





ANT – Intensive Week

Case presentation

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Introduction message

Coronavirus impact

In light of the continued spread of the COVID-19 across the globe and official decisions of polish government, we had to put in place necessary containment and contingency measures to protect the health and safety of you and your families.

For now, there is no possibility to meet in person on campus, as all polish universities are closed till March 25th with possibility to extend. Nevertheless, we decided to conduct this year's edition of INTQuant using the best available solutions. We believe that even in such limited form you can learn a lot and develop yourselves.

The following changes has been applied in INTQuant 2020 edition:

- The usual approach of solving the problem in groups of 5 people was reviewed. Each of you
 will work on the case by him-/herself.
- The complexity and scope of the problem has been greatly reduced to make the solution achievable within two weeks.
- The lecturing material has been limited to match the scope and complexity of the modified case.
- The lectures will be delivered in the form of self-study materials only.

Let's focus on materials now. Wish you a good lecture and hope you will still find good educational value in participating in INTQuant.





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Case – overview



Case

Overview

Calculate ratings and PD using the Internal Model approach for three counterparties (Salzburg Bank, Bank of Cluj, Bank of Mazowsze) as of 23rd February 2018.

Portfolios:

Salzburg Bank (ID = 484)

Bank of Cluj (ID = 47)

Bank of Mazowsze (ID = 2741)



Data Files

Case

To solve the problem you need to make use of the following data:

Counterparty defaults

- For PD model calibration
- https://github.com/INTQuant-Katowice/2020/blob/master/Data/DataPD.txt





PD & LGD



LGD&PD

A brief overview

Loss Given Default:

The amount of historical data on LGD is usually substantially less than for PD

This enables the company's to sometimes fall-back to expert judgment approach

- Assume some number based on the situation in the given industry/country
- Either use the most conservative value possible (100%) all is lost.

In this exercise we assume LGD is 60% for all the counterparties

Probability of Default:

Considered time horizon is one year

Usually bucketed into ratings (AAA, BB+, etc.)

Depends both on obligor - specific factors (e.g. equity to assets, revenue growth) and macroeconomic conditions (e.g. unemployment rate, GDP growth)

From statistical point of view PD is an estimator of default rate (share of defaulted counterparties over all observations), usually modelled via GLM models (logit, probit regressions)

Statistical models serves a support for Credit Officers responsible for credit condition assessment

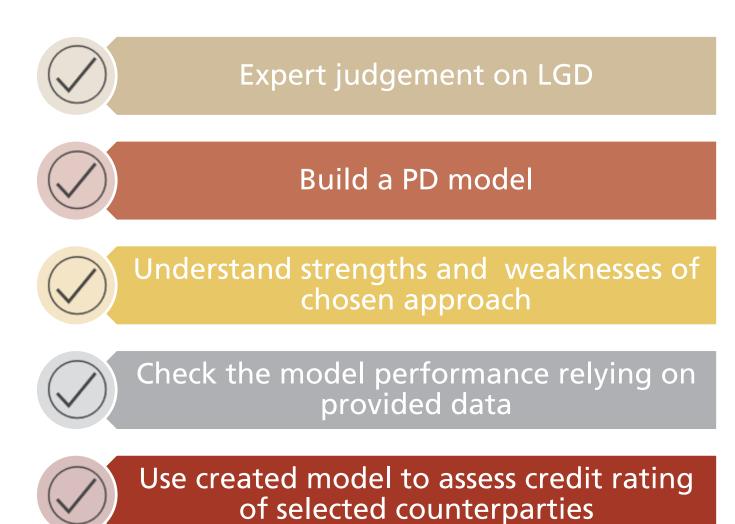
More info: Credit Risk Fundamentals (Sara Nowogórska, UBS)





Expectation

What we would like to see?







Input data





Counterparty default data (PD)

Composition of default data

Simulated data, tab delimited

Data table contains 26 annual financial statements for Developed Market Banks together with default indicator

Data covers period 2000 – 2014

Usually for confidentiality reasons additional information like counterparty name, statement date or domicile are not present in the dataset

Data contains outliers and missing values what is an additional model development challenge

The detail description of the variables in the file: https://github.com/INTQuant-Katowice/2020/blob/master/Data/Description.txt





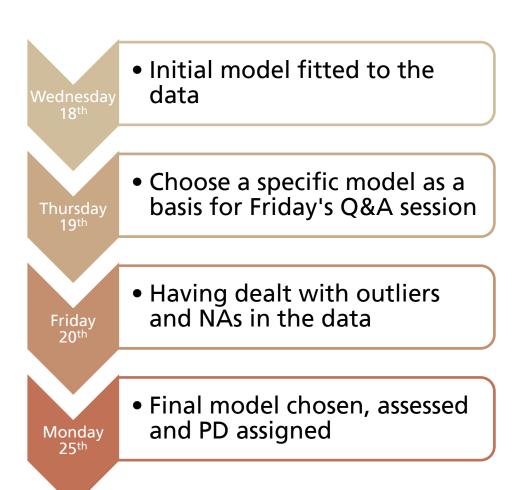
Timeline proposal





Timeline proposal

Only a suggestion







Grading





Grading

Most important things to have in mind

- The most important thing is that the exercise is completed.
 - The simplest and working

> Fancy and failing

Fancy and working

> simple and working

Milestones

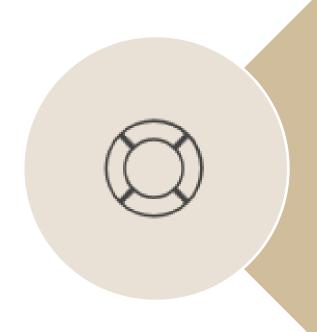
PD

- Assess the PD model (visualizations and fit quality measures)
- Motivate decision to go for a given specification
- Assign a PD to each counterparty
- Extract PDs of the three counterparties that are in the scope of EAD part



Contact information

What to do in case of problems?



Eeryone is allowed to ask one Question every two days by an email.

- Sent the questions to: piotr-a.morawski@ubs.com
- Be sure to start the subject with phrase:
 INTQuant Question Day X
- Be mindful to formulate your question properly to pinpoint the core of the problem
 - Questions like: 'Why it is not working?' will be answered with 'Because you are doing something wrong.'
- Make the questions methodology oriented not implementation oriented.

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Thank You

Good luck!

