Apl. 1 Consideron transf. liniera f: 183 - DIR, f (x,y, t) = (2x-7+22-x+27-t, x+7+t), (+) (×, 7, €) € |R a) Scrieti matricea asocieté lui fin report en bese Bo={e, e, e, e, 3 C/R3. b) Determinati valorile proprie zi subsp. proprie coresp e) Verificatio dat f'este diagonalizabile el) În cer afirmatio, saieti matricee (forma) digonale si bate in care se recliqueza. f(e,) f(e2) f(e3) 5) Polinomul caracteristic  $P(\lambda) = det(A_f - \lambda I_3) = \begin{vmatrix} 2-\lambda & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 2-\lambda & -1 \end{vmatrix} =$  $= -\lambda (\lambda - 2)(\lambda - 3)$ Ec. correcteristics: P(x) = 0 (P-x (x-2)(x-3) =0 

with 
$$m_{\alpha}(\lambda_{1}) = m_{\alpha}(\lambda_{2}) = m_{\alpha}(\lambda_{3}) = 1$$

{ multiplicate title algebrace}

Substation graperii:

$$\begin{cases}
(2-\lambda) \times -\gamma + 2 = 0 \\
- \times +(2-\lambda) - 2 = 0
\end{cases}$$
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V >3 = {8(1,-1,0) / relR3

b) Polinomal corocteristic

$$P(\lambda) = \det (A_{J} - \lambda I_{3}) = \begin{vmatrix} 3-\lambda & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2-\lambda & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = -(\lambda-2)^{3}$$
Ec. corodenstice:

$$P(\lambda) = o(-1)^{3} = o = \sum_{j=2}^{3} m_{c}(\lambda_{j}) = 3$$

$$veloure proprie$$

$$Spee(f) = \{2\}$$

Subspet: graprice
$$S' = \begin{cases} (3-\lambda) \times +7 - 2 = 0 \\ (2-\lambda) \end{cases}$$

$$(2-\lambda) = 0$$

$$(2-\lambda) = 0$$

$$(2-\lambda) = 0$$

=) 
$$\int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} x + 7 - 2 = 0 \\ 0 = 0 \\ x + 7 - 2 = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

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$$\int_{\lambda_1}^{\lambda_2} \left\{ x +$$

$$= P \left\{ x = -\alpha + \beta \right\}$$

$$= \left\{ x = -\alpha + \beta \right\}$$

$$= \left\{ x \left( -x + \beta, \alpha, \beta \right) / \alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

$$= \left\{ x \left( -1, 1, 0 \right) + \beta \left( 1, 9, 1 \right) / \alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

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$$= \left\{ x \left( -1, 1, 1, 1 \right) + \beta \left( 1, 1, 1 \right) / \alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

$$=$$

Tema Acelezi ement, co in op II pentin munitorele trasf linive a) f: 183-318, f(x,7,2) = (-x+37-2,-3x+5y-2,-3x+3y+2), (+) (×7,2) EIR.

diagonalizabila.

b)  $f: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ ,  $f(x_7 +) = (6x - 5y - 3 + 3x - 2y - 2 + 2x - 2y)$ (+) (x7 =) E1R3

a) f: 18 - 0 18, f(xyzt) = (x+y+2+t, x+y-2-t, x-y+2-t, x-y-2+t) (+) (x72t) & 1R"

[Ag 1 3] Fre of transf. liniar in IR dete de rotatio spatialme in junt exer 02 au un augh  $\theta = \frac{T_0}{3}$ .

Determinate valorile gropsii si subst. grogsii coreguratore zi interpretati geometrica resultatele obtinute.

Ret: 
$$A_{J} = \begin{pmatrix} correct & -3in\theta & 0 \\ -3in\theta & correct & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $correct$  is  $correct$  in  $correct$  in

## C) PROBLEME PROPUSE PENTRU TEMA ONLINE

1. Determinați valorile și vectorii (subspatiile) proprii corespunzatoari(e) pentru matricele urmatoare:

a) 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
; b)  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$ ; c)  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ ; d)  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 9 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ 

- 2. Stabiliți dacă matricele de la exercițiul precedent sunt diagonalizabile și, în caz afirmativ, determinați forma lor diagonală.
- 3. Considerăm aplicația  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ , T(x,y,z) = (x+4y,2y+3z,y).
- a) Aratati că T este transformare (aplicatie) liniară.
- b) Scrieți matricea asociata lui T, A<sub>T</sub>.
- c) Determinați valorile și vectorii proprii corespunzatori(e) lui  $A_T$ .
- d) Precizați subspațiile proprii corespunzătoare transformării (aplicatiei) T și stabiliți dacă aceasta este diagonalizabila.
- e) Scrieți, dacă există, matricea diagonalizatoare C și matricea diagonală D.
- f) Verificati rezultatul obtinut.

1) Forme biliniore, Forme potretice Def: Fie V/IR of rectorial real, undimensional Se numerte forme bilinières o aplicatie F: VXV -DIR, al. (1)  $F(xx_1+\beta x_2,7) = xF(x_1,7) + \beta F(x_2,7)$  #  $y x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6$ (2)  $F(x_1, x_2, + \beta, x_2) = xF(x_2, x_3) + \beta F(x_2, x_2)$  (4)  $x_1\beta \in \mathbb{R}$ (i.e. liviare in ambele agrimente)  $F(x,7)=x^T+y$  (x,y)=(x,y) (x,y)=(y,y)B= {e, e, e, d CV & forma matriceala  $X = Z \times iei$   $A = (F(e_i, e_j)) i j = J^n$ 7 = 2 /3 es instice associate former bilin. F, in report en bose BCV · Doce B To B' = PA = tc+c de la bete B la baza B' asoc, unei f. Silin. la sch. de botas in asce of bilin. F is what a bosch B, reg. B' Def: Forme bilinian F: VXV -> 18 sm simetrico doco:  $F(x,y) = F(y,x), (4) \times y \in V$ Pertur o forme biliniare simetice F: VXV -> IR se defineste

forme potentica Q:V -> IR,

Q(x) = F(x,x), (+) x e V Formula de polaritare: F(x,7) = 1 [Q(x+7) - Q(x) - Q(7)], (+) >7 & V  $Q(x) = F(x,x) = x^T + x = Z \circ j \times i \times j$ Apl Fie forme getatica Q:R3-plR, Q(x)=Q(x1,x2,x3)=x1+3x2+x3-2x1x2-4x2x3-3x,x3) a) Determinate forme biliniere suration escrite lui Q (not. on F) folosied formule de polorisere. 5) Saieti matrice asociate formei dilin. simetra F, a report au bese conomicé chin IR3. Rez: (Vi) Utilizam formula de polorisare (x,x,x,x) F(x,7)= = = [Q(x+7)-Q(x)-Q(y)], (+) x, y = 1R3 (7,72,73) Aven: F(x,y) = { [ Q(x,+4,,x2+72,x3+75) - Q(x,x2x3) - Q(7,572,73)] = 1 [ (x,+4,)2+3(x2+72)+(x3+73)-2(x,+7)(x2+72)-4(x2+72)-3(x+72)(x3+72)-3(x+72)(x3+72) - (x2+3x2+x3-2x,x2-4x2x3-3x1x3)-(72+342+73-2472-54273-37173)] = ... = x,7, +3x,72+x373-x172-x27,-2x,73-2x372-32x,73-32x37, (V2) Metoda DEDUBLARIA: x2~0x,7, x,x2~0 = (x, 72+x27,) x2 ~0 x272 x2 x3 ~0 {(x243+x372)

x3 ~ 0 x373 x, x3 ~ 0 (x, 73 + x3/1)

F: 1R<sup>3</sup> × 1R<sup>3</sup> - P | R,

F(×7) = ×,7, +3 × 272 + × 3 B - ×,172 - × 27, -2 × 273 - 2 × 572 - \frac{3}{2} × 173 - \frac{3}{2}