FairIRT Adult es new

October 14, 2024

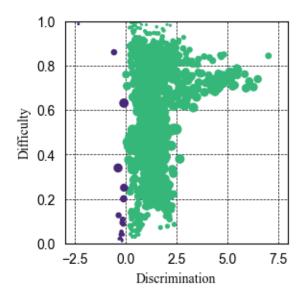
```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import seaborn as sns
     import matplotlib.colors as mcolors
     from scipy import stats
     from matplotlib import rcParams
     from irt import Beta3
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[2]: pij = pd.read_csv('./Audlt_ES.csv')
     pij.set_index(pij.columns[0], inplace=True)
     random_seed = 42
     pij = pij.sample(n=1000, random_state=random_seed)
[3]: array = pij.values.flatten()
     transformed_data, best_lambda = stats.boxcox(array)
     transformed_array = transformed_data.reshape(pij.shape)
     res = pd.DataFrame(transformed_array, index=pij.index, columns=pij.columns)
     array = res.values
     min_val = np.min(array)
     max_val = np.max(array)
     normalized_array = (array - min_val) / (max_val - min_val)
     normalized_df = pd.DataFrame(normalized_array, index=pij.index, columns=pij.
      ⇔columns)
[4]: def ICC_function(abilities, difficulties, discriminations):
         a = ((1-abilities)/ abilities)
         b = (difficulties / (1-difficulties))
         c = a*b
         d = c**discriminations
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return (1 / (d+1))
[5]: b4 = Beta3(
             learning_rate=100,
             epochs=10000,
             n_respondents=normalized_df.shape[1],
             n_items=normalized_df.shape[0],
             n_workers=-1,
             random_seed=1,
         )
     b4.fit(normalized df.values)
    100%|
               | 10000/10000 [00:18<00:00, 548.75it/s]
[5]: <irt.Beta3 at 0x3071c0df0>
[6]: | new pij = pd.DataFrame(index=range(1000), columns=range(24))
     for i in range(1000):
         for j in range(14):
             alpha = (b4.abilities[j] / b4.difficulties[i]) ** b4.discriminations[i]
             beta_val = ((1 - b4.abilities[j]) / (1 - b4.difficulties[i])) ** b4.

→discriminations[i]
             new_pij.iloc[i, j] = (alpha)/(alpha+beta_val)
[7]: def plot_discriminations_difficulties(discriminations, difficulties, u
      normalized_df, font_size=10, font_ann_size=5, base_point_size=500):
         rcParams['font.family'] = 'serif'
         rcParams['font.serif'] = ['Times New Roman']
         sns.set_style('whitegrid')
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3, 3))
         ax.grid(color='black', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5)
         ax.spines['bottom'].set_color('black')
         ax.spines['left'].set_color('black')
         ax.spines['right'].set_color('black')
         ax.spines['top'].set_color('black')
         ax.xaxis.label.set_color('black')
         ax.yaxis.label.set_color('black')
         ax.tick_params(axis='x', colors='black')
         ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='black')
         point_sizes = base_point_size * (1 - np.abs(difficulties - 0.5) * 2)
         colors = []
         for disc, diff in zip(discriminations, difficulties):
             base_color = '#482878' if disc < 0 else '#35b779'
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intensity = 1
        color = mcolors.to_rgba(base_color, intensity)
        colors.append(color)
    scatter = ax.scatter(discriminations, difficulties, s=point_sizes, c=colors)
    plt.xlabel(r'Discrimination', fontsize=font_size, family='Times New Roman', u
 ⇔color='black')
    plt.ylabel(r'Difficulty', fontsize=font_size, family='Times New Roman', u

color='black')
    ax.set_ylim(0, 1)
    if discriminations.min() < 0:</pre>
        x_min = int(discriminations.min()) - 1
    else:
        x_min = int(discriminations.min())
    if discriminations.max() > 0:
        x_max = int(discriminations.max()) + 1
    else:
        x_max = int(discriminations.max())
    ax.set_xlim(x_min, x_max)
    plt.savefig("Figure7a.pdf", format="pdf", bbox_inches='tight')
    plt.show()
plot_discriminations_difficulties(b4.discriminations, b4.difficulties, new_pij,__
 ofont_size=10, font_ann_size=8, base_point_size=50)
```



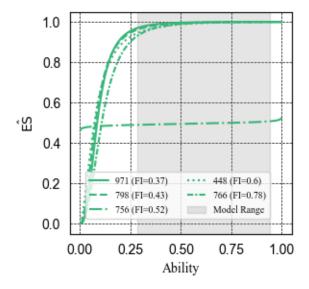
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[8]: fairness_model = normalized_df.apply(np.mean,axis=0).to_numpy()
 [9]: def create abilities fairness table(name, abilities, fairness model):
         df = pd.DataFrame({
              'Model': name.
              'Ability': abilities,
              'STS': fairness model
         })
         return df
     df = create_abilities_fairness_table(pij.columns, b4.abilities, fairness_model)
 [9]:
          Model
                  Ability
                                STS
     0
          GBM 3 0.821726 0.690290
     1
          GBM_2 0.814382 0.684904
     2
          GBM_5 0.808179 0.670759
          GBM_4 0.875418 0.751162
     3
     4
         GBM_g4 0.815006 0.669351
     5
         GBM_g2 0.757357 0.586212
          GBM_1 0.861996 0.739535
     6
     7
         GBM_g3 0.785758 0.643618
         GBM_g1 0.786056 0.639942
     8
     9
         GBM_g5 0.940807 0.841832
     10
         XRT_1 0.930655 0.824125
     11
         DRF_1 0.728466 0.568885
     12
          DL_1 0.680123 0.552305
          GLM_1 0.283573 0.245493
     13
[10]: def f(theta,delta_j,a_j):
         term1 = (delta_j / (1 - delta_j)) ** a_j
         term2 = (theta / (1 - theta)) ** (-a_j - 1)
         numerator = a_j * term1 * term2
         denominator = (1 + term1 * (theta / (1 - theta)) ** -a_j) ** 2
         return numerator / denominator * (1 / (1 - theta) ** 2)
[11]: abilities = np.linspace(0.001, 0.999, 1000)
[12]: min_ability = np.min(b4.abilities)
     max_ability = np.max(b4.abilities)
     plt.figure(figsize=(3, 3))
     plt.rcParams["font.family"] = "Times New Roman"
     sns.set_style('whitegrid')
```

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3, 3))
ax.grid(color='black', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5)
ax.spines['bottom'].set_color('black')
ax.spines['left'].set_color('black')
ax.spines['right'].set_color('black')
ax.spines['top'].set_color('black')
ax.xaxis.label.set_color('black')
ax.yaxis.label.set color('black')
ax.tick_params(axis='x', colors='black')
ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='black')
markers = ['o', 's', 'D', '^', 'v', 'P']
num_markers = len(markers)
colors = ['red', 'blue', 'green', 'orange', 'purple', 'brown']
num_colors = len(colors)
linestyles = ['-', '--', '-.', ':', (0, (3, 1, 1, 1)),
              (0, (5, 1)), (0, (5, 10)), (0, (1, 1)),
              (0, (3, 5, 1, 5)), (0, (3, 10, 1, 10))]
num_linestyles = len(linestyles)
i = 0
j = 0
id = 0
list = [0.25, 0.11, 0.02, 0.76, 0.86]
added labels = set()
for index in [970,797,755,447,765]:
    total_f_theta = 0
    for i in range(b4.abilities.shape[0]):
        f_theta = abs(f(b4.abilities[i], b4.difficulties[index], b4.

¬discriminations[index]))
        total f theta += f theta
    linestyle = linestyles[j % num_linestyles]
    fairness_2 = ICC_function(abilities, b4.difficulties[index], b4.

¬discriminations[index])
    if b4.discriminations[index]>0:
        plt.plot(abilities, fairness_2, label=f'{index+1}_u
 →(FI={round(total_f_theta, 2)})',color='#35b779', linestyle=linestyle)
    else:
        plt.plot(abilities, fairness_2, label=f'{index+1}_u
 →(FI={round(total_f_theta, 2)})',color='#482878', linestyle=linestyle)
    j += 1
    id += 1
```

<Figure size 300x300 with 0 Axes>



```
[13]: from irt_special import Beta3
```

```
[14]: def ICC_function_special(abilities, difficulties):
          a = ((1-abilities)/ abilities)
          b = (difficulties / (1-difficulties))
          c = a*b
          d = c
          return (1 / (d+1))
[15]: b4_special = Beta3(
              learning_rate=100,
              epochs=10000,
              n_respondents=normalized_df.shape[1],
              n_items=normalized_df.shape[0],
              n_workers=-1,
              random_seed=1,
      b4_special.fit(normalized_df.values)
     100%|
               | 10000/10000 [00:13<00:00, 727.32it/s]
[15]: <irt_special.Beta3 at 0x33fbaf490>
[16]: new_pij = pd.DataFrame(index=range(1000), columns=range(14))
      for i in range(1000):
          for j in range(14):
              alpha = (b4_special.abilities[j] / b4_special.difficulties[i])
              beta_val = ((1 - b4_special.abilities[j]) / (1 - b4_special.

difficulties[i]))
              new_pij.iloc[i, j] = (alpha)/(alpha+beta_val)
[17]: def generate_table(b4_special, new_pij, index):
          delta_j_values = b4_special.difficulties[index]
          Delta_j_values = delta_j_values / (1 - delta_j_values)
          log_Delta_j_values = np.log(Delta_j_values)
          print(f"log_Delta_j_values (for difficulty at index {index}): □
       →{round(log_Delta_j_values, 3)}")
          results = []
          for i in range(b4_special.abilities.shape[0]):
              theta_i_values = b4_special.abilities[i]
              Theta_i_values = (1 - theta_i_values) / theta_i_values
              log_Telta_j_values = np.log(Theta_i_values)
              res = np.log(1 - new_pij[i][index]) - np.log(new_pij[i][index])
              results.append({
                  "log_Telta_j_values": round(log_Telta_j_values, 3),
```

```
"res": round(res, 3)
              })
          df = pd.DataFrame(results)
          return df
      generate_table(b4_special, new_pij, 970)
     log_Delta_j_values (for difficulty at index 970): -3.768
[17]:
          log_Telta_j_values
                                res
      0
                      -1.681 -5.449
      1
                      -1.641 -5.410
      2
                      -1.562 -5.331
      3
                      -2.113 -5.881
      4
                      -1.569 -5.337
```

-1.048 -4.817

-2.026 -5.795

-1.396 -5.164

-1.375 -5.144

-2.946 -6.714

-2.869 -6.637

-0.937 -4.705

-0.799 -4.568

1.225 -2.543

[17]:

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