

Kotlin Coroutines

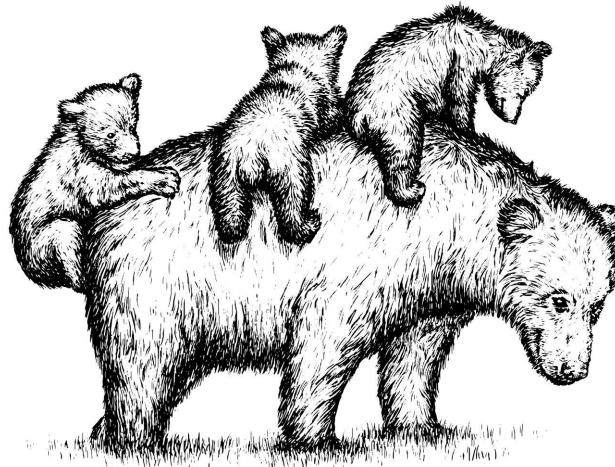
Asynchronous Programming Made Simple



Problem



Getting the wrong idea from that conference talk you attended



Solving Imaginary Scaling Issues

At Scale

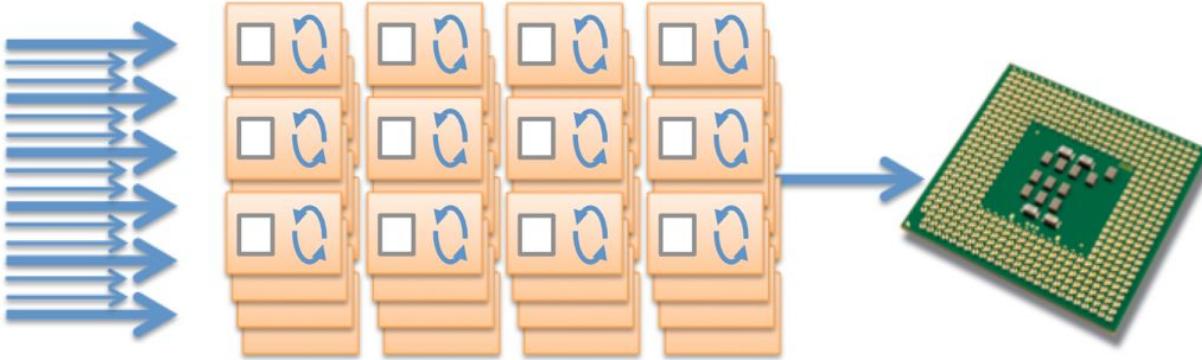
O RLY?

@ThePracticalDev

Apache

HTTP SERVER

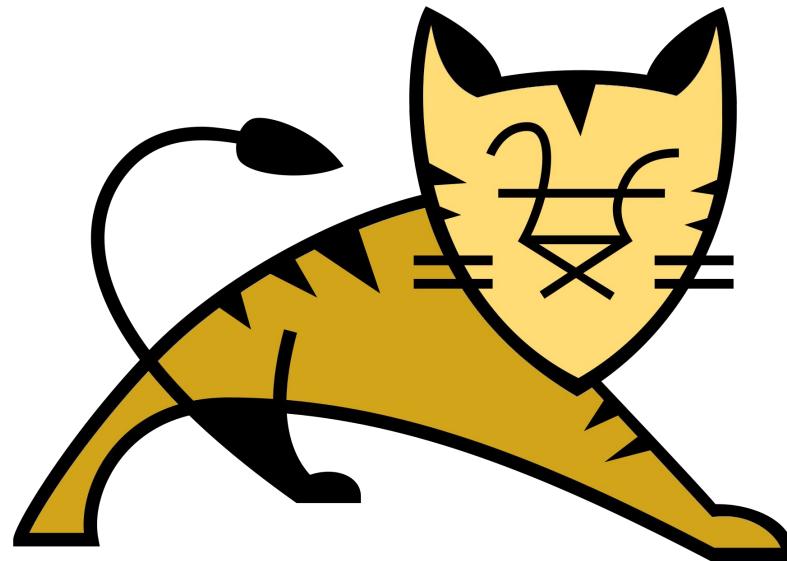




Hundreds of concurrent
connections...

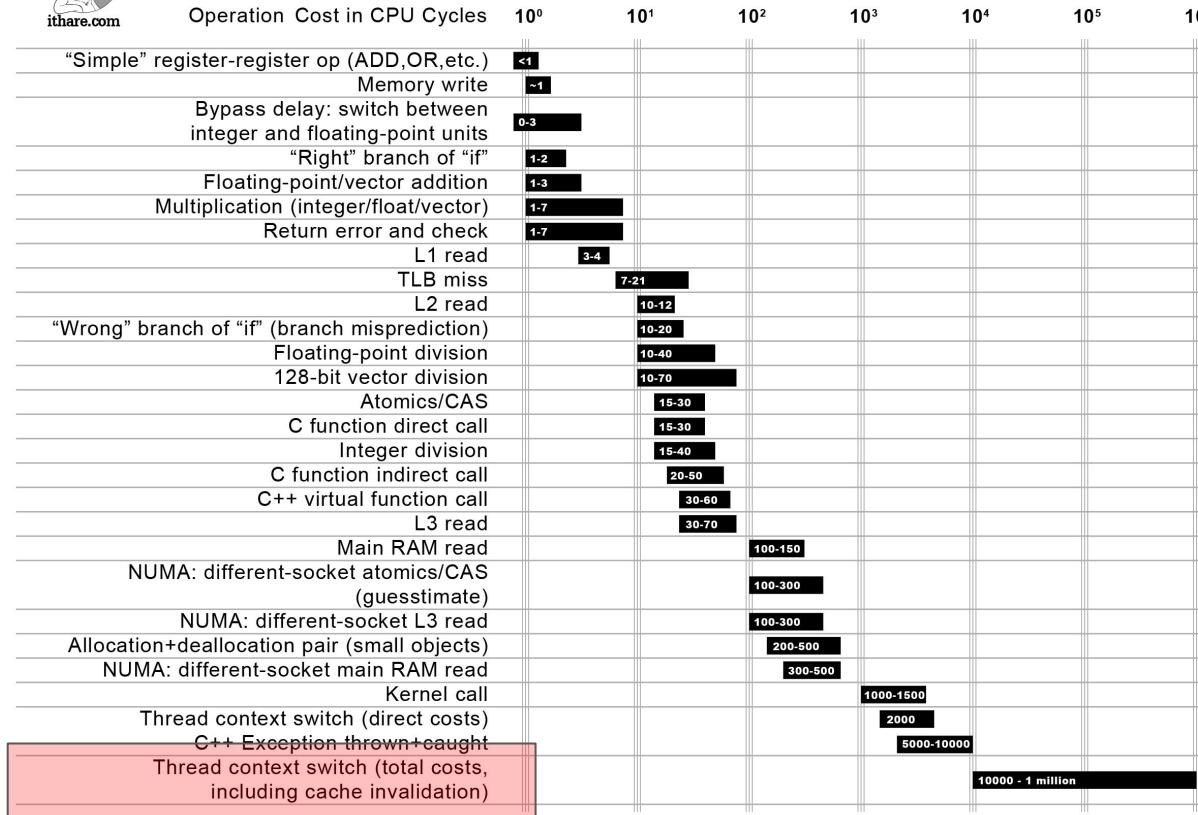
require hundreds of heavyweight
threads or processes...

competing for limited
CPU and memory

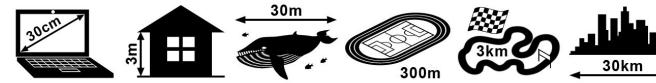




Not all CPU operations are created equal



Distance which light travels while the operation is performed



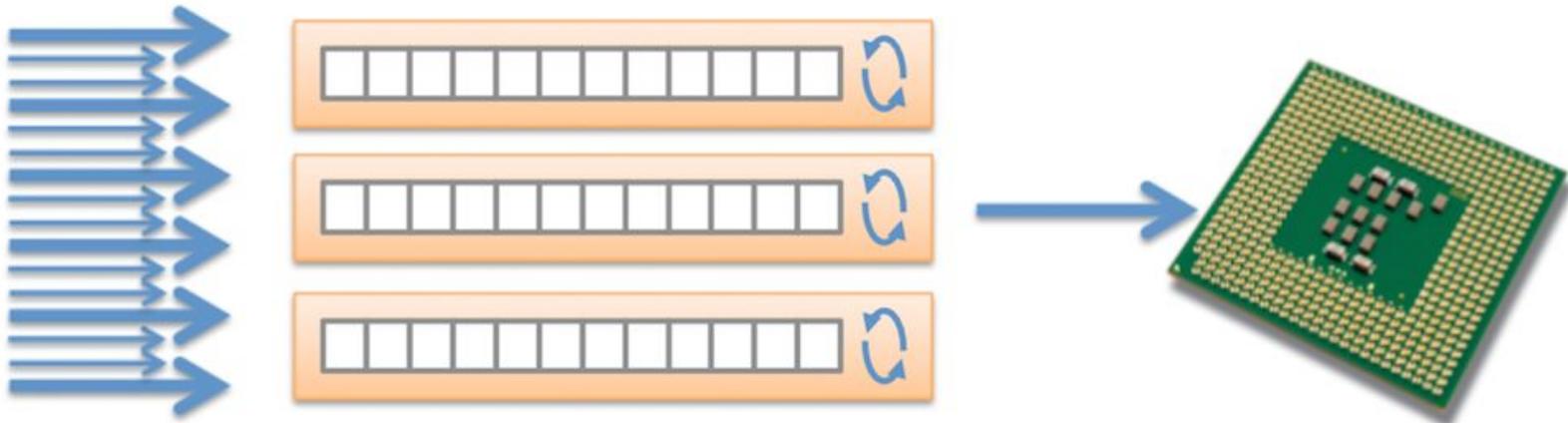
1M threads?

```
... (1 .. 1_000_000).forEach {  
    ...     thread(start = true) {  
        ...         println(it)  
        ...         Thread.sleep( millis: 1000L)  
    }  
}
```

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.OutOfMemoryError: unable to create new native thread
at java.lang.Thread.start0(Native Method)
at java.lang.Thread.start(Thread.java:717)
at kotlin.concurrent.ThreadsKt.thread(Thread.kt:30)
at kotlin.concurrent.ThreadsKt.thread\$default(Thread.kt:15)
at by.heap.komodo.samples.coroutines.SuspendKt.main(Suspend.kt:40)

Intel Core i7-6700HQ, 32GB - 10k Thread

NGinx



Hundreds of concurrent
connections...

handled by a small number of
multiplexing processes...

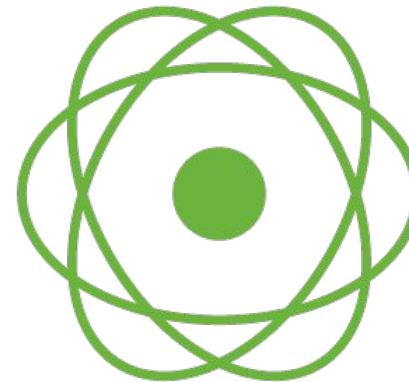
typically one process
per core

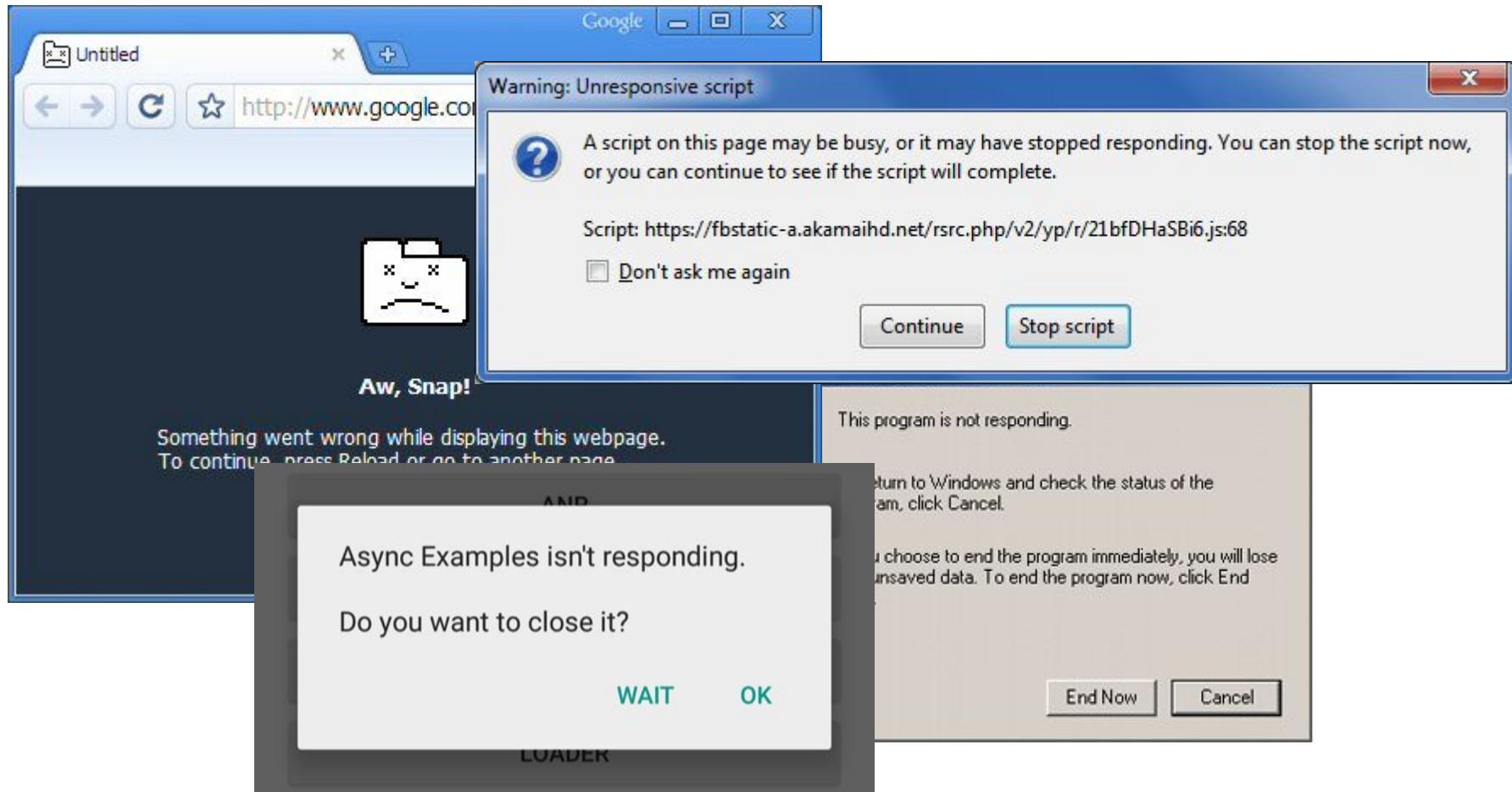
VERT.X

undertow

The Netty logo features a circular emblem on the left. Inside the circle is a stylized white bird or flame shape against a dark blue background. Overlaid on the circle is a network graph with nodes and edges. To the right of the emblem, the word "Netty" is written in a large, lowercase, sans-serif font.

Netty





Android (UI Thread)

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/3652560/what-is-the-android-uithread-ui-thread#3653478>:

The UIThread is the main thread of execution for your application. This is where **most of your application code** is run. All of your application components (Activities, Services, ContentProviders, BroadcastReceivers) are created in this thread, and any system calls to those components are performed in this thread.



Typical Backend

BlogService

```
fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
    return try {  
        val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
        val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
        articleService.add(user, article)  
        Success(data: "New article created.")  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
        Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
    }  
}
```

AuthenticationService

```
@Service
class AuthenticationService(
    private val httpClient: HttpClient
) {
    fun getUserId(token: String): String {
        val request = HttpGet(URI("http://authService:8080/"))
        return httpClient.execute(request).entity.content.reader().readText()
    }
}
```



Callbacks

AuthenticationService

```
@Service
class AuthenticationService(
    private val httpClient: HttpAsyncClient
) {
    fun getUserId(token: String, callback: (Result) -> Unit) {
        val request = HttpGet(URI("https://auth:8080/"))
        httpClient.execute(request, object : FutureCallback<HttpResponse> {
            override fun completed(result: HttpResponse) {
                callback(Success(result.entity.content.reader().readText()))
            }

            override fun failed(ex: Exception) {
                callback(Fail(ex.message ?: "Error fetching auth data."))
            }

            override fun cancelled() {
                callback(Fail("Request canceled."))
            }
        })
    }
}
```



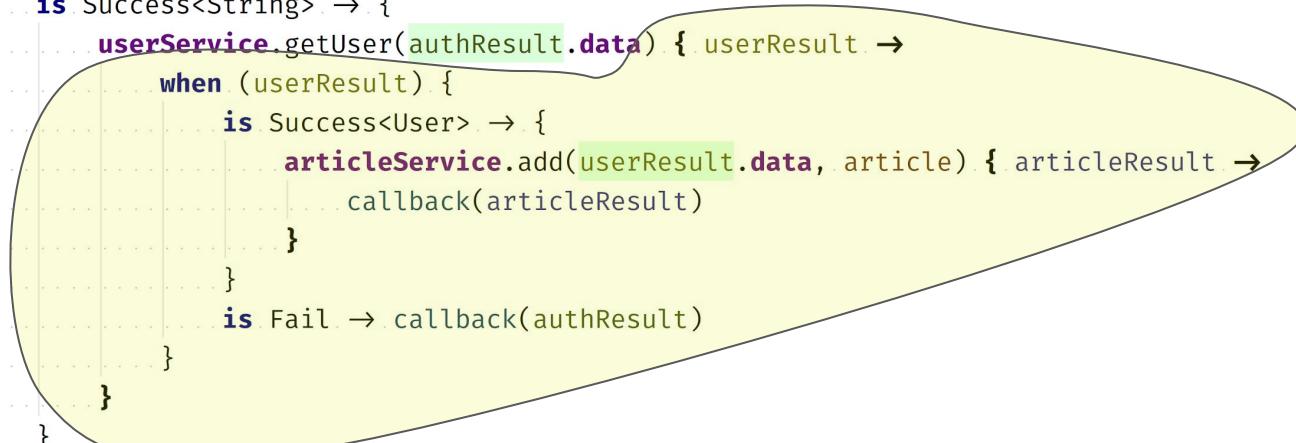
Callback

```
... fun post(token: String, article: Article, callback: (Result<String>) → Unit) {  
    authenticationService.getUserId(token) { authResult →  
        when (authResult) {  
            is Success<String> → {  
                userService.getUser(authResult.data) { userResult →  
                    when (userResult) {  
                        is Success<User> → {  
                            articleService.add(userResult.data, article) { articleResult →  
                                callback(articleResult)  
                            }  
                        }  
                        is Fail → callback(authResult)  
                    }  
                }  
            }  
            is Fail → callback(authResult)  
        }  
    }  
}
```



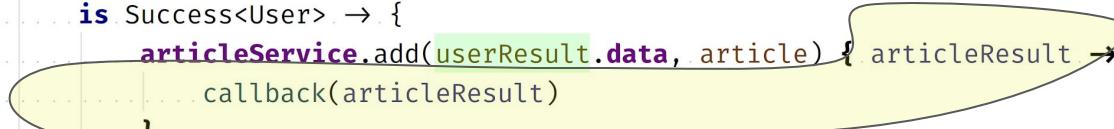
Callback

```
... fun post(token: String, article: Article, callback: (Result<String>) → Unit) {  
    ...     authenticationService.getUserId(token).{ authResult →  
        ...         when (authResult) {  
            ...             is Success<String> → {  
                ...                 userService.getUser(authResult.data){ userResult →  
                    ...                     when (userResult) {  
                        ...                         is Success<User> → {  
                            ...                             articleService.add(userResult.data, article){ articleResult →  
                                ...                                 callback(articleResult)  
                            }  
                        }  
                        ...                         is Fail → callback(authResult)  
                    }  
                }  
            }  
            ...             is Fail → callback(authResult)  
        }  
    }  
}
```



Callback

```
... fun post(token: String, article: Article, callback: (Result<String>) → Unit) {  
    ...     authenticationService.getUserId(token).let { authResult →  
        ...         when (authResult) {  
            ...             is Success<String> → {  
                ...                 userService.getUser(authResult.data).let { userResult →  
                    ...                     when (userResult) {  
                        ...                         is Success<User> → {  
                            ...                             articleService.add(userResult.data, article).let { articleResult →  
                                ...                                 callback(articleResult)  
                            }  
                        }  
                        ...                         is Fail → callback(authResult)  
                    }  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
    ...         is Fail → callback(authResult)  
}...  
}
```



Futures/Promises/Deferred

AuthenticationService

```
class AuthenticationService {
    private val httpClient: HttpClient
    )

    fun getUserId(token: String): CompletableFuture<String> {
        val request = HttpGet("https://auth:8080/")
        val future = CompletableFuture<HttpResponse>()

        httpClient.execute(request, object : FutureCallback<HttpResponse> {
            override fun completed(result: HttpResponse) {
                future.complete(result)
            }

            override fun cancelled() {
                future.cancel(mayInterruptIfRunning: false)
            }

            override fun failed(ex: Exception) {
                future.completeExceptionally(ex)
            }
        })

        return future.thenApply { it.entity.content.reader().readText() }
    }
}
```

```
    fun getUserId(token: String): String {
        fun getUserId(token: String, callback: (Result) → Unit) {
```



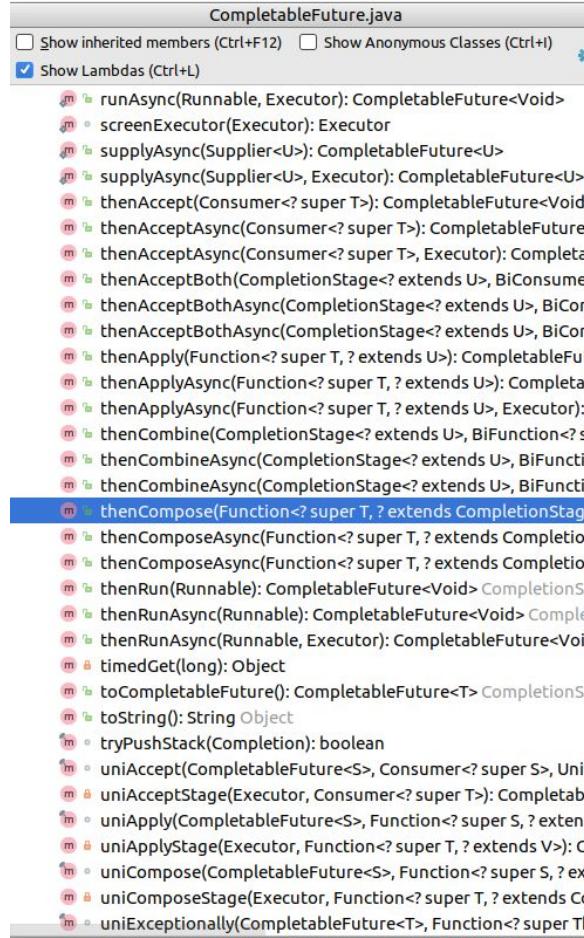
Futures

```
... fun post(token: String, article: Article): CompletableFuture<Result> {  
    ...     return authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
    ...         .thenCompose(userService::getUser)  
    ...         .thenCompose { user ->  
    ...             articleService.add(user, article)  
    ...         }  
    ...         .handle { u, e ->  
    ...             if (e != null) {  
    ...                 Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
    ...             } else {  
    ...                 Success(data: "New article created.")  
    ...             }  
    ...         }  
    ... }
```



CompletableFuture

- compose;
- combine;
- handle;
- accept;
- apply;
- supply.



The screenshot shows the JavaDoc for the `CompletableFuture` class. At the top, there are three checkboxes: "Show inherited members (Ctrl+F12)", "Show Anonymous Classes (Ctrl+I)", and "Show Lambdas (Ctrl+L)", with the last one checked. Below the checkboxes is a list of methods, each with a small icon indicating its type (e.g., m for method, s for static method). The methods listed include:

- m s runAsync(Runnable, Executor): CompletableFuture<Void>
- m s screenExecutor(Executor): Executor
- m s supplyAsync(Supplier<U>): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s supplyAsync(Supplier<U>, Executor): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s thenAccept(Consumer<? super T>): CompletableFuture<Void>
- m s thenAcceptAsync(Consumer<? super T>): CompletableFuture<Void>
- m s thenAcceptAsync(Consumer<? super T>, Executor): CompletableFuture<Void>
- m s thenAcceptBoth(CompletionStage<? extends U>, BiConsumer<T, U>): CompletableFuture<Void>
- m s thenAcceptBothAsync(CompletionStage<? extends U>, BiConsumer<T, U>): CompletableFuture<Void>
- m s thenAcceptBothAsync(CompletionStage<? extends U>, BiConsumer<T, U>, Executor): CompletableFuture<Void>
- m s thenApply(Function<? super T, ? extends U>): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s thenApplyAsync(Function<? super T, ? extends U>): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s thenApplyAsync(Function<? super T, ? extends U>, Executor): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s thenCombine(CompletionStage<? extends U>, BiFunction<? super T, ? super U>): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s thenCombineAsync(CompletionStage<? extends U>, BiFunction<? super T, ? super U>): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s thenCombineAsync(CompletionStage<? extends U>, BiFunction<? super T, ? super U>, Executor): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s thenCompose(Function<? super T, ? extends CompletionStage<? super U>): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s thenComposeAsync(Function<? super T, ? extends CompletionStage<? super U>): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s thenComposeAsync(Function<? super T, ? extends CompletionStage<? super U>, Executor): CompletableFuture<U>
- m s thenRun(Runnable): CompletableFuture<Void> CompletionStage<Void>
- m s thenRunAsync(Runnable): CompletableFuture<Void> CompletionStage<Void>
- m s thenRunAsync(Runnable, Executor): CompletableFuture<Void> CompletionStage<Void>
- m s timedGet(long): Object
- m s toCompletableFuture(): CompletableFuture<T> CompletionStage<T>
- m s toString(): String Object
- m s tryPushStack(Completion): boolean
- m s uniAccept(CompletableFuture<S>, Consumer<? super S>, UniAcceptStage<S, T>): CompletableFuture<T>
- m s uniAcceptStage(Executor, Consumer<? super T>): CompletableFuture<T>
- m s uniApply(CompletableFuture<S>, Function<? super S, ? extends T>): CompletableFuture<T>
- m s uniApplyStage(Executor, Function<? super T, ? extends V>): CompletableFuture<V>
- m s uniCompose(CompletableFuture<S>, Function<? super S, ? extends T>): CompletableFuture<T>
- m s uniComposeStage(Executor, Function<? super T, ? extends V>): CompletableFuture<V>
- m s uniExceptionally(CompletableFuture<T>, Function<? super T, ? extends V>): CompletableFuture<V>

AWS Example

```
fun listS3Objects(name: String): List<ObjectListing> {
    val listings : MutableList<ObjectListing> = mutableListOf<ObjectListing>()

    var objects : ObjectListing! = s3.listObjects(name)
    listings.add(objects)
    do {
        objects = s3.listNextBatchOfObjects(objects)
        listings.add(objects)
    } while (objects.isTruncated)

    return listings
}
```



AWS Example

```
fun asyncListS3Objects(name: String): CompletableFuture<List<ObjectListing>> {
    return asyncS3.listObjects(name)
        .thenCompose { listing ->
            if (listing.isTruncated) {
                fetchTruncated(listing, listOf(listing))
            } else {
                CompletableFuture.completedFuture(listOf(listing))
            }
        }
}

fun fetchTruncated(
    objectListing: ObjectListing,
    listings: List<ObjectListing>
): CompletableFuture<List<ObjectListing>> {
    return asyncS3.listNextBatchOfObjects(objectListing)
        .thenCompose { listing: ObjectListing ->
            if (listing.isTruncated) {
                fetchTruncated(listing, listings + listing)
            } else {
                CompletableFuture.completedFuture( value: listings + listing)
            }
        }
}
```



Coroutines

AWS Example

```
...     suspend fun coroutinesListS3Objects(name: String): List<ObjectListing> {  
...         val listings : MutableList<ObjectListing> = mutableListOf<ObjectListing>()  
  
...         var objects : ObjectListing = asyncS3.listObjects(name).await()  
...         listings.add(objects)  
  
...         do {  
...             objects = asyncS3.listNextBatchOfObjects(objects).await()  
...             listings.add(objects)  
...         } while (objects.isTruncated)  
  
...         return listings  
...     }
```



BlogService

```
...fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
    return try {  
        ...val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
        ...val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
        articleService.add(user, article)  
        Success(data: "New article created.")  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        ...LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
        Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
    }  
}
```

Coroutines

```
...     suspend fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
...         return try {  
...             ...             val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
...             val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
...             articleService.add(user, article)  
...             Success(data: "New article created.")  
...         } catch (e: Exception) {  
...             ...             LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
...             Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
...         }  
...     }
```



Coroutines

```
...    suspend fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
        return try {  
            ...                val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
            ...                val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
            ...                articleService.add(user, article)  
            ...                Success( data: "New article created.")  
        } catch (e: Exception) {  
            ...                LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
            ...                Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
        }  
    }  
...}
```



0 callbacks!*

* explicit

Continuation

```
... suspend fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
    ... return try {  
        ... val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
        ... val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
        ... articleService.add(user, article)  
        ... Success(data: "New article created.")  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        ... LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
        ... Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
    }  
}
```

Continuation

```
... suspend fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
    ... return try {  
        ...     val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
        ...     val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
        ...     articleService.add(user, article)  
        ...     Success( data: "New article created.")  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        ...     LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
        ...     Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
    }  
}
```



Continuation

```
... suspend fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
    ... return try {  
        ...     val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
        ...     val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
        ...     articleService.add(user, article)  
        ...     Success( data: "New article created.")  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        ...     LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
        ...     Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
    }  
}
```

Continuation

```
... suspend fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
    ... return try {  
        ...     val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
        ...     val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
        ...     articleService.add(user, article)  
        ...     Success( data: "New article created.")  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        ...         LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
        ...         Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
    }  
}
```

```
suspend fun post(token: String,  
..... article: Article): Result {  
  
fun post(token: String,  
..... article: Article,  
..... cont: Continuation<Result>): Result {  
  
interface Continuation<in T> {  
    val context: CoroutineContext  
    fun resume(value: T)  
    fun resumeWithException(exception: Throwable)  
}
```

```
when(cont.label) {  
    ... 0 → {  
        ...     cont.label = 1  
        ...     authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
    }  
    ... 1 → {  
        ...     cont.label = 2  
        ...     userService.getUser(userId)  
    }  
    ... 2 → {  
        ...     cont.label = 3  
        ...     articleService.add(user, article)  
    }  
}
```



Coroutines

```
...    suspend fun post(token: String, article: Article): Result {  
        return try {  
            ...                val userId = authenticationService.getUserId(token)  
            ...                val user = userService.getUser(userId)  
            ...                articleService.add(user, article)  
            ...                Success( data: "New article created.")  
        } catch (e: Exception) {  
            ...                LOGGER.log(Level.SEVERE, msg: "Can't create article.", e)  
            ...                Fail(e.message ?: "Can't create article.")  
        }  
    }  
...}
```



AuthenticationService

```
fun getUserId(token: String): String {  
    fun getUserId(token: String, callback: (Result) → Unit) {  
        fun getUserId(token: String): CompletableFuture<String> {
```

```
class AuthenticationService(  
    private val httpClient: HttpAsyncClient  
) {  
    suspend fun getUserId(token: String): String {  
        val request = HttpGet(uri: "https://auth:8080/")  
  
        return httpClient.execute(request).entity.content.reader().readText()  
    }  
}
```

HttpAsyncClient (Callback API) -> Coroutines

```
suspend fun HttpAsyncClient.execute(request: HttpUriRequest): HttpResponse {
    ...
    return suspendCancellableCoroutine { cont: CancellableContinuation<HttpResponse> →
        ...
        val future : Future<HttpResponse!>! = this.execute(request, object : FutureCallback<HttpResponse> {
            ...
            override fun completed(result: HttpResponse) {
                ...
                cont.resume(result)
            }
            ...
            override fun cancelled() {
                ...
                // Nothing
            }
            ...
            override fun failed(ex: Exception) {
                ...
                cont.resumeWithException(ex)
            }
        })
        ...
        cont.cancelFutureOnCompletion(future);
        Unit
    }
}
```



CompletableFuture (Future API) -> Coroutines

```
suspend fun <T> CompletableFuture<T>.await(): T {
    ... return suspendCancellableCoroutine { cont: CancellableContinuation<T> →
        ... this.whenComplete { t, u →
            ... if (u == null) {
                ... cont.resume(t)
            } else {
                ... cont.resumeWithException(u)
            }
        }
    }
}

CompletableFuture.supplyAsync {
    ... // compute on common pool
}.await()
```

Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
compile("org.jetbrains.kotlinx:kotlinx-coroutines-core:0.19.1")
```

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
    delay( time: 1000 )
    println("Hello, World!")
}
```

Error:(56, 5) Kotlin: Suspend function '**delay**' should be called only from a **coroutine** or another **suspend function**



```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
    delay( time: 1000 )
    println("Hello, World!")
}
```

Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
    val blogService = BlogService(
        AuthenticationService(),
        UserService(),
        ArticleService()
    )
    val result = blogService.post(token: "token", Article())
    // work with result
}
```



Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    launch(CommonPool) { ←  
        delay(1000)  
        println("Hello, World!")  
    }  
}  
// Nothing
```



Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    launch(CommonPool) {  
        delay(1000)  
        println("Hello, World!")  
    }  
  
    Thread.sleep(2000)  
}  
  
// Hello, World!
```



Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {  
    runBlocking {  
        delay(1000)  
        print("Hello, ")  
    }  
  
    print("World!")  
}  
  
// Hello, World!
```



Coroutines: Hello, World!

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) = runBlocking {
    val blogService = BlogService(
        AuthenticationService(),
        UserService(),
        ArticleService()
    )
    val result = blogService.post( token: "token", Article())
    // work with result
}
```



Coroutines + Spring

```
@RestController
class BlogController(
    val blogService: BlogService
) {
    @PostMapping("/{token}")
    fun createArticle(@PathVariable token: String, article: Article): CompletableFuture<String> {
        return future {
            val result = blogService.post(token, article)

            when (result) {
                is Success → result.data
                is Fail → throw RuntimeException(result.message)
            }
        }
    }
}
```



Recap

Coroutines are:

Way to pass callbacks(continuations), but write code that looks synchronous

Can be considered as **lightweight threads**

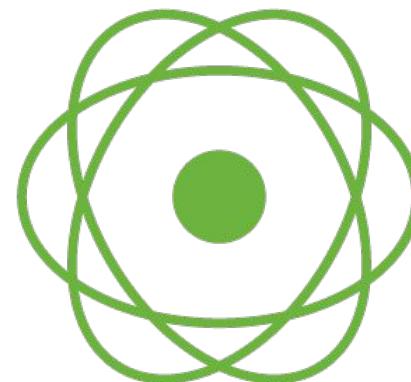
Regular world -> Coroutines: **launch**, **runBlocking**, **future**, **async**, etc

Coroutines -> Coroutines: **suspend** keyword

Async Api -> Coroutines: **suspendCoroutine**, **suspendCancellableCoroutine**

ktor Anko

VERT.X



Q&A

Ruslan Ibragimov @HeapyHop

Belarus Kotlin User Group: <https://bkug.by/>

Java Professionals BY: <http://jprof.by/>

Awesome Kotlin: <https://kotlin.link/>

Slides: <https://goo.gl/Ww2AsM>



Learn Kotlin Coroutines

- [Guide to kotlinx.coroutines by example](#)
- [Coroutines for Kotlin](#)
- #coroutines [Kotlin Slack](#)
- [Андрей Бреслав — Асинхронно, но понятно. Сопрограммы в Kotlin](#)
- [Andrey Breslav — Kotlin Coroutines \(JVMLS 2016, old coroutines!\)](#)
- [Корутины в Kotlin - Роман Елизаров, JetBrains](#)

Kotlin Coroutines

Kotlin 1.1: Experimental

Kotlin 1.2: Experimental

```
// build.gradle
kotlin {
    experimental {
        coroutines 'enable'
    }
}
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental -> kotlin.coroutines



Roman Elizarov [JB] 8:38 AM

Coroutines are here to stay in the language, but their design will change (will get finalized) in future updates. For one, `experimental` will be dropped from the package name and some other tweaks might be introduced (two resume functions might be merged into one, for example, resolve and type inferences will be tweaked/improved, etc). There will be some migration required to go from "experimental" coroutines to "finalized" coroutines and we'll provide tools to aid in this migration and the support library with all the `experimental` packages so that old (non-migrated) code can run. This will not happen in Kotlin 1.2, though. Coroutines in 1.2 will stay the same as in 1.1 and will be backwards compatible (no migration is needed to go from coroutines in 1.1 to coroutines in 1.2). (edited)



Suspend functions Coroutines builders kotlinx.coroutines

Coroutines & Kotlin

- suspend – language
- low-level core API: coroutine builders, etc – kotlin.coroutines (kotlin-stdlib)
- libraries – example: kotlinx.coroutines (kotlinx-coroutines-core)

Suspend

Suspending Functions

```
suspend fun delay(  
    time: Long,  
    unit: TimeUnit = TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS  
) {  
    // ...  
}
```

Suspending Functions

```
suspend fun foo() {  
    delay(1000)  
}
```

```
16  
17     ⚡ suspend fun foo() {  
18         delay( time: 1000 )  
19     }  
20
```

Suspending Lambda

```
public fun launch(  
    context: CoroutineContext,  
    start: CoroutineStart = CoroutineStart.DEFAULT,  
    block: suspend CoroutineScope.() -> Unit  
): Job {  
    ...  
}
```

Generators

buildSequence

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**buildSequence**

```
public fun <T> buildSequence(  
    builderAction: suspend SequenceBuilder<T>.() -> Unit  
): Sequence<T> = Sequence { buildIterator(builderAction) }
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.buildSequence

```
val lazySeq: Sequence<Int> = buildSequence {
    for (i in 1..100) {
        yield(i) ←
    }
}

lazySeq.take(3).forEach { print(it) }
// 123
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**buildSequence**

Error:(22, 9) Kotlin: Restricted suspending functions can only invoke member or extension suspending functions on their restricted coroutine scope

```
public fun <T> buildSequence(  
    builderAction: suspend SequenceBuilder<T>.() -> Unit  
) : Sequence<T> = Sequence { buildIterator(builderAction) }
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.SequenceBuilder

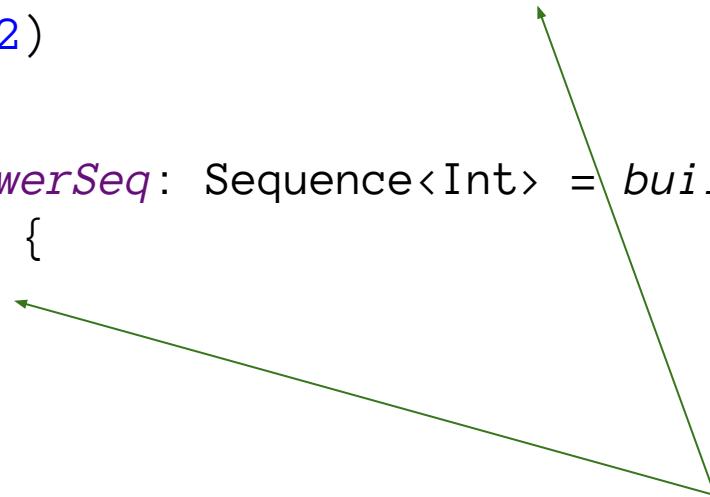
```
@RestrictsSuspension
public abstract class SequenceBuilder<in T> internal constructor() {
    public abstract suspend fun yield(value: T)
    public abstract suspend fun yieldAll(iterator: Iterator<T>)

}
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.SequenceBuilder

```
suspend fun SequenceBuilder<Int>.answer() {
    this.yield(42)
}

val ultimateAnswerSeq: Sequence<Int> = buildSequence {
    while (true) {
        answer()
    }
}
```



buildIterator

Iterator<T>

`buildSequence`
`buildIterator`
`@RestrictsSuspension`

kotlinx.coroutines

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.launch

```
public fun launch(  
    context: CoroutineContext,  
    start: CoroutineStart = CoroutineStart.DEFAULT,  
    block: suspend CoroutineScope.() -> Unit  
): Job {
```

CoroutineContext

- Unconfined
- CommonPool
- newSingleThreadContext, newFixedThreadPoolContext
- Executor.asCoroutineDispatcher

CoroutineStart

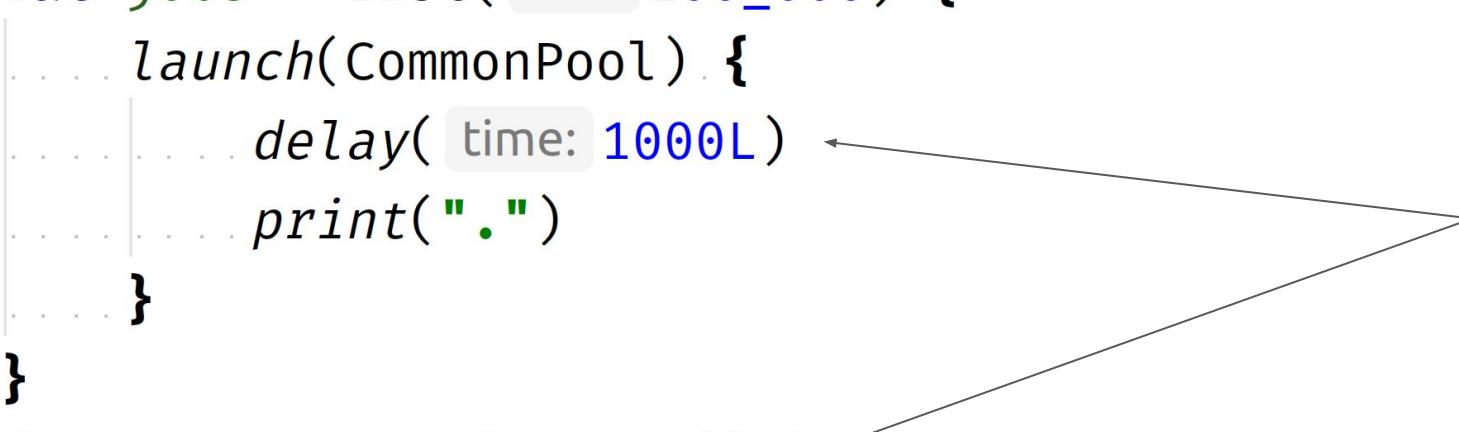
```
.... CoroutineStart.DEFAULT → block.startCoroutineCancellable(completion)
.... CoroutineStart.ATOMIC → block.startCoroutine(completion)
.... CoroutineStart.UNDISPATCHED → block.startCoroutineUndispatched(completion)
.... CoroutineStart.LAZY → Unit // will start lazily
```

CoroutineScope

```
public interface CoroutineScope {  
    public val isActive: Boolean  
    public val context: CoroutineContext  
}
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.launch

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) = runBlocking<Unit> {
    val jobs = List( size: 100_000) {
        launch(CommonPool) {
            delay( time: 1000L)
            print(".")
        }
    }
    jobs.forEach { it.join() }
}
```

Two arrows originate from the annotated code. One arrow points from the annotation '100_000' to the line 'size: 100_000'. Another arrow points from the annotation '1000L' to the line 'time: 1000L'.

kotlinx.coroutines.experimental.launch

```
val job = launch(CommonPool) {  
    while (isActive) {  
        delay(100)  
        println(42)  
    }  
}  
job.cancel()
```

kotlinx.coroutines.experimental.NonCancellable

```
val job = launch(CommonPool) {
    try {
        // ...
    } finally {
        run(NonCancellable) {
            // this code isn't cancelled
        }
    }
}
job.cancel()
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**async**

```
public fun <T> async(  
    context: CoroutineContext,  
    start: CoroutineStart = CoroutineStart.DEFAULT,  
    block: suspend CoroutineScope.() -> T  
): Deferred<T> {  
    ↗
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.async

```
fun main(args: Array<String>) {
    val blogService = BlogService(
        AuthenticationService(),
        UserService(),
        ArticleService()
    )

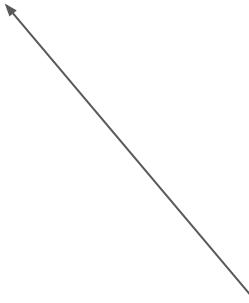
    runBlocking {
        val result1 = async(Unconfined) { blogService.post(token: "token1", Article()) }
        val result2 = async(Unconfined) { blogService.post(token: "token2", Article()) }

        println("Result: ${result1.await()}, ${result2.await()}")
    }
}
```



kotlin.coroutines.experimental.**yield**

```
suspend fun foo() {
    list.forEach {
        /*
        ...
        ...
        compute relatively heavy task
        */
        yield()
    }
}
```



kotlinx.coroutines.experimental. (withTimeout/withTimeoutOrNull)

```
withTimeout(100) {  
    request.await()  
}
```

```
withTimeoutOrNull(100) {  
    request.await()  
}
```

Recursive Coroutines

```
suspend fun test() {  
    println(Instant.now())  
    test()  
}
```

```
tailrec suspend fun test() {  
    println(Instant.now())  
    test()  
}
```

Debug

-Dkotlinx.coroutines.debug

Thread.currentThread().name

[main @coroutine#2]

[main @coroutine#3]

[main @coroutine#1]

```
public fun newCoroutineContext(context: CoroutineContext):  
    CoroutineContext = if (DEBUG) context +  
        CoroutineId(COROUTINE_ID.incrementAndGet()) else context
```

Call Coroutines from Java

```
suspend fun foo(): Int {  
    //...  
}
```

```
fun fooJava(): CompletableFuture<Int> =  
    future { foo() }
```

Core API

createCoroutine
startCoroutine
suspendCoroutine
suspendCancellableCoroutine

Core API

createCoroutine

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.createCoroutine

```
public fun <R, T> (suspend R.() -> T).createCoroutine(  
    receiver: R, ←  
    completion: Continuation<T> ←  
) : Continuation<Unit> = SafeContinuation(  
    createCoroutineUnchecked(receiver, completion),  
    COROUTINE_SUSPENDED  
)  
  
block.createCoroutine(receiver, completion)
```

```
launch(CommonPool) {  
    delay(1000)  
    println("Hello, World!")  
}
```



Bytecode

```
package by.heap.komodo.samples.coroutines.bytecode

import kotlinx.coroutines.experimental.delay

suspend fun fetch() {
    delay(1000)
}
```

Bytecode

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 yoda yoda 1342 Jun  1 08:03 ExampleKt.class  
-rw-r--r-- 1 yoda yoda 1833 Jun  1 08:03 ExampleKt$fetch$1.class
```

Bytecode

```
public final class ExampleKt {  
    public static final Object fetch(  
        Continuation<? super Unit>  
    );  
}
```

Bytecode

```
public final class ExampleKt {  
    @Nullable  
    public static final Object fetch(@NotNull final Continuation<? super  
Unit> $continuation) {  
        Intrinsics.checkNotNullParameter((Object)$continuation,  
"$continuation");  
        return new  
ExampleKt$fetch.ExampleKt$fetch$1((Continuation)$continuation).doResume()(Ob  
ject)Unit.INSTANCE, (Throwable)null);  
    }  
}
```

Bytecode

```
final class ExampleKt$fetch$1 extends CoroutineImpl {  
    public final Object doResume(Object, Throwable);  
    ExampleKt$fetch$1(Continuation);  
}
```

Bytecode

```
static final class ExampleKt$fetch$1 extends CoroutineImpl {  
    @Nullable  
    public final Object doResume(@Nullable final Object data, @Nullable final Throwable throwable) {  
        final Object coroutine_SUSPENDED = IntrinsicsKt.getCOROUTINE_SUSPENDED();  
        switch (super.label) {  
            case 0: {  
                ...  
                break;  
            }  
            case 1: {  
                ...  
                break;  
            }  
            default: {  
                throw new IllegalStateException("call to 'resume' before 'invoke' with coroutine");  
            }  
        }  
        return Unit.INSTANCE;  
    }  
}
```

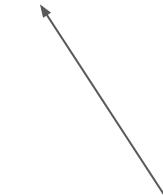


startCoroutine

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.startCoroutine

```
public fun <R, T> (suspend R.() -> T).startCoroutine(  
    receiver: R,  
    completion: Continuation<T>  
) {  
    createCoroutineUnchecked(receiver, completion).resume(Unit)  
}
```

block.startCoroutine(receiver, completion)



suspendCoroutine

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.SuspendCoroutine

```
public inline suspend fun <T> suspendCoroutine(  
    crossinline block: (Continuation<T>) -> Unit  
) : T = suspendCoroutineOrReturn { c: Continuation<T> ->  
    val safe = SafeContinuation(c)  
    block(safe)  
    safe.getResult()  
}
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.SuspendCoroutine

```
suspend fun <T> CompletableFuture<T>.await(): T =  
    suspendCoroutine { cont: Continuation<T> ->  
        whenComplete { result, exception ->  
            if (exception == null)  
                cont.resume(result)  
            else  
                cont.resumeWithException(exception)  
        }  
    }
```

suspendCancellableCoroutine

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.SuspendCancellableCoroutine

```
public inline suspend fun <T> suspendCancellableCoroutine(  
    holdCancellable: Boolean = false,  
    crossinline block: (CancellableContinuation<T>) -> Unit  
): T = suspendCoroutineOrReturn { cont ->  
    val cancellable = CancellableContinuationImpl(cont, active = true)  
    if (!holdCancellable) cancellable.initCancellability()  
    block(cancellable)  
    cancellable.getResult()  
}
```

kotlin.coroutines.experimental.SuspendCancellableCoroutine

```
suspend fun <T> CompletableFuture<T>.await(): T =  
    suspendCancellableCoroutine { cont: CancellableContinuation<T> ->  
        whenComplete { result, exception ->  
            if (exception == null)  
                cont.resume(result)  
            else  
                cont.resumeWithException(exception)  
        }  
        cont.invokeOnCompletion { this.cancel(false) }  
    }
```

suspend
createCoroutine
startCoroutine
suspendCoroutine
suspendCancellableCoroutine

Not Covered

- Channels
- Select
- ...

Shared mutable state and concurrency

- Thread-safe data structures (Atomics)
- Thread confinement fine-grained
- Thread confinement coarse-grained
- Mutual exclusion (suspending)
- Actors
- [Read more](#)