





Feedback FAQS Contact Us

Home

About Dengue Dengue Campaign Dengue Updates *Wolbachia* Technology

Newsroom

Resources

Contact

Home > Dengue Cases

Dengue Cases

Dengue Clusters

Stop Work Orders

MOH-NEA Quarterly Dengue

Surveillance Data

Latest Dengue Data

Number of Dengue cases

It is important to note that day-to-day numbers fluctuates as they depend on the number of notification received. Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.

No. of Reported Cases*

13-Dec	14-Dec	15-Dec	16-Dec	17-Dec	18-Dec	19-Dec at 3pm
11	14	15	9	11	7	8

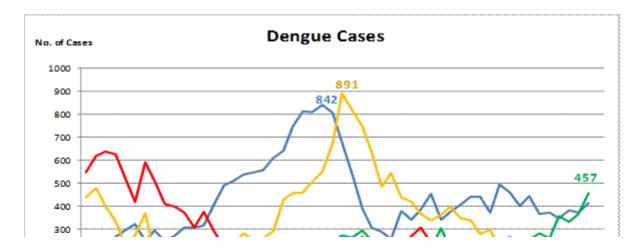
*provisional

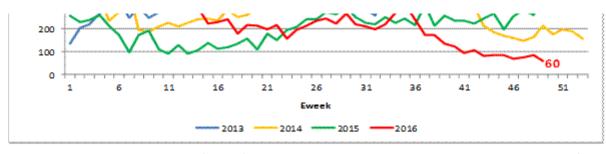
No. of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)

[84	71	75	86	59	81	15		
ı	(06-12Nov16)	(13-19Nov16)	(20-26Nov16)	(27Nov-03Dec16)	(04-10Dec16)	(11-17Dec16)	(18-19Dec16 at 3pm)		
- 1	E-week 45	E-week 46	E-week 47	E-week 48	E-week 49	E-week 50	E-week 51		

Cumulative No. of cases for 2016 (First 50 weeks): 12979

Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health





60 dengue cases were reported in the week ending 10 Dec 2016, **26** cases fewer than the previous week. We must continue to work as a community to suppress the *Aedes* mosquito population and keep dengue cases in check. As the same mosquito vector which transmits dengue also transmits Zika, yellow fever and chikungunya, the preventive measures implemented will also help to prevent Zika and other vector borne diseases from taking root in Singapore.

Source eradication of mosquito breeding habitats and spraying of insecticides to control the adult mosquito population remain key to dengue prevention. NEA, together with the various agencies and other stakeholders represented on the Inter-Agency Dengue Task Force (IADTF), including Town Councils, have been checking and ridding our public areas and housing estates of potential mosquito breeding habitats.

NEA encourages everyone to join in the collective effort to help stop the dengue transmission cycle by doing the 5-step Mozzie Wipeout. All stakeholders need to remove stagnant water from our environment, so as to deprive the mosquitoes of their breeding habitats. Those planning to go on vacation should mosquito-proof their homes before they travel. You can keep your neighbourhood safe from dengue by taking these mosquito prevention measures:

- Covering all toilet bowls in the home
- · Sealing off the overflow pipe of the flushing cistern
- · Covering all floor traps
- Adding sand granular insecticide to places that mosquitoes could potentially breed, such
 as flower vases and places, where stagnant water cannot not be removed
- · Clearing blockages and adding Bti insecticide in roof gutters
- · Turning over all water storage containers
- Asking a relative or close friend to check your home regularly for stagnant water if you are going away for a long period of time
- Leaving your contact details with your neighbours or the neighbourhood police post/centre so that you can be reached easily

Those infected with dengue should also apply repellent to prevent mosquitoes from biting and picking up the virus from them, and those showing symptoms suggestive of dengue, should see their GPs early to be diagnosed. All of us, including residents, contractors, and business owners, have a part to play in preventing dengue. The latest updates on the dengue situation can be found at the Stop Dengue Now Facebook page.