Suplemental ortogonal Fie XEE, UCE, so vectorial X1 = 1geE/y1x3 U= {get/y1x, (t)xeU} >ssg. vectoriale complemental + subg. ontogonal luix complemental ortogonal al li U Dace : U D U = E atonci U + s.n. suplemental outogood P (+) UCE = D (=)! sylemental ortogonal UL sy vectorial Dem: (1) Fie UCE si {e1,..., ex3CU sep. set. base outon. Completed - Dren, ..., ex, freis..., ful CE bar 180.65 (e, -, e,) CE bert outon. { ex+1,..., e, } ent u' Aven < ei, ej>= o, A) i= 1k = 0 U'LU Fre weUnV'= Dulu=Du=o=DUnU'=10,5

Jen E= UAU', und U'IU (U' = U')

Fie U"CE as E=UDU", U LU" FierE = UDV' = UDV' (of. (autenbare) => v= u + u' = w + w", u, we U, u'e U', w"e U" => < w"-u', w"-u'>=0 = > u-w=w"-u' => w"-u'EU eU w", "' LU = > w"-" L' LU =>w"- a'tov => w"= u' => U"=U! Deci: U=U'. 2. e.d. Aplication ortogonale <u>Jef:</u> Fie (E1,<,>,), (E2,<,>2) 2 p. veit. end. ri f: E, →Ez o ept liniara. f s.n. aplicatie ortogonale dace < f(x), f(7)>2=< >7>1, (+) >7 = E, CP. E= E2 ED endomof f: E > E s. v. transf. ortogonale [P] (+) ap1. ortogenclé conservé normele. În patienter, o apl. ortog. este injective. Dem: 11×1, = V<xx>, = V<f(x), f(x)>2 = 11f(x)112 , (+) x = E, Dave: f(x)=0 =0 x=0, deci f e injective.

[] (+) trousf. ortogonale este izomorfism IP 1) 0 companer de apt oitogonale e apt oitogonale 2) Inverse une transfortage et et transfortagonele. 3) Multimes transf. ortog ale uni je vert, encl. e grup. (E, <, >) & vert. enclidian (Q(E,<,>), o) gurp.

f:E, -> Ez Fire B= {e, ..., en} CEI 2 repere ortonomik apl. ortog. $B_2 = \{f_1, \dots, f_m\} \subset E_2$ Am. asoc. lui fûn rop. on reperele Bi, rep. B. $f = (a_{ij})_{i=\overline{j}m}$, and $f(e_j) = \overline{Z}_{i=1}^{a_{ij}} a_{ij} f_{ij} f_{ij} f_{ij} f_{ij} f_{ij}$ Aven: Sij = < ei, ej>1 = < f(ei), f(ej)>2 = < Zakifk, Zalife? = Zakialj Ske = Zakiakj , Hij = In Deci: Zakiakj=dij Hijj=jh (*) C.P: m=n Matricel, rel * devine t AA=In i.e Am.
ontogonale
Thig10 apl. lin. f: E, -> Ez evortog =D A-matrice su asoert b) Un endomofism f: E-> E e transf. outôge DA-motion so croce. i.e. 6(E, <, >) = 6(4) Obs: Decence det A 70 => A poète si privit co notices unei gehimber de reper orton pe E (28) Deci: o transf. ontogonals poète fi privité ca o sch. de reper Exemple: 1) Fix $E = (R^2, <, >)$ $f: IR^2 \rightarrow IR^2$, $f(x) = A \times \text{unde} A = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{cases} \cot \det x \in \beta \\ \sin \sin \theta & \tan \theta \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} \cot \det x \in \beta \\ \sin \theta & \cot \theta \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} \cot \theta & \cot \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cot \theta \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} \cot \theta & \cot \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cot \theta \end{cases}$

2) Fix
$$E = (IR^3, <)$$
 $f: IR^3 \rightarrow DIR^3$, $f(x) = A \times$, unch $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \cos \theta - \sin \theta \\ 0 & \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$

(a) $f: IR^3 \rightarrow DIR^3$, $f(x) = A \times$, unch $f(x) = A \times$, unch

· Orientaree sp. vectoriele reele je produs vectoriel in IR3 Def: 2 regere ale unni gr. veit, red sunt la fel orientate (san au orientare opuse) det natice de treans au det, por (reging)
Obs: Relatio, a fi le fel orientate " este o rel, de echir, pe mult). reperelor un vi sp. vect. recl.

! În of veet IR", prin conventire, close rependi cononic de orientere.

b. con -> positiv orientate

Def: Produsul vectoriel al vect, x, y e R' este unital vestor, motor x x7, det prin <xx7, 2>= det(x,4,2),(t) zell3

$$x \times y = \begin{vmatrix} e_1 & e_2 & e_3 \\ x_1 & y_2 & x_3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & x_3 \\ y_1 & y_3 \end{vmatrix} e_1 - \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & x_3 \\ y_1 & y_3 \end{vmatrix} e_2 + \begin{vmatrix} x_1 & x_4 \\ y_1 & y_3 \end{vmatrix} e_3$$

P 1) xxy = - 7xx (anticom.)

2) X IR3 x IR3 - DIR3 (bilin.), i.e. (ax+57)x2= a(xx2)+5(7x2) $\times \times (a_7 + 52) = c(\times \times 7) + b(\times \times 2)$

3) Xx7 =0 (=> 1x732.V. 1in. deg.

1) < xx7, x> = < x x7, Y> =0

4) - 3/d x,7, xx73C1R3 reper vect. det (x,7, xx7) = <xx7, xx7>= 11xx74>0 =PR este la fel orientat ca rep. con (i.e. positiv orientat) i.e in of geometric, marine prod. veit. a 2 vect. este egate en air paralelog. construit pe cei 2 vect. Obs Produsul vect. nu e cop asocietive $(\times \times 7) \times t = (\times, t)$ $-(Y, t) \times$ Identitate lui Jacobi (x x7)x++ (7x+)xx+(2xx)xy=0 (Endomorfisme simetice) Det Fie f: E-> E un endomorf al sy vect. enclide (E,<,>) fsu simetic dece < f(x),7> = <x, f(y)>, (+) x,7 EE Fie B= leg-, enscE reper outonormat A -> m. asee luif in repeal B < f(ei), fe,>= < ei, f(ej)>, (+); 1=5 € < Zakiek, ej>= <ei, Zaejel> Zaki < ek, ej> = Zag < ei, ee> $a_{ji} = a_{ij}$, $\forall j \in J$, $\forall j \in J$, $\forall j \in A$ $\forall j$ P f. E -> E endow sim al y veet and (E,<,>) (matrice osce endr. f ût en rejer ortonormet este sinetice,

Troprietati.

Th: Rodoanile polinour u lui cacet al unui endu, simetric f runt toete recle.

[Thi] Vectorii proprii conez la velori proprii distincte ale unui endm. simetice sunt ortogonali

Dem: Fie > #p volor progra dist. ale lui f. Fre x,7 e E at f(x)=>>

f(y) = > 7

<f(x), y>=<x,f(y)> => ><x,y>= ><x,y> (ソート) (メント) (×ソ> = 0 年) メニト 1

Propr. de dicz ono lizare a endm. simétrice:

Th: Pentru orice endm. simetra (7) un reper octonormot format din vectori propori, in cere matrice asociati lui f are forme diagonalé.

Deci: (+) endm. simeture este diagonalizabil

Endm. simetice pot si puse in legature on formelo bilir. simetria Fre g: VXV - IR f.b.s recti

G-matrier crownt lui g in reg. j ou repeal B= 1e, ez, e, 3
ortonomet

m. sinetica

g(x,7)=tx67

Considerén: f:V-> V en domargées m aî. G so fie motive asocieté à reperal B =>

Com G-m. sûmetrie-

Junem ce endur. rim. f este asociat f.b.s. g r f. P a conesp.

Izometin

Fix (E/IR, <, >) sp. reitorical enclidion. Def: 0 applicative $f: E \rightarrow E$ su. isometrice doce: $d(x,y) = d(f(x), f(y)), (t) \times y \in E$

The O conditive necessite of sufficients conficients of: EDEST fix isometrie este so existe on reper ortonormal B={ey.-,en}CE on coord. (x1,-,x1) ale lui f(x) in report on coord. (x1,--,xn) ale lui x in regent considerat, so fix de forme:

 $x_i' = \sum_{j=1}^{n} a_{ij} x_j + b_{ij}$ $(a_{ij})_{i,j=1}^{n}$ $(a_{ij})_{i,j=1}^{n}$ $(a_{ij})_{i,j=1}^{n}$

Matriceal aven: f(x)=Ax+B

Exemple: y = 2 $t: |R^2 - P|R^2$ $|X_1| = X_1 + V_1$, $(v_1, v_2) \in |R^2$ $|X_2| = X_2 + V_2$ $|X_2| = X_1 + V_2$ $|X_1| = X_1 + V_2$ $|X_2| = |X_1| = |X_2| = |X_2|$