

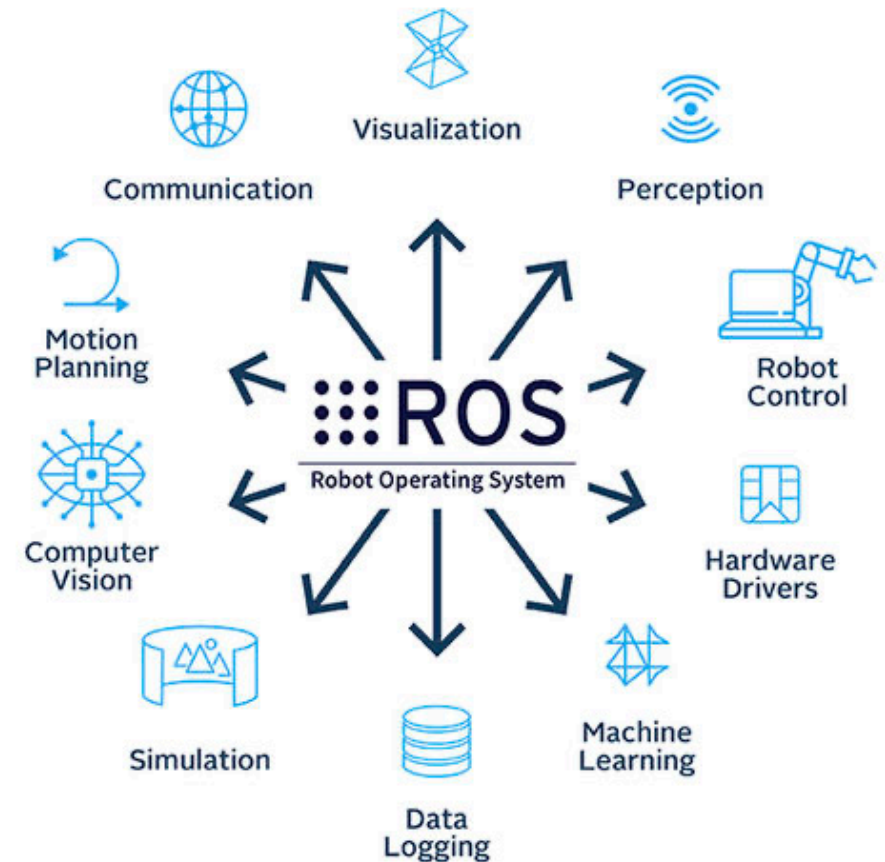


Introduction to ROS (Robot Operating System)

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What is ROS?

- ROS (Robot Operating System) is an open source software development kit for robotics applications.
- ROS offers a standard software platform to developers across industries that will carry them from research and prototyping all the way through to deployment and production.



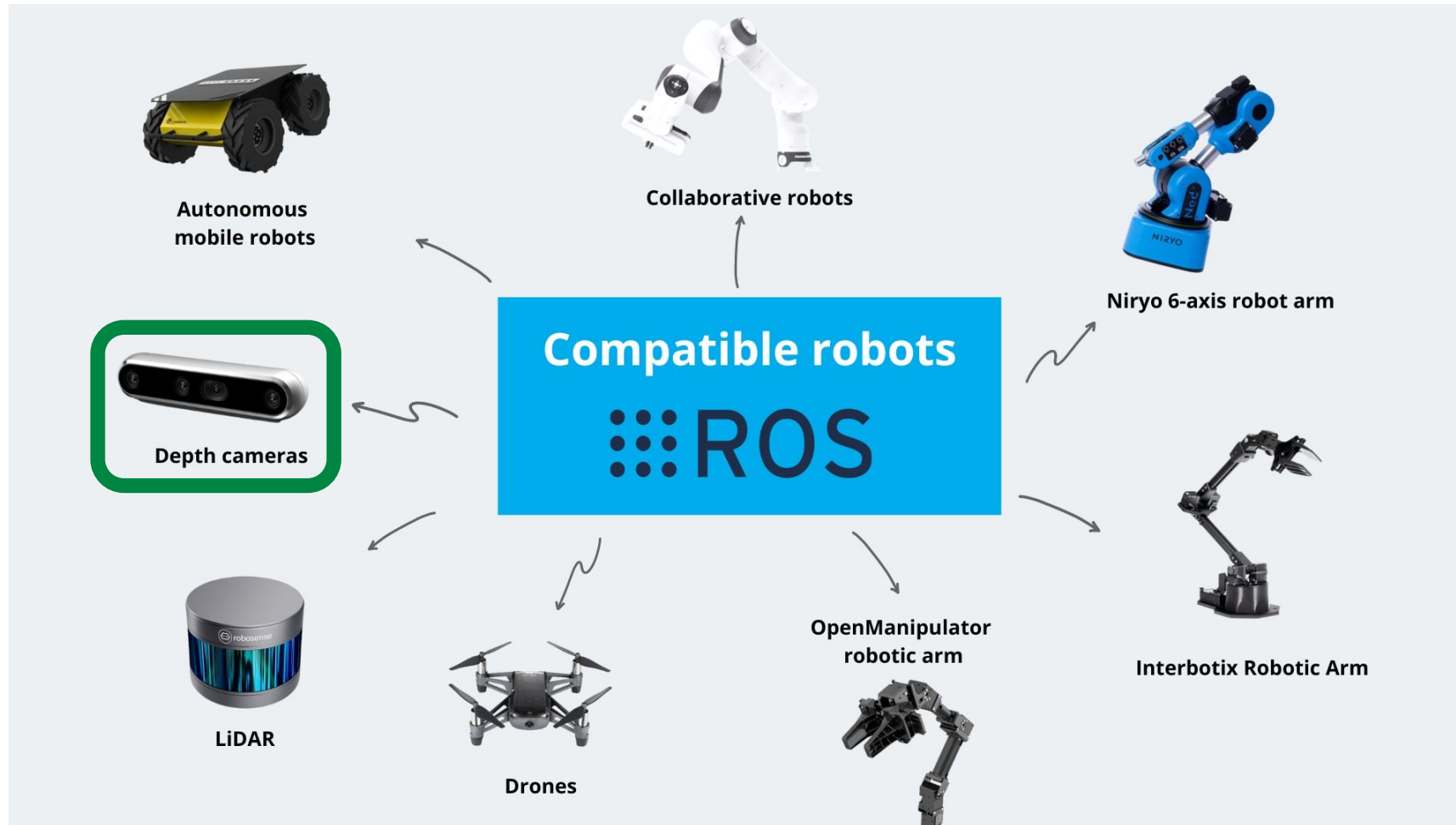
Why ROS?

- **Standardization:**
 - Offers a common platform for robotics research and development.
- **Flexibility:**
 - Supports a wide range of robot hardware and software.
- **Community:**
 - Large and active community contributing to its development and improvement.

Key Features of ROS

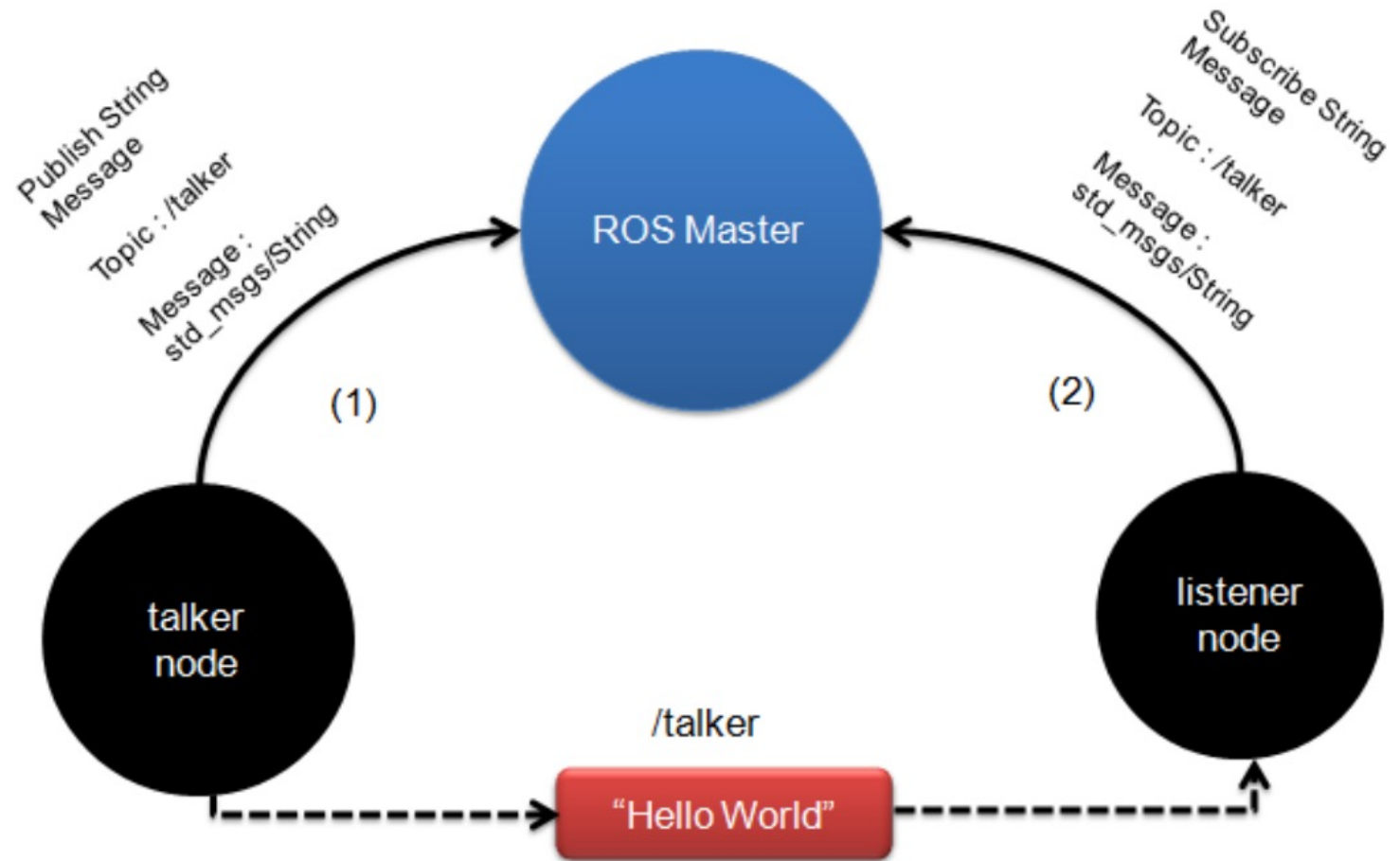
- Middleware:
 - Facilitates communication between different components of a robot.
- Reusable Code:
 - Enables code sharing and reuse through a package system.
- Simulation:
 - Allows testing and development in virtual environments before deploying on actual robots.

Robotics using ROS



ROS Core Concepts

- Nodes
- Topics
- Messages
- Services



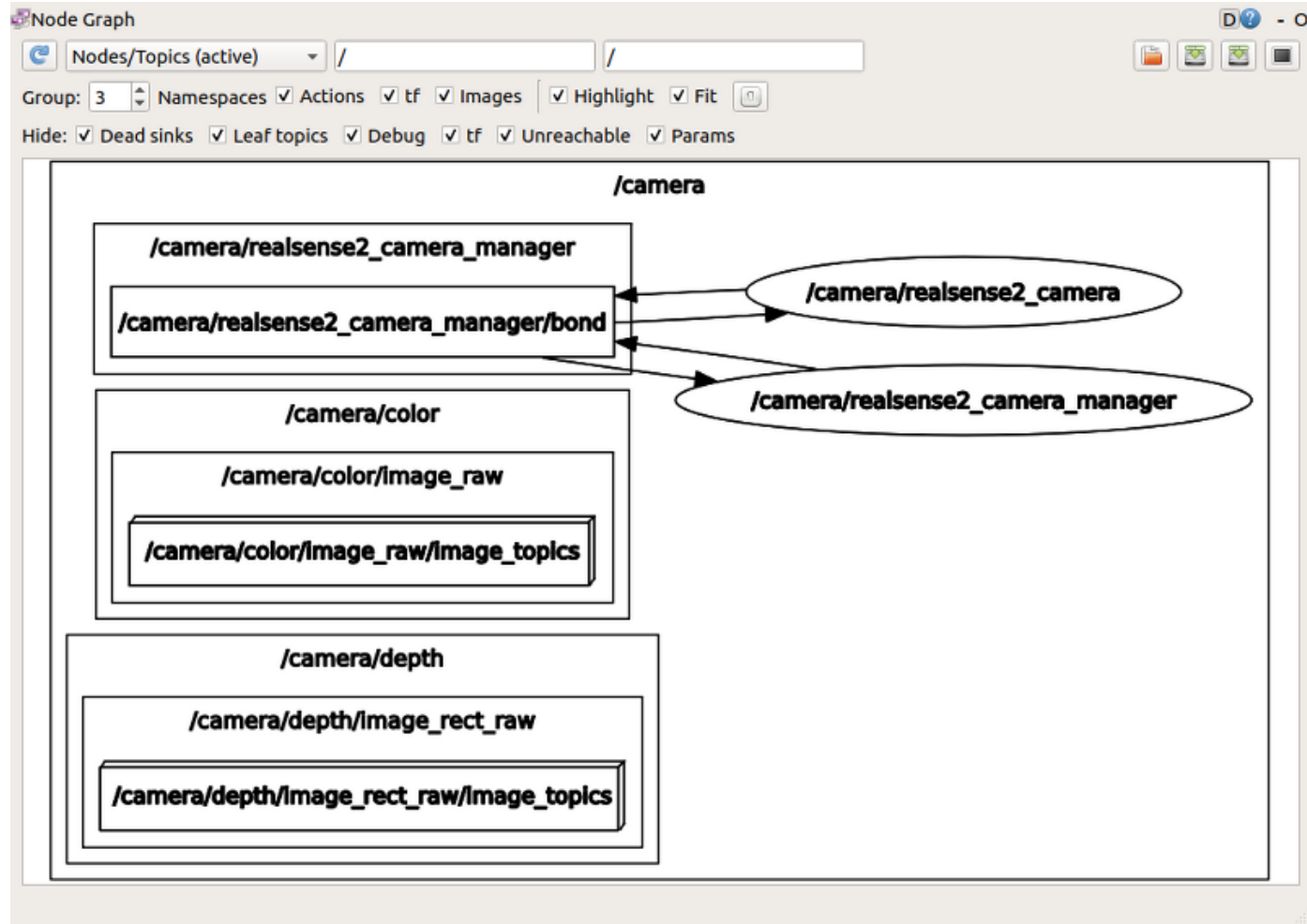
ROS Nodes

- Single-purposed executable programs
 - e.g. sensor driver(s), actuator driver(s), mapper, planner, UI, etc.
- Individually compiled, executed, and managed
- Nodes are written using a ROS client library
 - roscpp: C++ client library
 - rospy: python client library
- Nodes can publish or subscribe to a Topic
- Nodes can also provide or use a Service

ROS Topics

- A topic is a name for a stream of messages with a defined type
 - e.g., data from a laser range-finder might be sent on a topic called scan, with a message type of LaserScan
- Nodes communicate with each other by publishing messages to topics
- Publish/Subscribe model: 1-to-N broadcasting

ROS Topics



ROS Messages

- Data sent between nodes.
- Strictly-typed data structures for inter-node communication.

- Example:

- ***sensor_msgs/Image***

```
Header header      # Header timestamp should be acquisition time of image
                   # Header frame_id should be optical frame of camera
                   # origin of frame should be optical center of camera
                   # +x should point to the right in the image
                   # +y should point down in the image
                   # +z should point into to plane of the image
                   # If the frame_id here and the frame_id of the CameraInfo
                   # message associated with the image conflict
                   # the behavior is undefined

uint32 height      # image height, that is, number of rows
uint32 width       # image width, that is, number of columns

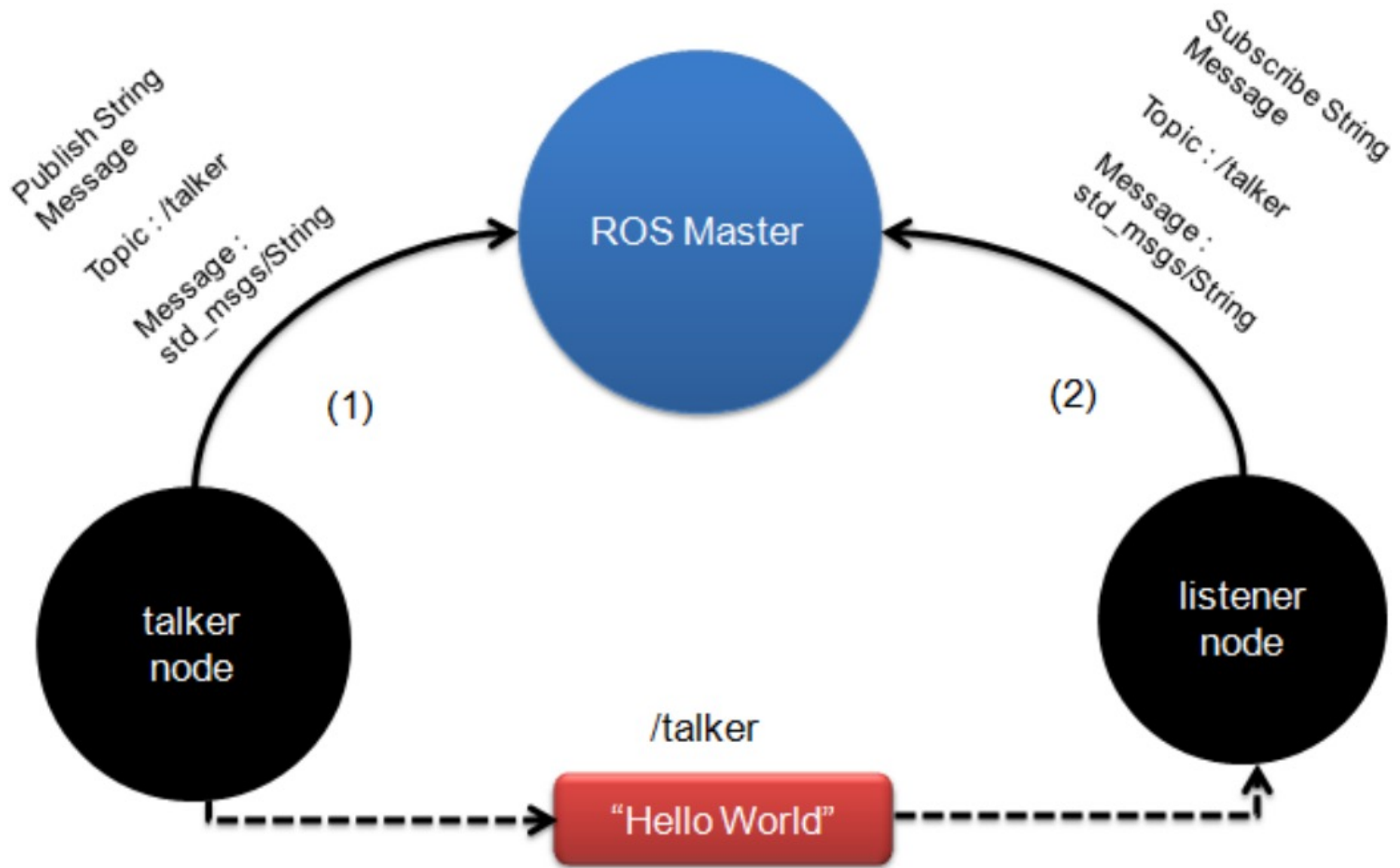
# The legal values for encoding are in file src/image_encodings.cpp
# If you want to standardize a new string format, join
# ros-users@lists.sourceforge.net and send an email proposing a new encoding.

string encoding    # Encoding of pixels -- channel meaning, ordering, size
                  # taken from the list of strings in include/sensor_msgs/image_encodings.h

uint8 is_bigendian # is this data bigendian?
uint32 step        # Full row length in bytes
uint8[] data       # actual matrix data, size is (step * rows)
```

ROS Services

- Request/reply communication between nodes.
- Synchronous inter-node transactions
- Service/Client model: 1-to-1 request-response
- Service roles:
 - carry out remote computation
 - trigger functionality / behavior
- Example:
 - ***map_server/static_map***: retrieves the current grid map used by the robot for navigation



ROS Basic Commands

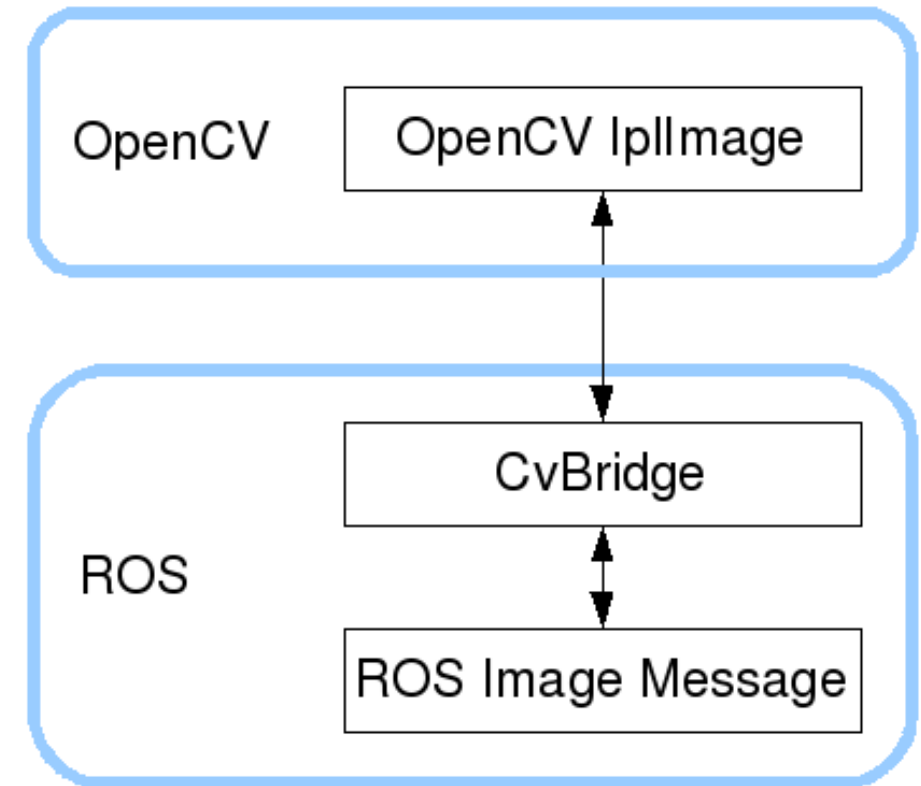
- *roscore*
 - roscore is the first thing you should run when using ROS
 - roscore will start up:
 - a ROS Master
 - a ROS Parameter Server
 - a rosout logging node
- *rostopic*
 - Displays debugging information about ROS nodes
- *rostopic*
 - Gives information about a topic and allows to publish messages on a topic
- *rostopic*
 - Displaying information about ROS Message types

ROS Basic Commands

- *roslaunch*
 - a tool for easily launching multiple ROS nodes as well as setting parameters on the Parameter Server
- *rosbag*
 - for recording from and playing back to ROS topics
- *rviz*
 - rviz is a ROS 3D visualization tool that lets you see the world from a robot's perspective

ROS and OpenCV

- ROS passes images in its own ***sensor_msgs/Image*** message
- **cv_bridge** is a ROS package that provides functions to convert between ROS ***sensor_msgs/Image*** messages and the objects used by OpenCV



Synchronize Messages across all Cameras

- `message_filters.ApproximateTimeSynchronizer()`
 - Algorithms: https://wiki.ros.org/message_filters/ApproximateTime
 - Example: <https://gist.github.com/zxf8665905/2d09d25da823b0f7390cab83c64d631a>

Record Rosbag from Multiple Cameras

- Run **roscore** to start the Master Node

```
-> % roscore
... logging to /home/jikaiwang/.ros/log/1a35323a-2367-11ef-81a9-23bd76d3334e/roslaunch-cgalab-cs88853-46550.log
Checking log directory for disk usage. This may take a while.
Press Ctrl-C to interrupt
Done checking log file disk usage. Usage is <1GB.

started roslaunch server http://cgalab-cs88853:37719/
ros_comm version 1.16.0

SUMMARY
=====

PARAMETERS
* /rostdistro: noetic
* /rosversion: 1.16.0

NODES

auto-starting new master
process[master]: started with pid [46560]
ROS_MASTER_URI=http://cgalab-cs88853:11311/

setting /run_id to 1a35323a-2367-11ef-81a9-23bd76d3334e
process[rosout-1]: started with pid [46570]
started core service [/rosout]
█
```

Record Rosbag from Multiple Cameras

- Run ***roslaunch*** to start the Camera Nodes

```
roslaunch ${RS_LAUNCH_FILE} \  
... serial_no:=${CAM} camera:=${CAM} \  
... depth_width:=${RS_WIDTH} depth_height:=${RS_HEIGHT} depth_fps:=${RS_FPS} \  
... color_width:=${RS_WIDTH} color_height:=${RS_HEIGHT} color_fps:=${RS_FPS} \  
... align_depth:=${RS_ALIGN_DEPTH}
```

- Run ***rosbag*** to start the Camera Nodes

```
rosbag record \  
... --regex "(.*)/(aligned_depth_to_color|color)/image_raw" \  
... --buffsize=8192 \  
... --output-name=${SAVE_PATH}
```

Reference

- ROS commands
 - rosnodet: <https://wiki.ros.org/rosnode?distro=noetic>
 - rostopic: <https://wiki.ros.org/rostopic>
 - rosbag: <https://wiki.ros.org/rosbag?distro=noetic>
 - roslaunch: <https://wiki.ros.org/roslaunch?distro=noetic>
 - cv_bridge: https://wiki.ros.org/cv_bridge
- Example to use ApproximateTimeSynchronizer for message synchronization
 - <https://gist.github.com/zxf8665905/2d09d25da823b0f7390cab83c64d631a>



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