The VOiCES from a Distance Challenge 2019 Evaluation Plan

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1. Introduction

The "VOiCES from a Distance Challenge 2019" is designed to foster research in the area of speaker recognition and automatic speech recognition (ASR) with the special focus on single channel distant/far-field audio and noisy conditions. The main objectives of this challenge are: (i) to benchmark state-of-the-art technology in the area of speaker recognition and automatic speech recognition (ASR), (ii) to support the development of new ideas and technologies in speaker recognition and ASR, (iii) to support new research groups entering in the field of distant/far-field speech processing, and (iv) to provide the community a new dataset under Creative Commons-BY 4.0 license, making it accessible for commercial, academic, and government use.

This challenge is based on the recently released Voices Obscured in Complex Environmental Settings (VOiCES) corpus. The VOiCES corpus, a collaboration between SRI International and Lab41, provides speech data recorded in the acoustically challenging environment. It was collected by taking audio files from LibriSpeech based on close-talking speech and then retransmitting the audio via a high-quality loudspeaker in a number of different rooms. It has three different background noises and a speaker rotation mimicking human head movement. More details on the VOiCES can be found at [1, 2].

Participation in the VOiCES challenge is free of cost and open to those interested parties that will uphold the challenge rules laid out in this document and intend to submit a paper to "The VOiCES from a Distance Challenge" Special Session to be held at Interspeech 2019, in Graz, Austria on September 15-19, 2019. This document also serves to provide information for research groups after the evaluation those wish to develop and publish results on the VOiCES challenge. Information about evaluation registration can be found on the VOiCES website¹.

Participants who complete the challenge by their system outputs and system description will get early access to the VOiCES phase 2 data. The phase 2 data is an extension of VOiCES phase 1 set with over 310k audio files in different reverberant environments.

The VOiCES challenge has two tasks: speaker recognition and automatic speech recognition (ASR). Each task has fixed and open training conditions. These conditions are defined by the training data that can be used to train the systems. Participants are required to participate in at least one condition of a task (e.g. ASR Open).

2. Speaker Recognition

The task for the speaker recognition part of the VOiCES challenge is similar to that of speaker detection, as in the National

Institute in Standards of Technology (NIST) Speaker Recognition Evaluations (SRE) and the Speakers in the Wild (SITW) challenge. The task is: given a segment of speech and target speaker enrollment data, automatically determine whether the target speaker is speaking in the segment. A segment of speech (test segment) and the enrollment speech segment(s) from a designated target speaker constitute a trial. The speaker recognition system is required to process each trial independently and output a log-likelihood ratio (LLR), using natural (base *e*) logarithm, for that trial. The LLR for a given trial including a test segment *s* is defined as follows:

$$LLR(s) = \log\left(\frac{P(s|H_0)}{P(s|H_1)}\right) \tag{1}$$

where P(.) denotes the probability distribution function (pdf), and H_0 and H_1 represents the null (i.e., s is spoken by the enrollment speaker) and alternative (i.e., s is not spoken by the enrollment speaker) hypotheses, respectively. The performance of a speaker recognition system will be judged on the accuracy of these LLRs.

2.1. Training Conditions

Speaker recognition systems can be developed for the fixed condition, the open condition or both. The two training conditions are defined by the specific datasets that can be used to build the speaker recognition system.

2.1.1. Fixed Condition

The fixed training condition limits the system training to the following freely available data sets:

- Speakers in the Wild (SITW)²
- VoxCeleb1 and VoxCeleb2³

Participants can obtain these datasets by following the instructions on their respective webpages. Please note that SITW and VoxCeleb have overlapping speakers⁴.

Publicly available non-speech audio and noises (e.g. noises, impulse responses, codecs) may be used for data augmentation and should be included in the system description. For the fixed training condition, only the datasets specified above maybe used for system training and development with the exception of speech activity detection (SAD). Participants may train their own or use an existing SAD and details of the SAD should be included in the system description. With the exception of SAD, participants in the fixed condition can not use pretrained model for system components.

¹https://voices18.github.io/Interspeech2019_SpecialSession/

²http://www.speech.sri.com/projects/sitw/

³http://www.robots.ox.ac.uk/ vgg/data/voxceleb/

⁴http://www.robots.ox.ac.uk/ vgg/data/voxceleb/SITW_overlap.txt

2.1.2. Open Condition

The open training condition removes the limitations of the fixed condition. For this condition, participants can use any proprietary and/or public data they have access to along with the fixed condition data. The participants must mention the datasets used to train the open condition submission in the system description.

2.2. Development Data

The speaker recognition development dataset consists of 15,904 audio segments from 196 speakers. Each audio file contains a single speaker. The dataset represents different rooms, microphones, distractors, and loudspeaker angles. The metadata is available in the filename and teams may use this information to analyze the behavior of their system under different conditions. More detailed information about the metadata can be found in the README.VOiCES_2019.txt provided with the development data.

The development data for speaker recognition may be used for system training including the calibration models for both fixed and open conditions.

2.3. Evaluation Data

The speaker recognition evaluation set will consist of previously unreleased distant recordings that are part of the VOiCES corpus. Participants can expect these recordings to originate from different microphone types and different rooms both of which could be more challenging than those featured in the development set.

2.4. Performance Measures

We will use several performance measures to determine the speaker recognition system performance and compare system submissions in the challenge. A metric similar to those used in the NIST SRE 2010 and Speakers in the Wild (SITW) challenge will form the primary metric for the VOiCES challenge.

Early in the development phase of the challenge, participants will be provided with a python script to evaluate each performance metrics detailed below. This python scorer will be used by the organizers to produce the official metrics on the evaluation data.

2.4.1. Primary Metric

The primary metric for the VOiCES challenge is based on the following detection cost function, which is the same function used in the NIST 2010 SRE, but with different parameters. It is a weighted sum of miss and false alarm error probabilities in the form:

$$C_{det} = C_{miss} \times P_{miss} \times P_{tar} + C_{fa} \times P_{fa} \times (1 - P_{tar})$$
 (2)

We assume a prior target probability, P_{tar} , of 0.01 and equal costs between misses and false alarms.

Table 1: Cost model parameters for the primary metric C_{det}

C_{miss}	C_{fa}	P_{tar}
1.0	1.0	0.01

For reporting, the C_{det} will be normalized by the cost that a naïve system that always chooses the least costly class would

get for the selected parameters. In our case, the normalization factor is given by P_{tar} .

2.4.2. Alternate Performance Metric

For the purpose of analyzing how well a system is calibrated across all operating points, a log-likelihood ratio cost metric, C_{llr} , will also be reported as:

$$C_{llr} = \frac{1}{2 \times \log(2)} \times \left(\frac{\sum \log(1+1/s)}{N_{tar}} + \frac{\sum \log(1+s)}{N_{non}} \right)$$
(3)

where s is the likelihood ratio for a trial, and N_{tar} and N_{non} represent the number of target and non-target trials, respectively.

2.5. Scores Submission

Participants are required to submit to the VOiCES organizers a set of scores for each trial they evaluated. The score files should follow the naming convention: [Team-Name]_[Task]_[Condition]_[SystemNumber].txt.

The score files should be in ASCII format with one line per trial. Each line must include three space-delimited fields: modelID<space>testSegment<space>LLR<NewLine>

A separate score file is required for each condition and each system, with a limit of three files per condition. The score submission instructions will be provided along with the evaluation data.

3. Automatic Speech Recognition

In the ASR task, participants are expected to provide a transcript of each audio segment in a verbatim and case-insensitive manner.

3.1. Training Conditions

The ASR task will be evaluated over fixed and open training conditions. The two training conditions are defined by the specific datasets that can be used to build the speech recognition system. Teams can participate in the fixed condition, open condition or both.

3.1.1. Fixed Condition

In the fixed condition, the training set consists of an 80-hour subset of the LibriSpeech corpus. This subset was designed in such a way as to have no overlap in speakers with the VOiCES corpus (dev or eval).

While the participants may train their own SAD as well as use external non-speech resources for data augmentation, they may not use additional speech data from any other source for model training (acoustic model, language model, speech enhancement, etc.)

3.1.2. Open Condition

The open condition removes the limitations of the fixed condition. For this condition, participants can use any proprietary and/or public data they have access to along with the fixed condition data.

3.2. Development Set

The ASR development set is distinct from the speaker recognition dev set, and will consist of 20h of distant recordings from rooms 1 and 2 along with corresponding transcripts. It contains

recordings from 6 of the 12 mics, and is balanced across rooms, mics, distractor types, and loudspeaker angles. The metadata (mic, room, distractor, angle) is available in the filename, and the participants are welcome to use that information to analyze the behavior of their system under different conditions.

The VOiCES Challenge's dev set may be used to make design decisions, but may not be used for directly training the system's SAD, enhancement, acoustic or language models in either the fixed or the open condition.

3.3. Evaluation Set

The ASR evaluation set will consist of 10h to 20h of previously unreleased distant recordings that are part of the VOiCES corpus. Participants can expect the recordings to originate from different microphone types and different rooms, both of which could be more challenging than those featured in the dev set.

3.4. Performance Measures

Similarly to NIST's recent OPENSAT-17 challenge, we will use the Word-Error Rate (WER) as the evaluation metric for the ASR portion of this challenge. Specifically, we will use NIST's open source SCTK software to score participants submissions by computing WER as the sum of errors (deletions, insertions, substitutions) divided by the total number of words from the reference transcript.

3.5. Scores Submission

Participants are required to submit to the VOiCES organizers word-level transcripts in Conversation-Time Marked (CTM) format. The score files should follow the naming convention: [TeamName]_[Task]_[Condition]_[SystemNumber].txt.

The CTM format consists of a tab-separated 6-columns ASCII text file, where each line corresponds to a word. The fields are defined as follows:

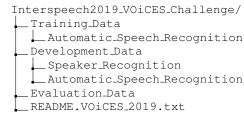
- 1. The waveform file base name (i.e., without path names or extensions).
- 2. Channel ID, the audio files are mono this column should be '1'
- 3. The beginning time of the word, in seconds, measured from the start time of the file.
- 4. The duration of the word, in seconds
- 5. The orthographic rendering (spelling) of the token.
- 6. Confidence Score, the probability with a range [0:1] that the token is correct. If confidence is not available, omit the column.

The ASR scoring is identical to the NIST OPENSAT-17 evaluation, and more details can be found in NIST's evaluation plan⁵.

A separate score file is required for each condition and each system, with a limit of three files per condition. The score submission instructions will be provided along with the evaluation data

4. Training and Evaluation Dataset Organization

The data structure of both speaker recognition and speech recognition data download is as follows:



The meta information of the audio files is included in the file names. More information about metadata can be found in README.VOiCES.2019.txt

5. Evaluation Rules

All participants must adhere to the following rules regarding the processing of the VOiCES evaluation data until all system outputs have been submitted.

- Participants may only use the subset of the VOiCES data provided for development and evaluation under each task. Teams may not use any other VOiCES data releases including parts of the VOiCES corpus that contain distractor audio only. This is a challenge and using such data will give unfair advantage.
- Participants may not use ASR development data for speaker recognition tasks and vice versa.
- Participants must submit system output for at least one task condition (i.e. ASR Open).
- Participants must abide by the terms guiding the fixed and open training conditions.
- Participants may not probe the evaluation data via manual/human means such as listening to the data or producing the transcript of the speech.
- Participants may submit up to three system per task (SID/ASR) and condition (Fixed/Open).
- Each team must submit an article describing their systems and providing analysis of its performance on the VOiCES database to the special session of Interspeech 2019 paper submission deadline.
- During the challenge, teams may email questions seeking clarification of any aspects, specifically those that might be considered vague or ambiguous. To ensure all teams receive the same information, a summary of each question and the response will be emailed to the contact person of each team with the poser of the question being made anonymous.
- The organizers plan to write articles comparing techniques by anonymizing submissions. Official rankings of teams will be published on the VOiCES website, including scores and confidence margins; individual team requests for anonymity on this public website will be upheld. Regarding further dissemination of results, participants are allowed to publish their own results and their rank from challenge results. They are not allowed, however, to publish other teams results or rank from the challenge. The only exception to this is when referencing published results with the corresponding team authoring such publications.

6. System Description

All participants will be required to submit a short system description by March 15, 2019. The purpose of this description

⁵https://www.nist.gov/itl/iad/mig/opensat

is two-fold: it will be shared among other participants for the benefit of analysis and validation, and it will provide information necessary for the organizers to determine common trends in leading systems. The organizers may then use this information (without site names for anonymity) in a summary article submitted to the special session. System description is required to get access to the evaluation keys and VOiCES phase 2 download link.

7. Special Session Paper at Interspeech

In addition to the system description above, participants must submit an article to "The VOiCES from a Distance Challenge" special session track of Interspeech 2019. The information in the system description will also form part of the paper along with any post-evaluation analysis. This should adhere to the Interspeech 2019 paper submission guidelines and schedule.

8. Schedule

Limited time is available for development due to the time between special session approval and the regular paper submission deadline. The schedule below aims to provide as much time as possible for development while also allowing sufficient time for the post-evaluation analysis for the special session and time for writing a paper for Interspeech special session.

- January 15, 2019: Release of the evaluation plan and development sets
- February 25, 2019: Evaluation data available
- March 4, 2019: System output submission deadline (11:59 PM PST)
- March 11, 2019: Release of the evaluation results
- March 15, 2019: System description submission and release of VOiCES phase 2 key for the participating teams
- March 29, 2019: Regular paper submission deadline for Interspeech 2019

9. References

- C. Richey, M. A. Barrios, Z. Armstrong, C. Bartels, M. Graciarena, A. Lawson, M. K. Nandwana *et al.*, "Voices obscured in complex environmental settings (VOICES) corpus," in *INTERSPEECH*-2018, 2018, pp. 1566–1570.
- [2] M. K. Nandwana, J. van Hout, M. McLaren, A. Stauffer, C. Richey, A. Lawson, and M. Graciarena, "Robust speaker recognition from distant speech under real reverberant environments using speaker embeddings," in *INTERSPEECH-2018*, 2018, pp. 1106–1110.