

Control

Recap

- function/argument/side effect/return value
- variable & types (str/int/float)
- string methods



Recap: 8. Personalized Introduction 3

```
def main():
    # Ask for user input
    name = ask_name()
    birthyear = ask_birthyear()
    birthyear_int = int(birthyear)

    # Calculate age
    age = calc_age(birthyear_int)
    age_str = str(age)

    # Print out message
    message = introduce_message(name, age_str)
    print(message)

def ask_name():
    name = input("What's your name? ")
    return name

def ask_birthyear():
    birthyear = input("What's your birth year? ")
    return birthyear

def calc_age(birthyear):
    age = 2023 - birthyear
    return age

def introduce_message(name, age):
    return "My name is " + name + " and I am " + age + " years old."

main()
```



Recap: 8. Personalized Introduction 3

```
def main():
    # Ask for user input
    name = ask_name()
    birthyear = ask_birthyear()

    # Calculate age
    age = calc_age(birthyear)

    # Print out message
    print(introduce_message(name, age))

def ask_name():
    return input("What's your name? ")

def ask_birthyear():
    return input("What's your birth year? ")

def calc_age(birthyear):
    return 2023 - int(birthyear)

def introduce_message(name, age):
    return "My name is " + name + " and I am " + str(age) + " years old."

main()
```

Control

- **conditionals**: branching
- loops: repetition



Should I go to class today?

+-- Did I do the homework?

+-- Yes:

+-- Is there free food on campus today?

+-- Yes: Go to class (and grab food)

+-- No:

+-- Have I already skipped too many times?

+-- Yes: Go to class (sigh)

+-- No: Play video games at home

+-- No:

+-- Will the professor notice if I'm not there?

+-- Yes: Go to class (and pretend to understand)

+-- No:

+-- Is my favorite show releasing a new episode today?

+-- Yes: Stay home and watch

+-- No: Go to class (while feeling guilty)

1. Is x less than y?

```
Enter a number: 5  
Enter another number: 3  
x is greater than y
```

```
Enter a number: 2  
Enter another number: 2  
x is equal to y
```

```
Enter a number: 1  
Enter another number: 4  
x is less than y
```

Comparison operators

>

<

>=

<=

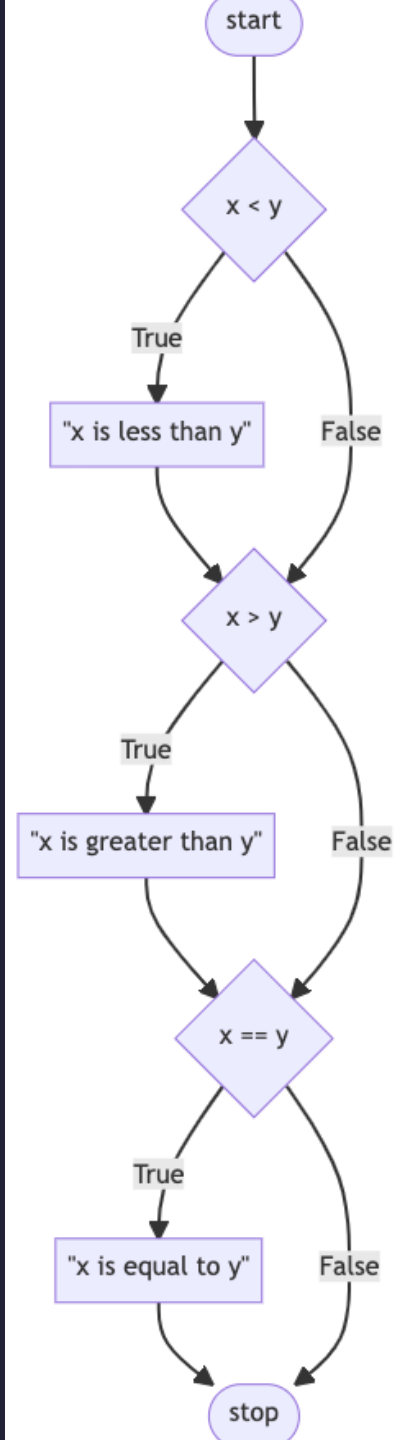
==

!=

if

```
x = int(input("Enter a number: "))
y = int(input("Enter another number: "))

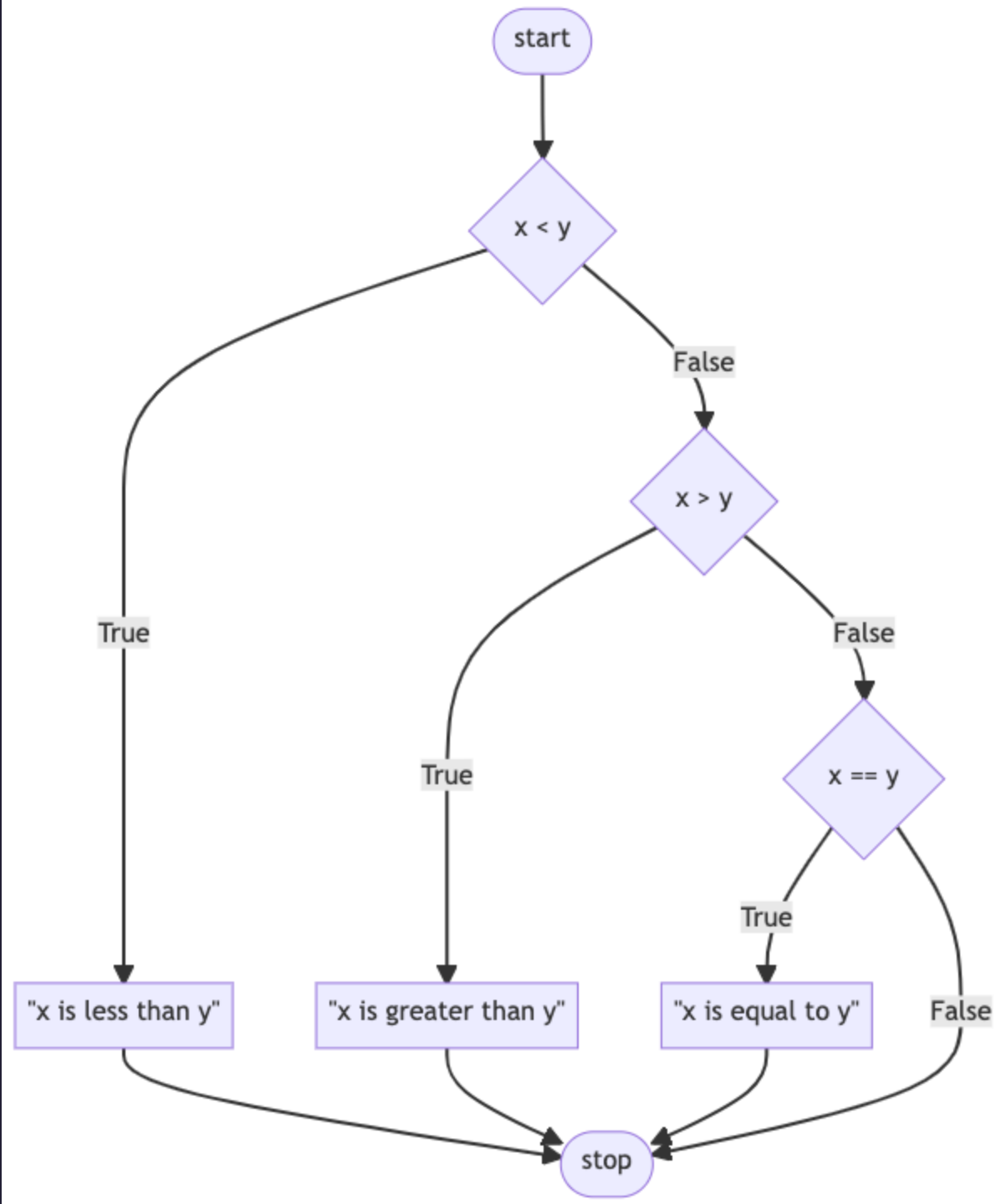
if x < y:
    print("x is less than y")
if x > y:
    print("x is greater than y")
if x == y:
    print("x is equal to y")
```



elif (else if)

```
x = int(input("Enter a number: "))
y = int(input("Enter another number: "))

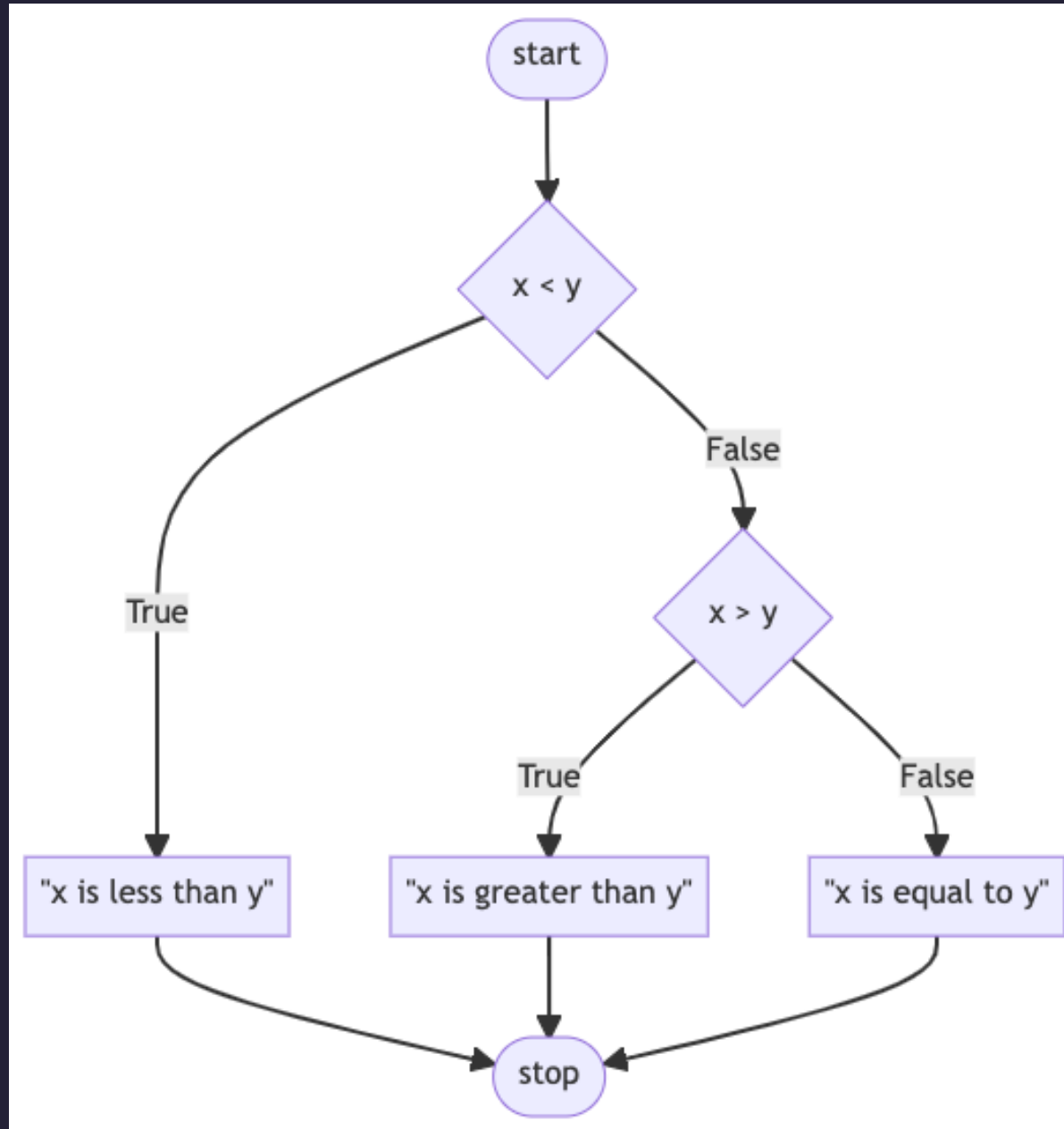
if x < y:
    print("x is less than y")
elif x > y:
    print("x is greater than y")
elif x == y:
    print("x is equal to y")
```



else

```
x = int(input("Enter a number: "))
y = int(input("Enter another number: "))

if x < y:
    print("x is less than y")
elif x > y:
    print("x is greater than y")
else:
    print("x is equal to y")
```



nested **if** statements

```
x = int(input("Enter a positive number: "))
y = int(input("Enter another number: "))

if x > 0:
    if x < y:
        print("x is less than y")
    elif x > y:
        print("x is greater than y")
    else:
        print("x is equal to y")
else:
    print("x is not positive")
```



2. find the smallest number

Requirements:

- Prompt the user to enter three numbers, convert them to integers, and store them in variables named x, y, and z.
- Use nested if statements to find the smallest number among the three.
- Print out which variable holds the smallest value with a message like "x is the smallest."

Expected Outputs:

```
Enter a number (x): 5
Enter another number (y): 3
Enter another number (z): 7
y is the smallest
```


3. Is x equal to y?

```
Enter a number: 5  
Enter another number: 3  
x is not equal to y
```

```
Enter a number: 7  
Enter another number: 7  
x is equal to y
```

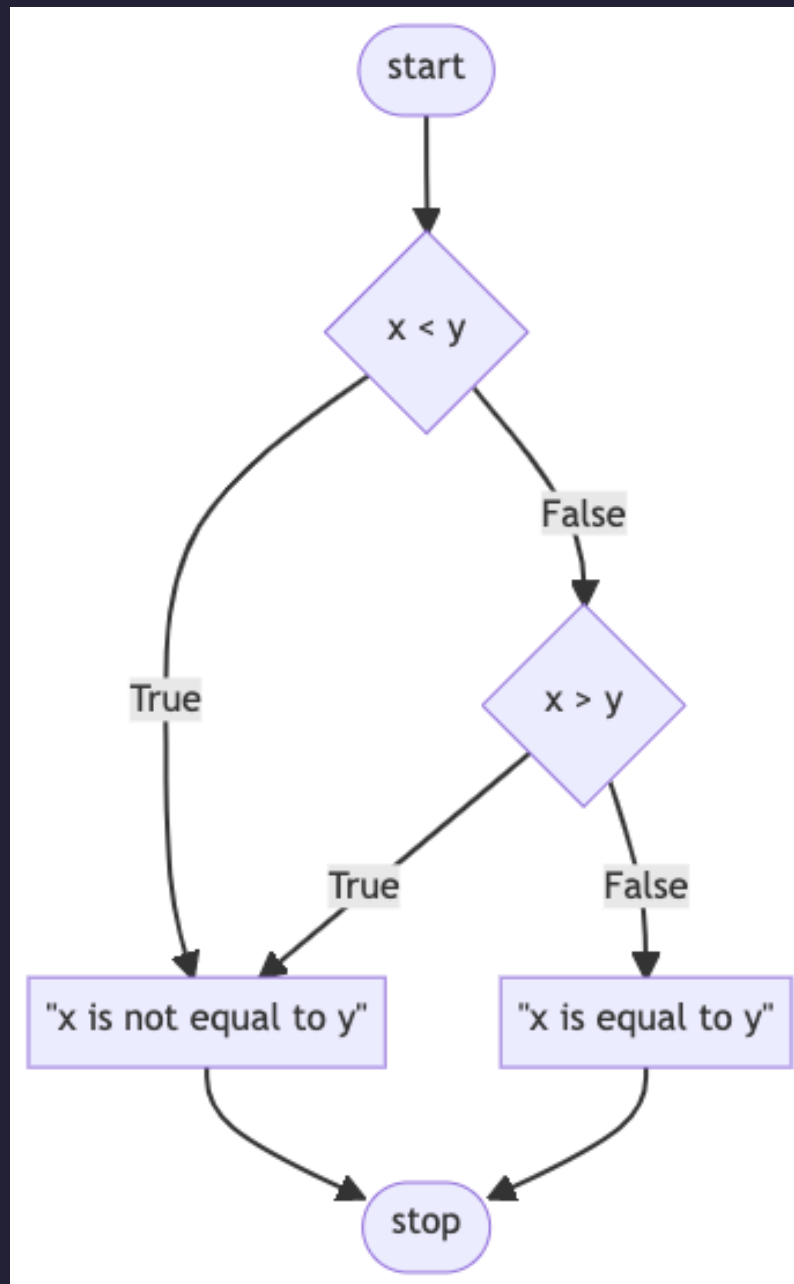
Logical operators

- or
- and
- not

or

```
x = int(input("Enter a number: "))
y = int(input("Enter another number: "))

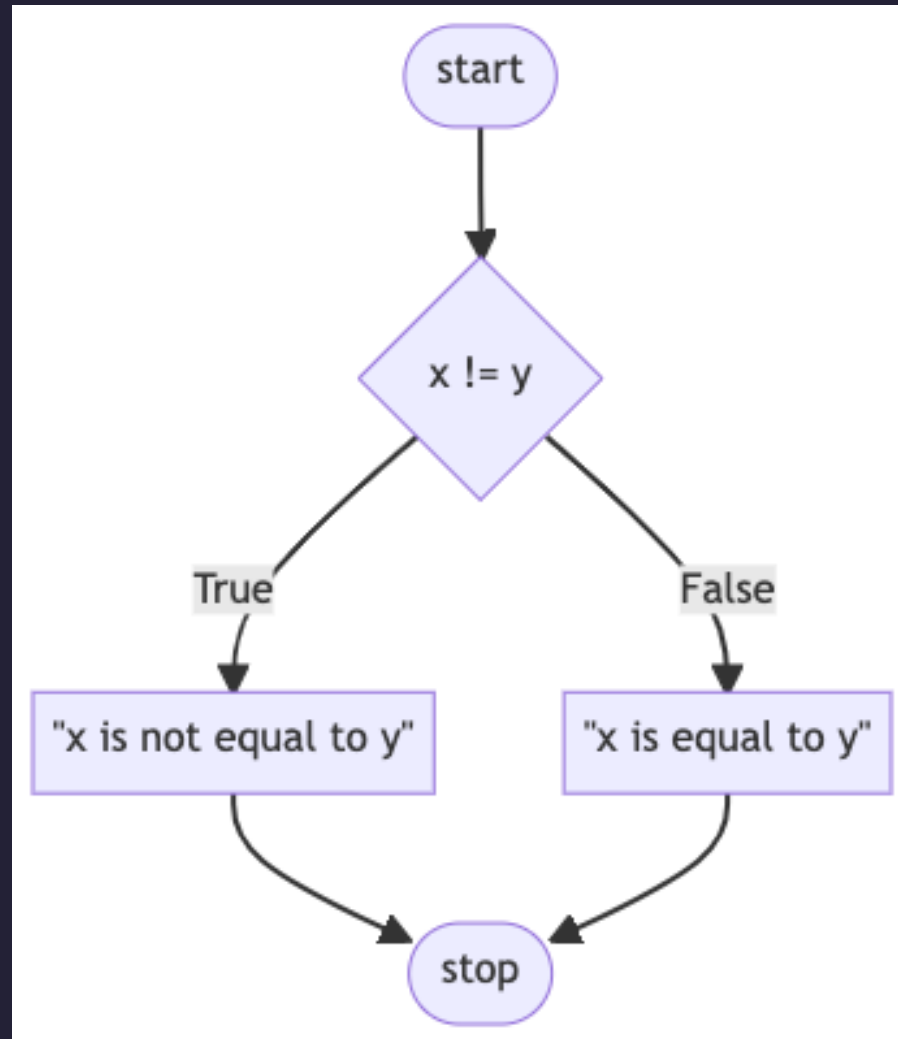
if x < y or x > y:
    print("x is not equal to y")
else:
    print("x is equal to y")
```



!=

```
x = int(input("Enter a number: "))
y = int(input("Enter another number: "))

if x != y:
    print("x is not equal to y")
else:
    print("x is equal to y")
```



not

```
x = int(input("Enter a number: "))
y = int(input("Enter another number: "))

if not x == y:
    print("x is not equal to y")
else:
    print("x is equal to y")
```

4. Gradebook

Enter your score: 87
A

Enter your score: 72
B

Enter your score: 60
C

and

```
score = int(input("Enter your score: "))

if score >= 85 and score <= 100:
    print("A")
elif score >= 80 and score < 85:
    print("A-")
elif score >= 75 and score < 80:
    print("B+")
elif score >= 70 and score < 75:
    print("B")
elif score >= 65 and score < 70:
    print("B-")
else:
    print("C")
```

Compound inequality

```
score = int(input("Enter your score: "))

if 85 <= score <= 100:
    print("A")
elif 80 <= score < 85:
    print("A-")
elif 75 <= score < 80:
    print("B+")
elif 70 <= score < 75:
    print("B")
elif 65 <= score < 70:
    print("B-")
else:
    print("C")
```

```
score = int(input("Enter your score: "))

if score >= 85:
    print("A")
elif score >= 80:
    print("A-")
elif score >= 75:
    print("B+")
elif score >= 70:
    print("B")
elif score >= 65:
    print("B-")
else:
    print("C")
```

What am I not A?

```
score = int(input("Enter your score: "))

if score >= 85:
    print("A")
if score >= 80:
    print("A-")
if score >= 75:
    print("B+")
if score >= 70:
    print("B")
if score >= 65:
    print("B-")
```



5. Find the largest number

Requirements:

- Prompt the user to enter three numbers, convert them to integers, and store them in variables named x, y, and z.
- Use if and elif statements to find the largest number among the three. [Hint: You can use the `and` operator to combine conditions]
- Print out a message identifying the variable that holds the largest value, e.g., "x is the largest."

Expected Outputs:

```
Enter a number (x): 5
Enter another number (y): 3
Enter another number (z): 7
z is the largest
```

6. Parity

```
Enter a number: 4  
x is even
```

```
Enter a number: 7  
x is odd
```

Modulo %

```
x = int(input("Enter a number: "))  
  
if x % 2 == 0:  
    print("x is even")  
else:  
    print("x is odd")
```

Start with `main()`

```
def main():  
    x = int(input("Enter a number: "))  
  
    x_is_even = is_even(x)  
  
    if x_is_even:  
        print("x is even")  
    else:  
        print("x is odd")  
  
def is_even(x):  
    ...  
  
main()
```


Conditional return True or False

```
if x % 2 == 0: # True or False
    print("x is even")

if x > y: # True or False
    print("x is greater than y")

if score >= 85: # True or False
    print("A")

if True:
    print("always get printed")

if False:
    print("never get printed")
```

bool: True or False

```
def is_even(x):  
    if x % 2 == 0:  
        return True # bool  
    else:  
        return False # bool  
  
x = 10  
x_is_even = is_even(x)  
  
print(x)  
print(type(x))
```

```
def main():  
    x = int(input("Enter a number: "))  
  
    x_is_even = is_even(x)  
  
    if x_is_even:  
        print("x is even")  
    else:  
        print("x is odd")  
  
def is_even(x):  
    if x % 2 == 0:  
        return True  
    else:  
        return False  
  
main()
```

Ternary operator

```
def is_even(x):  
    return True if x % 2 == 0 else False
```

Condition itself is **boolean** expression

```
def is_even(x):  
    return x % 2 == 0
```

```
def main():  
    x = int(input("Enter a number: "))  
    y = int(input("Enter another number: "))  
  
    if is_even(x): # x_is_even  
        print("x is even")  
    else:  
        print("x is odd")  
  
def is_even(x):  
    return x % 2 == 0 # True or False  
  
main()
```

7. Is it odd?

Requirements:

- Write the function `is_odd(x)` to determine if the number is odd or even.
- The function should return True if the number is odd and False otherwise.
- Use an if statement to check the output from `is_odd(x)`.
 - If True, double the number.
 - If False, square the number.

Expected Outputs:

```
Enter a number: 3  
x is odd. 3+3 = 6
```

```
Enter a number: 4  
x is even. 4*4 = 16
```

8. Department matcher

```
Enter a course code: INSY  
Management
```

```
Enter a course code: MATH  
Mathematics
```

```
Enter a course code: XYZ  
I don't know
```


String comparison

```
code = input("Enter a course code: ")

if code == "INSY":
    print("Management")
elif code == "ACCT":
    print("Management")
elif code == "FINE":
    print("Management")
elif code == "AEMA":
    print("Agriculture & Environmental Sciences")
elif code == "ECON":
    print("Economics")
elif code == "MATH":
    print("Mathematics")
else:
    print("I don't know")
```

String comparison

```
code = input("Enter a course code: ")

if code == "INSY" or code == "ACCT" or code == "FINE":
    print("Management")
elif code == "AEMA":
    print("Agriculture & Environmental Sciences")
elif code == "ECON":
    print("Economics")
elif code == "MATH":
    print("Mathematics")
else:
    print("I don't know")
```

Takehome exercise 2

- Course Logistics>Course Tools>DataCamp Signup
- **Use your mcgill email address**
- Intermediate Python: Chapter 2,3,4
- Due next week before the class