:mod:`wsgiref` --- WSGI Utilities and Reference

Implementation

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Unknown directive type "module".

```
.. module:: wsgiref :synopsis: WSGI Utilities and Reference Implementation.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 7)

Unknown directive type "moduleauthor".

.. moduleauthor:: Phillip J. Eby <pje@telecommunity.com>

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Unknown directive type "sectionauthor".

.. sectionauthor:: Phillip J. Eby <pje@telecommunity.com>

The Web Server Gateway Interface (WSGI) is a standard interface between web server software and web applications written in Python. Having a standard interface makes it easy to use an application that supports WSGI with a number of different web servers.

Only authors of web servers and programming frameworks need to know every detail and corner case of the WSGI design. You don't need to understand every detail of WSGI just to install a WSGI application or to write a web application using an existing framework.

mod: wsgiref is a reference implementation of the WSGI specification that can be used to add WSGI support to a web server or framework. It provides utilities for manipulating WSGI environment variables and response headers, base classes for implementing WSGI servers, a demo HTTP server that serves WSGI applications, and a validation tool that checks WSGI servers and applications for conformance to the WSGI specification (PEP 3333).

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See wsgi.readthedocs.io for more information about WSGI, and links to tutorials and other resources.

:mod:`wsgiref.util` -- WSGI environment utilities

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Unknown directive type "module".

```
.. module:: wsgiref.util
    :synopsis: WSGI environment utilities.
```

This module provides a variety of utility functions for working with WSGI environments. A WSGI environment is a dictionary containing HTTP request variables as described in PEP 3333. All of the functions taking an *environ* parameter expect a WSGI-compliant dictionary to be supplied; please see PEP 3333 for a detailed specification.

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.. function:: guess scheme(environ)

Return a guess for whether ``wsgi.url_scheme`` should be "http" or "https", by checking for a ``HTTPS`` environment variable in the *environ* dictionary. The return value is a string.

This function is useful when creating a gateway that wraps CGI or a CGI-like protocol such as FastCGI. Typically, servers providing such protocols will include a ``HTTPS`` variable with a value of "1", "yes", or "on" when a request is received via SSL. So, this function returns "https" if such a value is found, and "http" otherwise.

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.. function:: request uri(environ, include query=True)

Return the full request URI, optionally including the query string, using the algorithm found in the "URL Reconstruction" section of :pep:`3333`. If *include query* is false, the query string is not included in the resulting URI.

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.. function:: application_uri(environ)

Similar to :func:`request_uri`, except that the ``PATH_INFO`` and ``QUERY_STRING`` variables are ignored. The result is the base URI of the application object addressed by the request.

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.. function:: shift path info(environ)

Shift a single name from ``PATH_INFO`` to ``SCRIPT_NAME`` and return the name. The *environ* dictionary is *modified* in-place; use a copy if you need to keep the original ``PATH_INFO`` or ``SCRIPT_NAME`` intact.

If there are no remaining path segments in ``PATH_INFO``, ``None`` is returned.

Typically, this routine is used to process each portion of a request URI path, for example to treat the path as a series of dictionary keys. This routine modifies the passed-in environment to make it suitable for invoking another WSGI application that is located at the target URI. For example, if there is a WSGI application at ``/foo``, and the request URI path is ``/foo/bar/baz``, and the WSGI application at ``/foo' calls :func: `shift_path_info`, it will receive the string "bar", and the environment will be updated to be suitable for passing to a WSGI application at ``/foo/bar``. That is, ``SCRIPT_NAME`` will change from ``/foo'` to ``/foo/bar``, and ``PATH_INFO`` will change from ``/bar/baz`` to ``/baz``.

When ``PATH_INFO`` is just a "/", this routine returns an empty string and appends a trailing slash to ``SCRIPT_NAME``, even though empty path segments are normally ignored, and ``SCRIPT_NAME`` doesn't normally end in a slash. This is intentional behavior, to ensure that an application can tell the difference between URIs ending in ``/x`` from ones ending in ``/x/`` when using this routine to do object traversal.

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``PATH_INFO``, and all of the :pep:`3333`\ -defined ``wsgi.*`` variables. It only supplies default values, and does not replace any existing settings for these variables. This routine is intended to make it easier for unit tests of WSGI servers and applications to set up dummy environments. It should NOT be used by actual WSGI servers or applications, since the data is fake! Example usage:: from wsgiref.util import setup testing defaults from wsgiref.simple server import make server $\ensuremath{\mathtt{\#}}$ A relatively simple WSGI application. It's going to print out the # environment dictionary after being updated by setup testing defaults def simple_app(environ, start_response): setup testing defaults (environ) status = '200 OK' headers = [('Content-type', 'text/plain; charset=utf-8')] start response (status, headers) ret = $[("%s: %s\n" % (key, value)).encode("utf-8")$ for key, value in environ.items()] return ret with make server('', 8000, simple app) as httpd: print("Serving on port 8000...") httpd.serve forever()

In addition to the environment functions above, the "mod: wsgiref.util" module also provides these miscellaneous utilities:

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```
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Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: is_hop_by_hop(header_name)

Return ``True`` if 'header_name' is an HTTP/1.1 "Hop-by-Hop" header, as defined by :rfc:`2616`.
```

A wrapper to convert a file-like object to an <u>term'iterator</u>'. The resulting objects are <u>term'iterable</u>'s. As the object is iterated over, the optional *blksize* parameter will be repeatedly passed to the *filelike* object's <u>meth'read</u>' method to obtain bytestrings to yield. When <u>meth'read</u>' returns an empty bytestring, iteration is ended and is not resumable.

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If *filelike* has a meth: close' method, the returned object will also have a meth: close' method, and it will invoke the *filelike* object's method when called.

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Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

Example usage:

```
from io import StringIO
from wsgiref.util import FileWrapper

# We're using a StringIO-buffer for as the file-like object
filelike = StringIO("This is an example file-like object"*10)
wrapper = FileWrapper(filelike, blksize=5)

for chunk in wrapper:
    print(chunk)
```

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Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

```
.. versionchanged:: 3.11
Support for :meth:`__getitem__` method has been removed.
```

:mod:'wsgiref.headers' -- WSGI response header tools

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Unknown directive type "module".

```
.. module:: wsgiref.headers
    :synopsis: WSGI response header tools.
```

This module provides a single class, 'class:'Headers', for convenient manipulation of WSGI response headers using a mapping-like interface.

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Create a mapping-like object wrapping *headers*, which must be a list of header name/value tuples as described in PEP 3333. The default value of *headers* is an empty list.

:class: 'Headers' objects support typical mapping operations including :meth:'__getitem__', :meth:'_get', :meth:'__setitem__', :meth:'__delitem__' and :meth:'__contains__'. For each of these methods, the key is the header name (treated case-insensitively), and the value is the first value associated with that header name. Setting a header deletes any existing values for that header, then adds a new value at the end of the wrapped header list. Headers' existing order is generally maintained, with new headers added to the end of the wrapped list.

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Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

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Unlike a dictionary, class: Headers' objects do not raise an error when you try to get or delete a key that isn't in the wrapped header list. Getting a nonexistent header just returns None, and deleting a nonexistent header does nothing.

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

class: 'Headers' objects also support meth: 'keys', meth: 'values', and meth: 'items' methods. The lists returned by meth: 'keys' and meth: 'items' can include the same key more than once if there is a multi-valued header. The len() of a class: 'Headers' object is the same as the length of its meth: 'items', which is the same as the length of the wrapped header list. In fact, the meth: 'items' method just returns a copy of the wrapped header list.

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Calling bytes () on a :class: Headers' object returns a formatted bytestring suitable for transmission as HTTP response headers. Each header is placed on a line with its value, separated by a colon and a space. Each line is terminated by a carriage return and line feed, and the bytestring is terminated with a blank line.

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

In addition to their mapping interface and formatting features, "class: Headers" objects also have the following methods for querying and adding multi-valued headers, and for adding headers with MIME parameters:

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Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: Headers.get all(name)

Return a list of all the values for the named header.

The returned list will be sorted in the order they appeared in the original header list or were added to this instance, and may contain duplicates. Any fields deleted and re-inserted are always appended to the header list. If no fields exist with the given name, returns an empty list.

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Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: Headers.add_header(name, value, **_params)

 $\mbox{\sc Add}$ a (possibly multi-valued) header, with optional MIME parameters specified via keyword arguments.

name is the header field to add. Keyword arguments can be used to set MIME parameters for the header field. Each parameter must be a string or ``None``. Underscores in parameter names are converted to dashes, since dashes are illegal in Python identifiers, but many MIME parameter names include dashes. If the parameter value is a string, it is added to the header value parameters in the form ``name="value"``. If it is ``None``, only the parameter name is added. (This is used for MIME parameters without a value.) Example usage::

h.add header('content-disposition', 'attachment', filename='bud.gif')

The above will add a header that looks like this::

Content-Disposition: attachment; filename="bud.gif"

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Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

.. versionchanged:: 3.5
 headers parameter is optional.

:mod:`wsgiref.simple_server` -- a simple WSGI HTTP server

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.. module:: wsgiref.simple_server
:synopsis: A simple WSGI HTTP server.

This module implements a simple HTTP server (based on mod: http.server) that serves WSGI applications. Each server instance serves a single WSGI application on a given host and port. If you want to serve multiple applications on a single host and port, you should create a WSGI application that parses PATH_INFO to select which application to invoke for each request. (E.g., using the :func: shift path info function from mod: wsgiref.util'.)

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main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 278)

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: make_server(host, port, app, server_class=WSGIServer, handler_class=WSGIRequestHandle

Create a new WSGI server listening on *host* and *port*, accepting connections for *app*. The return value is an instance of the supplied *server_class*, and will process requests using the specified *handler_class*. *app* must be a WSGI application object, as defined by :pep:`3333`.

Example usage::

```
from wsgiref.simple_server import make_server, demo_app
with make_server('', 8000, demo_app) as httpd:
    print("Serving HTTP on port 8000...")

# Respond to requests until process is killed
    httpd.serve_forever()

# Alternative: serve one request, then exit
    httpd.handle_request()
```

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Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: demo app(environ, start response)

This function is a small but complete WSGI application that returns a text page containing the message "Hello world!" and a list of the key/value pairs provided in the *environ* parameter. It's useful for verifying that a WSGI server (such as :mod:`wsgiref.simple_server`) is able to run a simple WSGI application correctly.

Create a :class: 'WSGIServer' instance. server_address should be a (host, port) tuple, and RequestHandlerClass should be the subclass of :class: 'http.server.BaseHTTPRequestHandler' that will be used to process requests.

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

You do not normally need to call this constructor, as the :func: 'make_server' function can handle all the details for you.

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:class: 'WSGIServer' is a subclass of :class: 'http.server.HTTPServer', so all of its methods (such as :meth: 'serve_forever' and :meth: 'handle request') are available. :class: 'WSGIServer' also provides these WSGI-specific methods:

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

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Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: WSGIServer.set_app(application)
Sets the callable *application* as the WSGI application that will receive
requests.

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Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: WSGIServer.get_app()

Returns the currently-set application callable.
```

Normally, however, you do not need to use these additional methods, as meth: is normally called by func: imake_server, and the meth: is normally called by func: imake_server), and the meth: is normally called by func: imake_server).

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Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

Create an HTTP handler for the given request (i.e. a socket), client_address (a (host,port) tuple), and server (class: WSGIServer' instance).

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Unknown interpreted text role "class".

You do not need to create instances of this class directly; they are automatically created as needed by :class: `WSGIServer` objects. You can, however, subclass this class and supply it as a <code>handler_class</code> to the :func: `make_server` function. Some possibly relevant methods for overriding in subclasses:

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Unknown interpreted text role "func".

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Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: WSGIRequestHandler.get_environ()

Returns a dictionary containing the WSGI environment for a request. The default implementation copies the contents of the :class:`WSGIServer` object's :attr:`base_environ` dictionary attribute and then adds various headers derived from the HTTP request. Each call to this method should return a new dictionary containing all of the relevant CGI environment variables as specified in :pep:`3333`.

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Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: WSGIRequestHandler.get stderr()

Return the object that should be used as the ``wsgi.errors`` stream. The default implementation just returns ``sys.stderr``.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 366)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: WSGIRequestHandler.handle()

Process the HTTP request. The default implementation creates a handler instance using a :mod:`wsgiref.handlers` class to implement the actual WSGI application interface.

:mod:`wsgiref.validate` --- WSGI conformance checker

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 373); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

Unknown directive type "module".

```
.. module:: wsgiref.validate
    :synopsis: WSGI conformance checker.
```

When creating new WSGI application objects, frameworks, servers, or middleware, it can be useful to validate the new code's conformance using mod:"wsgiref.validate. This module provides a function that creates WSGI application objects that validate communications between a WSGI server or gateway and a WSGI application object, to check both sides for protocol conformance.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 380); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

Note that this utility does not guarantee complete PEP 3333 compliance; an absence of errors from this module does not necessarily mean that errors do not exist. However, if this module does produce an error, then it is virtually certain that either the server or application is not 100% compliant.

This module is based on the "mod:" paste.lint" module from Ian Bicking's "Python Paste" library.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 392); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 396)

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: validator(application)

Wrap *application* and return a new WSGI application object. The returned application will forward all requests to the original *application*, and will check that both the *application* and the server invoking it are conforming to the WSGI specification and to :rfc:`2616`.

Any detected nonconformance results in an :exc:`AssertionError` being raised; note, however, that how these errors are handled is server-dependent. For example, :mod:`wsgiref.simple_server` and other servers based on :mod:`wsgiref.handlers` (that don't override the error handling methods to do something else) will simply output a message that an error has occurred, and dump the traceback to ``sys.stderr`` or some other error stream.

This wrapper may also generate output using the :mod:`warnings` module to indicate behaviors that are questionable but which may not actually be prohibited by :pep:`3333`. Unless they are suppressed using Python command-line options or the :mod:`warnings` API, any such warnings will be written to ``sys.stderr`` (*not* ``wsgi.errors``, unless they happen to be the same object).

Example usage::

```
from wsgiref.validate import validator
from wsgiref.simple server import make server
# Our callable object which is intentionally not compliant to the
# standard, so the validator is going to break
def simple_app(environ, start_response):
   status = '200 OK' # HTTP Status
   headers = [('Content-type', 'text/plain')]  # HTTP Headers
   start response (status, headers)
    \# This is going to break because we need to return a list, and
    # the validator is going to inform us
    return b"Hello World"
# This is the application wrapped in a validator
validator app = validator(simple app)
with make_server('', 8000, validator_app) as httpd:
   print("Listening on port 8000....")
   httpd.serve forever()
```

:mod:`wsgiref.handlers` -- server/gateway base classes

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 441); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

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Unknown directive type "module".

```
.. module:: wsgiref.handlers
    :synopsis: WSGI server/gateway base classes.
```

This module provides base handler classes for implementing WSGI servers and gateways. These base classes handle most of the work of communicating with a WSGI application, as long as they are given a CGI-like environment, along with input, output, and error streams.

CGI-based invocation via sys.stdin, sys.stdout, sys.stderr and os.environ. This is useful when you have a WSGI application and want to run it as a CGI script. Simply invoke CGIHandler().run(app), where app is the WSGI application object you wish to invoke.

This class is a subclass of class: BaseCGIHandler` that sets wsgi.run_once to true, wsgi.multithread to false, and wsgi.multiprocess to true, and always uses mod: sys` and mod: os` to obtain the necessary CGI streams and environment.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 461); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 461); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\ (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 461); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

A specialized alternative to class: CGIHandler, for use when deploying on Microsoft's IIS web server, without having set the config allowPathInfo option (IIS>=7) or metabase allowPathInfoForScriptMappings (IIS<7).

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 469); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

By default, IIS gives a PATH_INFO that duplicates the SCRIPT_NAME at the front, causing problems for WSGI applications that wish to implement routing. This handler strips any such duplicated path.

IIS can be configured to pass the correct PATH_INFO, but this causes another bug where PATH_TRANSLATED is wrong. Luckily this variable is rarely used and is not guaranteed by WSGI. On IIS<7, though, the setting can only be made on a vhost level, affecting all other script mappings, many of which break when exposed to the PATH_TRANSLATED bug. For this reason IIS<7 is almost never deployed with the fix (Even IIS7 rarely uses it because there is still no UI for it.).

There is no way for CGI code to tell whether the option was set, so a separate handler class is provided. It is used in the same way as :class: `CGIHandler`, i.e., by calling IISCGIHandler().run(app), where app is the WSGI application object you wish to invoke.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 485); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 490)

Unknown directive type "versionadded".

.. versionadded:: 3.2

Similar to :class: CGIHandler`, but instead of using the :mod:`sys` and :mod:`os` modules, the CGI environment and I/O streams are specified explicitly. The *multithread* and *multiprocess* values are used to set the wsgi.multithread and wsgi.multiprocess flags for any applications run by the handler instance.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 495); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 495); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\ (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 495); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

This class is a subclass of <code>:class:`SimpleHandler`</code> intended for use with software other than HTTP "origin servers". If you are writing a gateway protocol implementation (such as CGI, FastCGI, SCGI, etc.) that uses a <code>Status:</code> header to send an HTTP status, you probably want to subclass this instead of <code>:class:`SimpleHandler</code>.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 501); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 501); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Similar to :class: BaseCGIHandler', but designed for use with HTTP origin servers. If you are writing an HTTP server implementation, you will probably want to subclass this instead of :class: BaseCGIHandler'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 510); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 510); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

This class is a subclass of class: BaseHandler'. It overrides the meth: __init__', meth: get_stdin', meth: get_stderr', meth: add_cgi_vars', meth: _write', and meth: _flush' methods to support explicitly setting the environment and streams via the constructor. The supplied environment and streams are stored in the attr: stdin', attr: stdout', attr: stderr', and attr: environ' attributes.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 514); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 514); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'meth'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 514); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

 $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3\, (\mboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\boc\library\cpython-main)\, (\mboarding-resources, line\,514); \ \mbox{\it backlink}$

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 514); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 514); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 514); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 514); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

 $System\ Message:\ ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\space)}\ (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\space)}\ (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\space)}\ (\texttt{D:\onboarding-resources\$

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 514); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

 $System\ Message:\ ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\ }\ onboarding-resources\ }\ sample-onboarding-resources\ \\\ cpython-main\ (\texttt{Doc}\)\ (library)\ wsgiref.rst,\ line\ 514);\ \textit{backlink}$

Unknown interpreted text role "attr".

The .meth: ~io.BufferedIOBase.write` method of stdout should write each chunk in full, like :class:`io.BufferedIOBase`.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 521); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

 $System\ Message:\ ERROR/3\ (\texttt{D:\ }\ onboarding-resources\ }\ sample-onboarding-resources\ \\\ cpython-main\)\ (\texttt{Doc})\ (library)\ wsgiref.rst,\ line\ 521);\ \textit{backlink}$

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

This is an abstract base class for running WSGI applications. Each instance will handle a single HTTP request, although in principle you could create a subclass that was reusable for multiple requests.

:class:'BaseHandler' instances have only one method intended for external use:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 531); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

 $System\ Message:\ ERROR/3\ (\ D:\ \ \ cpython-main\ \ Doc\ \ (library)\ wsgiref.rst,\ line\ 534)$

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: BaseHandler.run(app)
Run the specified WSGI application, *app*.
```

All of the other :class: BaseHandler' methods are invoked by this method in the process of running the application, and thus exist primarily to allow customizing the process.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\ (Doc)\ (library)\ wsgiref.rst, line 538); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

The following methods MUST be overridden in a subclass:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 545)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: BaseHandler._write(data)

Buffer the bytes *data* for transmission to the client. It's okay if this method actually transmits the data; :class:`BaseHandler` just separates write and flush operations for greater efficiency when the underlying system actually has such a distinction.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 553)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: BaseHandler. flush()

Force buffered data to be transmitted to the client. It's okay if this method is a no-op (i.e., if :meth:` write` actually sends the data).

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 559)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: BaseHandler.get stdin()

Return an input stream object suitable for use as the ``wsgi.input`` of the request currently being processed.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 565)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: BaseHandler.get_stderr()

Return an output stream object suitable for use as the ``wsgi.errors`` of the request currently being processed.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 571)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: BaseHandler.add_cgi_vars()

Insert CGI variables for the current request into the :attr:`environ` attribute.

Here are some other methods and attributes you may wish to override. This list is only a summary, however, and does not include every method that can be overridden. You should consult the docstrings and source code for additional information before attempting to create a customized <code>:class:BaseHandler</code> subclass.

 $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3~(\texttt{D:}\conboarding-resources}\conboarding-resources\\conboardin$

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Attributes and methods for customizing the WSGI environment:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 584)

Unknown directive type "attribute".

 \dots attribute:: BaseHandler.wsgi_multithread

The value to be used for the ``wsgi.multithread`` environment variable. It defaults to true in :class:`BaseHandler`, but may have a different default (or be set by the constructor) in the other subclasses.

 $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3~(\texttt{D:}\conboarding-resources}\conboarding-resources\\conboardin$

Unknown directive type "attribute".

.. attribute:: BaseHandler.wsgi multiprocess

The value to be used for the ``wsgi.multiprocess`` environment variable. It defaults to true in :class:`BaseHandler`, but may have a different default (or be set by the constructor) in the other subclasses.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 598)

Unknown directive type "attribute".

.. attribute:: BaseHandler.wsgi run once

The value to be used for the ``wsgi.run_once`` environment variable. It defaults to false in :class:`BaseHandler`, but :class:`CGIHandler` sets it to true by default.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 605)

Unknown directive type "attribute".

 \dots attribute:: BaseHandler.os_environ

The default environment variables to be included in every request's WSGI environment. By default, this is a copy of ``os.environ`` at the time that :mod:`wsgiref.handlers` was imported, but subclasses can either create their own at the class or instance level. Note that the dictionary should be considered read-only, since the default value is shared between multiple classes and instances.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 615)

Unknown directive type "attribute".

.. attribute:: BaseHandler.server software

If the :attr:`origin_server` attribute is set, this attribute's value is used to set the default ``SERVER_SOFTWARE`` WSGI environment variable, and also to set a default ``Server:`` header in HTTP responses. It is ignored for handlers (such as :class:`BaseCGIHandler` and :class:`CGIHandler`) that are not HTTP origin servers.

.. versionchanged:: 3.3
The term "Python" is replaced with implementation specific term like "CPython", "Jython" etc.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main)\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 627)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: BaseHandler.get scheme()

Return the URL scheme being used for the current request. The default implementation uses the :func:`guess_scheme` function from :mod:`wsgiref.util` to guess whether the scheme should be "http" or "https", based on the current request's :attr:`environ` variables.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 635)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: BaseHandler.setup environ()

Set the :attr:`environ` attribute to a fully-populated WSGI environment. The default implementation uses all of the above methods and attributes, plus the :meth:`get_stdin`, :meth:`get_stderr`, and :meth:`add_cgi_vars` methods and the :attr:`wsgi_file_wrapper` attribute. It also inserts a ``SERVER_SOFTWARE`` key if not present, as long as the :attr:`origin_server` attribute is a true value and the :attr:`server software` attribute is set.

Methods and attributes for customizing exception handling:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 647)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: BaseHandler.log exception(exc info)

Log the *exc_info* tuple in the server log. *exc_info* is a ``(type, value, traceback)`` tuple. The default implementation simply writes the traceback to the request's ``wsgi.errors`` stream and flushes it. Subclasses can override this method to change the format or retarget the output, mail the traceback to an administrator, or whatever other action may be deemed suitable.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 656)

Unknown directive type "attribute".

.. attribute:: BaseHandler.traceback limit

The maximum number of frames to include in tracebacks output by the default :meth:`log_exception` method. If ``None``, all frames are included.

 $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3~(\mboarding-resources\spaces) sample-onboarding-resources\spaces\spaces(\mboarding-resources), line~662)$

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: BaseHandler.error_output(environ, start_response)

This method is a WSGI application to generate an error page for the user. It is only invoked if an error occurs before headers are sent to the client.

This method can access the current error information using ``sys.exc_info()``, and should pass that information to *start_response* when calling it (as described in the "Error Handling" section of :pep:`3333`).

The default implementation just uses the :attr:`error_status`, :attr:`error_headers`, and :attr:`error_body` attributes to generate an output page. Subclasses can override this to produce more dynamic error output.

Note, however, that it's not recommended from a security perspective to spit out diagnostics to any old user; ideally, you should have to do something special to enable diagnostic output, which is why the default implementation doesn't include any.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 681)

Unknown directive type "attribute".

 \dots attribute:: BaseHandler.error_status

The HTTP status used for error responses. This should be a status string as defined in :pep:`3333`; it defaults to a 500 code and message.

 $System\,Message:\,ERROR/3~(\mbox{D:\noboarding-resources}\xsple-onboarding-resources\xsple-onboarding-$

Unknown directive type "attribute".

.. attribute:: BaseHandler.error headers

The HTTP headers used for error responses. This should be a list of WSGI response headers (``(name, value)`` tuples), as described in :pep:`3333`. The default list just sets the content type to ``text/plain``.

Unknown directive type "attribute".

.. attribute:: BaseHandler.error_body

The error response body. This should be an HTTP response body bytestring. It defaults to the plain text, "A server error occurred. Please contact the administrator."

Methods and attributes for PEP 3333's 'Optional Platform-Specific File Handling' feature:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 704)

Unknown directive type "attribute".

.. attribute:: BaseHandler.wsgi file wrapper

A ``wsgi.file_wrapper`` factory, or ``None``. The default value of this attribute is the :class:`wsgiref.util.FileWrapper` class.

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: BaseHandler.sendfile()

Override to implement platform-specific file transmission. This method is called only if the application's return value is an instance of the class specified by the :attr:`wsgi_file_wrapper` attribute. It should return a true value if it was able to successfully transmit the file, so that the default transmission code will not be executed. The default implementation of this method just returns a false value.

Miscellaneous methods and attributes:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 722)

Unknown directive type "attribute".

.. attribute:: BaseHandler.origin_server

This attribute should be set to a true value if the handler's :meth:`_write` and :meth:`_flush` are being used to communicate directly to the client, rather than via a CGI-like gateway protocol that wants the HTTP status in a special ``Status:`` header.

This attribute's default value is true in :class:`BaseHandler`, but false in :class:`BaseCGIHandler` and :class:`CGIHandler`.

Unknown directive type "attribute". .. attribute:: BaseHandler.http_version If :attr:`origin server` is true, this string attribute is used to set the HTTP

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 739)

version of the response set to the client. It defaults to ``"1.0" $\,$

Unknown directive type "function".

.. function:: read environ()

Transcode CGI variables from ``os.environ`` to :pep:`3333` "bytes in unicode" strings, returning a new dictionary. This function is used by :class:`CGIHandler` and :class:`IISCGIHandler` in place of directly using ``os.environ``, which is not necessarily WSGI-compliant on all platforms and web servers using Python 3 -- specifically, ones where the OS's actual environment is Unicode (i.e. Windows), or ones where the environment is bytes, but the system encoding used by Python to decode it is anything other than ISO-8859-1 (e.g. Unix systems using UTF-8).

If you are implementing a CGI-based handler of your own, you probably want to use this routine instead of just copying values out of ``os.environ`` directly.

.. versionadded:: 3.2

Examples

This is a working "Hello World" WSGI application:

```
from wsgiref.simple server import make server
\# Every WSGI application must have an application object - a callable
# object that accepts two arguments. For that purpose, we're going to
\mbox{\#} use a function (note that you're not limited to a function, you can
# use a class for example). The first argument passed to the function
\# is a dictionary containing CGI-style environment variables and the
# second variable is the callable object.
def hello_world_app(environ, start_response):
   status = '200 OK' # HTTP Status
   headers = [('Content-type', 'text/plain; charset=utf-8')] # HTTP Headers
   start response (status, headers)
   # The returned object is going to be printed
   return [b"Hello World"]
with make server('', 8000, hello world app) as httpd:
   print("Serving on port 8000...")
    # Serve until process is killed
   httpd.serve forever()
```

Example of a WSGI application serving the current directory, accept optional directory and port number (default: 8000) on the command line:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) wsgiref.rst, line 788)

Unknown directive type "literalinclude".

.. literalinclude:: ../../Tools/scripts/serve.py