



Home > Dengue Cases

Latest Dengue Data

Dengue Clusters

Number of Dengue cases

It is important to note that day-to-day numbers fluctuates as they depend on the number of notification received. Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.

No. of Reported Cases*

27-Jan	28-Jan	29-Jan	30-Jan	31-Jan	1-Feb	02-Feb at 3.30pm
34	47	43	38	25	14	14

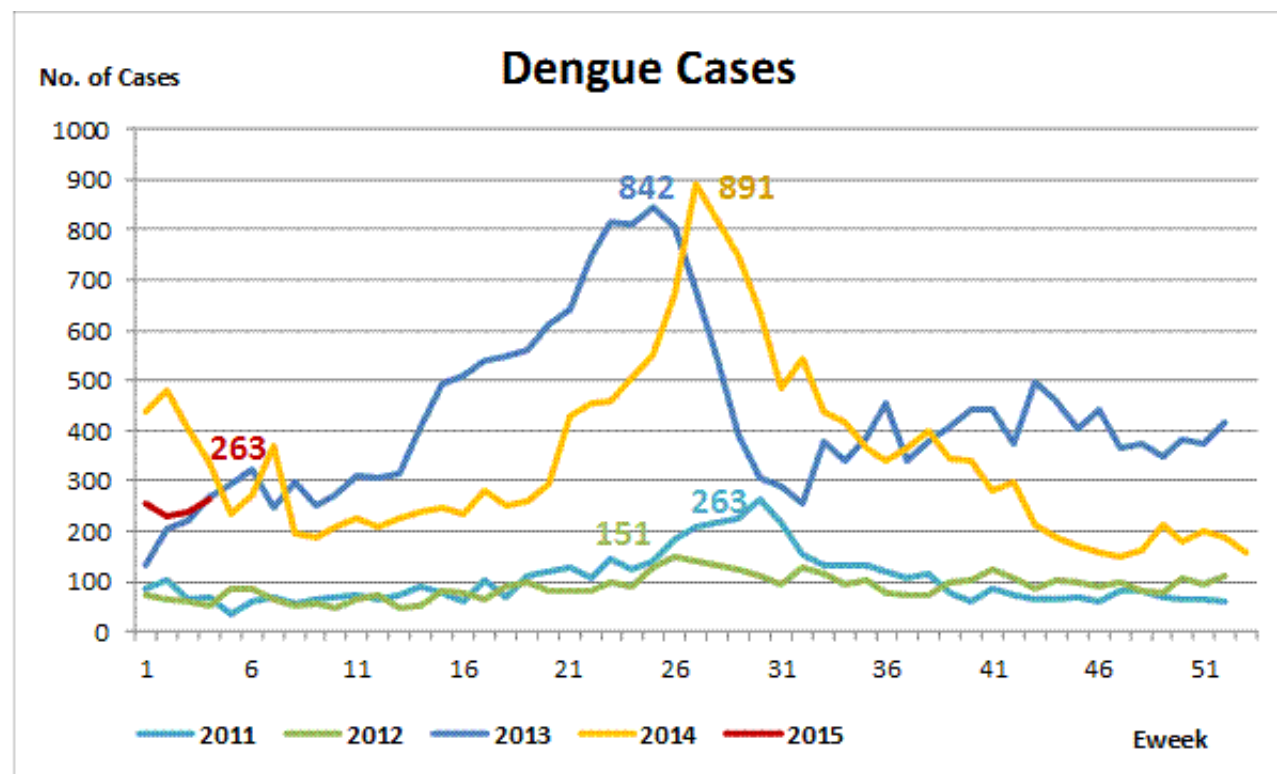
*provisional

No. of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)

E-week 52 (21-27Dec14)	E-week 53 (28Dec14-03Jan15)	E-week 01 (04-10Jan15)	E-week 02 (11-17Jan15)	E-week 03 (18-24Jan15)	E-week 04 (25-31Jan15)	E-week 05 (01-02Feb15) at 3.30pm
188	158	257	229	239	263	28

Cumulative No. of cases for 2015 (First 4 week): 988

Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health



263 dengue cases were reported in the week ending 31 Jan, **24** cases more than the previous week. The increase in cases is a timely reminder that we need to remain vigilant and continue to work as a community to keep dengue cases in check as a large proportion of our population is still susceptible to dengue infection due to the lack of immunity.

Source eradication of mosquito breeding habitats remains key to preventing mosquito breeding. All stakeholders must play their part to help stem dengue transmission in the environment, by checking their premises daily for potential mosquito breeding habitats and removing them. Those infected with dengue should protect themselves from mosquito bites by applying repellent as regularly as possible, and those showing symptoms suggestive of dengue, should see their GPs early to be diagnosed.

NEA encourages everyone to join in the collective effort to help stop the dengue transmission cycle by doing the 5-step Mozzie Wipeout. All of us, including residents, contractors, and business owners, have a part to play in preventing dengue. The latest updates on the dengue situation can be found at the Stop Dengue Now Facebook page, www.dengue.gov.sg or the myENV app.