

# Kotlin Coroutines

Asynchronous Programming Made Simple

# Problem

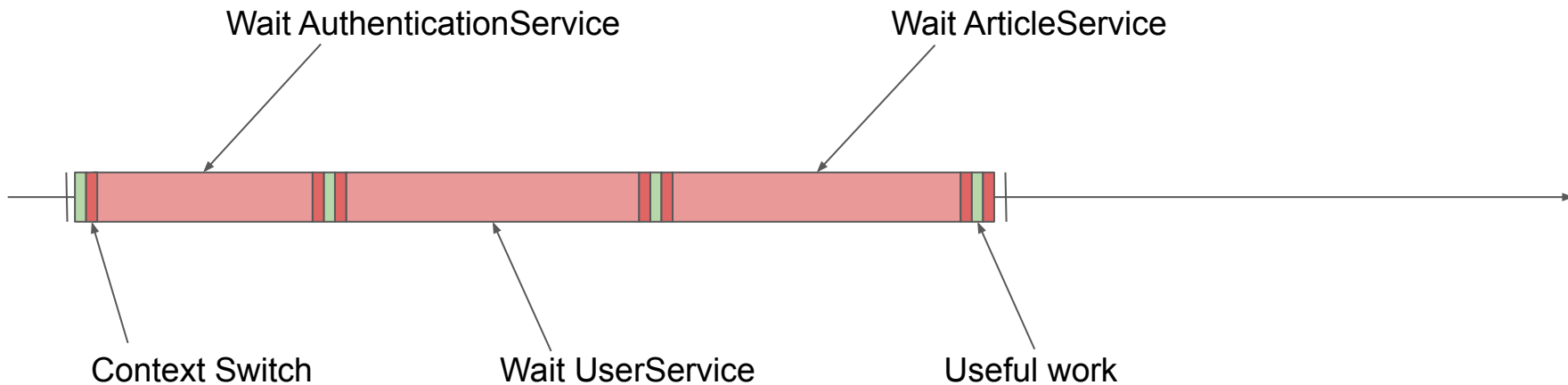
# BlogService

```
... fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
...     return try {  
...         val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
...         val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
...         articleService.add(user, article)  
...         Success( data: "New article created.")  
...     } catch (e: Exception) {  
...         LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
...         Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
...     }  
... }
```

# AuthenticationService

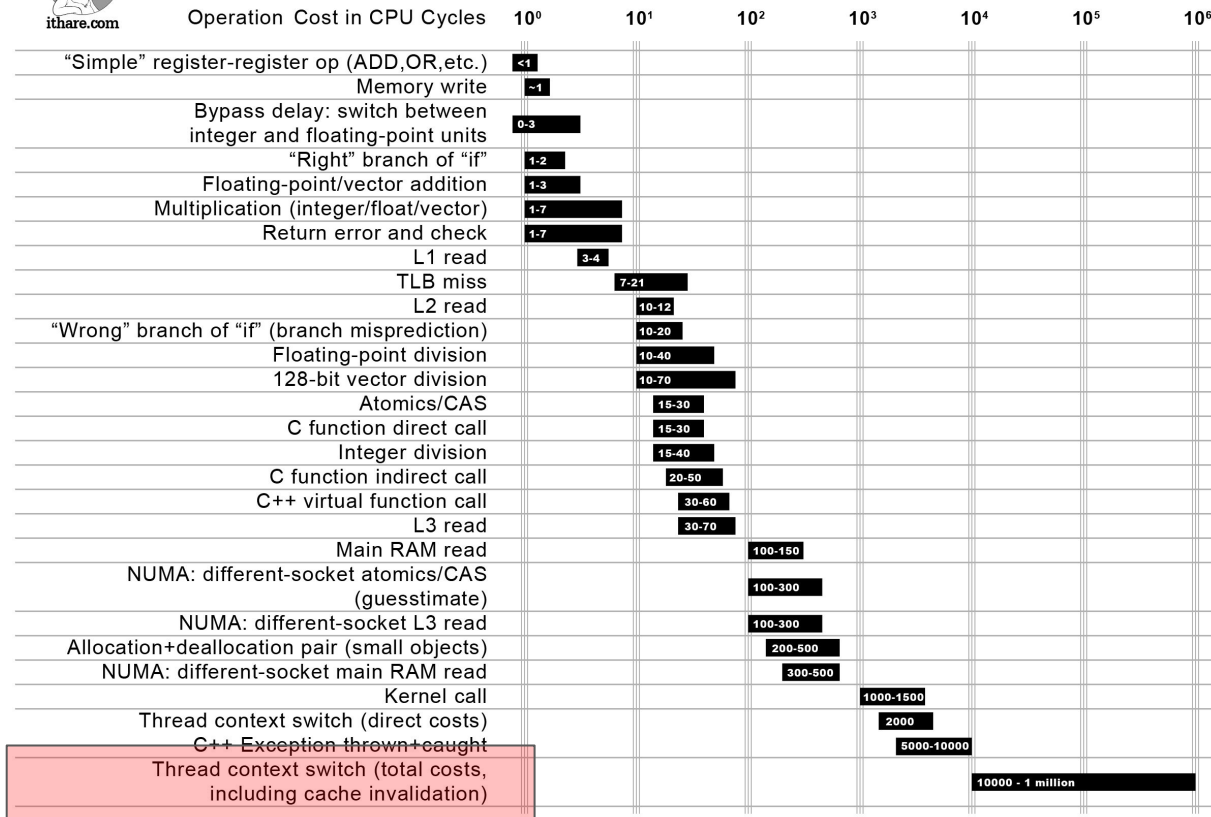
```
@Service
class AuthenticationService(
    ... private val httpClient: HttpClient
). {
    ... fun getUserId(token: String): String {
    ...     | val request = HttpGet(URI("http://authService:8080/"))
    ...     | return httpClient.execute(request).entity.content.reader().readText()
    ...     }
    ... }
```

# BlogService - with Threads

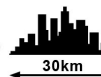
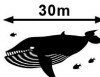




# Not all CPU operations are created equal



Distance which light travels while the operation is performed



# 1M threads?

```
..... (1 .. 1_000_000).forEach {  
.....     thread(start = true) {  
.....         println(it)  
.....         Thread.sleep( millis: 1000L )  
.....     }  
..... }
```

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: unable to create new native thread  
at java.lang.Thread.start0(Native Method)  
at java.lang.Thread.start(Thread.java:717)  
at kotlin.concurrent.ThreadsKt.thread(Thread.kt:30)  
at kotlin.concurrent.ThreadsKt.thread\$default(Thread.kt:15)  
at by.heap.komodo.samples.coroutines.SuspendKt.main(Suspend.kt:40)

Intel Core i7-6700HQ, 32GB - **10k** Thread

# Thread Model



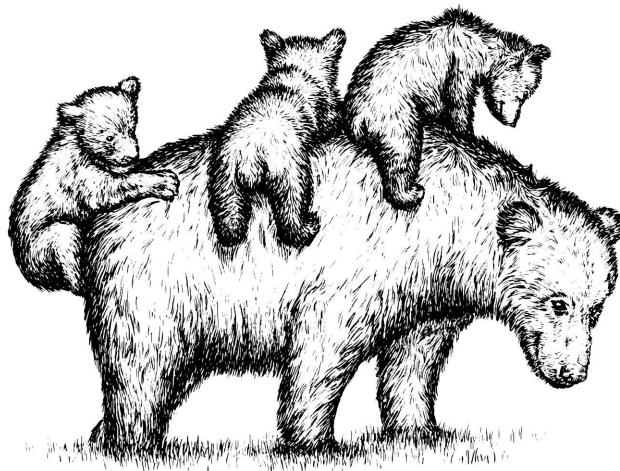


# Async Model



# Use Cases

*Getting the wrong idea from that conference talk you attended*



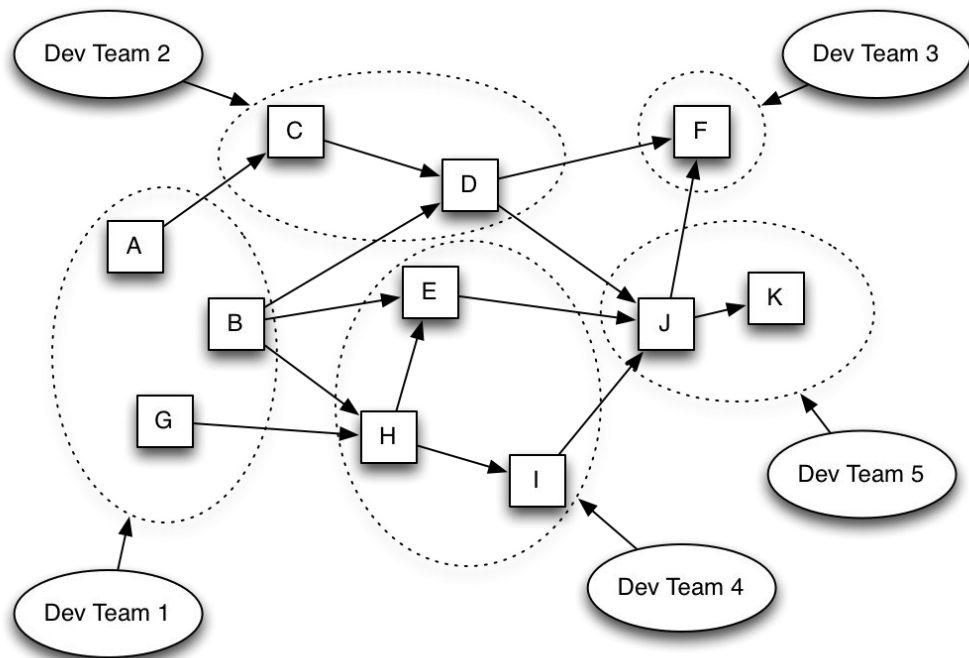
## Solving Imaginary Scaling Issues

*At Scale*

○ RLY?

@ThePracticalDev

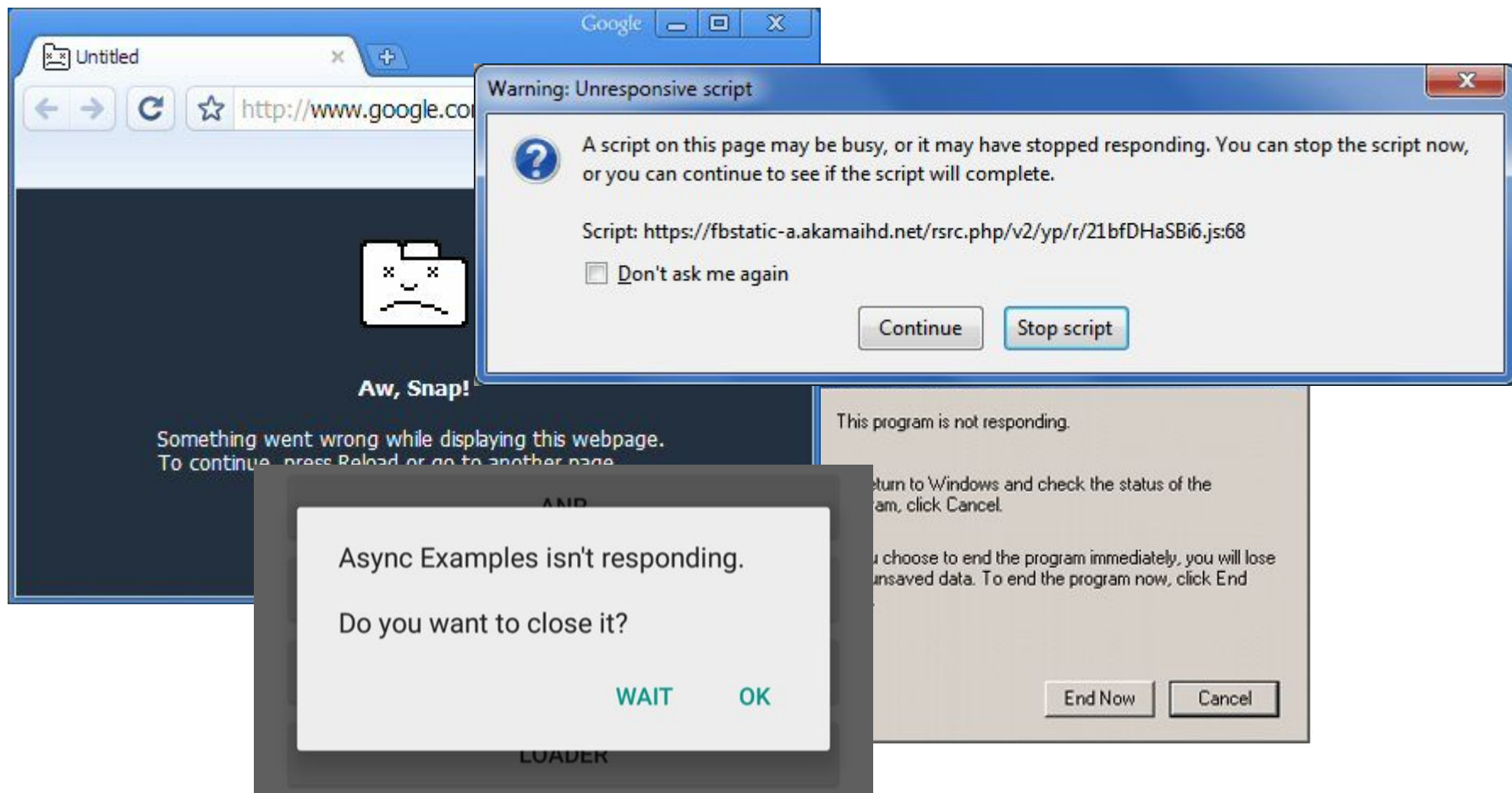
# Microservices/SOA



# Android (UiThread)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/3652560/what-is-the-android-ui-thread-ui-thread#3653478>:

The Uithread is the main thread of execution for your application. This is where **most of your application code** is run. All of your application components (Activities, Services, ContentProviders, BroadcastReceivers) are created in this thread, and any system calls to those components are performed in this thread.



# How?

# Callbacks

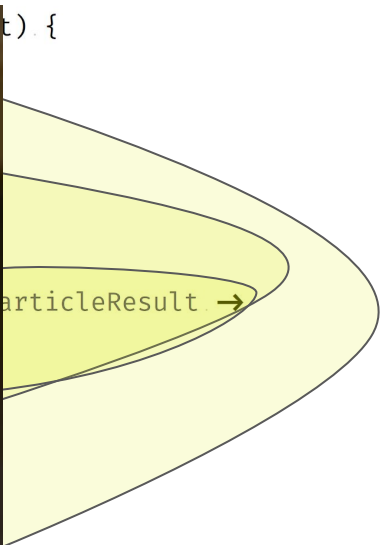


# AuthenticationService

```
@Service
class AuthenticationService(
    ... private val httpClient: HttpClient
){
    ... fun getUserId(token: String, callback: (Result) → Unit) {
    ...     val request = HttpGet(URI("https://auth:8080/"))
    ...     httpClient.execute(request, object : FutureCallback<HttpResponse> {
    ...         override fun completed(result: HttpResponse) {
    ...             callback(Success(result.entity.content.reader().readText()))
    ...         }
    ...
    ...         override fun failed(ex: Exception) {
    ...             callback(Fail(ex.message ?: "Error fetching auth data."))
    ...         }
    ...
    ...         override fun cancelled() {
    ...             callback(Fail("Request canceled."))
    ...         }
    ...     })
    ... }
}
```

# Callback HELL!

```
fun post(token: String, article: String) {  
    authenticationService.getUser(token) {  
        when (authResult) {  
            is Success<String> → {  
                userService.getUser(authResult) {  
                    when (userResult) {  
                        is Success<User> → {  
                            articleService.post(article) {  
                                // ...  
                            }  
                        }  
                        is Fail → {  
                            // ...  
                        }  
                    }  
                }  
            }  
            is Fail → callback()  
        }  
    }  
}
```



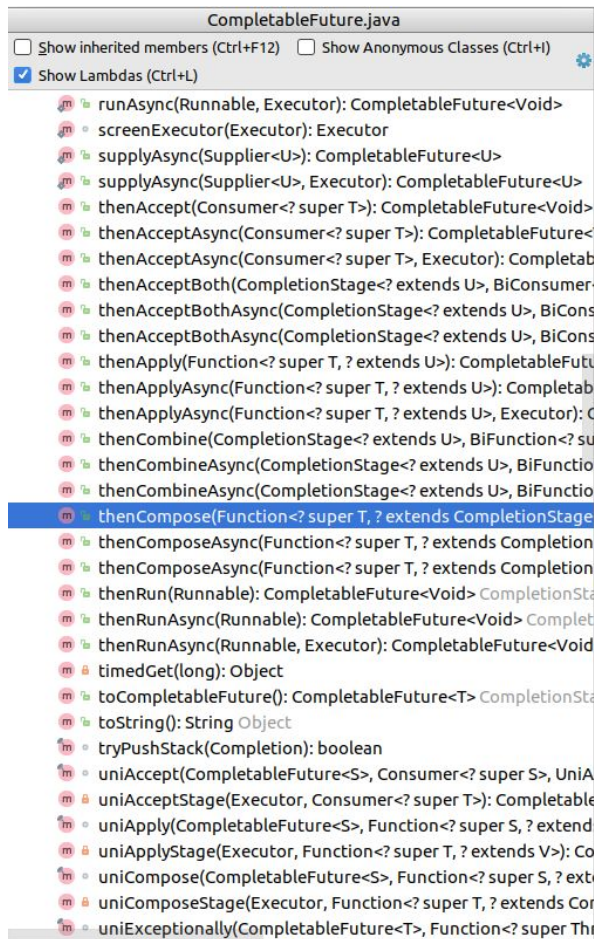
# Futures

# Futures

```
fun post(token: String, article: Article): CompletableFuture<Result> {  
    return authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
        .thenCompose(userService::getUser)  
        .thenCompose { user →  
            articleService.add(user, article)  
        }  
        .handle { u, e →  
            if (e != null) {  
                Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
            } else {  
                Success(data: "New article created.")  
            }  
        }  
}
```

# CompletableFuture

- compose;
- combine;
- handle;
- accept;
- apply;
- supply.



# Coroutines

# BlogService

```
... fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
...     return try {  
...         val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
...         val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
...         articleService.add(user, article)  
...         Success(data: "New article created.")  
...     } catch (e: Exception) {  
...         LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
...         Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
...     }  
... }
```

# Coroutines

```
... suspend fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
    return try {  
        val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
        val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
        articleService.add(user, article)  
        Success(data: "New article created.")  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
        Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
    }  
}
```



# Coroutines

```
... suspend fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
    return try {  
->        val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
->        val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
->        articleService.add(user, article)  
        Success(data: "New article created.")  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
        Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
    }  
}
```

# 0 callbacks!\*

\* explicit

# Continuation

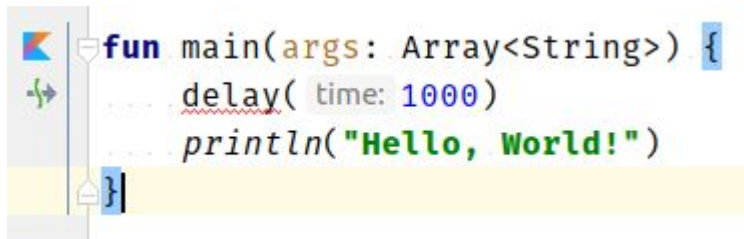
```
... suspend fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
    return try {  
        val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
        val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
        articleService.add(user, article)  
        Success( data: "New article created.")  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
        Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
    }  
}
```

# Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
compile("org.jetbrains.kotlinx:kotlinx-coroutines-core:0.16")
```

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    ... delay( time: 1000 )  
    ... println("Hello, World!")  
}
```

Error:(56, 5) Kotlin: Suspend function '**delay**' should be called only from a **coroutine** or another **suspend function**



```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    ... delay( time: 1000 )  
    ... println("Hello, World!")  
}
```

# Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    ... val blogService = BlogService(  
        ... AuthenticationService(),  
        ... UserService(),  
        ... ArticleService()  
    )  
    ... val result = blogService.post( token: "token", Article())  
    ... // work with result  
}
```



# Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    launch(CommonPool) {  
        delay(1000)  
        println("Hello, World!")  
    }  
}
```

*// Nothing*

# Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    launch(CommonPool) {  
        delay(1000)  
        println("Hello, World!")  
    }  
  
    Thread.sleep(2000)  
}  
  
// Hello, World!
```

# Coroutines: Hello, World!

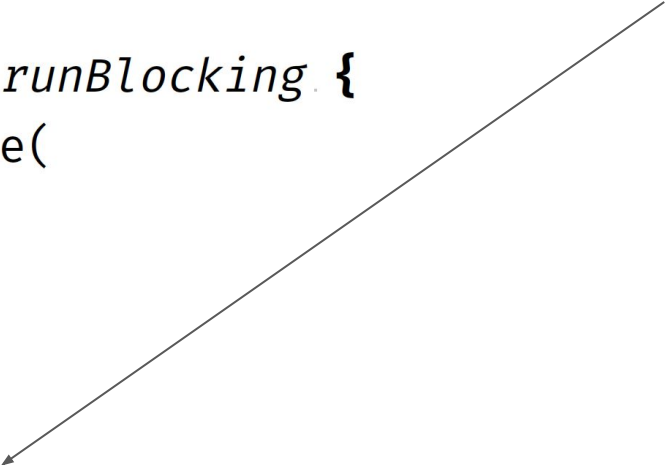
```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    runBlocking {  
        delay(1000)  
        print("Hello, ")  
    }  
  
    print("World!")  
}
```

*// Hello, World!*



# Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) = runBlocking {  
    val blogService = BlogService(  
        AuthenticationService(),  
        UserService(),  
        ArticleService()  
    )  
    val result = blogService.post(token: "token", Article())  
  
    // work with result  
}
```



# Coroutines + Spring

```
@RestController
class BlogController(
    ... val blogService: BlogService
) {

    ... @PostMapping("/{token}")
    ... fun createArticle(@PathVariable token: String, article: Article): CompletableFuture<String> {
    ...     return future {
    ...         val result = blogService.post(token, article)

    ...         when (result) {
    ...             is Success → result.data
    ...             is Fail → throw RuntimeException(result.message)
    ...         }
    ...     }
    ... }
}
```

Suspend functions  
Coroutines builders  
kotlinx.coroutines

# Coroutines & Kotlin

- suspend – language
- low-level core API: coroutine builders, etc – `kotlin.coroutines` (`kotlin-stdlib`)
- libraries – example: `kotlinx.coroutines` (`kotlinx-coroutines-core`)

# Suspend

# Suspending Functions

```
suspend fun delay(  
    time: Long,  
    unit: TimeUnit = TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS  
) {  
    // ...  
}
```

# Suspending Functions

```
suspend fun foo() {  
    delay(1000)  
}
```



A screenshot of an IDE showing a Kotlin code snippet. The code is as follows:

```
16  
17 suspend fun foo() {  
18     delay(time: 1000)  
19 }  
20
```

The code is displayed with line numbers 16 through 20 on the left. The function signature `suspend fun foo() {` is on line 17, the function body `delay(time: 1000)` is on line 18, and the closing brace `}` is on line 19. A green arrow points to the `delay` function call on line 18. The parameter `time: 1000` is highlighted with a light gray background.

# Suspending Lambda

```
public fun launch(  
    context: CoroutineContext,  
    start: CoroutineStart = CoroutineStart.DEFAULT,  
    block: suspend CoroutineScope.() -> Unit  
): Job {  
    ...  
}
```

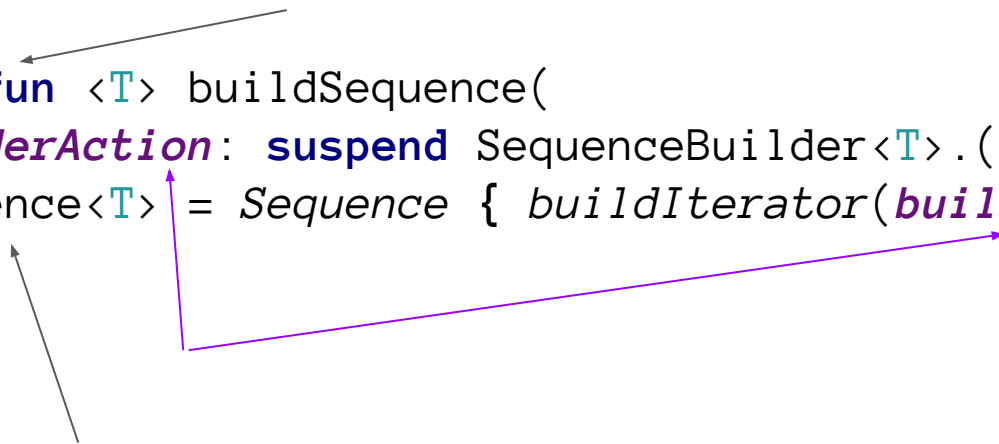


# Generators

# buildSequence

# kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**buildSequence**

```
public fun <T> buildSequence(  
    builderAction: suspend SequenceBuilder<T>().() -> Unit  
) : Sequence<T> = Sequence { buildIterator(builderAction) }
```



# kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**buildSequence**

```
val lazySeq: Sequence<Int> = buildSequence {  
    for (i in 1..100) {  
        yield(i) ←  
    }  
}
```

```
lazySeq.take(3).forEach { print(it) }  
// 123
```

# kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**buildSequence**

```
val lazySeq: Sequence<Int> = buildSequence {  
    for (i in 1..100) {  
        delay(1000)  
        yield(i)  
    }  
}
```

Error:(22, 9) Kotlin: Restricted suspending functions can only invoke member or extension suspending functions on their restricted coroutine scope

```
public fun <T> buildSequence(  
    builderAction: suspend SequenceBuilder<T>().() -> Unit  
) : Sequence<T> = Sequence { buildIterator(builderAction) }
```

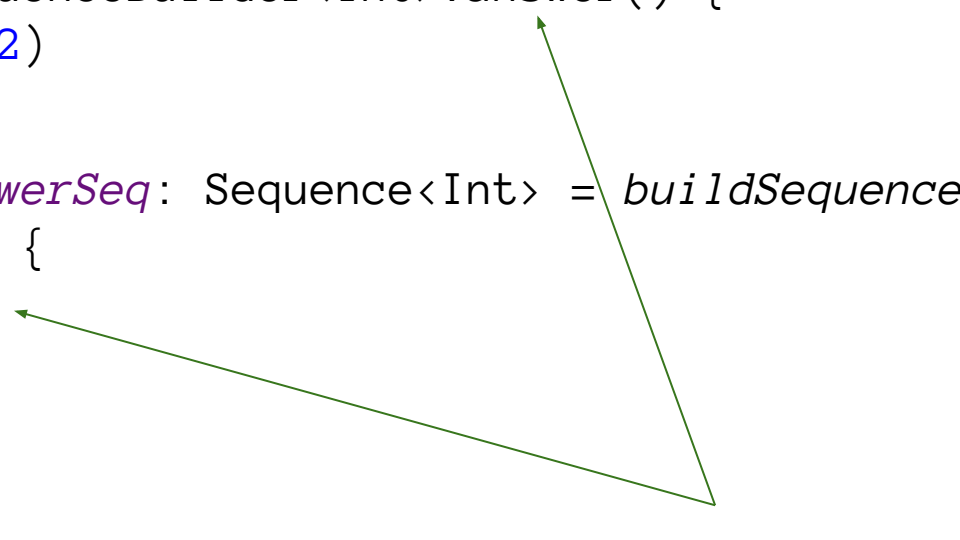
# kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**SequenceBuilder**

@RestrictsSuspension

```
public abstract class SequenceBuilder<in T> internal constructor() {  
    public abstract suspend fun yield(value: T)  
    public abstract suspend fun yieldAll(iterator: Iterator<T>)  
    . . .  
}
```

# kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**SequenceBuilder**

```
suspend fun SequenceBuilder<Int>.answer() {  
    this.yield(42)  
}  
  
val ultimateAnswerSeq: Sequence<Int> = buildSequence {  
    while (true) {  
        answer()  
    }  
}
```



# buildIterator

## Iterator<T>



buildSequence  
buildIterator  
@RestrictsSuspension

# kotlinx.coroutines

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**launch**

```
public fun launch(  
    . . . . context: CoroutineContext,  
    . . . . start: CoroutineStart = CoroutineStart.DEFAULT,  
    . . . . block: suspend CoroutineScope.() → Unit  
): Job {
```

# CoroutineContext

- Unconfined
- CommonPool
- newSingleThreadContext, newFixedThreadPoolContext
- Executor.asCoroutineDispatcher

# CoroutineStart

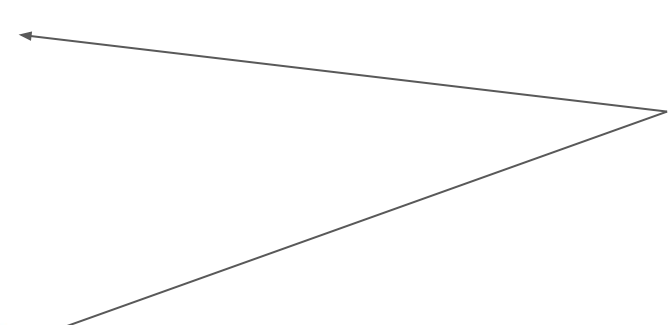
```
... CoroutineStart.DEFAULT → block.startCoroutineCancellable(completion)
... CoroutineStart.ATOMIC → block.startCoroutine(completion)
... CoroutineStart.UNDISPATCHED → block.startCoroutineUndispatched(completion)
... CoroutineStart.LAZY → Unit // will start lazily
```

# CoroutineScope

```
public interface CoroutineScope {  
    public val isActive: Boolean  
    public val context: CoroutineContext  
}
```

## kotlin.coroutines.experimental.launch

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) = runBlocking<Unit> {  
    val jobs = List(size: 100_000) {  
        launch(CommonPool) {  
            delay(time: 1000L)  
            print(".")  
        }  
    }  
    jobs.forEach { it.join() }  
}
```



kotlinx.coroutines.experimental.**launch**

```
val job = launch(CommonPool) {  
    while (isActive) {  
        delay(100)  
        println(42)  
    }  
}  
job.cancel()
```

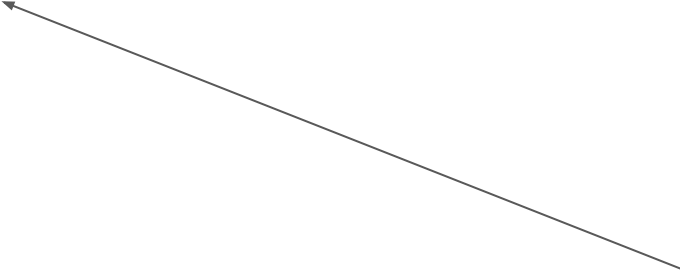


## kotlinx.coroutines.experimental.NonCancellable

```
val job = launch(CommonPool) {  
    try {  
        // ...  
    } finally {  
        run(NonCancellable) {  
            // this code isn't cancelled  
        }  
    }  
}  
job.cancel()
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**async**

```
public fun <T> async(  
    context: CoroutineContext,  
    start: CoroutineStart = CoroutineStart.DEFAULT,  
    block: suspend CoroutineScope.() → T  
) : Deferred<T> {
```

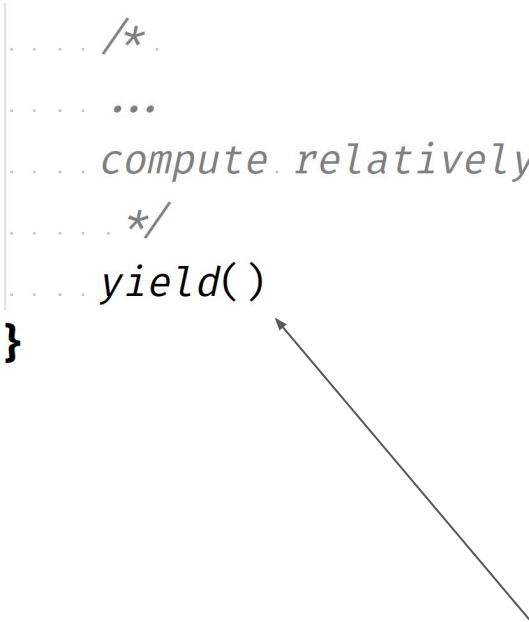


## kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**async**

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    val blogService = BlogService(  
        AuthenticationService(),  
        UserService(),  
        ArticleService()  
    )  
  
    runBlocking {  
        val result1 = async(Unconfined) { blogService.post(token: "token1", Article()) }  
        val result2 = async(Unconfined) { blogService.post(token: "token2", Article()) }  
  
        println("Result: ${result1.await()}, ${result2.await()}")  
    }  
}
```

## kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**yield**

```
suspend fun foo() {  
    ... list.forEach {  
        ... /*  
        ...  
        ... compute relatively heavy task  
        ... */  
        ... yield()  
    }  
}
```



kotlinx.coroutines.experimental.**(withTimeout/withTimeoutOrNull)**

```
withTimeout(100) {  
    request.await()  
}
```

```
withTimeoutOrNull(100) {  
    request.await()  
}
```

# Recursive Coroutines

```
suspend fun test() {  
    println(Instant.now())  
    test()  
}
```

```
tailrec suspend fun test() {  
    println(Instant.now())  
    test()  
}
```

# Debug

-Dkotlin.coroutines.debug

Thread.currentThread().name

[main @coroutine#2]

[main @coroutine#3]

[main @coroutine#1]

```
public fun newCoroutineContext(context: CoroutineContext):  
    CoroutineContext = if (DEBUG) context +  
    CoroutineId(COROUTINE_ID.incrementAndGet()) else context
```

# Call Coroutines from Java

```
suspend fun foo(): Int {  
    //...  
}
```

```
fun fooJava(): CompletableFuture<Int> =  
    future { foo() }
```



# Not Covered

- Channels
- Select
- ...

# Core API

createCoroutine  
startCoroutine  
suspendCoroutine  
suspendCancellableCoroutine

# Learn Kotlin Coroutines

- [Guide to kotlinx.coroutines by example](#)
- [Coroutines for Kotlin](#)
- [#coroutines Kotlin Slack](#)
- [Андрей Бреслав — Асинхронно, но понятно. Сопрограммы в Kotlin](#)
- [Andrey Breslav — Kotlin Coroutines \(JVMLS 2016, old coroutines!\)](#)
- [Корутины в Kotlin - Роман Елизаров, JetBrains](#)

# Kotlin Coroutines

Kotlin 1.1: Experimental status.

Kotlin 1.2: [?](#)

```
// build.gradle  
kotlin {  
    experimental {  
        coroutines 'enable'  
    }  
}
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental -> kotlin.coroutines

# Q&A

Ruslan Ibragimov @HeapyHop

Belarus Kotlin User Group: <https://bkug.by/>

Java Professionals BY: <http://jprof.by/>

Awesome Kotlin: <https://kotlin.link/>

Slides: <https://goo.gl/5sJXeH>

# Shared mutable state and concurrency

- Thread-safe data structures (Atomics)
- Thread confinement fine-grained
- Thread confinement coarse-grained
- Mutual exclusion (suspending)
- Actors
- [Read more](#)

# Core API



# createCoroutine

## kotlin.coroutines.experimental.createCoroutine

```
public fun <R, T> (suspend R.() -> T).createCoroutine(
    receiver: R,
    completion: Continuation<T>
): Continuation<Unit> = SafeContinuation(
    createCoroutineUnchecked(receiver, completion),
    COROUTINE_SUSPENDED
)

block.createCoroutine(receiver, completion)

launch(CommonPool) {
    delay(1000)
    println("Hello, World!")
}
```

# Bytecode

```
package by.heap.komodo.samples.coroutines.bytecode
```

```
import kotlinx.coroutines.experimental.delay
```

```
suspend fun fetch() {  
    delay(1000)  
}
```

# Bytecode

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 yoda yoda 1342 Jun 1 08:03 ExampleKt.class  
-rw-r--r-- 1 yoda yoda 1833 Jun 1 08:03 ExampleKt$fetch$1.class
```

# Bytecode

```
public final class ExampleKt {  
    public static final Object fetch(  
        Continuation<? super Unit>  
    );  
}
```

# Bytecode

```
public final class ExampleKt {  
    @Nullable  
    public static final Object fetch(@NotNull final Continuation<? super  
Unit> $continuation) {  
        Intrinsic.checkParameterIsNotNull((Object)$continuation,  
"$continuation");  
        return new  
ExampleKt$fetch.ExampleKt$fetch$1((Continuation)$continuation).doResume((Ob  
ject)Unit.INSTANCE, (Throwable)null);  
    }  
}
```

# Bytecode

```
final class ExampleKt$fetch$1 extends CoroutineImpl {  
    public final Object doResume(Object, Throwable);  
    ExampleKt$fetch$1(Continuation);  
}
```

# Bytecode

```
static final class ExampleKt$fetch$1 extends CoroutineImpl {
    @Nullable
    public final Object doResume(@Nullable final Object data, @Nullable final Throwable throwable) {
        final Object coroutine_SUSPENDED = IntrinsicsKt.getCOROUTINE_SUSPENDED();
        switch (super.label) {
            case 0: {
                ...
                break;
            }
            case 1: {
                ...
                break;
            }
            default: {
                throw new IllegalStateException("call to 'resume' before 'invoke' with coroutine");
            }
        }
        return Unit.INSTANCE;
    }
}
```




# startCoroutine

## kotlin.coroutines.experimental.startCoroutine

```
public fun <R, T> (suspend R.() -> T).startCoroutine(
    receiver: R,
    completion: Continuation<T>
) {
    createCoroutineUnchecked(receiver, completion).resume(Unit)
}
```

*block.startCoroutine(receiver, completion)*



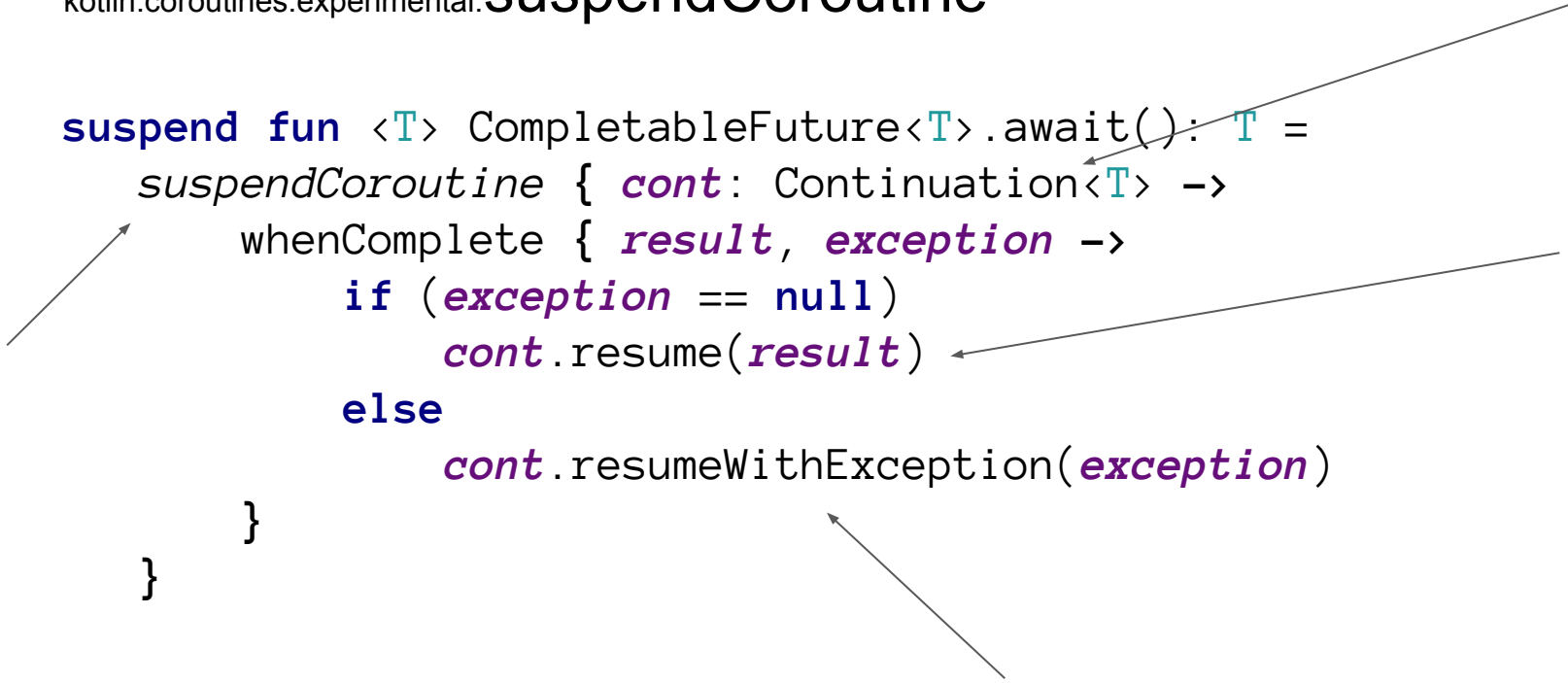
# suspendCoroutine

## kotlin.coroutines.experimental.suspendCoroutine

```
public inline suspend fun <T> suspendCoroutine(  
    crossinline block: (Continuation<T>) -> Unit  
) : T = suspendCoroutineOrReturn { c: Continuation<T> ->  
    val safe = SafeContinuation(c)  
    block(safe)  
    safe.getResult()  
}
```

## kotlin.coroutines.experimental.suspendCoroutine

```
suspend fun <T> CompletableFuture<T>.await(): T =  
    suspendCoroutine { cont: Continuation<T> ->  
        whenComplete { result, exception ->  
            if (exception == null)  
                cont.resume(result)  
            else  
                cont.resumeWithException(exception)  
        }  
    }
```

A diagram with three arrows: one from the top right pointing to the 'T' in 'Continuation<T>', one from the middle right pointing to the 'result' parameter in 'cont.resume(result)', and one from the bottom right pointing to the 'exception' parameter in 'cont.resumeWithException(exception)'.

# suspendCancellableCoroutine

## kotlin.coroutines.experimental.suspendCancellableCoroutine

```
public inline suspend fun <T> suspendCancellableCoroutine(
    holdCancellability: Boolean = false,
    crossinline block: (CancellableContinuation<T>) -> Unit
): T = suspendCoroutineOrReturn { cont ->
    val cancellable = CancellableContinuationImpl(cont, active = true)
    if (!holdCancellability) cancellable.initCancellability()
    block(cancellable)
    cancellable.getResult()
}
```

## kotlin.coroutines.experimental.suspendCancellableCoroutine

```
suspend fun <T> CompletableFuture<T>.await(): T =  
    suspendCancellableCoroutine { cont: CancellableContinuation<T> ->  
        whenComplete { result, exception ->  
            if (exception == null)  
                cont.resume(result)  
            else  
                cont.resumeWithException(exception)  
        }  
        cont.invokeOnCompletion { this.cancel(false) }  
    }
```



suspend  
createCoroutine  
startCoroutine  
suspendCoroutine  
suspendCancellableCoroutine