What's New in Python 2.5

Author: A.M. Kuchling

This article explains the new features in Python 2.5. The final release of Python 2.5 is scheduled for August 2006; PEP 356 describes the planned release schedule.

The changes in Python 2.5 are an interesting mix of language and library improvements. The library enhancements will be more important to Python's user community, I think, because several widely-useful packages were added. New modules include ElementTree for XML processing (mod:"xml.etree), the SQLite database module (mod:"ctypes module for calling C functions.

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Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 16); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

The language changes are of middling significance. Some pleasant new features were added, but most of them aren't features that you'll use every day. Conditional expressions were finally added to the language using a novel syntax; see section ref; pep-308. The new 'keyword: with' statement will make writing cleanup code easier (section ref; pep-343.). Values can now be passed into generators (section ref; pep-342.). Imports are now visible as either absolute or relative (section ref; pep-328.). Some corner cases of exception handling are handled better (section ref; pep-341.). All these improvements are worthwhile, but they're improvements to one specific language feature or another; none of them are broad modifications to Python's semantics.

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Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

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Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

As well as the language and library additions, other improvements and bugfixes were made throughout the source tree. A search through the SVN change logs finds there were 353 patches applied and 458 bugs fixed between Python 2.4 and 2.5. (Both figures are likely to be underestimates.)

This article doesn't try to be a complete specification of the new features; instead changes are briefly introduced using helpful examples. For full details, you should always refer to the documentation for Python 2.5 at https://docs.python.org. If you want to understand the complete implementation and design rationale, refer to the PEP for a particular new feature.

Comments, suggestions, and error reports for this document are welcome; please e-mail them to the author or open a bug in the Python bug tracker.

PEP 308: Conditional Expressions

For a long time, people have been requesting a way to write conditional expressions, which are expressions that return value A or value B depending on whether a Boolean value is true or false. A conditional expression lets you write a single assignment statement that has the same effect as the following:

```
if condition:
    x = true_value
else:
    x = false value
```

There have been endless tedious discussions of syntax on both python-dev and comp.lang.python. A vote was even held that found the majority of voters wanted conditional expressions in some form, but there was no syntax that was preferred by a clear majority. Candidates included C's cond? true v: false v, if cond then true v else false v, and 16 other variations.

Guido van Rossum eventually chose a surprising syntax:

```
x = true value if condition else false value
```

Evaluation is still lazy as in existing Boolean expressions, so the order of evaluation jumps around a bit. The *condition* expression in the middle is evaluated first, and the *true_value* expression is evaluated only if the condition was true. Similarly, the *false_value* expression is only evaluated when the condition is false.

This syntax may seem strange and backwards; why does the condition go in the *middle* of the expression, and not in the front as in C's $_{C}$? $_{X}$: $_{Y}$? The decision was checked by applying the new syntax to the modules in the standard library and seeing how the resulting code read. In many cases where a conditional expression is used, one value seems to be the 'common case' and one value is an 'exceptional case', used only on rarer occasions when the condition isn't met. The conditional syntax makes this pattern a bit more obvious:

```
contents = ((doc + '\n')) if doc else '')
```

I read the above statement as meaning "here *contents* is usually assigned a value of doc+'\n'; sometimes *doc* is empty, in which special case an empty string is returned." I doubt I will use conditional expressions very often where there isn't a clear common and uncommon case.

There was some discussion of whether the language should require surrounding conditional expressions with parentheses. The decision was made to *not* require parentheses in the Python language's grammar, but as a matter of style I think you should always use them. Consider these two statements:

```
# First version -- no parens
level = 1 if logging else 0
# Second version -- with parens
level = (1 if logging else 0)
```

In the first version, I think a reader's eye might group the statement into 'level = 1', 'if logging', 'else 0', and think that the condition decides whether the assignment to *level* is performed. The second version reads better, in my opinion, because it makes it clear that the assignment is always performed and the choice is being made between two values.

Another reason for including the brackets: a few odd combinations of list comprehensions and lambdas could look like incorrect conditional expressions. See PEP 308 for some examples. If you put parentheses around your conditional expressions, you won't run into this case.

PEP 309: Partial Function Application

The :mod:'functools' module is intended to contain tools for functional-style programming.

```
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```

One useful tool in this module is the :func:`partial` function. For programs written in a functional style, you'll sometimes want to construct variants of existing functions that have some of the parameters filled in. Consider a Python function f(a, b, c); you could create a new function g(b, c) that was equivalent to f(1, b, c). This is called 'partial function application'.

```
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```

:func:`partial` takes the arguments (function, arg1, arg2, ... kwarg1=value1, kwarg2=value2). The resulting object is callable, so you can just call it to invoke function with the filled-in arguments.

```
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```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

Here's a small but realistic example:

```
import functools

def log (message, subsystem):
    "Write the contents of 'message' to the specified subsystem."
    print '%s: %s' % (subsystem, message)
    ...

server_log = functools.partial(log, subsystem='server')
server_log('Unable to open socket')
```

Here's another example, from a program that uses PyGTK. Here a context-sensitive pop-up menu is being constructed dynamically. The callback provided for the menu option is a partially applied version of the <a href="meth:"meth:"method, where the first argument has been provided.

```
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```

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```
class Application:
    def open_item(self, path):
        ...
    def init (self):
        open_func = functools.partial(self.open_item, item_path)
        popup_menu.append(("Open", open_func, 1))
```

Another function in the mod: 'functools' module is the update_wrapper (wrapper, wrapped) function that helps you write well-behaved decorators. :func: 'update_wrapper' copies the name, module, and docstring attribute to a wrapper function so that tracebacks inside the wrapped function are easier to understand. For example, you might write:

```
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```

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```
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```

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```
def my_decorator(f):
```

```
def wrapper(*args, **kwds):
    print 'Calling decorated function'
    return f(*args, **kwds)
functools.update_wrapper(wrapper, f)
return wrapper
```

:func:`wraps` is a decorator that can be used inside your own decorators to copy the wrapped function's information. An alternate version of the previous example would be:

```
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```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
def my_decorator(f):
    @functools.wraps(f)
    def wrapper(*args, **kwds):
        print 'Calling decorated function'
        return f(*args, **kwds)
    return wrapper
```

```
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```

Unknown directive type "seealso".

```
.. seealso::
    :pep:`309` - Partial Function Application
        PEP proposed and written by Peter Harris; implemented by Hye-Shik Chang and Nick
        Coghlan, with adaptations by Raymond Hettinger.
```

PEP 314: Metadata for Python Software Packages v1.1

Some simple dependency support was added to Distutils. The :finc:`setup` function now has requires, provides, and obsoletes keyword parameters. When you build a source distribution using the sdist command, the dependency information will be recorded in the :file:`PKG-INFO` file.

```
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Unknown interpreted text role "func".
```

```
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```

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Another new keyword parameter is <code>download_url</code>, which should be set to a URL for the package's source code. This means it's now possible to look up an entry in the package index, determine the dependencies for a package, and download the required packages.

Another new enhancement to the Python package index at https://pypi.org is storing source and binary archives for a package. The new :command: `upload` Distutils command will upload a package to the repository.

```
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```

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Before a package can be uploaded, you must be able to build a distribution using the command: 'sdist' Distutils command. Once that works, you can run python setup.py upload to add your package to the PyPI archive. Optionally you can GPG-sign the

package by supplying the :option:'!--sign' and :option:'!--identity' options.

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Unknown interpreted text role "option".

Package uploading was implemented by Martin von Löwis and Richard Jones.

```
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```

Unknown directive type "seealso".

```
.. seealso::
    :pep:`314` - Metadata for Python Software Packages v1.1
        PEP proposed and written by A.M. Kuchling, Richard Jones, and Fred Drake;
    implemented by Richard Jones and Fred Drake.
```

PEP 328: Absolute and Relative Imports

The simpler part of PEP 328 was implemented in Python 2.4: parentheses could now be used to enclose the names imported from a module using the from ... import ... statement, making it easier to import many different names.

The more complicated part has been implemented in Python 2.5: importing a module can be specified to use absolute or package-relative imports. The plan is to move toward making absolute imports the default in future versions of Python.

Let's say you have a package directory like this:

```
pkg/
pkg/__init__.py
pkg/main.py
pkg/string.py
```

This defines a package named mod'pkg containing the mod'pkg.string' submodules.

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Consider the code in the :file: main.py' module. What happens if it executes the statement import string? In Python 2.4 and earlier, it will first look in the package's directory to perform a relative import, finds :file: pkg/string.py', imports the contents of that file as the :mod: pkg.string' module, and that module is bound to the name string in the :mod: pkg.main' module's namespace.

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Unknown interpreted text role "file".

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Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

That's fine if mod:pkg.string was what you wanted. But what if you wanted Python's standard mod:string module? There's no clean way to ignore mod:pkg.string and look for the standard module; generally you had to look at the contents of sys.modules, which is slightly unclean. Holger Krekel's mod:py.std package provides a tidier way to perform imports from the standard library, import py: py.std.string.join(), but that package isn't available on all Python installations.

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Reading code which relies on relative imports is also less clear, because a reader may be confused about which module, modio-string or modio-pkg.string, is intended to be used. Python users soon learned not to duplicate the names of standard library modules in the names of their packages' submodules, but you can't protect against having your submodule's name being used for a new module added in a future version of Python.

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Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

In Python 2.5, you can switch 'keyword:' import''s behaviour to absolute imports using a from __future__ import absolute_import directive. This absolute-import behaviour will become the default in a future version (probably Python 2.7). Once absolute imports are the default, import string will always find the standard library's version. It's suggested that users should begin using absolute imports as much as possible, so it's preferable to begin writing from pkg import string in your code.

```
main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 299); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".
```

Relative imports are still possible by adding a leading period to the module name when using the from ... import form:

```
# Import names from pkg.string
from .string import name1, name2
# Import pkg.string
from . import string
```

This imports the :mod:`string` module relative to the current package, so in :mod:`pkg.main` this will import name1 and name2 from :mod:`pkg.string`. Additional leading periods perform the relative import starting from the parent of the current package. For example, code in the :mod:`A.B.C` module can do:

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```
from . import D  # Imports A.B.D
from .. import E  # Imports A.E
from ..F import G  # Imports A.F.G
```

Leading periods cannot be used with the import modname form of the import statement, only the from ... import form

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Unknown directive type "seealso".

```
.. seealso::
    :pep:`328` - Imports: Multi-Line and Absolute/Relative
        PEP written by Aahz; implemented by Thomas Wouters.

https://pylib.readthedocs.io/
        The py library by Holger Krekel, which contains the :mod:`py.std` package.
```

PEP 338: Executing Modules as Scripts

The <u>:option:</u>'-m' switch added in Python 2.4 to execute a module as a script gained a few more abilities. Instead of being implemented in C code inside the Python interpreter, the switch now uses an implementation in a new module, <u>:mod:</u>'runpy'.

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Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

The mod: runpy' module implements a more sophisticated import mechanism so that it's now possible to run modules in a package such as mod: pychecker.checker'. The module also supports alternative import mechanisms such as the mod: zipimport' module. This means you can add a .zip archive's path to sys.path and then use the coption: m' switch to execute code from the archive.

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Unknown directive type "seealso".

```
.. seealso::
    :pep:`338` - Executing modules as scripts
        PEP written and implemented by Nick Coghlan.
```

PEP 341: Unified try/except/finally

Until Python 2.5, the 'keyword: 'try' statement came in two flavours. You could use a 'keyword: 'finally' block to ensure that code is always executed, or one or more 'keyword: 'except' blocks to catch specific exceptions. You couldn't combine both 'keyword: 'lexcept' blocks and a 'keyword: 'finally' block, because generating the right bytecode for the combined version was complicated and it wasn't clear what the semantics of the combined statement should be.

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Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

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Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 370); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

Guido van Rossum spent some time working with Java, which does support the equivalent of combining 'keyword:' except' blocks and a 'keyword: 'finally' block, and this clarified what the statement should mean. In Python 2.5, you can now write:

```
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```

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Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

```
try:
    block-1 ...
except Exception1:
    handler-1 ...
except Exception2:
    handler-2 ...
else:
    else-block
finally:
    final-block
```

The code in *block-1* is executed. If the code raises an exception, the various 'keyword' except' blocks are tested: if the exception is of class: 'Exception1', *handler-1* is executed; otherwise if it's of class: 'Exception2', *handler-2* is executed, and so forth. If no exception is raised, the *else-block* is executed.

```
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```

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 393); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 393); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

No matter what happened previously, the *final-block* is executed once the code block is complete and any raised exceptions handled. Even if there's an error in an exception handler or the *else-block* and a new exception is raised, the code in the *final-block* is still run.

PEP 342: New Generator Features

Python 2.5 adds a simple way to pass values *into* a generator. As introduced in Python 2.3, generators only produce output; once a generator's code was invoked to create an iterator, there was no way to pass any new information into the function when its execution is resumed. Sometimes the ability to pass in some information would be useful. Hackish solutions to this include making the generator's code look at a global variable and then changing the global variable's value, or passing in some mutable object that callers then modify.

To refresh your memory of basic generators, here's a simple example:

```
def counter (maximum):
```

```
i = 0
while i < maximum:
    yield i
    i = 1</pre>
```

When you call <code>counter(10)</code>, the result is an iterator that returns the values from 0 up to 9. On encountering the <code>:keyword:`yield`</code> statement, the iterator returns the provided value and suspends the function's execution, preserving the local variables. Execution resumes on the following call to the iterator's <code>:meth:`next`</code> method, picking up after the <code>:keyword:`!yield`</code> statement.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 434); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 434); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 434); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

In Python 2.3, :keyword: 'yield' was a statement; it didn't return any value. In 2.5, :keyword: '!yield' is now an expression, returning a value that can be assigned to a variable or otherwise operated on:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 440); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 440); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

```
val = (yield i)
```

I recommend that you always put parentheses around a 'keyword:' yield' expression when you're doing something with the returned value, as in the above example. The parentheses aren't always necessary, but it's easier to always add them instead of having to remember when they're needed.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 446); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

(PEP 342 explains the exact rules, which are that a 'keyword: 'yield'-expression must always be parenthesized except when it occurs at the top-level expression on the right-hand side of an assignment. This means you can write val = yield i but have to use parentheses when there's an operation, as in val = (yield i) + 12.)

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

Values are sent into a generator by calling its <code>send(value)</code> method. The generator's code is then resumed and the :keyword: 'yield' expression returns the specified *value*. If the regular :meth: next' method is called, the :keyword: '!yield' returns :const: 'None'.

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

```
main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 458); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "meth".
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 458); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 458); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "const".

Here's the previous example, modified to allow changing the value of the internal counter.

```
def counter (maximum):
    i = 0
    while i < maximum:
       val = (yield i)
       # If value provided, change counter
       if val is not None:
            i = val
       else:
            i += 1</pre>
```

And here's an example of changing the counter:

```
>>> it = counter(10)
>>> print it.next()
0
>>> print it.next()
1
>>> print it.send(8)
8
>>> print it.next()
9
>>> print it.next()
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "t.py", line 15, in ?
        print it.next()
StopIteration
```

keyword: 'yield' will usually return const: 'None', so you should always check for this case. Don't just use its value in expressions unless you're sure that the meth: 'send' method will be the only method used to resume your generator function.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 493); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 493); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "const".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 493); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

In addition to :meth:'send', there are two other new methods on generators:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 498); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

• throw(type, value=None, traceback=None) is used to raise an exception inside the generator; the exception is raised by the 'keyword:' yield' expression where the generator's execution is paused.

```
System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\space) ample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 500); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

• meth: 'close' raises a new :exc: 'GeneratorExit' exception inside the generator to terminate the iteration. On receiving this exception, the generator's code must either raise :exc: 'GeneratorExit' or :exc: 'StopIteration'. Catching the :exc: 'GeneratorExit' exception and returning a value is illegal and will trigger a :exc: 'RuntimeError'; if the function raises some other exception, that exception is propagated to the caller. :meth: 'close' will also be called by Python's garbage collector when the generator is garbage-collected.

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 504); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role 'meth'.

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 504); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 504); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 504); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

```
System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 504); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 504); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 504); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

If you need to run cleanup code when a :exc: `GeneratorExit` occurs, I suggest using a try: ... finally: suite instead of catching :exc: `GeneratorExit`.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 512); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-

 ${\tt resources \cpython-main \coc \whatsnew \cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, \cline 512);} \\ backlink$

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

The cumulative effect of these changes is to turn generators from one-way producers of information into both producers and consumers.

Generators also become *coroutines*, a more generalized form of subroutines. Subroutines are entered at one point and exited at another point (the top of the function, and a 'keyword: 'return' statement), but coroutines can be entered, exited, and resumed at many different points (the 'keyword: 'yield' statements). We'll have to figure out patterns for using coroutines effectively in Python.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 518); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 518); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

The addition of the meth: close` method has one side effect that isn't obvious. meth: close` is called when a generator is garbage-collected, so this means the generator's code gets one last chance to run before the generator is destroyed. This last chance means that try...finally statements in generators can now be guaranteed to work; the 'keyword: 'finally' clause will now always get a chance to run. The syntactic restriction that you couldn't mix 'keyword: 'yield' statements with a try...finally suite has therefore been removed. This seems like a minor bit of language trivia, but using generators and try...finally is actually necessary in order to implement the 'keyword: 'with' statement described by PEP 343. I'll look at this new statement in the following section.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 524); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 524); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'meth'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 524); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 524); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 524); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

Another even more esoteric effect of this change: previously, the attr:'gi_frame attribute of a generator was always a frame object. It's now possible for attr:'gi_frame to be None once the generator has been exhausted.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 536); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 536); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 542)

Unknown directive type "seealso".

.. seealso::

:pep:`342` - Coroutines via Enhanced Generators
    PEP written by Guido van Rossum and Phillip J. Eby; implemented by Phillip J. Eby. Includes examples of some fancier uses of generators as coroutines.

Earlier versions of these features were proposed in :pep:`288` by Raymond Hettinger and :pep:`325` by Samuele Pedroni.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coroutine
    The Wikipedia entry for coroutines.

http://www.sidhe.org/~dan/blog/archives/000178.html
    An explanation of coroutines from a Perl point of view, written by Dan Sugalski.
```

PEP 343: The 'with' statement

The ':keyword: with' statement clarifies code that previously would use try...finally blocks to ensure that clean-up code is executed. In this section, I'll discuss the statement as it will commonly be used. In the next section, I'll examine the implementation details and show how to write objects for use with this statement.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 565); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

The 'keyword: with' statement is a new control-flow structure whose basic structure is:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 571); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

```
with expression [as variable]:
    with-block
```

The expression is evaluated, and it should result in an object that supports the context management protocol (that is, has meth: __enter__ ` and _meth: __exit__ ` methods.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 577); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 577); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

The object's <u>meth</u> is called before *with-block* is executed and therefore can run set-up code. It also may return a value that is bound to the name *variable*, if given. (Note carefully that *variable* is *not* assigned the result of *expression*.)

```
System\ Message:\ ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\ }\ cpython-main\ )\ (\texttt{Doc})\ (whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 581);\ \textit{backlink}
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

After execution of the *with-block* is finished, the object's method is called, even if the block raised an exception, and can therefore run clean-up code.

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

To enable the statement in Python 2.5, you need to add the following directive to your module:

```
from __future__ import with_statement
```

The statement will always be enabled in Python 2.6.

Some standard Python objects now support the context management protocol and can be used with the ':keyword:'with' statement. File objects are one example:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 597); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

```
with open('/etc/passwd', 'r') as f:
    for line in f:
        print line
        ... more processing code ...
```

After this statement has executed, the file object in f will have been automatically closed, even if the 'keyword:' for' loop raised an exception part-way through the block.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 605); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

Note

In this case, f is the same object created by :func: open', because :meth: file. __enter__' returns self.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 611); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 611); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

The :mod: threading module's locks and condition variables also support the 'keyword: with' statement:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 614); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 614); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

```
lock = threading.Lock()
with lock:
    # Critical section of code
...
```

The lock is acquired before the block is executed and always released once the block is complete.

The new :func: localcontext' function in the :mod: 'decimal' module makes it easy to save and restore the current decimal context, which encapsulates the desired precision and rounding characteristics for computations:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-

```
main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 625); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "func".
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 625); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
from decimal import Decimal, Context, localcontext

# Displays with default precision of 28 digits
v = Decimal('578')
print v.sqrt()

with localcontext(Context(prec=16)):
    # All code in this block uses a precision of 16 digits.
    # The original context is restored on exiting the block.
    print v.sqrt()
```

Writing Context Managers

Under the hood, the 'keyword: with' statement is fairly complicated. Most people will only use 'keyword: 'lwith' in company with existing objects and don't need to know these details, so you can skip the rest of this section if you like. Authors of new objects will need to understand the details of the underlying implementation and should keep reading.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 646); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 646); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

A high-level explanation of the context management protocol is:

• The expression is evaluated and should result in an object called a "context manager". The context manager must have meth and meth and meth and meth are the properties of the context manager.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 654); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role 'meth'.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 654); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

• The context manager's <u>meth.'</u> <u>enter</u> method is called. The value returned is assigned to VAR. If no 'as VAR' clause is present, the value is simply discarded.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 658); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

- The code in *BLOCK* is executed.
- If BLOCK raises an exception, the __exit__(type, value, traceback) is called with the exception details, the same values returned by :func: sys.exc_info`. The method's return value controls whether the exception is re-raised: any false value re-raises the exception, and True will result in suppressing it. You'll only rarely want to suppress the exception, because if you do the author of the code containing the ':keyword: with' statement will never realize anything went wrong.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main)\((Doc)\) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 664); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 664); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".
```

• If BLOCK didn't raise an exception, the <u>meth</u> method is still called, but type, value, and traceback are all None.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 672); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".
```

Let's think through an example. I won't present detailed code but will only sketch the methods necessary for a database that supports transactions.

(For people unfamiliar with database terminology: a set of changes to the database are grouped into a transaction. Transactions can be either committed, meaning that all the changes are written into the database, or rolled back, meaning that the changes are all discarded and the database is unchanged. See any database textbook for more information.)

Let's assume there's an object representing a database connection. Our goal will be to let the user write code like this:

```
db_connection = DatabaseConnection()
with db_connection as cursor:
    cursor.execute('insert into ...')
    cursor.execute('delete from ...')
# ... more operations ...
```

The transaction should be committed if the code in the block runs flawlessly or rolled back if there's an exception. Here's the basic interface for class: DatabaseConnection` that I'll assume:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 693); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "class".
```

```
class DatabaseConnection:
    # Database interface
    def cursor (self):
        "Returns a cursor object and starts a new transaction"
    def commit (self):
        "Commits current transaction"
    def rollback (self):
        "Rolls back current transaction"
```

The <u>meth</u>: <u>enter</u> method is pretty easy, having only to start a new transaction. For this application the resulting cursor object would be a useful result, so the method will return it. The user can then add as cursor to their 'keyword: with' statement to bind the cursor to a variable name.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 706); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "meth".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 706); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

```
class DatabaseConnection:
    ...
    def __enter__ (self):
        # Code to start a new transaction
        cursor = self.cursor()
```

The meth: __exit__` method is the most complicated because it's where most of the work has to be done. The method has to check if an exception occurred. If there was no exception, the transaction is committed. The transaction is rolled back if there was an exception.

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3~(\texttt{D:\noboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\cpython-main)}~(\texttt{Doc})~(\texttt{whatsnew}\2.5.rst,\mbox{line}~718); \\ \textit{backlink}~(\texttt{python-main}\noc\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboar
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

In the code below, execution will just fall off the end of the function, returning the default value of None. None is false, so the exception will be re-raised automatically. If you wished, you could be more explicit and add a 'keyword:' return' statement at the marked location.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 723); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

```
class DatabaseConnection:
    ...
    def __exit__ (self, type, value, tb):
        if tb is None:
            # No exception, so commit
            self.commit()
        else:
            # Exception occurred, so rollback.
            self.rollback()
            # return False
```

The contextlib module

The new :mod:`contextlib` module provides some functions and a decorator that are useful for writing objects for use with the ':keyword:`with`' statement.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 745); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 745); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

The decorator is called :func: contextmanager', and lets you write a single generator function instead of defining a new class. The generator should yield exactly one value. The code up to the :keyword: yield' will be executed as the :meth: __enter__ ` method, and the value yielded will be the method's return value that will get bound to the variable in the ':keyword: with' statement's :keyword: '!as' clause, if any. The code after the :keyword: 'yield' will be executed in the :meth: __exit__ ` method. Any exception raised in the block will be raised by the :keyword: '!yield' statement.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 748); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 748); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 748); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 748); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 748); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 748); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 748); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 748); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

Our database example from the previous section could be written using this decorator as:

```
from contextlib import contextmanager
@contextmanager
def db_transaction (connection):
    cursor = connection.cursor()
    try:
        yield cursor
    except:
        connection.rollback()
        raise
    else:
        connection.commit()

db = DatabaseConnection()
with db_transaction(db) as cursor:
```

The <u>mod</u>: contextlib' module also has a nested (mgr1, mgr2, ...) function that combines a number of context managers so you don't need to write nested 'keyword: with' statements. In this example, the single 'keyword: with' statement both starts a database transaction and acquires a thread lock:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 777); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 777); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 777); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "keyword".

```
lock = threading.Lock()
with nested (db_transaction(db), lock) as (cursor, locked):
```

Finally, the closing (object) function returns object so that it can be bound to a variable, and calls object close at the end of the block.

```
import urllib, sys
```

```
with closing(urllib.urlopen('http://www.yahoo.com')) as f:
    for line in f:
        sys.stdout.write(line)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew)2.5.rst, line 797)

Unknown directive type "seealso".

.. seealso::
    :pep: `343` - The "with" statement
        PEP written by Guido van Rossum and Nick Coghlan; implemented by Mike Bland,
        Guido van Rossum, and Neal Norwitz. The PEP shows the code generated for a
        ':keyword:`with`' statement, which can be helpful in learning how the statement
        works.
```

PEP 352: Exceptions as New-Style Classes

Exception classes can now be new-style classes, not just classic classes, and the built-in :exc: `Exception` class and all the standard built-in exceptions (:exc: `NameError`, :exc: `ValueError`, etc.) are now new-style classes.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 815); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 815); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 815); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

The inheritance hierarchy for exceptions has been rearranged a bit. In 2.5, the inheritance relationships are:

The documentation for the :mod: `contextlib` module.

This rearrangement was done because people often want to catch all exceptions that indicate program errors.

:exc:`KeyboardInterrupt` and :exc:`SystemExit` aren't errors, though, and usually represent an explicit action such as the user hitting ikbd:`Control-C` or code calling:func:`sys.exit`. A bare except: will catch all exceptions, so you commonly need to list :exc:`KeyboardInterrupt` and :exc:`SystemExit` in order to re-raise them. The usual pattern is:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 828); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 828); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 828); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "kbd".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 828); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 828); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 828); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

```
try:
    ...
except (KeyboardInterrupt, SystemExit):
    raise
except:
    # Log error...
# Continue running program...
```

In Python 2.5, you can now write <code>except</code> <code>Exception</code> to achieve the same result, catching all the exceptions that usually indicate errors but leaving <code>:exc:`KeyboardInterrupt</code> and <code>:exc:`SystemExit</code>` alone. As in previous versions, a bare <code>except:</code> still catches all exceptions.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 843); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 843); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

The goal for Python 3.0 is to require any class raised as an exception to derive from :exc: BaseException` or some descendant of :exc: BaseException`, and future releases in the Python 2.x series may begin to enforce this constraint. Therefore, I suggest you begin making all your exception classes derive from :exc: Exception` now. It's been suggested that the bare except: form should be removed in Python 3.0, but Guido van Rossum hasn't decided whether to do this or not.

 $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3\, (\mbox{D:\nonling-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\cpython-main\)\, (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\) \ 2.5.rst, \ line\,\, 848); \ backlink$

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 848); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 848); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "exc".

Raising of strings as exceptions, as in the statement raise "Error occurred", is deprecated in Python 2.5 and will trigger a warning. The aim is to be able to remove the string-exception feature in a few releases.

 $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3~(\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew)~(\mbox{cpython-main})~(\mbox{Doc\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources})~(\mbox{Doc\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources})~(\mbox{Doc\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources)})~(\mbox{Doc\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboarding-resources)})~(\mbox{Doc\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources)}$

Unknown directive type "seealso".

```
.. seealso::
    :pep:`352` - Required Superclass for Exceptions
```

PEP 353: Using ssize_t as the index type

A wide-ranging change to Python's C API, using a new :c:type: Py_ssize_t` type definition instead of :c:type: int', will permit the interpreter to handle more data on 64-bit platforms. This change doesn't affect Python's capacity on 32-bit platforms.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 874); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 874); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

Various pieces of the Python interpreter used C's ctype: int' type to store sizes or counts; for example, the number of items in a list or tuple were stored in an ctype: int'. The C compilers for most 64-bit platforms still define ctype: int' as a 32-bit type, so that meant that lists could only hold up to 2**31 - 1 = 2147483647 items. (There are actually a few different programming models that 64-bit C compilers can use -- see http://www.unix.org/version2/whatsnew/lp64_wp.html for a discussion -- but the most commonly available model leaves ctype: int' as 32 bits.)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 879); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 879); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 879); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 879); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

A limit of 2147483647 items doesn't really matter on a 32-bit platform because you'll run out of memory before hitting the length limit. Each list item requires space for a pointer, which is 4 bytes, plus space for a c.type: 'PyObject' representing the item. 2147483647*4 is already more bytes than a 32-bit address space can contain.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 888); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

It's possible to address that much memory on a 64-bit platform, however. The pointers for a list that size would only require 16 GiB of space, so it's not unreasonable that Python programmers might construct lists that large. Therefore, the Python interpreter had to be changed to use some type other than xctype: int', and this will be a 64-bit type on 64-bit platforms. The change will cause incompatibilities on 64-bit machines, so it was deemed worth making the transition now, while the number of 64-bit users is still relatively small. (In 5 or 10 years, we may *all* be on 64-bit machines, and the transition would be more painful then.)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 894); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

This change most strongly affects authors of C extension modules. Python strings and container types such as lists and tuples now use

:c:type:`Py_ssize_t` to store their size. Functions such as :c:func:`PyList_Size` now return :c:type:`Py_ssize_t`. Code in extension modules may therefore need to have some variables changed to :c:type:`Py_ssize_t`.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 904); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

 $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3\, (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\spaces) ample-onboarding-resources\spaces (cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 904); \mbox{\it backlink}$

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3~(\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\boc\whatsnew)}~(\texttt{cpython-main})~(\texttt{Doc})~(\texttt{whatsnew})~2.5.rst, \\ \textbf{line}~904); \\ \textbf{\textit{backlink}}$

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 904); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

The :c:func:`PyArg_ParseTuple` and :c:func:`Py_BuildValue` functions have a new conversion code, n, for :c:type:`Py_ssize_t`. :c:func:`PyArg_ParseTuple`'s s# and t# still output :c:type:`int` by default, but you can define the macro :c:macro:`PY_SSIZE_T_CLEAN` before including :file:`Python.h` to make them return :c:type:`Py_ssize_t`.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 910); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 910); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 910); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 910); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 910); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 910); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:macro".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 910); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "file".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 910); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

PEP 353 has a section on conversion guidelines that extension authors should read to learn about supporting 64-bit platforms.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 920)

Unknown directive type "seealso".

.. seealso::

:pep:`353` - Using ssize_t as the index type

PEP written and implemented by Martin von LATwis.
```

PEP 357: The '__index__' method

The NumPy developers had a problem that could only be solved by adding a new special method, meth:__index__'. When using slice notation, as in [start:stop:step], the values of the *start*, *stop*, and *step* indexes must all be either integers or long integers. NumPy defines a variety of specialized integer types corresponding to unsigned and signed integers of 8, 16, 32, and 64 bits, but there was no way to signal that these types could be used as slice indexes.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 933); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "meth".
```

Slicing can't just use the existing meth: __int__ `method because that method is also used to implement coercion to integers. If slicing used meth: __int__ `, floating-point numbers would also become legal slice indexes and that's clearly an undesirable behaviour.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 941); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "meth".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 941); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "meth".
```

Instead, a new special method called <a href="meth:"..._index__" was added. It takes no arguments and returns an integer giving the slice index to use. For example:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 946); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "meth".
```

```
class C:
    def __index__ (self):
        return self.value
```

The return value must be either a Python integer or long integer. The interpreter will check that the type returned is correct, and raises a :exc: TypeError` if this requirement isn't met.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 953); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "exc".
```

A corresponding <code>:attr:`nb_index`</code> slot was added to the C-level <code>:c.type:`PyNumberMethods`</code> structure to let C extensions implement this protocol. <code>PyNumber_Index(obj)</code> can be used in extension code to call the <code>:meth:`_index_</code> function and retrieve its result.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 957); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "attr".
```

```
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```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

```
System\,Message:\,ERROR/3\, (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\spaces) \mbox{2.5.rst, line 957)}; \ backlink \label{eq:backlink}
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

Other Language Changes

Here are all of the changes that Python 2.5 makes to the core Python language.

• The :class:'dict' type has a new hook for letting subclasses provide a default value when a key isn't contained in the dictionary. When a key isn't found, the dictionary's __missing__(key) method will be called. This hook is used to implement the new :class:'defaultdict' class in the :mod:'collections' module. The following example defines a dictionary that returns zero for any missing key:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 978); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".
```

```
System\,Message:\,ERROR/3\, (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\scalebox{Doc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 978);} \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 978); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
class zerodict (dict):
    def __missing__ (self, key):
        return 0

d = zerodict({1:1, 2:2})
print d[1], d[2]  # Prints 1, 2
print d[3], d[4]  # Prints 0, 0
```

• Both 8-bit and Unicode strings have new partition (sep) and rpartition (sep) methods that simplify a common use case.

The find(S) method is often used to get an index which is then used to slice the string and obtain the pieces that are before and after the separator. partition(sep) condenses this pattern into a single method call that returns a 3-tuple containing the substring before the separator, the separator itself, and the substring after the separator. If the separator isn't found, the first element of the tuple is the entire string and the other two elements are empty. rpartition(sep) also returns a 3-tuple but starts searching from the end of the string; the r stands for 'reverse'.

Some examples:

```
>>> ('http://www.python.org').partition('://')
('http', '://', 'www.python.org')
>>> ('file:/usr/share/doc/index.html').partition('://')
```

```
('file:/usr/share/doc/index.html', '', '')
>>> (u'Subject: a quick question').partition(':')
(u'Subject', u':', u' a quick question')
>>> 'www.python.org'.rpartition('.')
('www.python', '.', 'org')
>>> 'www.python.org'.rpartition(':')
('', '', 'www.python.org')
```

(Implemented by Fredrik Lundh following a suggestion by Raymond Hettinger.)

• The :meth: startswith and :meth: endswith methods of string types now accept tuples of strings to check for.

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) (Doc) \ (whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst, \ line\ 1020); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role 'meth'.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1020); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
def is_image_file (filename):
    return filename.endswith(('.gif', '.jpg', '.tiff'))
```

(Implemented by Georg Brandl following a suggestion by Tom Lynn.)

• The :func: min` and :func: max` built-in functions gained a key keyword parameter analogous to the key argument for :meth: sort`. This parameter supplies a function that takes a single argument and is called for every value in the list; :func: min'/:func: max` will return the element with the smallest/largest return value from this function. For example, to find the longest string in a list, you can do:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1030); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1030); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1030); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1030); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1030); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
L = ['medium', 'longest', 'short']
# Prints 'longest'
print max(L, key=len)
# Prints 'short', because lexicographically 'short' has the largest value
print max(L)
```

(Contributed by Steven Bethard and Raymond Hettinger.)

• Two new built-in functions, :func:`any` and :func:`all`, evaluate whether an iterator contains any true or false values. :func:`any` returns :const:`True` if any value returned by the iterator is true; otherwise it will return :const:`False`. :func:`all` returns :const:`True` only if all of the values returned by the iterator evaluate as true. (Suggested by Guido van Rossum, and implemented by Raymond Hettinger.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1045); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1045); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonling-resources} \mbox{sample-onboarding-resources}) \, (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew} \mbox{(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1045)}; \, backlink
```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1045); backlink
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```

Unknown interpreted text role "const".

• The result of a class's method can now be either a long integer or a regular integer. If a long integer is returned, the hash of that value is taken. In earlier versions the hash value was required to be a regular integer, but in 2.5 the filmc:'id' built-in was changed to always return non-negative numbers, and users often seem to use id' (self) in methods (though this is discouraged).

```
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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1052); backlink
```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1052); backlink

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```

• ASCII is now the default encoding for modules. It's now a syntax error if a module contains string literals with 8-bit characters but doesn't have an encoding declaration. In Python 2.4 this triggered a warning, not a syntax error. See PEP 263 for how to declare a module's encoding; for example, you might add a line like this near the top of the source file:

```
# -*- coding: latin1 -*-
```

• A new warning, :class: 'Unicode Warning', is triggered when you attempt to compare a Unicode string and an 8-bit string that can't be converted to Unicode using the default ASCII encoding. The result of the comparison is false:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1069); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
>>> chr(128) == unichr(128)  # Can't convert chr(128) to Unicode
__main___:1: UnicodeWarning: Unicode equal comparison failed
  to convert both arguments to Unicode - interpreting them
  as being unequal
False
>>> chr(127) == unichr(127)  # chr(127) can be converted
True
```

Previously this would raise a class: UnicodeDecodeError' exception, but in 2.5 this could result in puzzling problems when accessing a dictionary. If you looked up unichr (128) and chr (128) was being used as a key, you'd get a class: UnicodeDecodeError' exception. Other changes in 2.5 resulted in this exception being raised instead of suppressed by the code in :file: dictobject.c' that implements dictionaries.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1081); backlink
```

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```
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```
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```

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Raising an exception for such a comparison is strictly correct, but the change might have broken code, so instead :class: UnicodeWarning` was introduced.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1088); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

(Implemented by Marc-André Lemburg.)

One error that Python programmers sometimes make is forgetting to include an :file:'__init__.py' module in a package directory. Debugging this mistake can be confusing, and usually requires running Python with the :option:'-v' switch to log all the paths searched. In Python 2.5, a new :exc:'ImportWarning' warning is triggered when an import would have picked up a directory as a package but no :file:'__init__.py' was found. This warning is silently ignored by default; provide the :option:'-Wd <-W>' option when running the Python executable to display the warning message. (Implemented by Thomas Wouters.)

```
System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\colored (Cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 1093); \\ backlink
```

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```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1093); backlink
```

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```
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```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1093); backlink
```

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• The list of base classes in a class definition can now be empty. As an example, this is now legal:

```
class C():
    pass
```

(Implemented by Brett Cannon.)

Interactive Interpreter Changes

In the interactive interpreter, quit and exit have long been strings so that new users get a somewhat helpful message when they try to quit:

```
>>> quit
'Use Ctrl-D (i.e. EOF) to exit.'
```

In Python 2.5, quit and exit are now objects that still produce string representations of themselves, but are also callable. Newbies who try quit() or exit() will now exit the interpreter as they expect. (Implemented by Georg Brandl.)

The Python executable now accepts the standard long options :option: '--help' and :option: '--version'; on Windows, it also accepts the :option: '/? <-?>` option for displaying a help message. (Implemented by Georg Brandl.)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1129); backlink

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1129); backlink

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1129); backlink

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Several of the optimizations were developed at the NeedForSpeed sprint, an event held in Reykjavik, Iceland, from May 21--28 2006. The sprint focused on speed enhancements to the CPython implementation and was funded by EWT LLC with local support from CCP Games. Those optimizations added at this sprint are specially marked in the following list.

• When they were introduced in Python 2.4, the built-in class: set and class: frozenset types were built on top of Python's dictionary type. In 2.5 the internal data structure has been customized for implementing sets, and as a result sets will use a third less memory and are somewhat faster. (Implemented by Raymond Hettinger.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1147); backlink
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```

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- The speed of some Unicode operations, such as finding substrings, string splitting, and character map encoding and decoding, has been improved. (Substring search and splitting improvements were added by Fredrik Lundh and Andrew Dalke at the NeedForSpeed sprint. Character maps were improved by Walter DA¶rwald and Martin von LA¶wis.)
- The long (str, base) function is now faster on long digit strings because fewer intermediate results are calculated. The peak is for strings of around 800--1000 digits where the function is 6 times faster. (Contributed by Alan McIntyre and committed at the NeedForSpeed sprint.)
- It's now illegal to mix iterating over a file with for line in file and calling the file object's meth' read'/meth' readline'/meth' readlines' methods. Iteration uses an internal buffer and the meth' read'* methods don't use that buffer. Instead they would return the data following the buffer, causing the data to appear out of order. Mixing iteration and these methods will now trigger a exc: ValueError' from the meth' read'* method. (Implemented by Thomas Wouters.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1168); backlink
```

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```
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```

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• The <u>mod</u>: struct` module now compiles structure format strings into an internal representation and caches this representation, yielding a 20% speedup. (Contributed by Bob Ippolito at the NeedForSpeed sprint.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1178); backlink
```

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• The :mod:'re' module got a 1 or 2% speedup by switching to Python's allocator functions instead of the system's :c:func:'malloc' and :c:func:'free'. (Contributed by Jack Diederich at the NeedForSpeed sprint.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1182); backlink
```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1182); backlink
```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1182); backlink
```

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- The code generator's peephole optimizer now performs simple constant folding in expressions. If you write something like a = 2+3, the code generator will do the arithmetic and produce code corresponding to a = 5. (Proposed and implemented by Raymond Hettinger.)
- Function calls are now faster because code objects now keep the most recently finished frame (a "zombie frame") in an internal
 field of the code object, reusing it the next time the code object is invoked. (Original patch by Michael Hudson, modified by
 Armin Rigo and Richard Jones; committed at the NeedForSpeed sprint.) Frame objects are also slightly smaller, which may
 improve cache locality and reduce memory usage a bit. (Contributed by Neal Norwitz.)
- Python's built-in exceptions are now new-style classes, a change that speeds up instantiation considerably. Exception handling in Python 2.5 is therefore about 30% faster than in 2.4. (Contributed by Richard Jones, Georg Brandl and Sean Reifschneider at the NeedForSpeed sprint.)
- Importing now caches the paths tried, recording whether they exist or not so that the interpreter makes fewer :c:func:`open` and :c:func:`stat` calls on startup. (Contributed by Martin von Löwis and Georg Brandl.)

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1206); backlink
```

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New, Improved, and Removed Modules

The standard library received many enhancements and bug fixes in Python 2.5. Here's a partial list of the most notable changes, sorted alphabetically by module name. Consult the :file: Misc/NEWS' file in the source tree for a more complete list of changes, or look through the SVN logs for all the details.

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• The <u>mod</u>: audioop` module now supports the a-LAW encoding, and the code for u-LAW encoding has been improved. (Contributed by Lars Immisch.)

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• The :mod:`codecs` module gained support for incremental codecs. The :func:`codec.lookup` function now returns a :class:`CodecInfo` instance instead of a tuple. :class:`CodecInfo` instances behave like a 4-tuple to preserve backward compatibility but also have the attributes :attr:`encode`, :attr:`incrementalencoder`, :attr:`incrementalencoder`, :attr:`streamwriter`, and :attr:`streamreader`. Incremental codecs can receive input and produce output in multiple chunks; the output is the same as if the entire input was fed to the non-incremental codec. See the :mod:`codecs` module documentation for details. (Designed and implemented by Walter DA¶rwald.)

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1228); backlink

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resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1228); backlink

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• The mod: collections module gained a new type, class: defaultdict, that subclasses the standard class: dict type. The new type mostly behaves like a dictionary but constructs a default value when a key isn't present, automatically adding it to the dictionary for the requested key value.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1240); backlink

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1240); backlink

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The first argument to <code>:class:'defaultdict'</code>'s constructor is a factory function that gets called whenever a key is requested but not found. This factory function receives no arguments, so you can use built-in type constructors such as <code>:func:'list'</code> or <code>:func:'int'</code>. For example, you can make an index of words based on their initial letter like this:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1245); backlink

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Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1245); backlink

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```
words = """Nel mezzo del cammin di nostra vita
mi ritrovai per una selva oscura
che la diritta via era smarrita""".lower().split()
index = defaultdict(list)

for w in words:
   init_letter = w[0]
   index[init_letter].append(w)
```

Printing index results in the following output:

(Contributed by Guido van Rossum.)

• The :class:'deque' double-ended queue type supplied by the :mod:'collections' module now has a remove (value) method that removes the first occurrence of *value* in the queue, raising :exc:'ValueError' if the value isn't found. (Contributed by Raymond Hettinger.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1271); backlink
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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1271); backlink
```

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System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonling-resources} \mbox{sample-onboarding-resources}) \, (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew} \mbox{(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1271)}; \\ backlink
```

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• New module: The <u>mod:</u> contextlib module contains helper functions for use with the new 'keyword: with' statement. See section <u>ref.</u> contextlibmod for more about this module.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1276); backlink
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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1276); backlink
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```
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```

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• New module: The module is a C implementation of the existing mod:">mod:">mod:">profile mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:">profile interface is the same as mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:">profile interface is the same as mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:">profile interface is the same as mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:">profile interface is the same as mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:" profile data to a file, etc. It's not yet known if the Hotshot profiler, which is also written in C but doesn't match the mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:">mod:" profile module's interface, will continue to be maintained in future versions of Python. (Contributed by Armin Rigo.)

```
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```

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Also, the mod:pstats module for analyzing the data measured by the profiler now supports directing the output to any file object by supplying a stream argument to the class: Stats constructor. (Contributed by Skip Montanaro.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1288); backlink
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```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

• The modics module, which parses files in comma-separated value format, received several enhancements and a number of bugfixes. You can now set the maximum size in bytes of a field by calling the <code>csv.field_size_limit(new_limit)</code> function; omitting the <code>new_limit</code> argument will return the currently-set limit. The <code>class:'reader'</code> class now has a <code>:attr:'line_num'</code> attribute that counts the number of physical lines read from the source; records can span multiple physical lines, so <code>:attr:'line_num'</code> is not the same as the number of records read.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1292); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) \, (whatsnew) \, 2.5.rst, \, line \, 1292); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\) \ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line 1292}; \ \mbox{\it backlink}
```

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-

```
resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1292); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

The CSV parser is now stricter about multi-line quoted fields. Previously, if a line ended within a quoted field without a terminating newline character, a newline would be inserted into the returned field. This behavior caused problems when reading files that contained carriage return characters within fields, so the code was changed to return the field without inserting newlines. As a consequence, if newlines embedded within fields are important, the input should be split into lines in a manner that preserves the newline characters.

(Contributed by Skip Montanaro and Andrew McNamara.)

• The :class: `~datetime.datetime` class in the :mod:`datetime` module now has a strptime(string, format) method for parsing date strings, contributed by Josh Spoerri. It uses the same format characters as :func:`time.strptime` and :func:`time.strptime`:

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1311); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1311); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1311); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

• The meth.'SequenceMatcher.get_matching_blocks' method in the mod.'difflib' module now guarantees to return a minimal list of blocks describing matching subsequences. Previously, the algorithm would occasionally break a block of matching elements into two list entries. (Enhancement by Tim Peters.)

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, \mbox{line } 1321); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1321); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

• The :mod:'doctest' module gained a SKIP option that keeps an example from being executed at all. This is intended for code snippets that are usage examples intended for the reader and aren't actually test cases.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1326);
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

An *encoding* parameter was added to the :func: testfile` function and the :class: DocFileSuite` class to specify the file's encoding. This makes it easier to use non-ASCII characters in tests contained within a docstring. (Contributed by Bjorn Tillenius.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1330); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1330); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

• The <u>mod:'email'</u> package has been updated to version 4.0. (Contributed by Barry Warsaw.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1337); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1342)

Unknown directive type "index".

... index::
    single: universal newlines; What's new
```

• The mod: fileinput' module was made more flexible. Unicode filenames are now supported, and a *mode* parameter that defaults to "r" was added to the :func: input' function to allow opening files in binary or :term: universal newlines' mode. Another new parameter, *openhook*, lets you use a function other than :func: open' to open the input files. Once you're iterating over the set of files, the :class: FileInput' object's new :meth: fileno' returns the file descriptor for the currently opened file. (Contributed by Georg Brandl.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1345); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1345); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1345); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "term".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1345); backlink
```

```
System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\noboarding-resources}\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main)\ (\texttt{Doc})\ (\texttt{whatsnew}\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 1345); \\ \textit{backlink}
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\) (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ (\mbox{cpython-main}\) (\mbox{Doc\)} \ (\mbox{whatsnew}\) 2.5.rst, \mbox{line} \ 1345); \\ \mbox{backlink}
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

• In the modige module, the new funciget_count function returns a 3-tuple containing the current collection counts for the three GC generations. This is accounting information for the garbage collector; when these counts reach a specified threshold, a garbage collection sweep will be made. The existing funcige collect function now takes an optional *generation* argument of 0, 1, or 2 to specify which generation to collect. (Contributed by Barry Warsaw.)

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\space) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ (\mbox{cpython-main}\ (\mbox{Doc}\ (\mbox{whatsnew}\ 2.5.rst,\mbox{line}\ 1354); \ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1354); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1354); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

• The :func: nsmallest' and :func: 'nlargest' functions in the :mod: 'heapq' module now support a key keyword parameter similar to the one provided by the :func: 'min' /:func: 'max' functions and the :meth: 'sort' methods. For example:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1361); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1361); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1361); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1361); backlink
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1361);
```

backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\space) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ (\mbox{cpython-main}\ (\mbox{Doc}\ (\mbox{whatsnew}\ 2.5.rst,\mbox{line}\ 1361); \\ \mbox{\it backlink}
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
>>> import heapq
>>> L = ["short", 'medium', 'longest', 'longer still']
>>> heapq.nsmallest(2, L)  # Return two lowest elements, lexicographically
['longer still', 'longest']
>>> heapq.nsmallest(2, L, key=len)  # Return two shortest elements
['short', 'medium']
```

(Contributed by Raymond Hettinger.)

• The :func: itertools.islice function now accepts None for the start and step arguments. This makes it more compatible with the attributes of slice objects, so that you can now write the following:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1375); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
s = slice(5)  # Create slice object
itertools.islice(iterable, s.start, s.stop, s.step)
```

(Contributed by Raymond Hettinger.)

• The :func: format' function in the :mod: locale' module has been modified and two new functions were added, :func: format string' and :func: currency'.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1384); backlink
```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1384); backlink
```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1384); backlink
```

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```
System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources} \cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (\cpython-main) (\mbox{Doc}) \, (\whatsnew) \, 2.5.rst, \, \mbox{line } 1384); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

The :func:'format' function's *val* parameter could previously be a string as long as no more than one %char specifier appeared; now the parameter must be exactly one %char specifier with no surrounding text. An optional *monetary* parameter was also added which, if True, will use the locale's rules for formatting currency in placing a separator between groups of three digits.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1387); backlink
```

To format strings with multiple %char specifiers, use the new :func: format_string function that works like :func: format but also supports mixing %char specifiers with arbitrary text.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1393); backlink
```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1393); backlink
```

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A new :func:'currency' function was also added that formats a number according to the current locale's settings.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1397); backlink
```

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(Contributed by Georg Brandl.)

• The mod: mailbox module underwent a massive rewrite to add the capability to modify mailboxes in addition to reading them
A new set of classes that include class: mbox, class: MH, and class: Maildir are used to read mailboxes, and have an
add (message) method to add messages, remove (key) to remove messages, and meth: lock/meth: unlock to lock/unlock
the mailbox. The following example converts a maildir-format mailbox into an mbox-format one:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1404); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1404); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1404); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1404); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
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```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1404); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
import mailbox
# 'factory=None' uses email.Message.Message as the class representing
# individual messages.
src = mailbox.Maildir('maildir', factory=None)
dest = mailbox.mbox('/tmp/mbox')

for msg in src:
    dest.add(msg)
```

(Contributed by Gregory K. Johnson. Funding was provided by Google's 2005 Summer of Code.)

• New module: the module allows creating Microsoft Installer file:".msi files and CAB files. Some support for reading the file:".msi database is also included. (Contributed by Martin von Löwis.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1425); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1425); backlink
```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1425); backlink
```

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• The <u>mod</u>: nis` module now supports accessing domains other than the system default domain by supplying a *domain* argument to the <u>flunc</u>: nis.match` and <u>flunc</u>: nis.maps` functions. (Contributed by Ben Bell.)

```
System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 1429); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1429); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1429); backlink
```

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• The mod: operator module's :func: itemgetter and :func: attrgetter functions now support multiple fields. A call such as operator.attrgetter('a', 'b') will return a function that retrieves the :attr: a' and :attr: b' attributes. Combining this new feature with the :meth: sort method's key parameter lets you easily sort lists using multiple fields. (Contributed by Raymond Hettinger.)

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\ \mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ (\mbox{cpython-main}\ ) \ (\mbox{Doc}\ ) \ \ (\mbox{whatsnew}\ ) \ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line}\ 1433); \ \mbox{\it backlink}
```

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-

resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1433); backlink

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 $System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\cite{D:\$

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1433); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1433); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

• The :mod:`optparse` module was updated to version 1.5.1 of the Optik library. The :class:`OptionParser` class gained an :attr:`epilog` attribute, a string that will be printed after the help message, and a :meth:`destroy` method to break reference cycles created by the object. (Contributed by Greg Ward.)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1440); backlink

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1440); backlink

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Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\) \ (\mbox{cpython-main}\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\) \ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line} \ 1440); \ \mbox{\it backlink}$

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

• The :mod:'os' module underwent several changes. The :attr:'stat_float_times' variable now defaults to true, meaning that :func:'os.stat' will now return time values as floats. (This doesn't necessarily mean that :func:'os.stat' will return times that are precise to fractions of a second; not all systems support such precision.)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1445); backlink

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 $System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\spaces) ample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) \, (\mbox{Doc)} \, (\mbox{whatsnew}) \, 2.5.rst, \, \mbox{line} \, 1445); \\ backlink$

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 $System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\) \ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line}\ 1445); \ \mbox{\it backlink}$

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1445); backlink

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Constants named attr: os.SEEK_SET', attr: os.SEEK_CUR', and attr: os.SEEK_END' have been added; these are the parameters to the :func: os.keek' function. Two new constants for locking are :attr: os.O_SHLOCK' and :attr: os.O_EXLOCK'.

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1451); backlink

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1451); backlink

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1451); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1451); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1451); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

Two new functions, :func:`wait3` and :func:`wait4`, were added. They're similar the :func:`waitpid` function which waits for a child process to exit and returns a tuple of the process ID and its exit status, but :func:`wait3` and :func:`wait4` return additional information. :func:`wait3` doesn't take a process ID as input, so it waits for any child process to exit and returns a 3-tuple of process-id, exit-status, resource-usage as returned from the :func:`resource.getrusage` function. wait4 (pid) does take a

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1456); backlink

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Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1456); backlink

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1456); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1456); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

On FreeBSD, the :finc:`os.stat` function now returns times with nanosecond resolution, and the returned object now has :attr:`st_gen` and :attr:`st_birthtime`. The :attr:`st_flags` attribute is also available, if the platform supports it. (Contributed by Antti Louko and Diego Petten \tilde{A}^2 .)

 $System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\spaces) ample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) \, (\mbox{Doc)} \, (\mbox{whatsnew}\ 2.5.rst, \mbox{line} \, 1465); \\ backlink$

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1465); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1465); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

• The Python debugger provided by the mod:pdb module can now store lists of commands to execute when a breakpoint is
reached and execution stops. Once breakpoint #1 has been created, enter commands 1 and enter a series of commands to be
executed, finishing the list with end. The command list can include commands that resume execution, such as continue or
next. (Contributed by Grégoire Dooms.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1472); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

• The <u>mod</u>: pickle' and <u>mod</u>: cPickle' modules no longer accept a return value of None from the <u>meth</u>: <u>reduce</u> method; the method must return a tuple of arguments instead. The ability to return None was deprecated in Python 2.4, so this completes the removal of the feature.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1481); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\)} \ \ (\mbox{whatsnew}\) \ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line} \ 1481); \ \mbox{\it backlink}
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1481); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

• The mod:'pkgutil' module, containing various utility functions for finding packages, was enhanced to support PEP 302's import hooks and now also works for packages stored in ZIP-format archives. (Contributed by Phillip J. Eby.)

```
System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \c) \ (\mbox{Doc\nonboarding-resources}\ \c) \ (\mbox{Doc\nonboarding-resources}\c) \ (\mbox{Doc\nonboarding-resources}\c) \ (\mbox{Doc\non
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

• The pybench benchmark suite by Marc-André Lemburg is now included in the :file:`Tools/pybench` directory. The pybench suite is an improvement on the commonly used :file:`pystone.py` program because pybench provides a more detailed measurement of the interpreter's speed. It times particular operations such as function calls, tuple slicing, method lookups, and numeric operations, instead of performing many different operations and reducing the result to a single number as :file:`pystone.py` does.

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\cite{D:Nonboarding-resources}) ample-onboarding-resources \cpython-main\cite{Doc}whatsnew\cite{Copython-main}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Copython-main}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{Doc}\cite{D
```

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1490); backlink
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System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\spaces) ample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) \, (\mbox{Doc)} \, (\mbox{whatsnew}\ 2.5.rst, \mbox{line} \, 1490); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "file".

• The <u>mod</u>: pyexpat' module now uses version 2.0 of the Expat parser. (Contributed by Trent Mick.)

```
System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\spaces) ample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) \, (\mbox{Doc)} \, (\mbox{whatsnew}) \, 2.5.rst, \, \mbox{line} \, 1498); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

• The :class:`~queue.Queue` class provided by the :mod:`Queue` module gained two new methods. :meth:`join` blocks until all items in the queue have been retrieved and all processing work on the items have been completed. Worker threads call the other new method, :meth:`task_done`, to signal that processing for an item has been completed. (Contributed by Raymond Hettinger.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1501); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1501); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\spaces) ample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) \, (\mbox{Doc)} \, (\mbox{whatsnew}) \, 2.5.rst, \, \mbox{line} \, 1501); \\ backlink
```

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```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\)} \ \ (\mbox{whatsnew}\) \ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line} \ 1501); \ \mbox{\it backlink}
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1507); backlink
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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1507); backlink
```

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (\cpython-main)\ (\mbox{Doc)} \ (\whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line}\ 1507); \\ backlink$

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1507); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

• Also deleted: the :file:`lib-old` directory, which includes ancient modules such as :mod:`diremp` and :mod:`ni`, was removed. :file:`lib-old` wasn't on the default sys.path, so unless your programs explicitly added the directory to sys.path, this removal shouldn't affect your code.

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1511); \\ backlink$

Unknown interpreted text role "file".

 $System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\spaces) ample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) \, (\mbox{Doc}) \, (\mbox{whatsnew}) \, 2.5.rst, \, \mbox{line} \, 1511); \\ backlink$

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1511); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1511); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "file".

• The <u>mod</u>: 'rlcompleter' module is no longer dependent on importing the <u>mod</u>: 'readline' module and therefore now works on non-Unix platforms. (Patch from Robert Kiendl.)

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\) (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ (\mbox{cpython-main}\) (\mbox{Doc\)} \ (\mbox{whatsnew}\) 2.5.rst, \mbox{line} \ 1516); \\ \mbox{\it backlink}$

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1516); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

• The :mod: SimpleXMLRPCServer` and :mod: DocXMLRPCServer` classes now have a :attr: rpc_paths` attribute that constrains XML-RPC operations to a limited set of URL paths; the default is to allow only '/' and '/RPC2'. Setting :attr: rpc_paths` to None or an empty tuple disables this path checking.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1522); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1522); backlink
```

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System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\cite{Conboarding-resources}) ample-onboarding-resources \cpython-main\cite{Conboarding-resources}; bucklink
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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1522); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

• The :mod: socket` module now supports :const:`AF_NETLINK` sockets on Linux, thanks to a patch from Philippe Biondi. Netlink sockets are a Linux-specific mechanism for communications between a user-space process and kernel code; an introductory article about them is at https://www.linuxjournal.com/article/7356. In Python code, netlink addresses are represented as a tuple of 2 integers, (pid, group_mask).

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1529); backlink
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Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1529); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "const".

Two new methods on socket objects, <code>recv_into(buffer)</code> and <code>recvfrom_into(buffer)</code>, store the received data in an object that supports the buffer protocol instead of returning the data as a string. This means you can put the data directly into an array or a memory-mapped file.

Socket objects also gained :meth: 'getfamily', :meth: 'gettype', and :meth: 'getproto' accessor methods to retrieve the family, type, and protocol values for the socket.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1541); backlink
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System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\) \ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line}\ 1541); \ \mbox{\it backlink}
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Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ sample-onboarding-resources\ cpython-main\ (\texttt{Doc})\ (\texttt{whatsnew}\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 1541); \\ backlink
```

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 New module: the <u>mod</u>: spwd module provides functions for accessing the shadow password database on systems that support shadow passwords.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-
```

resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1545); backlink

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The :mod:'struct' is now faster because it compiles format strings into :class:'Struct' objects with :meth:'pack' and :meth:'unpack' methods. This is similar to how the :mod:'re' module lets you create compiled regular expression objects. You can still use the module-level :func:'pack' and :func:'unpack' functions; they'll create :class:'Struct' objects and cache them Or you can use :class:'Struct' instances directly:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1548); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1548); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\) \ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line}\ 1548); \ \mbox{\it backlink}$

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1548); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1548); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1548); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1548); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1548); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1548); backlink

```
data = s.pack(1972, 187, 'abc')
year, number, name = s.unpack(data)
```

You can also pack and unpack data to and from buffer objects directly using the pack_into (buffer, offset, v1, v2, ...) and unpack_from (buffer, offset) methods. This lets you store data directly into an array or a memory-mapped file.

(:class:`Struct` objects were implemented by Bob Ippolito at the NeedForSpeed sprint. Support for buffer objects was added by Martin Blais, also at the NeedForSpeed sprint.)

```
System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources} \mbox{conboarding-resources}) \, (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew} \mbox{(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1565)}; \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

• The Python developers switched from CVS to Subversion during the 2.5 development process. Information about the exact build version is available as the sys.subversion variable, a 3-tuple of (interpreter-name, branch-name, revision-range). For example, at the time of writing my copy of 2.5 was reporting ('CPython', 'trunk', '45313:45315').

This information is also available to C extensions via the cfine: Py_GetBuildInfo` function that returns a string of build information like this: "trunk: 45355: 45356M, Apr 13 2006, 07: 42:19". (Contributed by Barry Warsaw.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1575); backlink
```

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Another new function, :func:`sys._current_frames`, returns the current stack frames for all running threads as a dictionary
mapping thread identifiers to the topmost stack frame currently active in that thread at the time the function is called.
(Contributed by Tim Peters.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1580); backlink
```

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• The :class: TarFile` class in the :mod: tarfile` module now has an :meth: extractall` method that extracts all members from the archive into the current working directory. It's also possible to set a different directory as the extraction target, and to unpack only a subset of the archive's members.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1585); backlink
```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1585); backlink
```

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1585); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role 'meth'.

The compression used for a tarfile opened in stream mode can now be autodetected using the mode "r" | "". (Contributed by Lars GustÃ"bel.)

• The <u>mod: threading</u> module now lets you set the stack size used when new threads are created. The stack size ([*size*]) function returns the currently configured stack size, and supplying the optional *size* parameter sets a

new value. Not all platforms support changing the stack size, but Windows, POSIX threading, and OS/2 all do. (Contributed by Andrew MacIntyre.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1595); backlink
```

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• The <u>mod</u>: unicodedata module has been updated to use version 4.1.0 of the Unicode character database. Version 3.2.0 is required by some specifications, so it's still available as <u>attr: unicodedata.ucd_3_2_0</u>.

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\space) \ 2.5.rst, \ line\ 1603); \ backlink
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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1603); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

• New module: the <u>mod</u>: <u>uuid</u> module generates universally unique identifiers (UUIDs) according to RFC 4122. The RFC defines several different UUID versions that are generated from a starting string, from system properties, or purely randomly. This module contains a <u>class</u>: <u>UUID</u> class and functions named <u>func</u>: <u>uuid1</u>, <u>func</u>: <u>uuid3</u>, <u>func</u>: <u>uuid4</u>, and <u>func</u>: <u>uuid5</u> to generate different versions of UUID. (Version 2 UUIDs are not specified in RFC 4122 and are not supported by this module.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1607); backlink
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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1607); backlink
```

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System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonloarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\ \mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ (\mbox{cpython-main}\ ) \ (\mbox{Doc}\ ) \ (\mbox{whatsnew}\ ) \ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line}\ 1607); \ \mbox{\it backlink}
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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1607); backlink
```

```
>>> import uuid
>>> # make a UUID based on the host ID and current time
>>> uuid.uuid1()
UUID('a8098cla-f86e-11da-bdla-00112444bele')

>>> # make a UUID using an MD5 hash of a namespace UUID and a name
>>> uuid.uuid3(uuid.NAMESPACE_DNS, 'python.org')
UUID('6fa459ea-ee8a-3ca4-894e-db77e160355e')

>>> # make a random UUID
>>> uuid.uuid4()
UUID('16fd2706-8baf-433b-82eb-8c7fada847da')

>>> # make a UUID using a SHA-1 hash of a namespace UUID and a name
>>> uuid.uuid5(uuid.NAMESPACE_DNS, 'python.org')
UUID('886313e1-3b8a-5372-9b90-0c9aee199e5d')
```

(Contributed by Ka-Ping Yee.)

• The mod: weakref module's :class: WeakKeyDictionary` and :class: WeakValueDictionary` types gained new methods for iterating over the weak references contained in the dictionary. :meth: iterkeyrefs` and :meth: keyrefs` methods were added to :class: WeakKeyDictionary`, and :meth: itervaluerefs` and :meth: valuerefs` were added to :class: WeakValueDictionary`. (Contributed by Fred L. Drake, Jr.)

```
System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\spaces) ample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) \, (\mbox{Doc)} \, (\mbox{whatsnew}) \, 2.5.rst, \, \mbox{line} \, \, 1634); \\ backlink
```

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```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1634); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1634); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1634); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'meth'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1634); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'meth'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1634); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1634); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1634);

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backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1634); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

• The :mod:`webbrowser` module received a number of enhancements. It's now usable as a script with python -m webbrowser, taking a URL as the argument; there are a number of switches to control the behaviour (:option:`!-n` for a new browser window, :option:`!-t` for a new tab). New module-level functions, :func:`open_new` and :func:`open_new_tab`, were added to support this. The module's :func:`open` function supports an additional feature, an *autoraise* parameter that signals whether to raise the open window when possible. A number of additional browsers were added to the supported list such as Firefox, Opera, Konqueror, and elinks. (Contributed by Oleg Broytmann and Georg Brandl.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1641); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1641); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "option".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1641); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "option".

```
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```

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```
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```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1641); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

• The mod: xmlrpclib' module now supports returning :class: ~datetime.datetime' objects for the XML-RPC date type. Supply use_datetime=True to the :func: loads' function or the :class: Unmarshaller' class to enable this feature. (Contributed by Skip Montanaro.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1653); backlink
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```
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```

resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1653); backlink

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1653); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

• The <u>mod: zipfile</u> module now supports the ZIP64 version of the format, meaning that a .zip archive can now be larger than 4 GiB and can contain individual files larger than 4 GiB. (Contributed by Ronald Oussoren.)

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

• The mod: 'zlib' module's :class: 'Compress' and :class: 'Decompress' objects now support a :meth: 'copy' method that makes a copy of the object's internal state and returns a new :class: 'Compress' or :class: 'Decompress' object. (Contributed by Chris AtLee.)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1666); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1666); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1666); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1666); backlink

The ctypes package

The <u>mod</u>: ctypes' package, written by Thomas Heller, has been added to the standard library. <u>mod</u>: ctypes' lets you call arbitrary functions in shared libraries or DLLs. Long-time users may remember the <u>mod</u>: dl' module, which provides functions for loading shared libraries and calling functions in them. The <u>mod</u>: ctypes' package is much fancier.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1681); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1681); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1681); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1681); backlink

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To load a shared library or DLL, you must create an instance of the :class: CDLL' class and provide the name or path of the shared library or DLL. Once that's done, you can call arbitrary functions by accessing them as attributes of the :class: CDLL' object.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1687); backlink

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1687); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
import ctypes
libc = ctypes.CDLL('libc.so.6')
result = libc.printf("Line of output\n")
```

Type constructors for the various C types are provided: <code>:func:'c_float'</code>, <code>:func:'c_float'</code>, <code>:func:'c_double'</code>, <code>:func:'c_char_p'</code> (equivalent to <code>:ctype:'char_*'</code>), and so forth. Unlike Python's types, the C versions are all mutable; you can assign to their <code>:attr:'value'</code> attribute to change the wrapped value. Python integers and strings will be automatically converted to the corresponding C types, but for other types you must call the correct type constructor. (And I mean <code>must</code>; getting it wrong will often result in the interpreter crashing with a segmentation fault.)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1697); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1697); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1697); backlink

```
main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1697); backlink Unknown interpreted text role "func".
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1697); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1697); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

You shouldn't use :func:`c_char_p` with a Python string when the C function will be modifying the memory area, because Python strings are supposed to be immutable; breaking this rule will cause puzzling bugs. When you need a modifiable memory area, use :func:`create string buffer`:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1706); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1706); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
s = "this is a string"
buf = ctypes.create_string_buffer(s)
libc.strfry(buf)
```

C functions are assumed to return integers, but you can set the "attr:" restype" attribute of the function object to change this:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1715); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

```
>>> libc.atof('2.71828')
-1783957616
>>> libc.atof.restype = ctypes.c_double
>>> libc.atof('2.71828')
2.71828
```

mod: ctypes' also provides a wrapper for Python's C API as the ctypes.pythonapi object. This object does *not* release the global interpreter lock before calling a function, because the lock must be held when calling into the interpreter's code. There's a class: 'py_object()' type constructor that will create a ctype: 'PyObject *' pointer. A simple usage:

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1724); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1724); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

```
import ctypes
d = {}
ctypes.pythonapi.PyObject_SetItem(ctypes.py_object(d),
```

```
ctypes.py_object("abc"), ctypes.py_object(1))
# d is now {'abc', 1}.
```

Don't forget to use :class: py object(); if it's omitted you end up with a segmentation fault.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1737); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

mod:'ctypes' has been around for a while, but people still write and distribution hand-coded extension modules because you can't rely on mod:'ctypes' being present. Perhaps developers will begin to write Python wrappers atop a library accessed through mod:'ctypes' instead of extension modules, now that mod:'ctypes' is included with core Python.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1740); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1740); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1740); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1740); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1747)

Unknown directive type "seealso".

```
.. seealso::
   http://starship.python.net/crew/theller/ctypes/
      The ctypes web page, with a tutorial, reference, and FAQ.
   The documentation for the :mod:`ctypes` module.
```

The ElementTree package

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1762); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3~(\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main)~(\texttt{Doc})~(whatsnew)~2.5.rst, line~1762); \\ \textit{backlink} \\$

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1762); backlink

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1762); backlink

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1762); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

The rest of this section will provide a brief overview of using ElementTree. Full documentation for ElementTree is available at http://effbot.org/zone/element-index.htm.

Element Tree represents an XML document as a tree of element nodes. The text content of the document is stored as the attr:'text' and attr:'tail attr:'tail' attributes of (This is one of the major differences between Element Tree and the Document Object Model; in the DOM there are many different types of node, including class:'TextNode'.)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1772); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1772); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1772); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

The most commonly used parsing function is :func:'parse', that takes either a string (assumed to contain a filename) or a file-like object and returns an :class:'ElementTree' instance:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1778); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1778); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Once you have an :class: `ElementTree` instance, you can call its :meth: `getroot` method to get the root :class: `Element` node.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1790); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1790); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1790); backlink

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There's also an :func: XML' function that takes a string literal and returns an :class: Element' node (not an :class: Element Tree'). This function provides a tidy way to incorporate XML fragments, approaching the convenience of an XML literal:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1793); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1793); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1793); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Each XML element supports some dictionary-like and some list-like access methods. Dictionary-like operations are used to access attribute values, and list-like operations are used to access child nodes.

Operation	Result
elem[n]	Returns n'th child element.
elem[m:n]	Returns list of m'th through n'th child elements.
len(elem)	Returns number of child elements.
list(elem)	Returns list of child elements.
elem.append(elem2)	Adds <i>elem2</i> as a child.
elem.insert(index, elem2)	Inserts <i>elem2</i> at the specified location.
del elem[n]	Deletes n'th child element.
elem.keys()	Returns list of attribute names.
elem.get(name)	Returns value of attribute name.
elem.set(name, value)	Sets new value for attribute <i>name</i> .
elem.attrib	Retrieves the dictionary containing attributes.
del elem.attrib[name]	Deletes attribute <i>name</i> .

Comments and processing instructions are also represented as :class: 'Element' nodes. To check if a node is a comment or processing instructions:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1837); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
if elem.tag is ET.Comment:
    ...
elif elem.tag is ET.ProcessingInstruction:
```

To generate XML output, you should call the :meth: Element Tree.write method. Like :func: parse, it can take either a string or a file-like object:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1845); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'meth'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1845); backlink

```
# Encoding is US-ASCII
tree.write('output.xml')
# Encoding is UTF-8
f = open('output.xml', 'w')
tree.write(f, encoding='utf-8')
```

(Caution: the default encoding used for output is ASCII. For general XML work, where an element's name may contain arbitrary Unicode characters, ASCII isn't a very useful encoding because it will raise an exception if an element's name contains any characters with values greater than 127. Therefore, it's best to specify a different encoding such as UTF-8 that can handle any Unicode character.)

This section is only a partial description of the ElementTree interfaces. Please read the package's official documentation for more details.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1866)

Unknown directive type "seealso".

.. seealso::

http://effbot.org/zone/element-index.htm
Official documentation for ElementTree.
```

The hashlib package

A new :mod:`hashlib` module, written by Gregory P. Smith, has been added to replace the :mod:`md5` and :mod:`sha` modules. :mod:`hashlib` adds support for additional secure hashes (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384, and SHA-512). When available, the module uses OpenSSL for fast platform optimized implementations of algorithms.

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System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1879); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1879); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'mod'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1879); backlink

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The old <a href="mod:"mod:"sha" modules still exist as wrappers around hashlib to preserve backwards compatibility. The new module's interface is very close to that of the old modules, but not identical. The most significant difference is that the constructor functions for creating new hashing objects are named differently.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1885); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1885); backlink

```
# Old versions
h = md5.md5()
h = md5.new()
```

```
# New version
h = hashlib.md5()

# Old versions
h = sha.sha()
h = sha.new()

# New version
h = hashlib.sha1()

# Hash that weren't previously available
h = hashlib.sha224()
h = hashlib.sha256()
h = hashlib.sha384()
h = hashlib.sha512()

# Alternative form
h = hashlib.new('md5') # Provide algorithm as a string
```

Once a hash object has been created, its methods are the same as before: update(string) hashes the specified string into the current digest state, meth: digest and meth: hexdigest return the digest value as a binary string or a string of hex digits, and meth: copy returns a new hashing object with the same digest state.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1914); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1914); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1914); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

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Unknown directive type "seealso".

```
.. seealso::
   The documentation for the :mod:`hashlib` module.
```

The sqlite3 package

The pysqlite module (http://www.pysqlite.org), a wrapper for the SQLite embedded database, has been added to the standard library under the package name :mod:'sqlite3'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1933); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

SQLite is a C library that provides a lightweight disk-based database that doesn't require a separate server process and allows accessing the database using a nonstandard variant of the SQL query language. Some applications can use SQLite for internal data storage. It's also possible to prototype an application using SQLite and then port the code to a larger database such as PostgreSQL or Oracle.

pysqlite was written by Gerhard Häring and provides a SQL interface compliant with the DB-API 2.0 specification described by PEP 249.

If you're compiling the Python source yourself, note that the source tree doesn't include the SQLite code, only the wrapper module. You'll need to have the SQLite libraries and headers installed before compiling Python, and the build process will compile the module when the necessary headers are available.

To use the module, you must first create a :class: Connection' object that represents the database. Here the data will be stored in the :file: 'tmp/example' file:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1952); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1952); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "file".

```
conn = sqlite3.connect('/tmp/example')
```

You can also supply the special name :memory: to create a database in RAM.

Once you have a :class: 'Connection', you can create a :class: 'Cursor' object and call its :meth: 'execute' method to perform SQL commands:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1960); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1960); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1960); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

Usually your SQL operations will need to use values from Python variables. You shouldn't assemble your query using Python's string operations because doing so is insecure; it makes your program vulnerable to an SQL injection attack.

Instead, use the DB-API's parameter substitution. Put? as a placeholder wherever you want to use a value, and then provide a tuple of values as the second argument to the cursor's meth.'execute' method. (Other database modules may use a different placeholder, such as %s or :1.) For example:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1978); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

To retrieve data after executing a SELECT statement, you can either treat the cursor as an iterator, call the cursor's :meth: 'fetchone' method to retrieve a single matching row, or call :meth: 'fetchall' to get a list of the matching rows.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1998); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 1998); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

This example uses the iterator form:

```
>>> c = conn.cursor()
>>> c.execute('select * from stocks order by price')
>>> for row in c:
... print row
...
(u'2006-01-05', u'BUY', u'RHAT', 100, 35.140000000000001)
(u'2006-03-28', u'BUY', u'IBM', 1000, 45.0)
(u'2006-04-06', u'SELL', u'IBM', 500, 53.0)
(u'2006-04-05', u'BUY', u'MSOFT', 1000, 72.0)
>>>
```

For more information about the SQL dialect supported by SQLite, see https://www.sqlite.org.

PEP written by Marc-André Lemburg.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (p:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-
main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2020)

Unknown directive type "seealso".
... seealso::
    http://www.pysqlite.org
        The pysqlite web page.

https://www.sqlite.org
        The SQLite web page; the documentation describes the syntax and the available data types for the supported SQL dialect.

The documentation for the :mod:`sqlite3` module.
:pep:`249` - Database API Specification 2.0
```

The wsgiref package

The Web Server Gateway Interface (WSGI) v1.0 defines a standard interface between web servers and Python web applications and is described in PEP 333. The :mod:`wsgiref package is a reference implementation of the WSGI specification.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2042); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "mod".
```

The package includes a basic HTTP server that will run a WSGI application; this server is useful for debugging but isn't intended for production use. Setting up a server takes only a few lines of code:

```
from wsgiref import simple_server
wsgi_app = ...
host = ''
port = 8000
httpd = simple_server.make_server(host, port, wsgi_app)
httpd.serve forever()
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2066)
```

Unknown directive type "seealso".

```
.. seealso::
```

```
http://www.wsgi.org
A central web site for WSGI-related resources.

:pep:`333` - Python Web Server Gateway Interface v1.0
PEP written by Phillip J. Eby.
```

Build and C API Changes

Changes to Python's build process and to the C API include:

- The Python source tree was converted from CVS to Subversion, in a complex migration procedure that was supervised and flawlessly carried out by Martin von Löwis. The procedure was developed as PEP 347.
- Coverity, a company that markets a source code analysis tool called Prevent, provided the results of their examination of the Python source code. The analysis found about 60 bugs that were quickly fixed. Many of the bugs were refcounting problems, often occurring in error-handling code. See https://scan.coverity.com for the statistics.
- The largest change to the C API came from PEP 353, which modifies the interpreter to use a :c:type:`Py_ssize_t` type definition instead of :c:type:`int`. See the earlier section :ref;`pep-353` for a discussion of this change.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\((cpython-main)\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2094); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2094); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2094); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".
```

• The design of the bytecode compiler has changed a great deal, no longer generating bytecode by traversing the parse tree. Instead the parse tree is converted to an abstract syntax tree (or AST), and it is the abstract syntax tree that's traversed to produce the bytecode.

It's possible for Python code to obtain AST objects by using the :func:`compile` built-in and specifying _ast.PyCF_ONLY_AST as the value of the flags parameter:

```
System \ Message: ERROR/3 \ (\ D: \ \ \ \ ) \ (Doc) \ (whatsnew) \ 2.5.rst, \ line \ 2104); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

```
from _ast import PyCF_ONLY_AST
ast = compile("""a=0
for i in range(10):
    a += i
""", "<string>", 'exec', PyCF_ONLY_AST)
assignment = ast.body[0]
for loop = ast.body[1]
```

No official documentation has been written for the AST code yet, but PEP 339 discusses the design. To start learning about the code, read the definition of the various AST nodes in :file: Parser/Python.asdl'. A Python script reads this file and generates a set of C structure definitions in :file: Include/Python-ast.h'. The :c:fiunc: PyParser_ASTFromString' and :c:fiunc: PyParser_ASTFromFile', defined in :file: Include/pythonrun.h', take Python source as input and return the root of an AST representing the contents. This AST can then be turned into a code object by :c:fiunc: PyAST_Compile'. For more information, read the source code, and then ask questions on python-dev.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2117);
```

backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "file".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2117); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "file".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2117); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2117); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "file".

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\s$

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

The AST code was developed under Jeremy Hylton's management, and implemented by (in alphabetical order) Brett Cannon, Nick Coghlan, Grant Edwards, John Ehresman, Kurt Kaiser, Neal Norwitz, Tim Peters, Armin Rigo, and Neil Schemenauer, plus the participants in a number of AST sprints at conferences such as PyCon.

• Evan Jones's patch to obmalloc, first described in a talk at PyCon DC 2005, was applied. Python 2.4 allocated small objects in 256K-sized arenas, but never freed arenas. With this patch, Python will free arenas when they're empty. The net effect is that on some platforms, when you allocate many objects, Python's memory usage may actually drop when you delete them and the memory may be returned to the operating system. (Implemented by Evan Jones, and reworked by Tim Peters.)

Note that this change means extension modules must be more careful when allocating memory. Python's API has many different functions for allocating memory that are grouped into families. For example, :c:func:`PyMem_Malloc`, :c:func:`PyMem_Realloc`, and :c:func:`PyMem_Free` are one family that allocates raw memory, while :c:func:`PyObject_Malloc`, :c:func:`PyObject_Realloc`, and :c:func:`PyObject_Free` are another family that's supposed to be used for creating Python objects.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2144); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2144); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3\, (\mboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\boc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main)\, (Doc)\, (whatsnew)\, 2.5.rst, \mbox{line}\, 2144); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (\cpython-main)\ (\mbox{Doc})\ (\whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 2144); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2144); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

Previously these different families all reduced to the platform's :c:func:`malloc` and :c:func:`free` functions. This meant it didn't matter if you got things wrong and allocated memory with the :c:func:`PyMem` function but freed it with the :c:func:`PyObject` function. With 2.5's changes to obmalloc, these families now do different things and mismatches will probably result in a segfault. You should carefully test your C extension modules with Python 2.5.

```
System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 2152); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2152); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2152); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

• The built-in set types now have an official C API. Call :c:func:`PySet_New` and :c:func:`PyFrozenSet_New` to create a new set, :c:func:`PySet_Add` and :c:func:`PySet_Discard` to add and remove elements, and :c:func:`PySet_Contains` and :c:func:`PySet_Size` to examine the set's state. (Contributed by Raymond Hettinger.)

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2159); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2159); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-

resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2159); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2159); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2159); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2159); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

• C code can now obtain information about the exact revision of the Python interpreter by calling the :c:func: Py_GetBuildInfo` function that returns a string of build information like this: "trunk: 45355: 45356M, Apr 13 2006, 07: 42:19". (Contributed by Barry Warsaw.)

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2165); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

• Two new macros can be used to indicate C functions that are local to the current file so that a faster calling convention can be used. Py_Local(type) declares the function as returning a value of the specified *type* and uses a fast-calling qualifier.

Py_Local_Inline(type) does the same thing and also requests the function be inlined. If
c:func:PY_Local_AGGRESSIVE is defined before :file:python.h is included, a set of more aggressive optimizations are enabled for the module; you should benchmark the results to find out if these optimizations actually make the code faster.
(Contributed by Fredrik Lundh at the NeedForSpeed sprint.)

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2170); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "file".

- PyErr_NewException (name, base, dict) can now accept a tuple of base classes as its base argument. (Contributed by Georg Brandl)
- The :c:func: PyErr_Warn` function for issuing warnings is now deprecated in favour of PyErr_WarnEx (category, message, stacklevel) which lets you specify the number of stack frames separating this function and the caller. A *stacklevel* of 1 is the function calling :c:func: PyErr_WarnEx`, 2 is the function above that, and so forth. (Added by Neal Norwitz.)

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonboarding-resources}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew}\ \cpython-main\) \ (\mbox{Doc\)} \ \ (\mbox{whatsnew}\) \ 2.5.rst, \ \mbox{line} \ 2184); \ \mbox{\it backlink}$

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2184); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

- The CPython interpreter is still written in C, but the code can now be compiled with a C++ compiler without errors. (Implemented by Anthony Baxter, Martin von Löwis, Skip Montanaro.)
- The :c:func: PyRange_New` function was removed. It was never documented, never used in the core code, and had
 dangerously lax error checking. In the unlikely case that your extensions were using it, you can replace it by something like the
 following:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2194); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

Port-Specific Changes

MacOS X (10.3 and higher): dynamic loading of modules now uses the :c:func:'dlopen' function instead of MacOS-specific functions.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2210); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

MacOS X: an :option: `!--enable-universalsdk` switch was added to the :program: `configure` script that compiles the interpreter as a universal binary able to run on both PowerPC and Intel processors. (Contributed by Ronald Oussoren; :issue: `2573`.)

Unknown interpreted text role "option".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2213); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "program".

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\nonline}-resources\spaces) ample-onboarding-resources\spaces) (Doc) \ (\mbox{whatsnew}\spaces) (Doc) \ (\mbox{whatsnew}\spaces)
```

Unknown interpreted text role "issue".

• Windows: file:`.dll' is no longer supported as a filename extension for extension modules. file:`.pyd' is now the only filename extension that will be searched for.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2218); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "file".

Porting to Python 2.5

This section lists previously described changes that may require changes to your code:

- ASCII is now the default encoding for modules. It's now a syntax error if a module contains string literals with 8-bit characters but doesn't have an encoding declaration. In Python 2.4 this triggered a warning, not a syntax error.
- Previously, the attr:\gi_frame attribute of a generator was always a frame object. Because of the PEP 342 changes described in section reff pep-342, it's now possible for attr:\gi_frame to be None.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2238); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2238); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "ref".

```
System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 2238); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

• A new warning, :class: 'Unicode Warning', is triggered when you attempt to compare a Unicode string and an 8-bit string that can't be converted to Unicode using the default ASCII encoding. Previously such comparisons would raise a :class: 'UnicodeDecodeError' exception.

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2242); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

• Library: the module is now stricter about multi-line quoted fields. If your files contain newlines embedded within fields, the input should be split into lines in a manner which preserves the newline characters.

```
System\ Message: ERROR/3\ (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst,\ line\ 2247); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

• Library: the module's :func: format function's would previously accept any string as long as no more than one %char specifier appeared. In Python 2.5, the argument must be exactly one %char specifier with no surrounding text.

```
System \, Message: ERROR/3 \, (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources} \mbox{conboarding-resources}) \, (\mbox{Doc\whatsnew} \mbox{(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2251)}; \\ backlink
```

```
System\,Message:\,ERROR/3\, (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\(cpython-main)\,(Doc)\, (whatsnew)\,2.5.rst,\, \mbox{line}\,\,2251);\\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "func".

• Library: The :mod:`pickle` and :mod:`cPickle` modules no longer accept a return value of None from the :meth:`__reduce__` method; the method must return a tuple of arguments instead. The modules also no longer accept the deprecated bin keyword parameter.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2256); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2256); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2256); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

• Library: The :mod: SimpleXMLRPCServer` and :mod: DocXMLRPCServer` classes now have a :attr: rpc_paths` attribute that constrains XML-RPC operations to a limited set of URL paths; the default is to allow only '/' and '/RPC2'. Setting :attr: rpc_paths` to None or an empty tuple disables this path checking.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2261); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2261); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

```
System\,Message: ERROR/3 \ (\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noc\whatsnew\ (cpython-main) (Doc) \ (whatsnew)\ 2.5.rst, \ line\ 2261); \\ backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

C API: Many functions now use :c:type: 'Py_ssize_t' instead of :c:type: int' to allow processing more data on 64-bit machines.
 Extension code may need to make the same change to avoid warnings and to support 64-bit machines. See the earlier section :ref: 'pep-353' for a discussion of this change.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2267); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

Unknown interpreted text role "c:type".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2267); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'ref'.

• C API: The obmalloc changes mean that you must be careful to not mix usage of the c:func: 'PyMem_*' and c:func: 'PyObject_*' families of functions. Memory allocated with one family's :c:func: *_Malloc' must be freed with the corresponding family's :c:func: *_Free' function.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2272); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2272); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2272); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\whatsnew\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (whatsnew) 2.5.rst, line 2272); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "c:func".

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