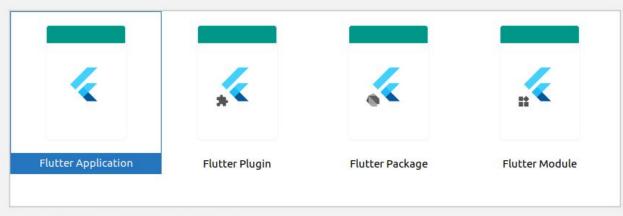
An Introduction to Flutter

IRIS NITK Bootcamp - Session 1

Creating a new Project







Select an "Application" when building for end users.

Select a "Plugin" when exposing an Android or iOS API for developers.

Select a "Package" when creating a pure Dart component, like a new Widget.

Select a "Module" when creating a Flutter component to add to an Android or iOS app.

Previous

Next

Cancel

Finish





Project name	
introduction	
Flutter SDK path	
/home/harshvardhan/Flutter Installation Files/flutter_linux	x_v1.12.13+hotfix.7-stable/flutter ▼ ± Install SDK
Project location	
/home/harshvardhan/Desktop	b
Description	
A new Flutter application.	
	Create project offline





Set the package name

Applications and plugins need to generate platform-specific code

Package name

com.example.introduction

AndroidX

☑ Use androidx.* artifacts

Platform channel language

- ✓ Include Kotlin support for Android code
- ✓ Include Swift support for iOS code

Previous

Next

<u>C</u>ancel

Finish





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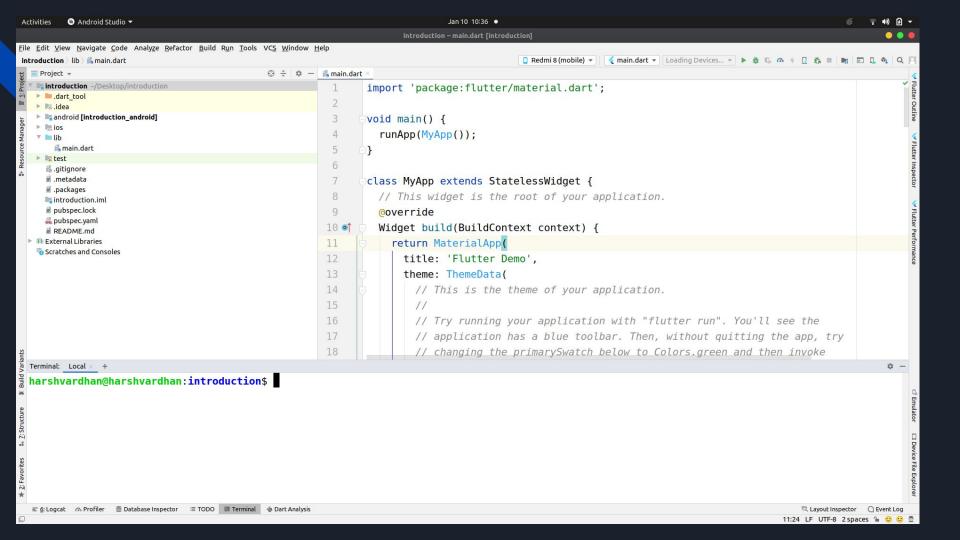
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Finish



Terminology https://flutter.dev/

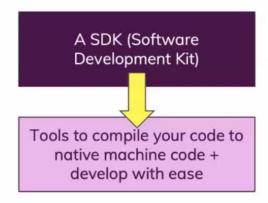
Native Android and iOS

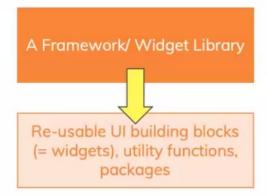
Cross Platform

SDK: This is a complete kit of software development tools for a specific platform. This "kit" can include all sorts of things such as: Libraries, APIs, IDEs, Documentation, etc. For example the Android SDK, which provides everything you may need for Android development.

Framework: A framework is a generic structure that provides a skeleton architecture with which specific software can be implemented.

A "tool" that allows you to build native cross-platform (iOS, Android) apps with one programming language and codebase.





Terminology

UI Toolkit

Seems like a loose term to refer to any collection of "tools" (another loose term) that have a common goal.

Is Flutter only for UI?

Yes, Flutter alone is used for getting the UI or Frontend part done!

Terminology

But wait then how are people creating Flutter apps?

Flutter is powered with **Dart** language. So, everything else apart from the UI is pure dart. Meaning, every function you code for getting API response or getting data from database will be written in Dart.

https://medium.com/@shashvatshukla/framework-vs-library-vs-platform-vs-api-vs-sdk-vs-toolkits-vs-ide-50a9473999db

Terminology

- A plugin is about making native functionality available to Flutter.
- A module is about integrating Flutter with an existing native application.
- A package is a namespace that contains a group of similar types of classes, interfaces, and sub-packages. We can think of packages as similar to different folders on our computers where we might keep movies in one folder, images in another folder, software in another folder, etc.

Directory Structure

https://stacksecrets.com/flutter/breaking-down-flutter-project-file-folders

Theory

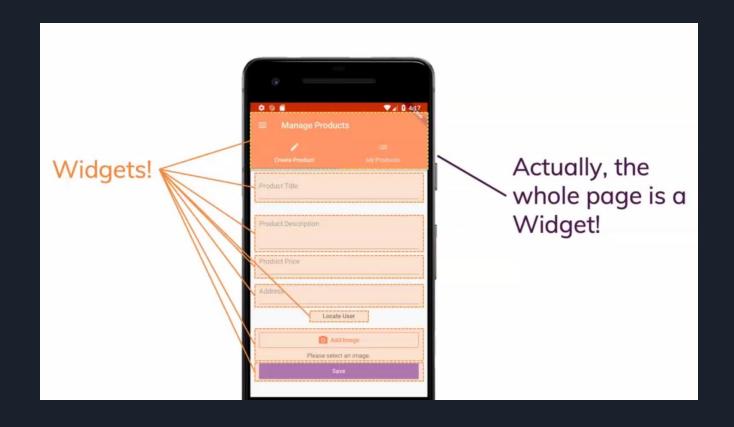
iOS: Swift or Objective C code and using the iOS development environment

Android: Java or Kotlin with Android Framework

Dart: it's an object oriented and strongly typed language and its syntax is a bit like a mixture of Javascript, Java, C#

Strongly typed :not possible for the programmer to work around the restrictions imposed by the type system.

Widget



State

It holds the information about the current behaviour or condition of the widget

Stateful vs. Stateless Widgets

Stateful Widget

When a widget changes (user interacts with it) it's Stateful

CheckBox, RadioButton, Form, TextField

Overrides the createState() and returns a State

Use when the UI can change dynamically

When the widget's state changes, the state object calls setState(), telling the framework to redraw the widget.

Stateless Widget

No internal state to manage or no direct user interaction, it's Stateless

Text, RaisedButton, Icon, IconButton

Overrides the build() and returns a Widget

Use when the UI depends on the information within object itself





Using Stateful Widgets

Create a class that extends a "StatefulWidget", that returns a State in "createState()"

Create a "State" class, with properties that may change

Within "State" class, implement the "build()" method

Call the setState() to make the changes. Calling setState() tells framework to redraw widget

