# **DPAA2 MAC / PHY support**

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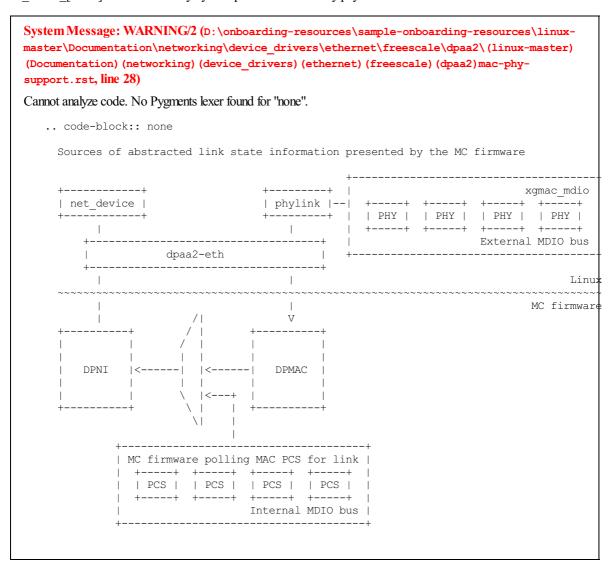
### **Overview**

The DPAA2 MAC / PHY support consists of a set of APIs that help DPAA2 network drivers (dpaa2-eth, dpaa2-ethsw) interract with the PHY library.

### **DPAA2 Software Architecture**

Among other DPAA2 objects, the fsl-mc bus exports DPNI objects (abstracting a network interface) and DPMAC objects (abstracting a MAC). The dpaa2-eth driver probes on the DPNI object and connects to and configures a DPMAC object with the help of phylink.

Data connections may be established between a DPNI and a DPMAC, or between two DPNIs. Depending on the connection type, the netif carrier [on/off] is handled directly by the dpaa2-eth driver or by phylink.



Depending on an MC firmware configuration setting, each MAC may be in one of two modes:

- DPMAC\_LINK\_TYPE\_FIXED: the link state management is handled exclusively by the MC firmware by polling the MAC PCS. Without the need to register a phylink instance, the dpaa2-eth driver will not bind to the connected dpmac object at all.
- DPMAC\_LINK\_TYPE\_PHY: The MC firmware is left waiting for link state update events, but those are in fact passed strictly between the dpaa2-mac (based on phylink) and its attached net\_device driver (dpaa2-eth, dpaa2-ethsw), effectively bypassing the firmware.

## **Implementation**

At probe time or when a DPNI's endpoint is dynamically changed, the dpaa2-eth is responsible to find out if the peer object is a

DPMAC and if this is the case, to integrate it with PHYLINK using the dpaa2 mac connect() API, which will do the following:

- look up the device tree for PHYLINK-compatible of binding (phy-handle)
- will create a PHYLINK instance associated with the received net device
- connect to the PHY using phylink of phy connect()

The following phylink mac ops callback are implemented:

- .validate() will populate the supported linkmodes with the MAC capabilities only when the phy\_interface\_t is RGMII\_\* (at the moment, this is the only link type supported by the driver).
- .mac\_config() will configure the MAC in the new configuration using the dpmac\_set\_link\_state() MC firmware API.
- .mac link up() / .mac link down() will update the MAC link using the same API described above.

At driver unbind() or when the DPNI object is disconnected from the DPMAC, the dpaa2-eth driver calls dpaa2\_mac\_disconnect() which will, in turn, disconnect from the PHY and destroy the PHYLINK instance.

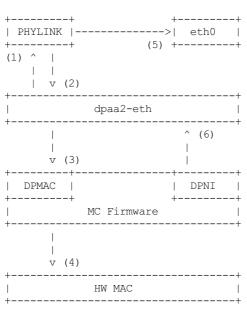
In case of a DPNI-DPMAC connection, an 'ip link set dev eth0 up' would start the following sequence of operations:

- 1. phylink start() called from .dev open().
- 2. The .mac config() and .mac link up() callbacks are called by PHYLINK.
- 3. In order to configure the HW MAC, the MC Firmware API dpmac set link state() is called.
- 4. The firmware will eventually setup the HW MAC in the new configuration.
- 5. A netif carrier on() call is made directly from PHYLINK on the associated net device.
- 6. The dpaa2-eth driver handles the LINK\_STATE\_CHANGE irq in order to enable/disable Rx taildrop based on the pause frame settings.

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In case of a DPNI-DPNI connection, a usual sequence of operations looks like the following:

- 1. ip link set dev eth0 up
- 2. The dpni\_enable() MC API called on the associated fsl\_mc\_device.
- ip link set dev eth1 up
- 4. The dpni enable() MC API called on the associated fsl mc device.
- 5. The LINK\_STATE\_CHANGED irq is received by both instances of the dpaa2-eth driver because now the operational link state is up.
- 6. The netif carrier on() is called on the exported net device from link state update().

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### **Exported API**

Any DPAA2 driver that drivers endpoints of DPMAC objects should service its \_EVENT\_ENDPOINT\_CHANGED irq and connect/disconnect from the associated DPMAC when necessary using the below listed API:

```
- int dpaa2_mac_connect(struct dpaa2_mac *mac);
- void dpaa2 mac disconnect(struct dpaa2 mac *mac);
```

A phylink integration is necessary only when the partner DPMAC is not of TYPE\_FIXED. One can check for this condition using the below API:

```
- bool dpaa2 mac is type fixed(struct fsl mc device *dpmac dev, struct fsl mc io *mc io);
```

Before connection to a MAC, the caller must allocate and populate the dpaa2\_mac structure with the associated net\_device, a pointer to the MC portal to be used and the actual fsl\_mc\_device structure of the DPMAC.