## Fair-IRT Law show

## October 14, 2024

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.colors as mcolors
     import seaborn as sns
     from irt import Beta3
     from matplotlib import rcParams
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[2]: pij = pd.read_csv('./Law_Pij.csv')
     pij.set_index(pij.columns[0], inplace=True)
     random_seed = 42
     pij = pij.sample(n=1000, random_state=random_seed)
[3]: original_shape = pij.values.shape
     array = pij.values.flatten()
     data = np.where(array > 1, 1, array)
     normalized_array = data.reshape(original_shape)
     normalized_df = pd.DataFrame(normalized_array, index=pij.index, columns=pij.
      ⇔columns)
[4]: normalized_df = 1 - normalized_df
[5]: def ICC_function(abilities, difficulties, discriminations):
         a = ((1-abilities)/ abilities)
         b = (difficulties / (1-difficulties))
         c = a*b
         d = c**discriminations
         return (1 / (d+1))
[6]: b4 = Beta3(
             learning_rate=100,
             epochs=10000,
             n_respondents=normalized_df.shape[1],
             n_items=normalized_df.shape[0],
```

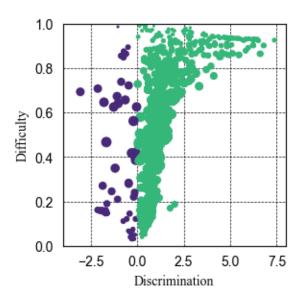
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n_workers=-1,
             random_seed=1,
     b4.fit(normalized_df.values)
    100%|
              | 10000/10000 [00:16<00:00, 606.70it/s]
[6]: <irt.Beta3 at 0x343cab3d0>
[7]: new_pij = pd.DataFrame(index=range(1000), columns=range(48))
     for i in range(1000):
         for j in range(15):
             alpha = (b4.abilities[j] / b4.difficulties[i]) ** b4.discriminations[i]
             beta_val = ((1 - b4.abilities[j]) / (1 - b4.difficulties[i])) ** b4.

→discriminations[i]
             new_pij.iloc[i, j] = (alpha)/(alpha+beta_val)
[9]: def plot discriminations difficulties (discriminations, difficulties, u
      anormalized_df, font_size=10, font_ann_size=5, base_point_size=500):
         rcParams['font.family'] = 'serif'
         rcParams['font.serif'] = ['Times New Roman']
         sns.set_style('whitegrid')
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3, 3))
         ax.grid(color='black', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5)
         ax.spines['bottom'].set_color('black')
         ax.spines['left'].set_color('black')
         ax.spines['right'].set_color('black')
         ax.spines['top'].set color('black')
         ax.xaxis.label.set_color('black')
         ax.yaxis.label.set color('black')
         ax.tick_params(axis='x', colors='black')
         ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='black')
         point_sizes = base_point_size * (1 - np.abs(difficulties - 0.5) * 2)
         colors = []
         for disc, diff in zip(discriminations, difficulties):
             base_color = '#482878' if disc < 0 else '#35b779'
             intensity = 1
             color = mcolors.to_rgba(base_color, intensity)
             colors.append(color)
         scatter = ax.scatter(discriminations, difficulties, s=point sizes, c=colors)
```

```
plt.xlabel(r'Discrimination', fontsize=font_size, family='Times New Roman', u

color='black')
    plt.ylabel(r'Difficulty', fontsize=font_size, family='Times New Roman', u

¬color='black')
    ax.set_ylim(0, 1)
    if discriminations.min() < 0:</pre>
        x_min = int(discriminations.min()) - 1
    else:
        x_min = int(discriminations.min())
    if discriminations.max() > 0:
        x_max = int(discriminations.max()) + 1
    else:
        x_max = int(discriminations.max())
    ax.set_xlim(x_min, x_max)
    plt.savefig("Figure5a.pdf", format="pdf", bbox_inches='tight')
    plt.show()
plot_discriminations_difficulties(b4.discriminations, b4.difficulties, new_pij,_
 font_size=10, font_ann_size=8, base_point_size=50)
```



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[10]: fairness_model = normalized_df.apply(np.mean,axis=0).to_numpy()
```

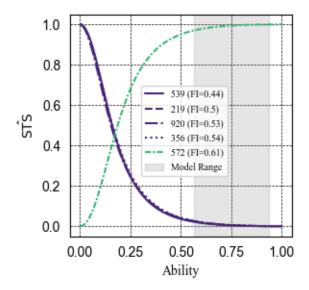
```
[11]: def f(theta,delta_j,a_j):
         term1 = (delta_j / (1 - delta_j)) ** a_j
         term2 = (theta / (1 - theta)) ** (-a_j - 1)
         numerator = a_j * term1 * term2
         denominator = (1 + term1 * (theta / (1 - theta)) ** -a_j) ** 2
         return numerator / denominator * (1 / (1 - theta) ** 2)
[12]: abilities = np.linspace(0.001, 0.999, 1000)
[13]: def create_abilities_fairness_table(name, abilities, fairness_model):
         df = pd.DataFrame({
              'Model': name,
              'Ability': abilities,
              'STS': fairness_model
         })
         return df
     df = create_abilities_fairness_table(pij.columns, b4.abilities, fairness_model)
     print(df)
          Model
                 Ability
                                STS
          GBM_1 0.904201 0.701359
     0
     1
          GBM 2 0.899290 0.668577
     2
          DP_1 0.910154 0.683917
     3
          GBM_3 0.898711 0.681167
     4
          GBM_4 0.887553 0.649616
          GBM_5 0.923858 0.757141
     5
          GBM_6 0.866921 0.618298
     6
     7
          GLM_7 0.907184 0.661066
          GBM_8 0.880953 0.643186
     8
          GBM 9 0.862184 0.636399
     9
     10
          DP 2 0.911078 0.676245
     11 GBM_10 0.834613 0.591383
     12 GBM_11 0.564415 0.387305
          DRF_1 0.611914 0.424349
     13
     14
          XRT_1 0.934038 0.750745
[14]: min ability = np.min(b4.abilities)
     max_ability = np.max(b4.abilities)
     plt.figure(figsize=(3, 3))
     plt.rcParams["font.family"] = "Times New Roman"
     sns.set_style('whitegrid')
     fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3, 3))
     ax.grid(color='black', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5)
```

```
ax.spines['bottom'].set_color('black')
ax.spines['left'].set_color('black')
ax.spines['right'].set_color('black')
ax.spines['top'].set_color('black')
ax.xaxis.label.set_color('black')
ax.yaxis.label.set_color('black')
ax.tick_params(axis='x', colors='black')
ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='black')
markers = ['o', 's', 'D', '^', 'v', 'P']
num markers = len(markers)
colors = ['red', 'blue', 'green', 'orange', 'purple', 'brown']
num colors = len(colors)
linestyles = ['-', '--', '-.', ':', (0, (3, 1, 1, 1)),
              (0, (5, 1)), (0, (5, 10)), (0, (1, 1)),
              (0, (3, 5, 1, 5)), (0, (3, 10, 1, 10))]
num_linestyles = len(linestyles)
i = 0
j = 0
id = 0
list = [0.25, 0.11, 0.02, 0.76, 0.86]
added_labels = set()
for index in [538,218,919,355,571]:
    total f theta = 0
    for i in range(b4.abilities.shape[0]):
        f_theta = abs(f(b4.abilities[i], b4.difficulties[index], b4.

¬discriminations[index]))
        total_f_theta += f_theta
    linestyle = linestyles[j % num_linestyles]
    fairness_2 = ICC_function(abilities, b4.difficulties[index], b4.
 ⇒discriminations[index])
    if b4.discriminations[index]>0:
        plt.plot(abilities, fairness_2, label=f'{index+1}_u
 →(FI={round(total_f_theta, 2)})',color='#35b779', linestyle=linestyle)
    else:
        plt.plot(abilities, fairness_2, label=f'{index+1}_u
 →(FI={round(total_f_theta, 2)})',color='#482878', linestyle=linestyle)
    j += 1
    id += 1
plt.fill_betweenx(np.arange(-0.05, 1.15, 0.1), min_ability, max_ability, __

¬color='gray', alpha=0.2, label='Model Range')
```

<Figure size 300x300 with 0 Axes>



```
[15]: from irt_special import Beta3

[16]: def ICC_function_special(abilities, difficulties):
    a = ((1-abilities)/ abilities)
    b = (difficulties / (1-difficulties))
    c = a*b
```

```
d = c
          return (1 / (d+1))
[17]: b4_special = Beta3(
              learning_rate=100,
              epochs=10000,
              n_respondents=normalized_df.shape[1],
              n_items=normalized_df.shape[0],
              n workers=-1,
              random_seed=1,
      b4_special.fit(normalized_df.values)
                | 10000/10000 [00:12<00:00, 772.48it/s]
     100%|
[17]: <irt_special.Beta3 at 0x3447d0df0>
[18]: new_pij = pd.DataFrame(index=range(1000), columns=range(24))
      for i in range(1000):
          for j in range(15):
              alpha = (b4 special.abilities[j] / b4 special.difficulties[i])
              beta_val = ((1 - b4_special.abilities[j]) / (1 - b4_special.

difficulties[i]))
              new_pij.iloc[i, j] = (alpha)/(alpha+beta_val)
[19]: def generate_table(b4_special, new_pij, index):
          delta_j_values = b4_special.difficulties[index]
          Delta_j_values = delta_j_values / (1 - delta_j_values)
          log_Delta_j_values = np.log(Delta_j_values)
          print(f"log_Delta_j_values (for difficulty at index {index}):__
       →{round(log_Delta_j_values, 3)}")
          results = []
          for i in range(b4_special.abilities.shape[0]):
              theta_i_values = b4_special.abilities[i]
              Theta_i_values = (1 - theta_i_values) / theta_i_values
              log_Telta_j_values = np.log(Theta_i_values)
              res = np.log(1 - new_pij[i][index]) - np.log(new_pij[i][index])
              results.append({
                  "log_Telta_j_values": round(log_Telta_j_values, 3),
                  "res": round(res, 3)
              })
          df = pd.DataFrame(results)
```

## return df generate\_table(b4\_special, new\_pij, 538)

log\_Delta\_j\_values (for difficulty at index 538): 4.438

```
[19]:
         log_Telta_j_values
                              res
                    -1.737
                            2.701
     1
                    -1.586 2.852
     2
                    -1.670 2.769
     3
                    -1.585 2.853
     4
                    -1.409 3.030
     5
                    -2.361 2.078
     6
                    -1.106 3.333
     7
                    -1.567 2.872
     8
                    -1.315 3.124
     9
                    -1.244 3.194
     10
                    -1.524 2.914
     11
                    -0.897 3.541
     12
                     0.469 4.908
     13
                     0.298 4.736
     14
                    -2.461 1.977
```

[]: