Fair-IRT Adult

June 13, 2024

```
[1]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import seaborn as sns
     import matplotlib.colors as mcolors
     from scipy import stats
     from matplotlib import rcParams
     from irt import Beta3
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[2]: pij = pd.read_csv('./Audlt_Pij.csv')
     pij.set_index(pij.columns[0], inplace=True)
     random_seed = 42
     pij = pij.sample(n=1000, random_state=random_seed)
[3]: array = pij.values.flatten()
     transformed_data, best_lambda = stats.boxcox(array)
     transformed_array = transformed_data.reshape(pij.shape)
     res = pd.DataFrame(transformed_array, index=pij.index, columns=pij.columns)
     array = res.values
     min_val = np.min(array)
     max_val = np.max(array)
     normalized_array = (array - min_val) / (max_val - min_val)
     normalized_df = pd.DataFrame(normalized_array, index=pij.index, columns=pij.
      ⇔columns)
[4]: def ICC_function(abilities, difficulties, discriminations):
         a = ((1-abilities)/ abilities)
         b = (difficulties / (1-difficulties))
         c = a*b
         d = c**discriminations
```

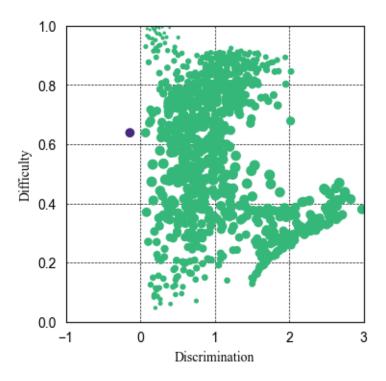
```
return (1 / (d+1))
[5]: b4 = Beta3(
             learning_rate=100,
             epochs=10000,
             n_respondents=normalized_df.shape[1],
             n_items=normalized_df.shape[0],
             n_workers=-1,
             random_seed=1,
         )
     b4.fit(normalized df.values)
    100%|
               | 10000/10000 [00:18<00:00, 542.26it/s]
[5]: <irt.Beta3 at 0x339b488e0>
[6]: | new pij = pd.DataFrame(index=range(1000), columns=range(24))
     for i in range(1000):
         for j in range(24):
             alpha = (b4.abilities[j] / b4.difficulties[i]) ** b4.discriminations[i]
             beta_val = ((1 - b4.abilities[j]) / (1 - b4.difficulties[i])) ** b4.

→discriminations[i]
             new_pij.iloc[i, j] = (alpha)/(alpha+beta_val)
```

1 Figure 8(a)

```
[7]: def plot_discriminations_difficulties(discriminations, difficulties, u
      normalized_df, font_size=10, font_ann_size=5, base_point_size=500):
         rcParams['font.family'] = 'serif'
         rcParams['font.serif'] = ['Times New Roman']
         sns.set style('whitegrid')
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 4))
         ax.grid(color='black', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5)
         ax.spines['bottom'].set_color('black')
         ax.spines['left'].set_color('black')
         ax.spines['right'].set_color('black')
         ax.spines['top'].set_color('black')
         ax.xaxis.label.set_color('black')
         ax.yaxis.label.set_color('black')
         ax.tick_params(axis='x', colors='black')
         ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='black')
         point_sizes = base_point_size * (1 - np.abs(difficulties - 0.5) * 2)
```

```
colors = []
   for disc, diff in zip(discriminations, difficulties):
       base_color = '#482878' if disc < 0 else '#35b779'
        intensity = 1
        color = mcolors.to_rgba(base_color, intensity)
        colors.append(color)
   scatter = ax.scatter(discriminations, difficulties, s=point_sizes, c=colors)
   plt.xlabel(r'Discrimination', fontsize=font_size, family='Times New Roman', u
 plt.ylabel(r'Difficulty', fontsize=font_size, family='Times New Roman', u
 ⇔color='black')
   ax.set_ylim(0, 1)
   if discriminations.min() < 0:</pre>
       x_min = int(discriminations.min()) - 1
   else:
       x_min = int(discriminations.min())
   if discriminations.max() > 0:
       x_max = int(discriminations.max()) + 1
   else:
       x_max = int(discriminations.max())
   ax.set_xlim(x_min, x_max)
plot_discriminations_difficulties(b4.discriminations, b4.difficulties, new_pij,_
 ofont_size=10, font_ann_size=9, base_point_size=50)
```



```
[8]: fairness_model = normalized_df.apply(np.mean,axis=0).to_numpy()
```

2 Figure 7

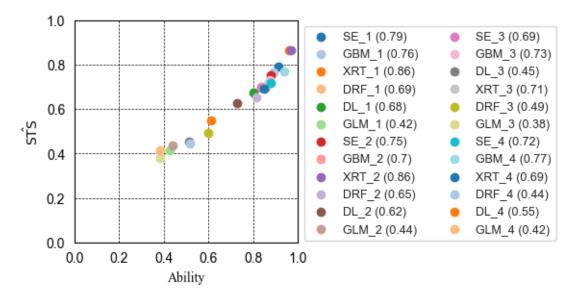
```
[9]: def plot_abilities_fairness(abilities, fairness_model, font_size=10):
    plt.rcParams["font.family"] = "Times New Roman"

    sns.set_style('whitegrid')
    fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(3, 3))
    ax.grid(color='black', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5)

ax.spines['bottom'].set_color('black')
    ax.spines['left'].set_color('black')
    ax.spines['right'].set_color('black')
    ax.spines['top'].set_color('black')
    ax.xaxis.label.set_color('black')
    ax.yaxis.label.set_color('black')
    ax.tick_params(axis='x', colors='black')
    ax.tick_params(axis='x', colors='black')

colors = sns.color_palette('tab20', n_colors=48)

for i in range(fairness_model.shape[0]):
```



```
[10]: def f(theta,delta_j,a_j):
    term1 = (delta_j / (1 - delta_j)) ** a_j
    term2 = (theta / (1 - theta)) ** (-a_j - 1)
    numerator = a_j * term1 * term2
    denominator = (1 + term1 * (theta / (1 - theta)) ** -a_j) ** 2
    return numerator / denominator * (1 / (1 - theta) ** 2)
```

```
[11]: abilities = np.linspace(0.001, 0.999, 1000)
```

3 Figure 8(b)

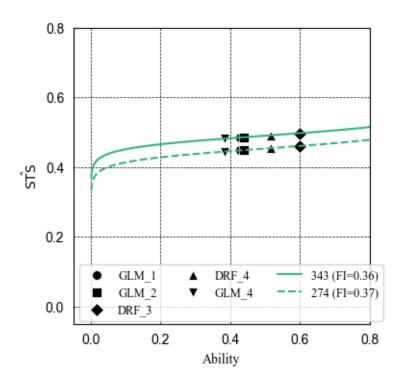
```
[12]: plt.figure(figsize=(4, 4))
      plt.rcParams["font.family"] = "Times New Roman"
      sns.set_style('whitegrid')
      fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 4))
      ax.grid(color='black', linestyle='--', linewidth=0.5)
      ax.spines['bottom'].set_color('black')
      ax.spines['left'].set_color('black')
      ax.spines['right'].set_color('black')
      ax.spines['top'].set_color('black')
      ax.xaxis.label.set_color('black')
      ax.yaxis.label.set_color('black')
      ax.tick_params(axis='x', colors='black')
      ax.tick_params(axis='y', colors='black')
      markers = ['o', 's', 'D', '^', 'v', 'P']
      num_markers = len(markers)
      colors = ['red', 'blue', 'green', 'orange', 'purple', 'brown']
      num colors = len(colors)
      linestyles = ['-', '--', '-.', ':', (0, (3, 1, 1, 1)),
                    (0, (5, 1)), (0, (5, 10)), (0, (1, 1)),
                    (0, (3, 5, 1, 5)), (0, (3, 10, 1, 10))]
      num_linestyles = len(linestyles)
      i = 0
      j = 0
      id = 0
      list = [0.25, 0.11, 0.02, 0.76, 0.86]
      added_labels = set()
      for index in [342,273]:
          total_f_theta = 0
          for x_idx, x in enumerate([5,11,16,21,23]):
              marker = markers[x idx % num markers]
              fairness = ICC_function(b4.abilities[x], b4.difficulties[index], b4.

discriminations[index])
              f_theta = abs(f(b4.abilities[x], b4.difficulties[index], b4.

→discriminations[index]))
              total_f_theta += f_theta
              total_f_theta = round(total_f_theta, 2)
```

```
label = f'{pij.columns[x]}'
       if label not in added_labels:
           sns.scatterplot(x=[b4.abilities[x]], y=[fairness], marker=marker,
 ⇒s=50, color='black', label=label)
           added labels.add(label)
       else:
           sns.scatterplot(x=[b4.abilities[x]], y=[fairness], marker=marker, __
 ⇔s=50, color='black')
       i += 1
   linestyle = linestyles[j % num_linestyles]
   fairness_2 = ICC_function(abilities, b4.difficulties[index], b4.
 ⇒discriminations[index])
   if b4.discriminations[index]>0:
       plt.plot(abilities, fairness_2, label=f'{index+1}__
 else:
       plt.plot(abilities, fairness_2, label=f'{index+1}_u
 j += 1
   id += 1
plt.xlim(-0.05, 0.8)
plt.ylim(-0.05, 0.8)
plt.yticks(np.arange(0, 1, 0.2))
plt.gca().set_aspect('equal', adjustable='box')
legend = plt.legend(loc='upper left', fontsize=9, bbox_to_anchor=(0, 0.22),_
 ⇔ncol=3)
for text in legend.get_texts():
   text.set_fontname('Times New Roman')
   text.set_color('black')
plt.xlabel(r'Ability', fontsize=10, family='Times New Roman')
plt.ylabel(r'$\hat{\text{STS}}$', fontsize=10, family='Times New Roman')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

<Figure size 400x400 with 0 Axes>



```
[13]: from irt_special import Beta3
[14]: def ICC_function_special(abilities, difficulties):
          a = ((1-abilities)/ abilities)
          b = (difficulties / (1-difficulties))
          c = a*b
          d = c
          return (1 / (d+1))
[15]: b4_special = Beta3(
              learning_rate=100,
              epochs=10000,
              n_respondents=normalized_df.shape[1],
              n_items=normalized_df.shape[0],
              n_workers=-1,
              random_seed=1,
          )
      b4_special.fit(normalized_df.values)
               | 10000/10000 [00:13<00:00, 752.77it/s]
     100%|
[15]: <irt_special.Beta3 at 0x339e5c370>
```

```
[16]: new_pij = pd.DataFrame(index=range(1000), columns=range(24))

for i in range(1000):
    for j in range(24):
        alpha = (b4_special.abilities[j] / b4_special.difficulties[i])
        beta_val = ((1 - b4_special.abilities[j]) / (1 - b4_special.
        difficulties[i]))
        new_pij.iloc[i, j] = (alpha)/(alpha+beta_val)
```

4 Table 2

```
[17]: # Individual 343
  delta_j_values = b4_special.difficulties[342]
  Delta_j_values = delta_j_values / (1 - delta_j_values)
  log_Delta_j_values = np.log(Delta_j_values)
  print(round(log_Delta_j_values,2))
```

1.24

```
[18]: # GLM_1, GLM_2, DRF_3, DRF_4, GLM_4
for i in [5,11,16,21,23]:
    theta_i_values = b4_special.abilities[i]
    Theta_i_values = (1 - theta_i_values) / theta_i_values

log_Telta_j_values = np.log(Theta_i_values)

res = np.log(1-new_pij[i][342])-np.log(new_pij[i][342])

print(round(log_Telta_j_values,2), round(res,2))
```

```
-0.05 1.19
```

^{-0.17 1.06}

^{-0.47 0.77}

^{-0.24 1.0}

^{-0.02 1.22}