

Add `.stretched-link` to a link to make its [containing block](#) clickable via a `::after` pseudo element. In most cases, this means that an element with `position: relative;` that contains a link with the `.stretched-link` class is clickable. Please note given [how CSS position works](#), `.stretched-link` cannot be mixed with most table elements.

Cards have `position: relative` by default in Bootstrap, so in this case you can safely add the `.stretched-link` class to a link in the card without any other HTML changes.

Multiple links and tap targets are not recommended with stretched links. However, some `position` and `z-index` styles can help should this be required.

```
{{< example >}}
```

```
{{< placeholder width="100%" height="180" class="card-  
img-top" text="false" title="Card image cap" >}}
```

Card with stretched link

Some quick example text to build on the card title and make up the bulk of the card's content.

[Go somewhere](#)

```
{{< /example >}}
```

Most custom components do not have `position: relative` by default, so we need to add the `.position-relative` here to prevent the link from stretching outside the parent element.

```
{{< example >}}
```

```
{{< placeholder width="144" height="144" class="flex-shrink-0 me-3" text="false" title="Generic placeholder image" >}}
```

Custom component with stretched link

This is some placeholder content for the custom component. It is intended to mimic what some real-world content would look like, and we're using it here to give the component a bit of body and size.

[Go somewhere](#)

```
{{< /example >}}
```

```
{{< example >}}
```

```
{{< placeholder width="100%" height="200" class="w-100" text="false" title="Generic placeholder image" >}}
```

Columns with stretched link

Another instance of placeholder content for this other custom component. It is intended to mimic what some real-world content would look like, and we're using it here to give the component a bit of body and size.

[Go somewhere](#)

```
{{< /example >}}
```

Identifying the containing block

If the stretched link doesn't seem to work, the [containing block](#) will probably be the cause. The following CSS properties will make an element the containing block:

- A `position` value other than `static`
- A `transform` or `perspective` value other than `none`
- A `will-change` value of `transform` or `perspective`
- A `filter` value other than `none` or a `will-change` value of `filter` (only works on Firefox)

```
{{< example >}}
```

```
{{< placeholder width="100%" height="180" class="card-  
img-top" text="false" title="Card image cap" >}}
```

Card with stretched links

Some quick example text to build on the card title and make up the bulk of the card's content.

[Stretched link will not work here, because `position: relative` is added to the link](#)

This [stretched link](#) will only be spread over the `p`-tag, because a transform is applied to it.

```
{{< /example >}}
```