# "Multiprocessing" feature (done)

#### **Desirable Skills:**

- Experience with concurrency and interprocess communication
- Strong experience with C
- Familiar with VimL (Vim script) and Vim concepts (quickfix list, buffers, etc.)

#### **Description:**

p2p architecture for data sharing between multiple Nvim instances. Similar to Python's <u>multiprocessing</u> module, the idea is to to offload Nvim tasks (VimL and/or Lua) to child Nvim processes.

Here's a picture of the potential workflow:

```
1. parent calls invoke_async(Foo)
```

- 2. parent spawns new child nvim process
- 3. parent sends command name Foo + state to child
- 4. parent does other, unrelated work
- 5. child completes its Foo work
- 6. child sends notification (method name + state) to parent

Difficulty: Hard

Code license: Apache 2.0

Mentor: Justin M Keyes (@justinmk)

## **TUI (Terminal UI) remote attachment (done)**

## **Desirable Skills:**

C

## **Description:**

The built-in UI is called the TUI. It looks like Vim, but internally it is decoupled from the UI and "screen" layout subsystem. It was designed to be able to connect to other (remote) instances of Nvim, but this hasn't been implemented yet. #7438

Nvim is both a server and a client. Nvim (client) can connect to any other Nvim (server). And Nvim <u>GUIs</u> can show the screen of a remote Nvim server.

But the built-in Nvim TUI cannot show the screen of a remote Nvim server. That's the goal of this project.

- It is not "live share". It's just showing the remote UI in a client TUI.
- Networking question are out of scope. It is assumed the client has an SSH tunnel or named pipe to connect to.

The Nvim API model is:

- :help api : general API functions
- :help ui: UI events
- Any client can call any API function.

• If a client calls nvim\_ui\_attach, then it is a "UI client". This simply means that Nvim will send UI events as msgpack-rpc notifications on the channel.

That's how every Nvim UI works. And that's how the TUI client (this project proposal) will work.

Python "demo UI" may be helpful: https://github.com/neovim/python-gui

The simplest UI is the "fake UI" implemented in test/functional/ui/screen.lua from the Nvim test suite. It creates a text UI from real Nvim UI events. This allows us to write Lua tests that check the state of the UI, by simply writing the text UI in the test. In the Neoivm repo, "git grep 'screen:expect'" shows all of the places where this is used.

The example spec.lua test shows a simple example. You can try it by running this shell command:

```
TEST_FILE=test/functional/example_spec.lua make functionaltest
```

Overview of the screen.lua "fake UI" implementation:

- Screen. wait() / Screen:sleep() runs the event loop to consume UI events
- Screen: redraw() dispatches UI events to the appropriate handlers
- For example Screen: \_handle\_grid\_line() consumes a line event, and updates some tables (self.\_grids and self.\_attr\_table).
  - And those tables are literally the contents of the fake UI that Screen:expect() tests against.

Use cases:

- · Connect to any Nvim. Unlike tmux, Nvim UI client can connect to any other running Nvim, including GUIs.
- Potential for using libnvim as the RPC core of any Nvim API client, to eliminate the need for clients to implement their own msgpack-RPC handling.

### **Expected Result:**

Implement a TUI "remote UI" client. Modify the TUI subsystem so that it can display a remote Nvim instance. The C codebase already has msgpack support, an event-loop, and the ability to connect to sockets/named pipes/etc.

- Extend tui/tui.c to:
  - 1. connect to a channel
  - 2. get UI events from the channel
  - 3. unpack the events and call the appropriate handlers
- Extend tui/input.c to:
  - 1. send user input to the channel (i.e. call the nvim\_input() API function)

## Example:

```
nvim --servername foo
```

will connect to the Nvim server at address foo . The nvim client instance sends input to the remote Nvim server, and reflects the UI of the remote Nvim server. So the nvim client acts like any other external (G)UI.

Difficulty: Medium

Code license: Apache 2.0

Mentor: Justin M Keyes (@justinmk), Björn Linse (@bfredl)