globals=None

This is a low-level interface to the functionality of :func:`warn`, passing in explicitly the message, category, filename and line number, and optionally the module name and the registry (which should be the ``\_warningregistry\_`` dictionary of the module). The module name defaults to the filename with ``.py`` stripped; if no registry is passed, the warning is never suppressed. \*message\* must be a string and \*category\* a subclass of :exc:`Warning` or \*message\* may be a :exc:`Warning` instance, in which case \*category\* will be ignored.

\*module\_globals\*, if supplied, should be the global namespace in use by the code for which the warning is issued. (This argument is used to support displaying source for modules found in zipfiles or other non-filesystem import sources).

\*source\*, if supplied, is the destroyed object which emitted a :exc:`ResourceWarning`.

.. versionchanged:: 3.6
Add the \*source\* parameter.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 443)

### Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: showwarning(message, category, filename, lineno, file=None, line=None)

Write a warning to a file. The default implementation calls ``formatwarning(message, category, filename, lineno, line)`` and writes the resulting string to \*file\*, which defaults to :data:`sys.stderr`. You may replace this function with any callable by assigning to ``warnings.showwarning``. \*line\* is a line of source code to be included in the warning message; if \*line\* is not supplied, :func:`showwarning` will try to read the line specified by \*filename\* and \*lineno\*.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 454)

### Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: formatwarning(message, category, filename, lineno, line=None)

Format a warning the standard way. This returns a string which may contain embedded newlines and ends in a newline. \*line\* is a line of source code to be included in the warning message; if \*line\* is not supplied, :func:`formatwarning` will try to read the line specified by \*filename\* and \*lineno\*.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 463)

### Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: filterwarnings(action, message='', category=Warning, module='', lineno=0, append=False)

Insert an entry into the list of :ref:`warnings filter specifications <warning-filter>`. The entry is inserted at the front by default; if \*append\* is true, it is inserted at the end. This checks the types of the arguments, compiles the \*message\* and \*module\* regular expressions, and inserts them as a tuple in the list of warnings filters. Entries closer to the front of the list override entries later in the list, if both match a

particular warning. Omitted arguments default to a value that matches everything.

System Message: ERROR/3 (p:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\ (Doc)\(library\) warnings.rst, line 475)

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: simplefilter(action, category=Warning, lineno=0, append=False)

Insert a simple entry into the list of :ref:`warnings filter specifications <warning-filter>`. The meaning of the function parameters is as for :func:`filterwarnings`, but regular expressions are not needed as the filter inserted always matches any message in any module as long as the category and line number match.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc) (library)\warnings.rst, line 484)

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: resetwarnings()

Reset the warnings filter. This discards the effect of all previous calls to :func:`filterwarnings`, including that of the :option:`-W` command line options and calls to :func:`simplefilter`.

# **Available Context Managers**

A context manager that copies and, upon exit, restores the warnings filter and the :func: showwarning' function. If the record argument is :const: 'False' (the default) the context manager returns :class: 'None' on entry. If record is :const: 'True', a list is returned that is progressively populated with objects as seen by a custom :func: showwarning' function (which also suppresses output to sys.stdout). Each object in the list has attributes with the same names as the arguments to :func: showwarning'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 496); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((1)\) (library\warnings.rst, line 496); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "const".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc)\((1)\) (library\warnings.rst, line 496); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (p:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 496); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "const".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 496); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (p:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\((Doc)\) (library)\warnings.rst, line 496); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

The *module* argument takes a module that will be used instead of the module returned when you import :mod:`warnings` whose filter will be protected. This argument exists primarily for testing the :mod:`warnings` module itself.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 505); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) warnings.rst, line 505); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

### Note

The :class: 'catch\_warnings' manager works by replacing and then later restoring the module's :finnc: 'showwarning'

function and internal list of filter specifications. This means the context manager is modifying global state and therefore is not thread-safe.

 $System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D:\noboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\coclibrary\cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (library)\ warnings.rst, line\ 512); backlink$ 

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Unknown interpreted text role "func".