

desktopCapturer

Access information about media sources that can be used to capture audio and video from the desktop using the [navigator.mediaDevices.getUserMedia](#) API.

Process: [Main](#)

The following example shows how to capture video from a desktop window whose title is `Electron` :

```
// In the main process.
const { desktopCapturer } = require('electron')

desktopCapturer.getSources({ types: ['window', 'screen'] }).then(async sources => {
  for (const source of sources) {
    if (source.name === 'Electron') {
      mainWindow.webContents.send('SET_SOURCE', source.id)
      return
    }
  }
})
```

```
// In the preload script.
const { ipcRenderer } = require('electron')

ipcRenderer.on('SET_SOURCE', async (event, sourceId) => {
  try {
    const stream = await navigator.mediaDevices.getUserMedia({
      audio: false,
      video: {
        mandatory: {
          chromeMediaSource: 'desktop',
          chromeMediaSourceId: sourceId,
          minWidth: 1280,
          maxWidth: 1280,
          minHeight: 720,
          maxHeight: 720
        }
      }
    })
    handleStream(stream)
  } catch (e) {
    handleError(e)
  }
})

function handleStream (stream) {
  const video = document.querySelector('video')
  video.srcObject = stream
  video.onloadedmetadata = (e) => video.play()
}
```

```
function handleError (e) {  
  console.log(e)  
}
```

To capture video from a source provided by `desktopCapturer` the constraints passed to `navigator.mediaDevices.getUserMedia` must include `chromeMediaSource: 'desktop'`, and `audio: false`.

To capture both audio and video from the entire desktop the constraints passed to `navigator.mediaDevices.getUserMedia` must include `chromeMediaSource: 'desktop'`, for both `audio` and `video`, but should not include a `chromeMediaSourceId` constraint.

```
const constraints = {  
  audio: {  
    mandatory: {  
      chromeMediaSource: 'desktop'  
    }  
  },  
  video: {  
    mandatory: {  
      chromeMediaSource: 'desktop'  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Methods

The `desktopCapturer` module has the following methods:

`desktopCapturer.getSources(options)`

- `options` Object
 - `types` `string[]` - An array of strings that lists the types of desktop sources to be captured, available types are `screen` and `window`.
 - `thumbnailSize` [Size](#) (optional) - The size that the media source thumbnail should be scaled to. Default is `150 x 150`. Set width or height to 0 when you do not need the thumbnails. This will save the processing time required for capturing the content of each window and screen.
 - `fetchWindowIcons` `boolean` (optional) - Set to true to enable fetching window icons. The default value is false. When false the `apicon` property of the sources return null. Same if a source has the type screen.

Returns `Promise<DesktopCapturerSource[]>` - Resolves with an array of [DesktopCapturerSource](#) objects, each `DesktopCapturerSource` represents a screen or an individual window that can be captured.

Note Capturing the screen contents requires user consent on macOS 10.15 Catalina or higher, which can be detected by [systemPreferences.getMediaAccessStatus](#).

Caveats

`navigator.mediaDevices.getUserMedia` does not work on macOS for audio capture due to a fundamental limitation whereby apps that want to access the system's audio require a [signed kernel extension](#). Chromium, and by extension Electron, does not provide this.

It is possible to circumvent this limitation by capturing system audio with another macOS app like Soundflower and passing it through a virtual audio input device. This virtual device can then be queried with

`navigator.mediaDevices.getUserMedia` .