

Dengue Cases

It is important to note that the day-to-day numbers fluctuate, as they depend on the number of cases notified each day. Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.

Number of Reported Cases

4-Aug	5-Aug	6-Aug	7-Aug	8-Aug	9-Aug	10-Aug at 3pm
9	8	5	15	8	4	4

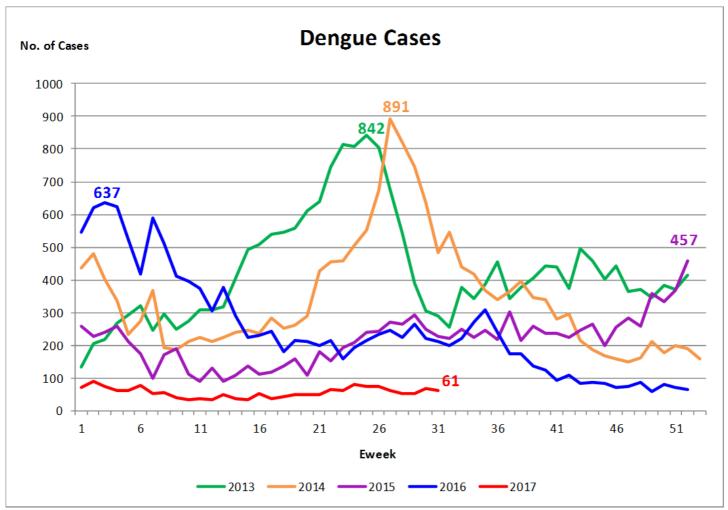
Number of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)

E-week 26	E-week 27	E-week 28	E-week 29	E-week 30	E-week 31	E-week 32
(25Jun-	(02-	(09-	(16-	(23-	(30Jul-	(06-10Aug17 at
01Jul17)	08Jul17)	15Jul17)	22Jul17)	29Jul17)	05Aug17)	3pm)
75	62	53	51	67	61	36

Cumulative No. of cases for 2017 (First 31 weeks): 1732

Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health

8/11/2017 Dengue Cases



61 dengue cases were reported in the week ending 5 August 2017, 6 cases fewer than the previous week. While cases so far this year are fewer than those in recent years, there may be an increase in the number of cases in the coming months, particularly now that we are in the traditional peak dengue season. The warmer months of June to October are when there is usually higher transmission of dengue in Singapore due to accelerated breeding and maturation cycles for the Aedes mosquitoes and shorter incubation periods for the dengue virus.

As of 7 Aug 2017, there were eight active dengue clusters, with the largest located at Berwick Dr / Bodmin Dr / Bloxhome Dr / Borthwick Dr / S'goon Gdns Dr, Pl, Rise. While NEA continues with inspections of the cluster area, all members of the public and stakeholders are urged to continue to work together as a community to stem dengue transmission.

Source eradication of mosquito breeding habitats and spraying of insecticides to control the adult mosquito population remain key to dengue prevention. NEA, together with the various agencies and other stakeholders represented on the Inter-Agency Dengue Task Force (IADTF), including Town Councils, have been checking and ridding our public areas and housing estates of potential mosquito breeding habitats. NEA encourages everyone to join in the collective effort to help stop the dengue transmission cycle by doing the 5-step Mozzie Wipeout. All stakeholders need to remove stagnant water from our environment, so as to deprive the mosquitoes of their breeding habitats.

Those infected with dengue should also apply repellent to prevent mosquitoes from biting and picking up the virus from them, and those showing symptoms suggestive of dengue, should see their GPs early to be diagnosed. All of us, including residents, contractors, and business owners, have a part to play in preventing dengue. Please visit the NEA website for more information on dengue. The latest updates can also be found on the Stop Dengue Now Facebook page or myENV app.

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Last Updated on 09 August 2017

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