Kotlin for Java Developers

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- Belarus Kotlin User Group Leader
- Java Professionals BY Leader
- FullStack Developer at ObjectStyle
- Kotliner:)



Language

Hello, Kotlin

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
    println("Hi, JUG Latvia!")
}
```

Hello, Kotlin

```
object Application {
 @JvmStatic
 fun main(args: Array<String>) {
    println("Hi, JUG Latvia!")
class Application {
 companion object {
    @JvmStatic
    fun main(args: Array<String>) {
      println("Hi, JUG Latvia!")
```

Write some fun

```
fun sum(a: Int, b: Int): Int {
 return a + b
fun sum(a: Int, b: Int) = a + b
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
 println("Hi, JUG Latvia!")
fun main(args: Array<String>): Unit {
  println("Hi, JUG Latvia!")
```

Write some fun

fun sum(a: Int, b: Int = 42) = a + b sum(42)

sum(a = 12, b = 42)

Local variables

val final = "Hello"

var nonFinal = "Hello"

var nullable: String?

var nullable: String? = null

Properties

```
class Service {
    @Autowired
    lateinit var JpaRepository: String
}
```

Strings

val text = "Length of \$name is \${name.length}"

```
val text = """
|Tell me and I forget.
|Teach me and I remember.
|Involve me and I learn.
|(Benjamin Franklin)
""".trimMargin()
```

Null?

```
String
                             String?
  Only String
                          String or null
// Java, NullPointerException at Runtime
String nullable = null;
nullable.length();
// Compile Error: Only safe (?.) or non-null...
var nullable: String? = null
```

nullable.length

Null?

```
var nullable: String? = null
val len = nullable?.length // null
val len = nullable!!.length
// KotlinNullPointerException
val len = nullable?.length ?: 42
// 42
val len = nullable?.let { 42 }
// 42
```

OOP

Data Class

data class Person(val name: String)

- properties
- equals/hashCode
- toString
- copy
- component

OOP

```
interface Base {
 fun print()
 fun default() {
    // ...
class Person(val firstName: String) : Base {
 override fun print() {
```

Build

```
buildscript {
  ext.kotlin_version = '1.0.5-2'
  repositories {
    jcenter()
  dependencies {
    classpath("org.jetbrains.kotlin:kotlin-gradle-plugin:$kotlin_version")
apply plugin: "kotlin"
repositories {
  jcenter()
dependencies {
  compile("org.jetbrains.kotlin:kotlin-stdlib:$kotlin_version")
```

Intellij Idea: Configurare Kotlin In Project

Language "Advanced"

Lambdas

```
val lambda = {}
```

val
$$\lambda$$
: (Int) -> Int = { num -> num * 2 } $\lambda(2) // 4$

val
$$\lambda$$
: (Int) -> Int = { it * 2 } λ (2) // 4

Extension Functions

```
// File: Extensions.kt
fun Any?.print() = println(this)
person.print()
// Java
ExtensionsKt.print(object);
```

Extension Properties

```
val String.bd: BigDecimal
get() = BigDecimal(this)
```

"1.0".bd

Expressions, Expressions Everywhere!

```
val max = if (a > b) {
  print("Choose a")
  a
} else {
  print("Choose b")
val hasPrefix = when (s) {
  is String -> s.startsWith("prefix")
  else -> false
```

When

```
val hasPrefix = when (s) {
  is String -> s.startsWith("prefix")
  else -> false
}
```

```
when {
   x.isOdd() -> print("x is odd")
   x.isEven() -> print("x is even")
   else -> print("x is funny")
}
```

ADT

```
sealed class Tree {
 object Empty: Tree()
 data class Leaf(val x: Int): Tree()
 data class Node(val left: Tree, val right: Tree): Tree()
 fun max(): Int = when (this) {
    Empty -> Int.MIN_VALUE
    is Leaf -> this.x
    is Node -> Math.max(this.left.max(), this.right.max())
```

Visibility

internal

Delegation

```
interface Base {
 fun print()
class BaseImpl(val x: Int) : Base {
 override fun print() {
    print(x)
class Derived(b: Base): Base by b
```

Delegation Properties

```
val lazyVal: String by lazy {
   // ...
   "Hello"
}
```

Inline Functions

```
val a = Any()
synchronized(a) {
}
```

Inline Functions

```
fun getNumber(): Int {
   var count = 0

   synchronized(count) {
      count++
      return count
   }
}
```

Inline Functions

```
inline fun <R> synchronized(
    lock: kotlin.Any,
    block: () -> R
): R { ... }
fun getNumber(): Int {
 var count = 0
 synchronized(count) {
    count++
    return count
```

Inline Functions + Generics = Reified Generics

```
inline fun <reified T : Any> Gson.fromJson(json): T =
    this.fromJson(json, T::class.java)
```

Yet Another Language?

Kotlin Targets

```
Java Bytecode (Compile Target)
Android Platform (Performance, Method Count, Size)
Java (Interoperability)
JavaScript (Interoperability, Compile Target)
Native (LLVM* Compile Target -> iOS, IoT?)
```

Language Design Trade-offs

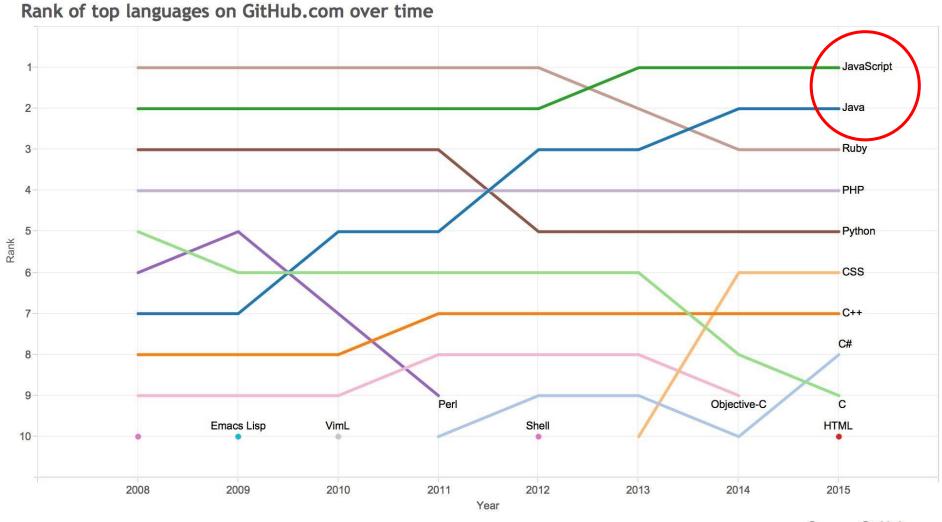
What do you prefer?

- Simple or Fast
- Clever or Readable
- Shiny New or Good Old
- Ground-Breaking or Compatible

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Java Bytecode

- Performance: patterns that understand JVM
- Target Bytecode version 6 (Android, Intellij Idea)
- ABI Compatibility (Hi, Scala_2.11_1.2.3)
- ...



Source: GitHub.com

Why Kotlin?

- First-class interop \w Java
- Intuitive, Easy to learn \w Java Background
- Tooling (Ide, Build Tools, Converter Java -> Kotlin)
- JavaScript Target Coming Soon!

First-class interop \w Java

- Call Java From Kotlin and vice versa
- Put Kotlin class in folder with Java class
- Seamlessly integrate Kotlin in Java code base



Evolutionary, rather than Revolutionary change

Interop FTW!

Building DSL \w Kotlin

Function type with receiver

```
class Div {
  var classes = ""
  var text = ""
  text = "Hello!"
}
```

Function type with receiver

```
div {
   classes = "text pull left"
   text = "Hello!"
}
```

```
fun div(body: Div.() -> Unit) {
  val div = Div()
  body(div)
  // ...
}
```

Operator overloading

```
class Div {
  var classes = listOf<Cl>()
  var text = ""
  + Cl("text")
  + Cl("pull left")
  + "Hello!"
}

operator fun Cl.unaryPlus() {
  classes += this
  }
}

operator fun String.unaryPlus() {
  text += this
  }
}
```

data class Cl(val name: String)

Extension Properties

```
div {
    + "text".c/
    + "pull left".c/
    + "Hello!"
}
```

```
data class Cl(val name: String)
class Div {
 var classes = listOf<Cl>()
 var text = ""
 val String.cl: Cl
    get() = Cl(this)
 // ...
```

.apply {}

```
public inline fun <T> T.apply(block: T.() -> Unit): T { block(); return this }

val p = Person().apply {
  firstName = "Baruch"
  lastName = "Sadogursky"
}
```

with() {}

```
public inline fun <T, R> with(receiver: T, block: T.() -> R): R = receiver.block()

val greetings = with(StringBuilder()) {
   append("Hello")
   append("JUG Latvia")
   toString()
}
```

DSL in Kotlin

- + IDE support out of the box
- + Simple
- + Limited set of operators
- Simple
- Limited set of operators

Q&A

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