Linux USB HID gadget driver

Introduction

The HID Gadget driver provides emulation of USB Human Interface Devices (HID). The basic HID handling is done in the kernel, and HID reports can be sent/received through I/O on the /dev/hidgX character devices.

For more details about HID, see the developer page on https://www.usb.org/developers/hidpage/

Configuration

g_hid is a platform driver, so to use it you need to add struct platform_device(s) to your platform code defining the HID function descriptors you want to use - E.G. something like:

```
#include ux/platform device.h>
#include ux/usb/q hid.h>
/* hid descriptor for a keyboard */
static struct hidg_func_descriptor my_hid_data = {
            = 0, /* No subclass */
    .subclass
                    = 1, /* Keyboard */
    .protocol
    .report_desc
static struct platform_device my_hid = {
   .name = "hidg",
                    = 0,
    .num_resources = 0,
                    = 0,
    .resource
    .dev.platform data = &my hid data,
```

You can add as many HID functions as you want, only limited by the amount of interrupt endpoints your gadget driver supports.

Configuration with configfs

Instead of adding fake platform devices and drivers in order to pass some data to the kernel, if HID is a part of a gadget composed with configfs the hidg_func_descriptor.report_desc is passed to the kernel by writing the appropriate stream of bytes to a configfs attribute.

Send and receive HID reports

HID reports can be sent/received using read/write on the /dev/hidgX character devices. See below for an example program to do this

hid_gadget_test is a small interactive program to test the HID gadget driver. To use, point it at a hidg device and set the device type (keyboard / mouse / joystick) - E.G.:

```
# hid_gadget_test /dev/hidg0 keyboard
```

You are now in the prompt of hid_gadget_test. You can type any combination of options and values. Available options and values are listed at program start. In keyboard mode you can send up to six values.

For example type: g i s t r --left-shift

Hit return and the corresponding report will be sent by the HID gadget.

Another interesting example is the caps lock test. Type --caps-lock and hit return. A report is then sent by the gadget and you should receive the host answer, corresponding to the caps lock LED status:

```
--caps-lock recv report:2
```

With this command:

```
# hid gadget test /dev/hidg1 mouse
```

You can test the mouse emulation. Values are two signed numbers.

Sample code:

```
/* hid gadget test */
 #include <pthread.h>
 #include <string.h>
 #include <stdio.h>
 #include <ctype.h>
 #include <fcntl.h>
 #include <errno.h>
 #include <stdio.h>
 #include <stdlib.h>
 #include <unistd.h>
 #define BUF LEN 512
 struct options {
              *opt;
    const char
    unsigned char val;
};
static struct options kmod[] = {
    {.opt = NULL}
};
static struct options kval[] = {
    {.opt = "--return", .val = 0x28},
```

```
{.opt = "--f12",
                              .val = 0x45},
      {.opt = "--insert",
                              .val = 0x49},
      {.opt = "--home",
                              .val = 0x4a,
      {.opt = "--pageup",
                              .val = 0x4b},
      {.opt = "--del",
                               .val = 0x4c,
      {.opt = "--end",
                              .val = 0x4d,
      {.opt = "--pagedown",
                              .val = 0x4e,
      {.opt = "--right",
                               .val = 0x4f,
      {.opt = "--left",
                              .val = 0x50},
      {.opt = "--down",
                              .val = 0x51},
                              .val = 0x58},
      {.opt = "--kp-enter",
      {.opt = "--up",
                               .val = 0x52},
      {.opt = "--num-lock",
                             .val = 0x53},
      {.opt = NULL}
};
int keyboard fill report(char report[8], char buf[BUF LEN], int *hold)
      char *tok = strtok(buf, " ");
      int key = 0;
      int i = 0;
      for (; tok != NULL; tok = strtok(NULL, " ")) {
              if (strcmp(tok, "--quit") == 0)
                      return -1;
              if (strcmp(tok, "--hold") == 0) {
    *hold = 1;
                       continue;
              }
              if (key < 6) {
                       for (i = 0; kval[i].opt != NULL; i++)
                               if (strcmp(tok, kval[i].opt) == 0) {
                                       report[2 + key++] = kval[i].val;
                                       break;
                       if (kval[i].opt != NULL)
                               continue;
              if (key < 6)
                       if (islower(tok[0])) {
                               report[2 + key++] = (tok[0] - ('a' - 0x04));
                               continue;
                       }
              for (i = 0; kmod[i].opt != NULL; i++)
                      if (strcmp(tok, kmod[i].opt) == 0) {
                               report[0] = report[0] | kmod[i].val;
                               break;
              if (kmod[i].opt != NULL)
                      continue;
              if (key < 6)
                      fprintf(stderr, "unknown option: %s\n", tok);
      return 8;
static struct options mmod[] = {
      \{.opt = "--b1", .val = 0x01\},
      {.opt = "--b2", .val = 0x02},
{.opt = "--b3", .val = 0x04},
      {.opt = NULL}
};
int mouse fill report(char report[8], char buf[BUF LEN], int *hold)
      char *tok = strtok(buf, " ");
      int mvt = 0;
      int i = 0;
      for (; tok != NULL; tok = strtok(NULL, " ")) {
              if (strcmp(tok, "--quit") == 0)
                      return -1;
              if (strcmp(tok, "--hold") == 0) {
                       *hold = 1;
```

```
continue;
              for (i = 0; mmod[i].opt != NULL; i++)
                      if (strcmp(tok, mmod[i].opt) == 0) {
                               report[0] = report[0] | mmod[i].val;
                               break;
              if (mmod[i].opt != NULL)
                      continue;
              if (!(tok[0] == '-' && tok[1] == '-') && mvt < 2) {
                      errno = 0;
                      report[1 + mvt++] = (char)strtol(tok, NULL, 0);
                      if (errno != 0) {
                               fprintf(stderr, "Bad value:'%s'\n", tok);
                               report[1 + mvt--] = 0;
                      continue;
              fprintf(stderr, "unknown option: %s\n", tok);
      return 3;
static struct options jmod[] = {
                       .val = 0x10},
      \{.opt = "--b1",
      \{.opt = "--b2",
                              .val = 0x20},
      {.opt = "--b3",
                              .val = 0x40},
      \{.opt = "--b4",
                              .val = 0x80},
      {.opt = "--hat1",
                              .val = 0x00},
      {.opt = "--hat2",
                              .val = 0x01},
      {.opt = "--hat3",
                              .val = 0x02},
      {.opt = "--hat4", .val = 0x03},
{.opt = "--hatneutral", .val = 0x04},
      {.opt = NULL}
};
int joystick fill report(char report[8], char buf[BUF LEN], int *hold)
      char *tok = strtok(buf, " ");
      int mvt = 0;
      int i = 0;
      *hold = 1;
      /* set default hat position: neutral */
      report[3] = 0x04;
      for (; tok != NULL; tok = strtok(NULL, " ")) {
              if (strcmp(tok, "--quit") == 0)
                      return -1;
              for (i = 0; jmod[i].opt != NULL; i++)
                      if (strcmp(tok, jmod[i].opt) == 0) {
                               report[3] = (report[3] & 0xF0) | jmod[i].val;
                               break;
              if (jmod[i].opt != NULL)
                      continue;
              if (!(tok[0] == '-' \&\& tok[1] == '-') \&\& mvt < 3) {
                      errno = 0;
                      report[mvt++] = (char)strtol(tok, NULL, 0);
                      if (errno != 0) {
                              fprintf(stderr, "Bad value:'%s'\n", tok);
                               report[mvt--] = 0;
                      continue;
              fprintf(stderr, "unknown option: %s\n", tok);
      return 4;
void print_options(char c)
      int i = 0;
```

```
if (c == 'k')  {
             printf("
                             keyboard options:\n"
                                     --hold\n");
              for (i = 0; kmod[i].opt != NULL; i++)
                     printf("\t\t%s\n", kmod[i].opt);
              printf("\n keyboard values:\n"
                                     [a-z] or\n");
              for (i = 0; kval[i].opt != NULL; i++)
                     printf("\t\t%-8s%s", kval[i].opt, i % 2 ? "\n" : "");
              printf("\n");
      } else if (c == 'm') {
             printf("
                             mouse options:\n"
                                      --hold\n");
              for (i = 0; mmod[i].opt != NULL; i++)
                     printf("\t\t%s\n", mmod[i].opt);
              printf("\n
                         mouse values:\n"
                                      Two signed numbers\n"
                     "--quit to close\n");
      } else {
              printf("
                            joystick options:\n");
              for (i = 0; jmod[i].opt != NULL; i++)
                     printf("\t\t%s\n", jmod[i].opt);
              printf("\n
                         joystick values:\n"
                                     three signed numbers\n"
                     "--quit to close\n");
     }
int main(int argc, const char *argv[])
      const char *filename = NULL;
     int fd = 0;
      char buf[BUF LEN];
      int cmd len;
      char report[8];
      int to send = 8;
      int hold = 0;
      fd set rfds;
     int retval, i;
      if (argc < 3) {
              fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s devname mouse|keyboard|joystick\n",
                     argv[0]);
              return 1;
      if (argv[2][0] != 'k' && argv[2][0] != 'm' && argv[2][0] != 'j')
        return 2;
      filename = argv[1];
      if ((fd = open(filename, O_RDWR, 0666)) == -1) {
              perror(filename);
              return 3;
      print options(argv[2][0]);
      while (42) {
              FD_ZERO(&rfds);
              FD SET(STDIN FILENO, &rfds);
              FD_SET(fd, &rfds);
              retval = select(fd + 1, &rfds, NULL, NULL, NULL);
              if (retval == -1 && errno == EINTR)
                     continue;
              if (retval < 0) {
                     perror("select()");
                     return 4;
              if (FD_ISSET(fd, &rfds)) {
                      cmd len = read(fd, buf, BUF LEN - 1);
                      printf("recv report:");
                      for (i = 0; i < cmd len; i++)
                              printf(" %02x", buf[i]);
                     printf("\n");
```

```
if (FD ISSET(STDIN FILENO, &rfds)) {
                  memset(report, 0x0, sizeof(report));
cmd_len = read(STDIN_FILENO, buf, BUF_LEN - 1);
                  if (cmd_len == 0)
                           break;
                  buf[cmd len - 1] = ' \setminus 0';
                  hold = \overline{0};
                  memset(report, 0x0, sizeof(report));
if (argv[2][0] == 'k')
                           to_send = keyboard_fill_report(report, buf, &hold);
                  else if (argv[2][0] == 'm')
                           to_send = mouse_fill_report(report, buf, &hold);
                  else
                           to_send = joystick_fill_report(report, buf, &hold);
                  if (to_send == -1)
                           break;
                  if (write(fd, report, to_send) != to_send) {
                           perror(filename);
                           return 5;
                  if (!hold) {
                           memset(report, 0x0, sizeof(report));
                           if (write(fd, report, to_send) != to_send) {
                                    perror(filename);
                                    return 6;
                           }
                  }
         }
close(fd);
return 0;
```

}