:mod:`html.parser` --- Simple HTML and XHTML parser

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 1); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "mod".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 4)

Unknown directive type "module".

```
.. module:: html.parser
:synopsis: A simple parser that can handle HTML and XHTML.
```

Source code: :source:`Lib/html/parser.py`

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 7); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "source".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 9)

Unknown directive type "index".

```
.. index::
single: HTML
single: XHTML
```

This module defines a class :class: `HTMLParser` which serves as the basis for parsing text files formatted in HTML (HyperText Mark-up Language) and XHTML.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 15); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

Create a parser instance able to parse invalid markup.

If *convert_charrefs* is True (the default), all character references (except the ones in <code>script/style</code> elements) are automatically converted to the corresponding Unicode characters.

An class: `.HTMLParser` instance is fed HTML data and calls handler methods when start tags, end tags, text, comments, and other markup elements are encountered. The user should subclass class: `.HTMLParser` and override its methods to implement the desired behavior.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 26); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 26); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

This parser does not check that end tags match start tags or call the end-tag handler for elements which are closed implicitly by closing an outer element.

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 34)

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

.. versionchanged:: 3.4
   *convert_charrefs* keyword argument added.
```

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 37)

Unknown directive type "versionchanged".

... versionchanged:: 3.5

The default value for argument *convert_charrefs* is now ``True``.
```

Example HTML Parser Application

As a basic example, below is a simple HTML parser that uses the :class: HTMLParser' class to print out start tags, end tags, and data as they are encountered:

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 44); backlink
Unknown interpreted text role "class".
```

The output will then be:

```
System Message: WARNING/2 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-
resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 66)
Cannot analyze code. No Pygments lexer found for "none".
   .. code-block:: none
      Encountered a start tag: html
      Encountered a start tag: head
      Encountered a start tag: title
      Encountered some data : Test
      Encountered an end tag : title
      Encountered an end tag : head
      Encountered a start tag: body
      Encountered a start tag: h1
      Encountered some data : Parse me!
      Encountered an end tag : h1
      Encountered an end tag : body
      Encountered an end tag: html
```

:class:\.HTMLParser\ Methods

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3~(\texttt{D:\noboarding-resources\scample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\noboc\library\cpython-main)}~(\texttt{Doc})~(\texttt{library})~\texttt{html.parser.rst},\\ line~82);\\ \textit{backlink}$

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

:class:`HTMLParser` instances have the following methods:

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 85); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "class".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 88)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: HTMLParser.feed(data)

Feed some text to the parser. It is processed insofar as it consists of complete elements; incomplete data is buffered until more data is fed or :meth:`close` is called. *data* must be :class:`str`.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 95)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: HTMLParser.close()

Force processing of all buffered data as if it were followed by an end-of-file mark. This method may be redefined by a derived class to define additional processing at the end of the input, but the redefined version should always call the :class:`HTMLParser` base class method :meth:`close`.

 $System\,Message: ERROR/3~(\texttt{D:}\non-main) (\texttt{Doc})~(\texttt{library})~(\texttt{cpython-main})~(\texttt{Doc})~(\texttt{library})~(\texttt{thm1.parser.rst},~line~103)$

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: HTMLParser.reset()

Reset the instance. Loses all unprocessed data. This is called implicitly at instantiation time.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 109)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: HTMLParser.getpos()

Return current line number and offset.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 114)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: HTMLParser.get_starttag_text()

Return the text of the most recently opened start tag. This should not normally be needed for structured processing, but may be useful in dealing with HTML "as deployed" or for re-generating input with minimal changes (whitespace between attributes can be preserved, etc.).

The following methods are called when data or markup elements are encountered and they are meant to be overridden in a subclass. The base class implementations do nothing (except for meth: ~HTMLParser.handle_startendtag`):

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 122); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role 'meth'.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 127)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: HTMLParser.handle starttag(tag, attrs)

This method is called to handle the start tag of an element (e.g. ``<div id="main"> `)

The *tag* argument is the name of the tag converted to lower case. The *attrs* argument is a list of ``(name, value)`` pairs containing the attributes found inside the tag's ``<>`` brackets. The *name* will be translated to lower case, and quotes in the *value* have been removed, and character and entity references have been replaced.

For instance, for the tag ````, this method would be called as ``handle_starttag('a', [('href', 'https://www.cwi.nl/')])``.

All entity references from :mod: `html.entities` are replaced in the attribute values.

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: HTMLParser.handle endtag(tag)

This method is called to handle the end tag of an element (e.g. ``</div>``).

The *tag* argument is the name of the tag converted to lower case.

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: HTMLParser.handle startendtag(tag, attrs)

Similar to :meth: `handle_starttag`, but called when the parser encounters an XHTML-style empty tag (````). This method may be overridden by subclasses which require this particular lexical information; the default implementation simply calls :meth: `handle starttag` and :meth: `handle endtag`.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 159)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: HTMLParser.handle_data(data)

This method is called to process arbitrary data (e.g. text nodes and the content of ``<script>...</script>`` and ``<style>...</style>``).

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 165)

Unknown directive type "method".

.. method:: HTMLParser.handle_entityref(name)

This method is called to process a named character reference of the form

```
``&name;`` (e.g. ``>``), where *name* is a general entity reference (e.g. ``'gt'``). This method is never called if *convert_charrefs* is ``True``.
```

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 173)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: HTMLParser.handle_charref(name)
```

This method is called to process decimal and hexadecimal numeric character references of the form ``&#NNN;`` and ``&#xNNN;``. For example, the decimal equivalent for ``>`` is ``>``, whereas the hexadecimal is ``>``; in this case the method will receive ``'62'`` or ``'x3E'``. This method is never called if *convert_charrefs* is ``True``.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 182)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: HTMLParser.handle_comment(data)
```

```
This method is called when a comment is encountered (e.g. ``<!--comment-->``).
```

For example, the comment ``<!-- comment -->`` will cause this method to be called with the argument ``' comment '``.

The content of Internet Explorer conditional comments (condcoms) will also be sent to this method, so, for ``<!--[if IE 9]>IE9-specific content<![endif]-->``, this method will receive ``'[if IE 9]>IE9-specific content<![endif]'``.

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 194)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: HTMLParser.handle_decl(decl)
```

```
This method is called to handle an HTML doctype declaration (e.g. ``<!DOCTYPE\ html>``).
```

The *decl* parameter will be the entire contents of the declaration inside the ``<!...>`` markup (e.g. ``'DOCTYPE html'``).

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 203)

Unknown directive type "method".

```
.. method:: HTMLParser.handle_pi(data)
```

Method called when a processing instruction is encountered. The *data* parameter will contain the entire processing instruction. For example, for the processing instruction ``<?proc color='red'>``, this method would be called as ``handle_pi("proc color='red'")``. It is intended to be overridden by a derived class; the base class implementation does nothing.

.. note::

The :class:`HTMLParser` class uses the SGML syntactic rules for processing instructions. An XHTML processing instruction using the trailing ``'?'`` will cause the ``'?'`` to be included in *data*.

```
main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library)html.parser.rst, line 218)
Unknown directive type "method".
   .. method:: HTMLParser.unknown decl(data)
      This method is called when an unrecognized declaration is read by the parser.
      The *data* parameter will be the entire contents of the declaration inside
      the ``<![...]>`` markup. It is sometimes useful to be overridden by a
      derived class. The base class implementation does nothing.
```

Examples

```
The following class implements a parser that will be used to illustrate more examples:
   from html.parser import HTMLParser
   from html.entities import name2codepoint
   class MyHTMLParser(HTMLParser):
       def handle starttag(self, tag, attrs):
            print("Start tag:", tag)
            for attr in attrs:
                print("
                           attr:", attr)
       def handle endtag(self, tag):
            print("End tag :", tag)
       def handle data(self, data):
            print("Data
                          :", data)
       def handle comment(self, data):
           print("Comment :", data)
       def handle entityref(self, name):
            c = chr(name2codepoint[name])
            print("Named ent:", c)
       def handle_charref(self, name):
            if name.startswith('x'):
                c = chr(int(name[1:], 16))
            else:
                c = chr(int(name))
            print("Num ent :", c)
       def handle_decl(self, data):
           print("Decl
                            :", data)
   parser = MyHTMLParser()
Parsing a doctype:
   >>> parser.feed('<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01//EN" '
                    '"http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/strict.dtd">')
             : DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/strict.dtd"
   Decl
Parsing an element with a few attributes and a title:
   >>> parser.feed('<img src="python-logo.png" alt="The Python logo">')
   Start tag: img
        attr: ('src', 'python-logo.png')
attr: ('alt', 'The Python logo')
   >>> parser.feed('<h1>Python</h1>')
   Start tag: h1
         : Python
   Data
   End tag : h1
The content of script and style elements is returned as is, without further parsing:
   >>> parser.feed('<style type="text/css">#python { color: green }</style>')
   Start tag: style
```

```
attr: ('type', 'text/css')
        : #python { color: green }
End tag : style
>>> parser.feed('<script type="text/javascript">'
                'alert("<strong>hello!</strong>");</script>')
Start tag: script
```

```
attr: ('type', 'text/javascript')
Data : alert("<strong>hello!</strong>");
End tag : script
```

Parsing comments:

```
>>> parser.feed('<!-- a comment -->'
... '<!--[if IE 9]>IE-specific content<![endif]-->')
Comment : a comment
Comment : [if IE 9]>IE-specific content<![endif]</pre>
```

Parsing named and numeric character references and converting them to the correct char (note: these 3 references are all equivalent to '>'):

```
>>> parser.feed('>>>')
Named ent: >
Num ent : >
Num ent : >
```

Feeding incomplete chunks to "HTMLParser.feed">meth:">"HTMLParser.feed" works, but meth:">meth:">"HTMLParser.handle_data" might be called more than once (unless *convert_charrefs* is set to True):

```
System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main\) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 318); backlink
```

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

System Message: ERROR/3 (D:\onboarding-resources\sample-onboarding-resources\cpython-main\Doc\library\(cpython-main) (Doc) (library) html.parser.rst, line 318); backlink

Unknown interpreted text role "meth".

```
>>> for chunk in ['<sp', 'an>buff', 'ered ', 'text</s', 'pan>']:
... parser.feed(chunk)
...
Start tag: span
Data : buff
Data : ered
Data : text
End tag : span
```

Parsing invalid HTML (e.g. unquoted attributes) also works:

```
>>> parser.feed('<a class=link href=#main>tag soup</a>')
Start tag: p
Start tag: a
    attr: ('class', 'link')
    attr: ('href', '#main')
Data : tag soup
End tag : p
End tag : a
```