Dengue Cases
Dengue Clusters
Stop Work Orders
MOH-NEA Quarterly Dengue Surveillance Data

Latest Dengue Data

Number of Dengue cases

It is important to note that day-to-day numbers fluctuates as they depend on the number of notification received.
Therefore, weekly numbers are a better reflection of actual trends.

No. of Reported Cases*

1-Mar	2-Mar	3-Mar	4-Mar	5-Mar	6-Mar	07-Mar at 3pm
5	7	8	7	1	10	3

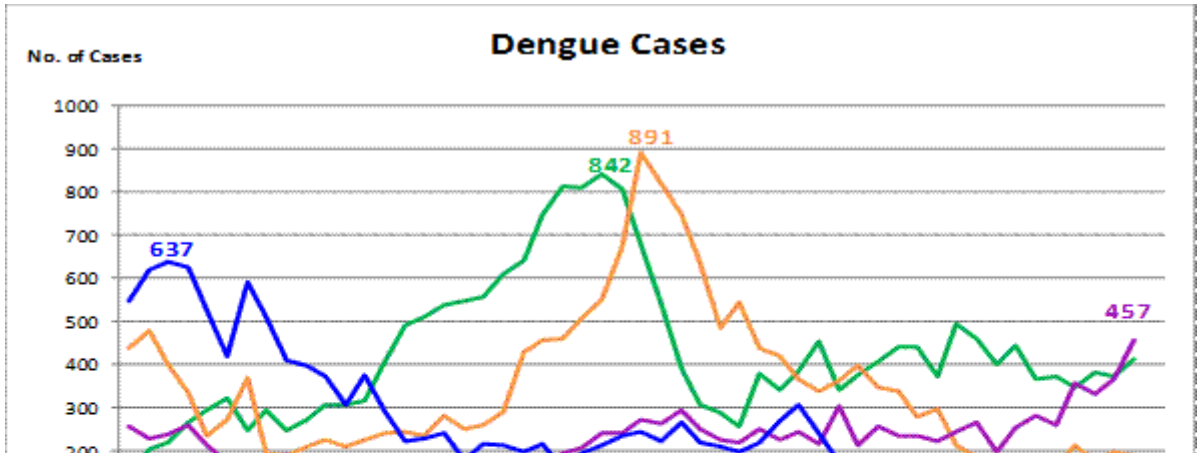
*provisional

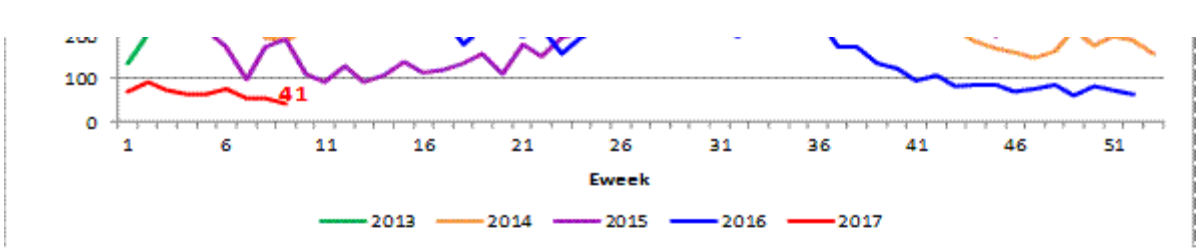
No. of Reported Cases by E-week (from Sun 0000hrs to Sat 2359hrs)

E-week 04 (22-28Jan17)	E-week 05 (29Jan-04Feb17)	E-week 06 (05-11Feb17)	E-week 07 (12-18Feb17)	E-week 08 (19-25Feb17)	E-week 09 (26Feb-04Mar17)	E-week 10 (05-07Mar17 at 3pm)
63	62	77	53	54	41	14

Cumulative No. of cases for 2017 (First 9 weeks): 585

Compiled by Communicable Diseases Division, Ministry of Health





41 dengue cases were reported in the week ending 4 Mar 2017, 13 cases fewer than the previous week. While the current number of dengue cases is relatively low, NEA is forecasting that the number of cases could increase in the next few months, peaking in the middle of the year. A contributing factor and key concern is the higher *Aedes aegypti* mosquito population in the past month. NEA's Gravitrap surveillance system has detected about 65 per cent more *Aedes aegypti* mosquitoes in January 2017 than in October 2016. If left unchecked, the high *Aedes aegypti* population may lead to a surge in dengue cases in 2017. Another factor which may lead to an increase in dengue cases is the high diversity of circulating dengue serotypes. The predominant serotype for 2017 thus remains uncertain, following the dominance of DENV-2 in much of 2016. NEA therefore urges all members of the public and stakeholders to stay vigilant, and work together as a community to stem dengue transmission.

Source eradication of mosquito breeding habitats and spraying of insecticides to control the adult mosquito population remain key to dengue prevention. NEA, together with the various agencies and other stakeholders represented on the Inter-Agency Dengue Task Force (IADTF), including Town Councils, have been checking and ridding our public areas and housing estates of potential mosquito breeding habitats. NEA encourages everyone to join in the collective effort to help stop the dengue transmission cycle by doing the 5-step Mozzie Wipeout. All stakeholders need to remove stagnant water from our environment, so as to deprive the mosquitoes of their breeding habitats.

Those infected with dengue should also apply repellent to prevent mosquitoes from biting and picking up the virus from them, and those showing symptoms suggestive of dengue, should see their GPs early to be diagnosed. All of us, including residents, contractors, and business owners, have a part to play in preventing dengue. The latest updates on the dengue situation can be found at the Stop Dengue Now Facebook page, www.dengue.gov.sg or the myENV app.

Contact Us

Hotline : 1800-2255632
1800-9336483
SMS : 93632632
FAX : (65) 62352611

Our Location

National Environment Agency,
Environment Building
40 Scotts Road, #13-00,
Singapore 228231

Connect With Us

GO TO

NEA Website