



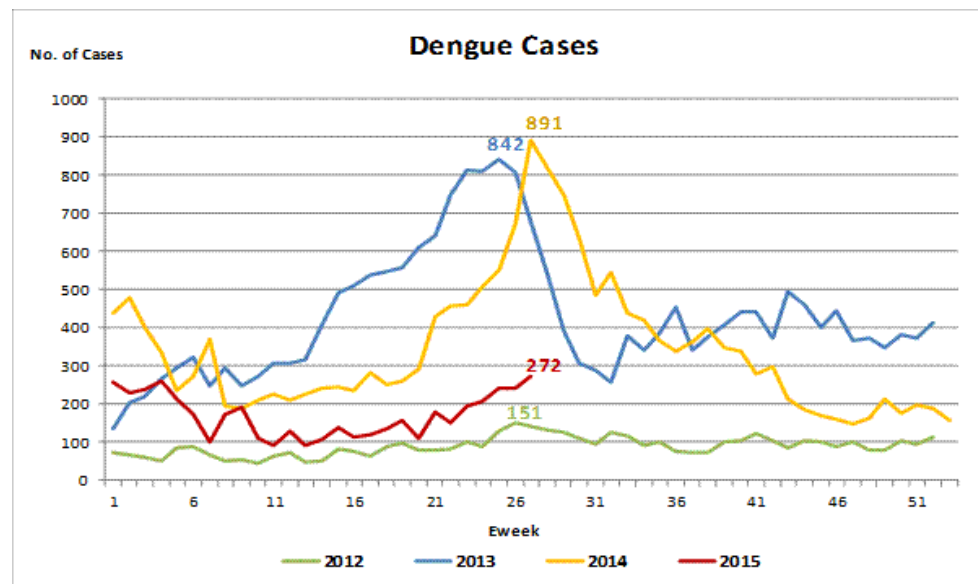
Latest Dengue Data

[Dengue Cases](#)

[Dengue Clusters](#)

[Stop Work Orders](#)

Number of Dengue cases						
<i>It is important to note that day-to-day numbers fluctuates as they depend on the number of notification received. Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.</i>						
No. of Reported Cases*						
14-Jul	15-Jul	16-Jul	17-Jul	18-Jul	19-Jul	20-Jul at 3.30pm
41	40	52	24	29	19	19
*provisional						
No. of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)						
E-week 23 (07-13Jun15)	E-week 24 (14-20Jun15)	E-week 25 (21-27Jun15)	E-week 26 (28-Jun-04Jul15)	E-week 27 (05-11Jul15)	E-week 28 (12-18Jul15)	E-week 29 (19-20Jul15 at 3.30pm)
193	207	240	242	272	263	38
Cumulative No. of cases for 2015 (First 28 week): 4878						
Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health						



272 dengue cases were reported in the week ending 11 Jul, **30** cases more than in the previous week and the highest number of weekly cases thus far this year. The warmer months of June to October are when there is usually higher transmission of dengue in Singapore due to accelerated breeding and maturation cycles for the *Aedes* mosquitoes and shorter incubation periods for the dengue virus. . The increase in cases is a timely reminder that we need to continue to work as a community to keep dengue cases in check as a large proportion of our population is still susceptible to dengue infection due to the lack of immunity. All stakeholders need to sustain efforts as we enter the traditional dengue peak season.

Source eradication of mosquito breeding habitats remains key to preventing mosquito breeding. All stakeholders must play their part to help stem dengue transmission in the environment, by checking their premises daily for potential mosquito breeding habitats and removing them. Residents with plants in vases should change the water and scrub the inside of the vases every alternate day to prevent mosquito breeding. Those infected with dengue should protect themselves from mosquito bites by applying repellent as regularly as possible, and those showing symptoms suggestive of dengue, should see their GPs early to be diagnosed.

NEA encourages everyone to join in the collective effort to help stop the dengue transmission cycle by doing the 5-step Mozzie Wipeout. All of us, including residents, contractors, and business owners, have a part to play in preventing dengue. The latest updates on the dengue situation can be found at the Stop Dengue Now Facebook page, www.dengue.gov.sg or the myENV app.