Programare funcțională

Introducere în programarea funcțională folosind Haskell C11

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Functori - recap

Clasa de tipuri Functor

Definiție

```
class Functor f where fmap :: (a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow f a \rightarrow f b
```

Dată fiind o funcție f :: a -> b și ca :: f a, fmap produce cb :: f b obținută prin transformarea rezultatelor produse de computația ca folosind funcția f (și doar atât!)

Instanță pentru liste

```
instance Functor [] where
fmap = map
```

Clasa de tipuri Functor

```
class Functor f where
fmap :: (a -> b) -> f a -> f b

Instanță pentru tipul optiune
fmap :: (a -> b) -> Maybe a -> Maybe b

instance Functor Maybe where
fmap f Nothing = Nothing
fmap f (Just x) = Just (f x)
```

Proprietăți ale functorilor

- Argumentul f al lui Functor f definește o transformare de tipuri
 - · f a este tipul a transformat prin functorul f
- fmap definește transformarea corespunzătoare a funcțiilor
 - fmap :: (a -> b) -> (f a -> f b)

Contractul lui fmap

- fmap f ca e obținută prin transformarea rezultatelor produse de computația ca folosind funcția f (și doar atât!)
- Abstractizat prin două legi:

```
identitate fmap id == id compunere fmap (g . h) == fmap g . fmap h
```

Functori aplicativi

Problemă

- Folosind fmap putem transforma o funcție h :: a -> b într-o funcție între colecții/computații fmap h :: m a -> m b
- Dar ce se întâmplă dacă avem o funcție cu mai multe argumente?

```
E.g., cum trecem de la h :: a -> b -> c la
h' :: m a -> m b -> m c
```

putem încerca să folosim fmap

Problemă

- Folosind fmap putem transforma o funcție h :: a -> b într-o funcție între colecții/computații fmap h :: m a -> m b
- Dar ce se întâmplă dacă avem o funcție cu mai multe argumente?

```
E.g., cum trecem de la h :: a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c la h' :: m a \rightarrow m b \rightarrow m c
```

- putem încerca să folosim fmap
- Dar, deoarece h :: a -> (b -> c), avem că fmap h :: m a -> m (b -> c)
- Putem aplica fmap h la o valoare ca :: m a şi obţinem fmap h ca :: m (b -> c)

Problemă

Cum transformăm un obiect din m (b \rightarrow c) într-o funcție m b \rightarrow m c?

- ap :: $m (b \rightarrow c) \rightarrow (m b \rightarrow m c)$, sau, ca operator
- $(<_*>)$:: m(b -> c) -> mb -> mc

Problemă

Dată fiind o funcție

$$f :: a1 -> a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a$$

si computatiile

```
ca1 :: m a1, ca2 :: m a2, ..., can :: m an,
```

vrem să "aplicăm" funcția f pe rând computațiilor ca1, ..., can pentru a obtine o computatie finală ca :: m a.

Date fiind

- f :: a1 -> a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a
- ca1 :: m a1, ca2 :: m a2, ..., can :: m an,
- fmap :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
- $(<_*>)$:: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c cu "proprietăți bune"

Date fiind

- f :: a1 -> a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a
- ca1 :: m a1, ca2 :: m a2, ..., can :: m an,
- fmap :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
- (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c cu "proprietăți bune"

Date fiind

- f :: a1 -> a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a
- ca1 :: m a1, ca2 :: m a2, ..., can :: m an,
- fmap :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
- (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c cu "proprietăți bune"

```
fmap f :: m a1 -> m (a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a)
fmap f ca1 :: m (a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a)
```

Date fiind

- f :: a1 -> a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a
- ca1 :: m a1, ca2 :: m a2, ..., can :: m an,
- fmap :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
- (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c cu "proprietăți bune"

```
fmap f :: m a1 -> m (a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a)
fmap f ca1 :: m (a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a)
fmap f ca1 <*> ca2 :: m (a3 -> ... -> an -> a)
```

Date fiind

- f :: a1 -> a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a
- ca1 :: m a1, ca2 :: m a2, ..., can :: m an,
- fmap :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
- (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c cu "proprietăți bune"

```
fmap f :: m a1 -> m (a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a)
fmap f ca1 :: m (a2 -> a3 -> ... -> an -> a)
fmap f ca1 <*> ca2 :: m (a3 -> ... -> an -> a)
...
fmap f ca1 <*> ca2 <*> ca3 ... <*> can :: m a
```

Clasa de tipuri Applicative

class Functor m => Applicative m where

```
pure :: a \to m a
(<*>) :: m (a \to b) \to m a \to m b
```

Clasa de tipuri Applicative

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(<*>) :: m (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
```

- Orice instanță a lui Applicative trebuie să fie instanță a lui Functor
- pure transformă o valoare într-o computație minimală care are acea valoare ca rezultat, și nimic mai mult!
- (<*>) ia o computație care produce funcții și o computație care produce argumente pentru funcții și obține o computație care produce rezultatele aplicării funcțiilor asupra argumentelor

Clasa de tipuri Applicative

class Functor m where

```
fmap :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
```

class Functor m => Applicative m where

```
pure :: a \to m a
(<*>) :: m (a \to b) \to m a \to m b
```

Proprietate importantă

- fmap f x == pure f <*> x
- Se definește operatorul (<\$>) prin (<\$>) = fmap

```
class Functor m where
 fmap :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
class Functor m => Applicative m where
   pure :: a -> m a
  (<_*>) :: m (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
instance Applicative Maybe where
  pure = Just
  Nothing < * >  = Nothing
  Just f <_*> x = fmap f x
```

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: Maybe String
Just "Hey"
```

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: Maybe String
Just "Hey"

Prelude> (++) <$> (Just "Hey ") <*> (Just "You!")
Just "Hey You!"
```

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: Maybe String
Just "Hey"

Prelude> (++) <$> (Just "Hey ") <*> (Just "You!")
Just "Hey You!"

• (++) :: String -> (String -> String)
```

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: Maybe String
Just "Hey"

Prelude> (++) <$> (Just "Hey ") <*> (Just "You!")
Just "Hey You!"
```

- (++) :: String -> (String -> String)
- Just "Hey□" :: Maybe String
- (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: Maybe String
Just "Hey"

Prelude> (++) <$> (Just "Hey ") <*> (Just "You!")
Just "Hey You!"
```

- (++) :: String -> (String -> String)
- Just "Hey¬" :: Maybe String
- (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
- (++) <\$> (Just "Hey") :: Maybe (String -> String)

Just "Hev"

```
Prelude> (++) <$> (Just "Hey ") <*> (Just "You!")
Just "Hev You!"
  • (++) :: String -> (String -> String)

    Just "Hey_" :: Maybe String

  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (++) <$> (Just "Hev_") :: Maybe (String -> String)
  Just "You!" :: Maybe String
  • (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
```

Prelude > pure "Hey" :: Maybe String

```
Prelude > pure "Hey" :: Maybe String
Just "Hev"
Prelude> (++) <$> (Just "Hey ") <*> (Just "You!")
Just "Hev You!"
  • (++) :: String -> (String -> String)

    Just "Hey_" :: Maybe String

  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (++) <$> (Just "Hev_") :: Maybe (String -> String)
  Just "You!" :: Maybe String
  • (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c

    Just "Hev_You!":: Maybe String
```

```
mDiv x y = if y == 0 then Nothing
else Just (x 'div' y)
mF x = (+) <$> pure 4 <*> mDiv 10 x
```

```
mDiv x y = if y == 0 then Nothing
else Just (x 'div' y)
mF x = (+) <$> pure 4 <*> mDiv 10 x
• (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int
```

```
mDiv x y = if y == 0 then Nothing
else Just (x 'div' y)

mF x = (+) <$> pure 4 <*> mDiv 10 x

• (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int

• pure 4 :: Maybe Int

• (<$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
```

```
mDiv \times y = if y == 0 then Nothing
            else Just (x 'div' y)
mF x = (+) < pure 4 < mDiv 10 x
  • (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int
  • pure 4 :: Maybe Int
  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (+) <$> pure 4 :: Maybe (Int -> Int)
  mDiv :: Int -> Int -> Maybe Int
  mDiv 10 x :: Maybe Int
  • (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
```

```
mDiv \times y = if y == 0 then Nothing
            else Just (x 'div' y)
mF x = (+) < pure 4 < mDiv 10 x
  • (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int
  pure 4 :: Maybe Int
  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (+) <$> pure 4 :: Maybe (Int -> Int)
  mDiv :: Int -> Int -> Maybe Int
  mDiv 10 x :: Maybe Int
  • (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
Prelude > mF 2
Just 9
```

```
mDiv \times y = if y == 0 then Nothing
            else Just (x 'div' y)
mF x = (+) < pure 4 < mDiv 10 x
  • (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int
  • pure 4 :: Maybe Int
  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (+) <$> pure 4 :: Maybe (Int -> Int)
  mDiv :: Int -> Int -> Maybe Int
  mDiv 10 x :: Maybe Int
  • (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
Prelude > mF 2
Just 9
Prelude > let f x = 4 + 10 'div' x
Prelude > fmap f (Just 2)
Just 9
```

Instante - Either

```
class Functor m where
 fmap :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
class Functor m => Applicative m where
   pure :: a -> m a
  (<_*>) :: m (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
instance Applicative (Either a) where
  pure = Right
  Left e <_*> = Left e
  Right f <_*> x = fmap f x
```

Instante – Either

Prelude> pure "Hey" :: Either a String Right "Hey"

Instante – Either

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: Either a String
Right "Hey"
```

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: Either a String
Right "Hey"

Prelude> (++) <$> (Right "Hey ") <*> (Right "You!")
Right "Hey You!"

• (++) :: String -> (String -> String)
```

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: Either a String Right "Hey"
```

- (++) :: String -> (String -> String)
- Right "Hey":: Either a String
- (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: Either a String
Right "Hey"
```

- (++) :: String -> (String -> String)
- Right "Hey..." :: Either a String
- (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
- (++) <\$> (Right "Hey") :: Either a (String -> String)

```
Prelude > pure "Hey" :: Either a String
Right "Hey"
Prelude> (++) <$> (Right "Hey ") <*> (Right "You!")
Right "Hey You!"
  • (++) :: String -> (String -> String)

    Right "Hey_" :: Either a String

  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (++) <$> (Right "Hev_") :: Either a (String -> String)
  Right "You!" :: Either a String
  • (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
```

```
Prelude > pure "Hey" :: Either a String
Right "Hey"
Prelude> (++) <$> (Right "Hey ") <*> (Right "You!")
Right "Hey You!"
  • (++) :: String -> (String -> String)

    Right "Hey_" :: Either a String

  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (++) <$> (Right "Hev_") :: Either a (String -> String)
  Right "You!" :: Either a String
  • (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c

    Right "Hev_You!":: Either a String
```

```
eDiv x y = if y == 0 then Left "Division by 0!"

else Right (x 'div' y)

eF x = (+) <$> pure 4 <_*> eDiv 10 x
```

```
eDiv x y = if y == 0 then Left "Division by 0!"

else Right (x 'div' y)

eF x = (+) <$> pure 4 <*> eDiv 10 x

• (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int
```

```
eDiv x y = if y == 0 then Left "Division by 0!"

else Right (x 'div' y)

eF x = (+) <$> pure 4 <*> eDiv 10 x

• (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int

• pure 4 :: Either String Int

• (<$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
```

```
eDiv x y = if y == 0 then Left "Division by 0!"

else Right (x 'div' y)

eF x = (+) <$> pure 4 <*> eDiv 10 x

• (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int

• pure 4 :: Either String Int

• (<$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)

• (+) <$> pure 4 :: Either String (Int -> Int)
```

```
eDiv x y = if y == 0 then Left "Division by 0!"
             else Right (x 'div' y)
eF x = (+) < pure 4 < eDiv 10 x
  • (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int
  • pure 4 :: Either String Int
  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (+) <$> pure 4 :: Either String (Int -> Int)
  • eDiv :: Int -> Int -> Either String Int
  eDiv 10 x :: Either String Int
  • (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
```

```
eDiv x y = if y == 0 then Left "Division by 0!"
             else Right (x 'div' y)
eF x = (+) < pure 4 < eDiv 10 x
  • (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int
  • pure 4 :: Either String Int
  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (+) <$> pure 4 :: Either String (Int -> Int)
  • eDiv :: Int -> Int -> Either String Int
  eDiv 10 x :: Either String Int
  • (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
Prelude > eF 2
Right 9
```

```
eDiv x y = if y == 0 then Left "Division by 0!"
             else Right (x 'div' y)
eF x = (+) < pure 4 < eDiv 10 x
  • (+) :: Int -> Int -> Int
  • pure 4 :: Either String Int
  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (+) <$> pure 4 :: Either String (Int -> Int)
  • eDiv :: Int -> Int -> Either String Int
  eDiv 10 x :: Either String Int
  • (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
Prelude > eF 2
Right 9
Prelude > let f x = 4 + 10 'div' x
Prelude > fmap f (Right 2)
Right 9
```

class Functor m where

$$fmap :: (a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow m a \rightarrow m b$$

class Functor m => Applicative m where

pure
$$::$$
 a \rightarrow m a

$$(<_{\star}>)$$
 :: m $(a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow m a \rightarrow m b$

instance Applicative [] where

pure
$$x = [x]$$

$$fs <_{*}> xs = [f x | f <_{-} fs, x <_{-} xs]$$

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: [String]
["Hey"]
```

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: [String]
["Hey"]

Prelude> (++) <$> ["Hello ", "Goodbye "] <*> ["world", "happiness"]
["Hello world", "Hello happiness", "Goodbye world", "Goodbye happiness"]
```

• (++) :: String -> (String -> String)

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: [String]
["Hev"]
Prelude> (++) <$> ["Hello ", "Goodbye "] <*> ["world"
    . "happiness" l
["Hello world", "Hello happiness", "Goodbye world", "
   Goodbye happiness"
  • (++) :: String -> (String -> String)
  ["Hello_", "Goodbye_"] :: [String]
  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
```

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: [String]
["Hev"]
Prelude> (++) <$> ["Hello ", "Goodbye "] <*> ["world"
    , "happiness"]
["Hello world", "Hello happiness", "Goodbye world", "
   Goodbye happiness"
  • (++) :: String -> (String -> String)
  ["Hello_", "Goodbye_"] :: [String]
  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (++) <$> ["Hello_", "Goodbye_"] :: [String -> String]
```

```
Prelude> pure "Hey" :: [String]
["Hev"]
Prelude> (++) <$> ["Hello ", "Goodbye "] <*> ["world"
    . "happiness" l
["Hello world", "Hello happiness", "Goodbye world", "
   Goodbye happiness"
  • (++) :: String -> (String -> String)
  ["Hello_", "Goodbye_"] :: [String]
  • (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
  • (++) <$> ["Hello_", "Goodbye_"] :: [String -> String]
  ["world", "happiness"] :: [String]
  • (<*>) :: m(b -> c) -> mb -> mc
```

```
Prelude> [(+),(*)] <*> [1,2] <*> [3,4] [4,5,5,6,3,4,6,8]
```

- (+),(*) :: Int -> Int -> Int
- [(+),(*)] :: [Int -> Int -> Int]

- (+),(*) :: Int -> Int -> Int
- [(+),(*)] :: [Int -> Int -> Int]
- [1,2] :: [Int]
- (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
- [(+),(*)] <*> [1,2] :: [Int -> Int]

- (+),(*) :: Int -> Int -> Int
- [(+),(*)] :: [Int -> Int -> Int]
- [1,2] :: [Int]
- (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
- $[(+),(*)] <_{*} > [1,2] :: [Int -> Int]$
- [(+),(*)] <*> [1,2] <*> [3,4] :: [Int]

```
Prelude> filter (>50) $ (\star) <$> [2,5,10] <\star> [8,10,11] [55,80,100,110]
```

```
Prelude> filter (>50) $ (\star) <$> [2,5,10] <\star> [8,10,11] [55,80,100,110]
```

- (*) :: Int -> Int -> Int
- [2,5,10] :: [Int]
- (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)

```
Prelude> filter (>50) $ (*) <$> [2,5,10] <*> [8,10,11] [55,80,100,110]
```

- (*) :: Int -> Int -> Int
- [2,5,10] :: [Int]
- (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
- (*) <\$> [2,5,10] :: [Int -> Int]

Prelude> **filter** (>50) \$ (
$$\star$$
) <\$> [2,5,10] < \star > [8,10,11] [55,80,100,110]

- (*) :: Int -> Int -> Int
- [2,5,10] :: [Int]
- (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
- (*) <\$> [2,5,10] :: [Int -> Int]
- (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
- (*) <\$> [2,5,10] <*> [8,10,11] :: [Int]

- (*) :: Int -> Int -> Int
- [2,5,10] :: [Int]
- (<\$>) :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b (este fmap)
- (*) <\$> [2,5,10] :: [Int -> Int]
- (<*>) :: m (b -> c) -> m b -> m c
- (*) <\$> [2,5,10] <*> [8,10,11] :: [Int]

Prelude> (*) <\$> [2,5,10] <*> [8,10,11] [16,20,22,40,50,55,80,100,110]

Proprietăți ale functorilor aplicativi

class Functor m where

```
fmap :: (a -> b) -> m a -> m b
```

class Functor m => Applicative m where

```
pure :: a \rightarrow m a (<*>) :: m (a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow m a \rightarrow m b
```

- identitate pure id <*> v = v
- compoziție pure (.) <*> u <*> v <*> w = u <*> (v <*> w)
- homomorfism pure f <*> pure x = pure (f x)

Consecință: fmap f x == f < x == pure f <

Functori aplicativi

```
(\$) :: (a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow a \rightarrow b

(<\$>) :: (a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow m \ a \rightarrow m \ b

(<*>) :: m \ (a \rightarrow b) \rightarrow m \ a \rightarrow m \ b
```

Quiz time!

Seria 23: https://www.questionpro.com/t/AT4qgZqjts

Seria 24: https://www.questionpro.com/t/AT4NiZqjWQ

Seria 25: https://www.questionpro.com/t/AT4qgZqjt3

Pe săptămâna viitoare!