COUPLED ATMOSPHERE-OCEAN DATA ASSIMILATION IN THE CANADIAN GLOBAL PREDICTION SYSTEM

S. Skachko¹, M. Buehner¹, G.C. Smith¹, F. Roy¹, J.-M. Bélanger¹, D. Surcel-Colan², E. Lapalme², P. Koclas², S. Heilliette¹, S. Laroche¹

- ¹ Meteorological Research Division,
- ² Meteorological Service of Canada



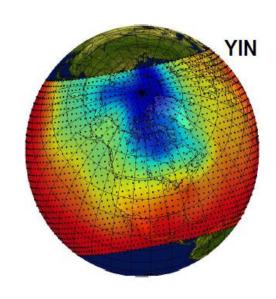
OUTLINE

- WCDA components
- technical implementation
- some results and discussion
- conclusions and perspectives

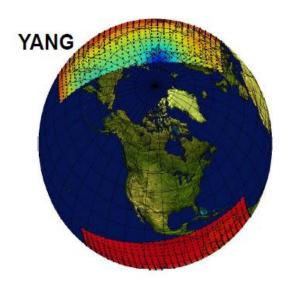


ECCC'S GLOBAL DETERMINISTIC PREDICTION SYSTEM (GDPS)

- GEM atmospheric model
 - Current ECCC's NWP system
 - Coupled GEM-NEMO_CICE 6h background
 - Coupled GDPS 10 day forecasts: atmosphere-ocean-ice
- 4D-EnVar data assimilation:
 - Variational approach using 4D ensemble covariances from EnKF
 - Hybrid covariances by averaging the ensemble covariances with the static NMC-method covariances
- Data assimilated by the GDPS:
 - radiosondes, aircraft
 - Surface report (SYNOP, SHIP, BUOYs)
 - ATOVS
 - ATMS
 - SSMIS
 - AIRS/IASI/CrIS
 - GeoRad
 - ASCAT
 - AMVs
 - GPS-RO



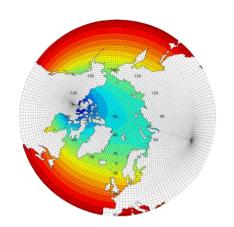
Global, $\Delta x = 25$ km

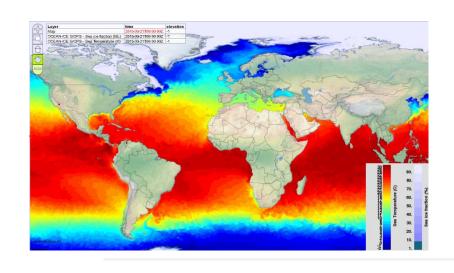


ICE-OCEAN MODELLING AND NEM® DATA ASSIMILATION WITH

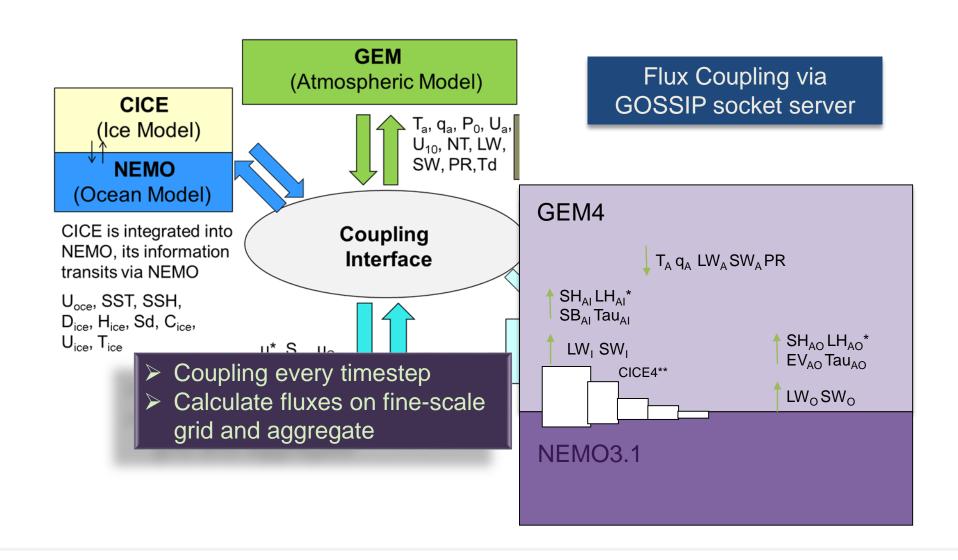
- Global Ice-Ocean Prediction System (GIOPS), NEMO-CICE coupled model
 - Seasonal forecasting
 - Coupled 6-h atmosphere-ocean-ice backgrounds
 - Coupled 10-day forecasts
- Mercator Ocean Assimilation System (SAM2):
 - Sea surface temperature daily
 - Temperature and salinity profiles weekly
 - Sea level anomaly from satellite altimeters weekly
- 3DVar Ice analysis:
 - SSM/I, SSM/IS, ASCAT, AVHRR
 - CIS charts and image analyses
- SST OI analysis:
 - in situ data, AVHRR, AMSR-E, ATSR
 - foundation SST
 - background: previous day analysis

1/4° (ORCAS025)

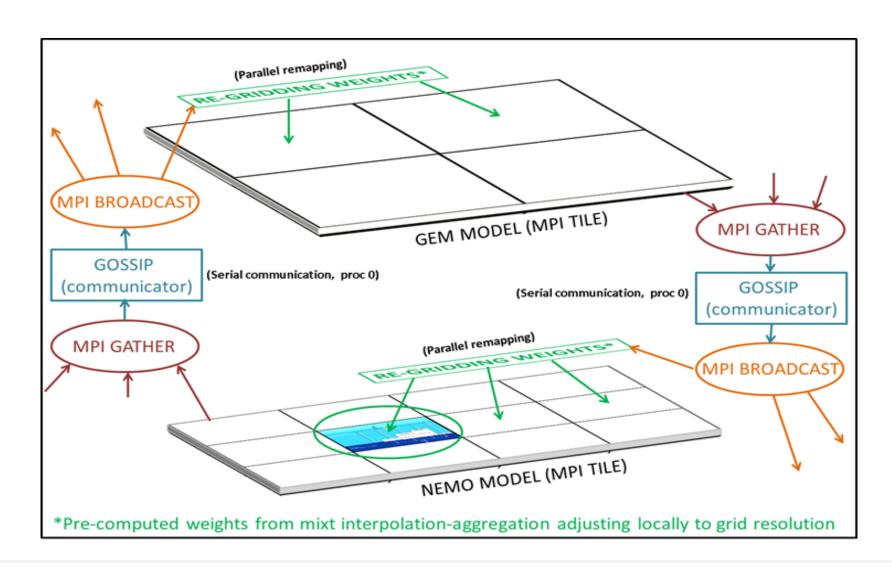




MODELS: Coupling Method

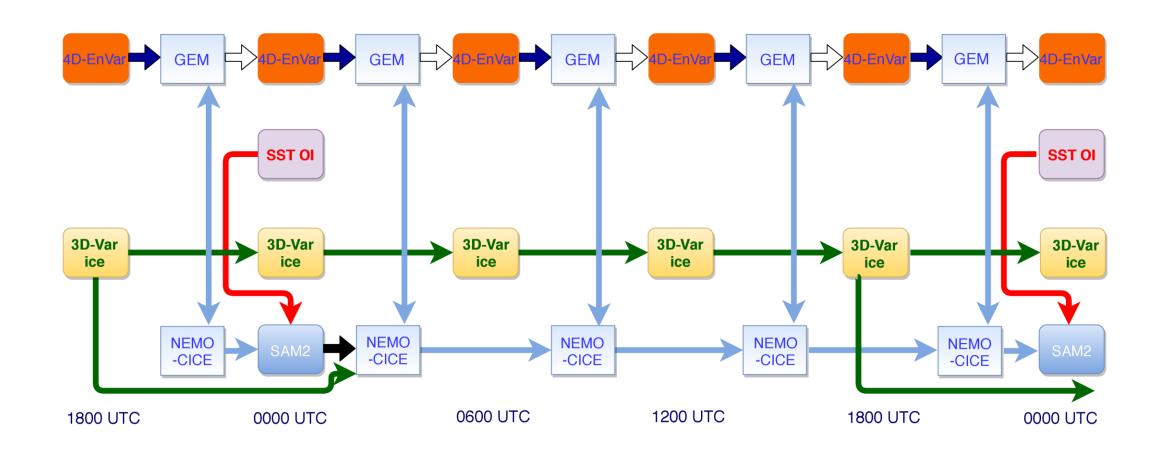


SCHEMATIC OF COUPLING DATA FLOW

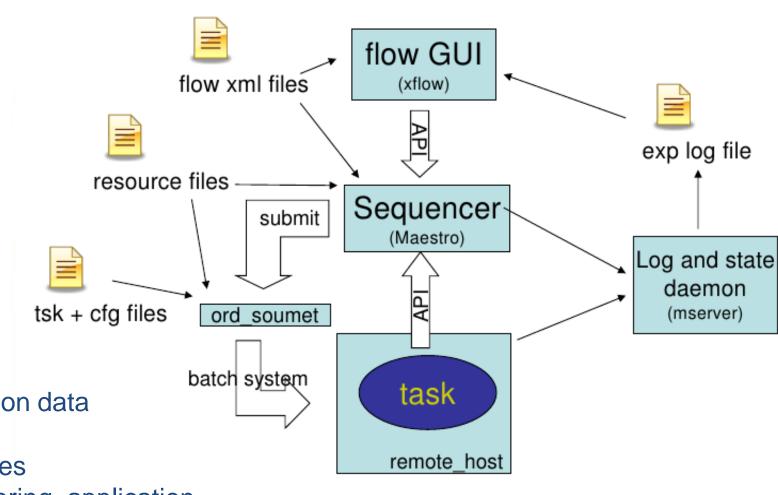


WEAKLY COUPLED DA:

INDEPENDENT OCEAN AND ATMOSPHERE DA; COMMON COUPLED BACKGROUND STATE FOR ATMOSPHERIC AND OCEAN DA.



MAESTRO: TASK SEQUENCER



- relies on xml flow definition files
- cfg files contain node configuration data
- tsk files are node source scripts
- exp log files contain log messages
- Flow GUI: the experience monitoring application

ATMOSPHERIC DA MAESTRO SUITE

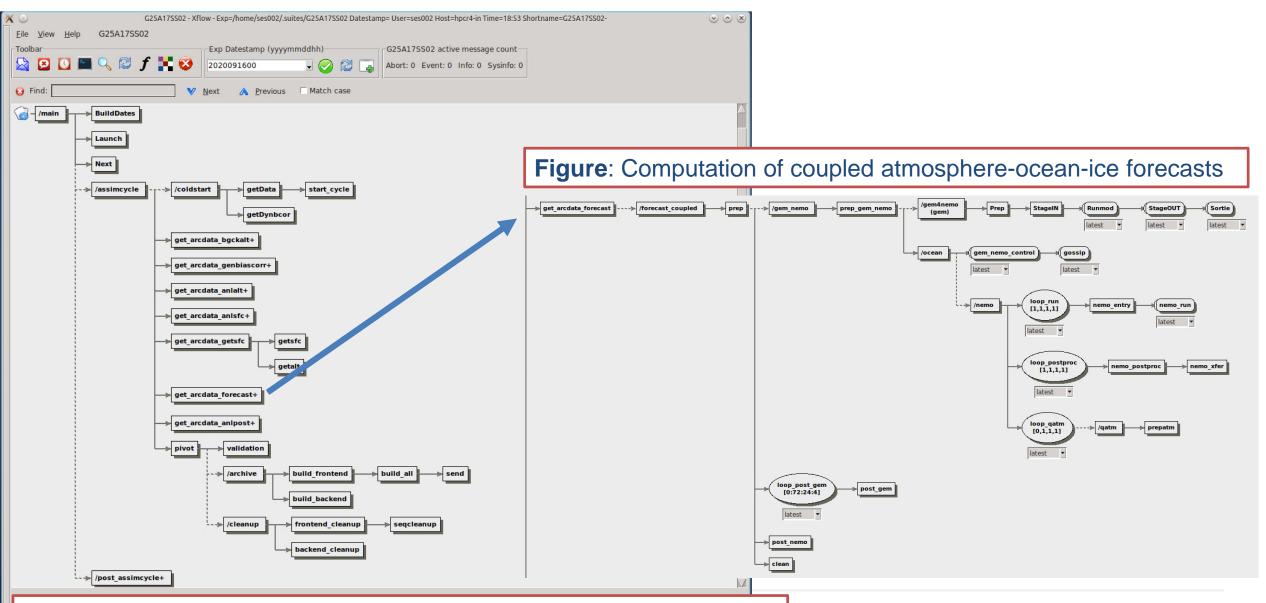
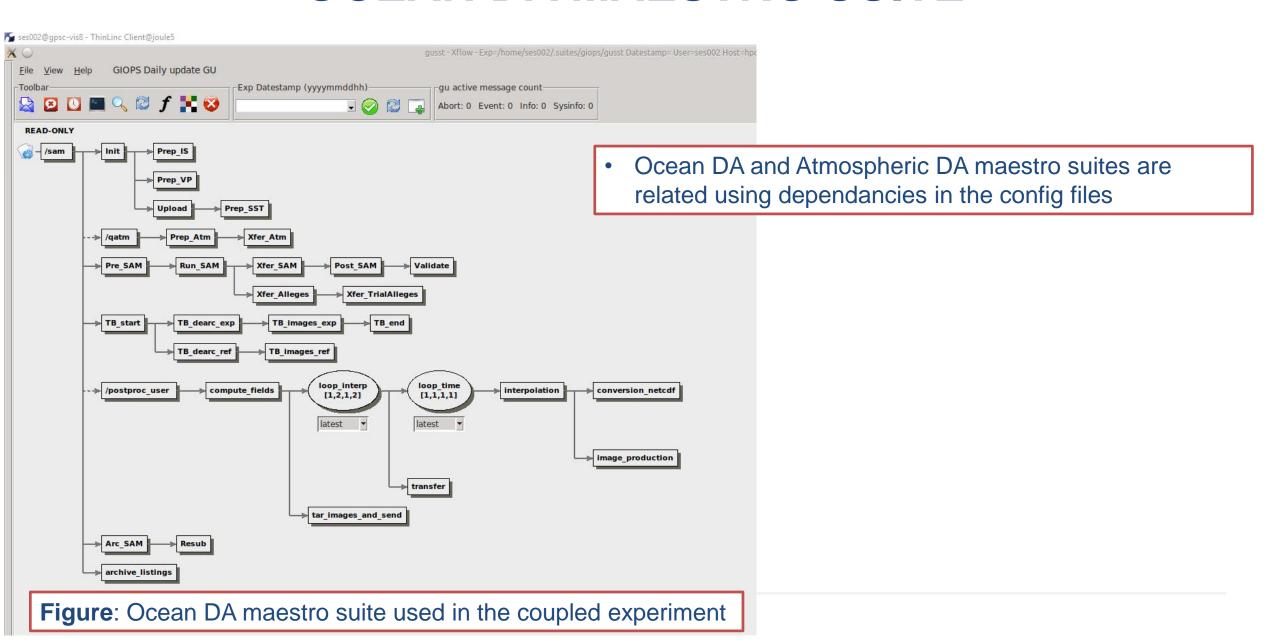


Figure: Atmospheric DA maestro suite used in the coupled experiment

OCEAN DA MAESTRO SUITE



RESULTS: WCDA VS UNCOUPLED DA

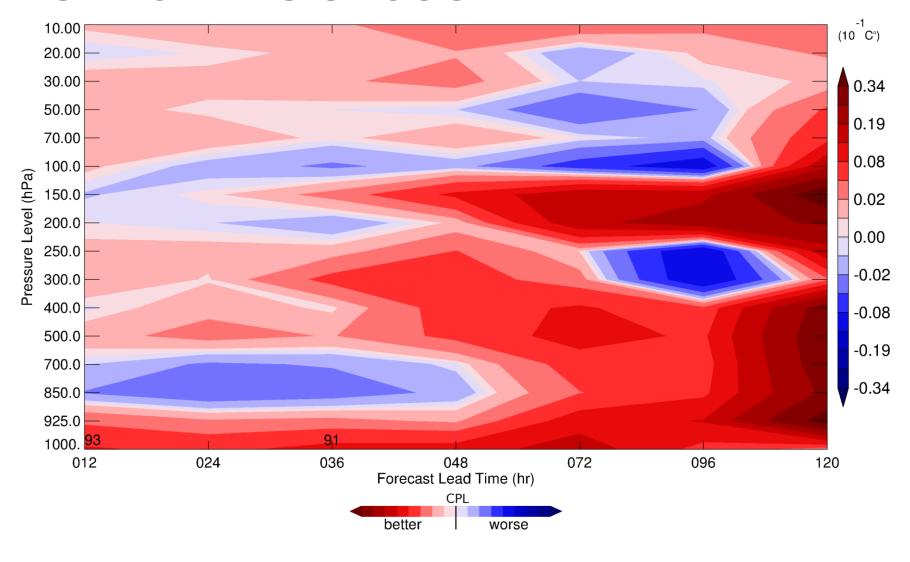


Figure: Difference in STD of Tair (°C) against the mean analysis as a function of forecast lead time. The statistics are computed for CPL and UNCPL in the northern extratropics region between 20 and 60°N. Positive values (red) mean that STD produced by CPL is smaller, negative values (blue) mean the converse.

WCDA VS UNCOUPLED DA

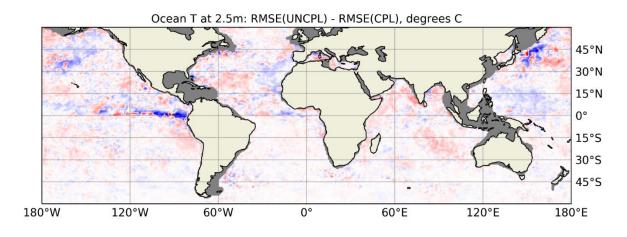


Figure: Difference between the UNCPL and CPL (24-h forecasts) RMSE with respect to Argo measurements.

Positive values (red) indicate that the RMSE produced by CPL is

smaller, whereas negative values (blue) mean the converse.

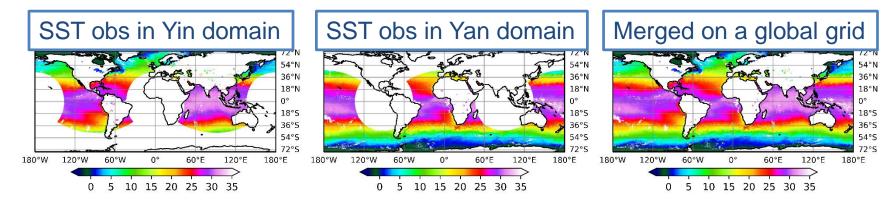
10 20 30 40 40 50 70 80 120°W 115°W 110°W 105°W 100°W Latitude

RMSE(UNCPL)- RMSE(CPL) for ocean T, degrees C

(top) The RMSE difference for ocean temperature at 2.5 m of depth. (bottom) T vertical section through 1.5 N latitude in the eastern tropical Pacific Ocean between 120 and 100 W.

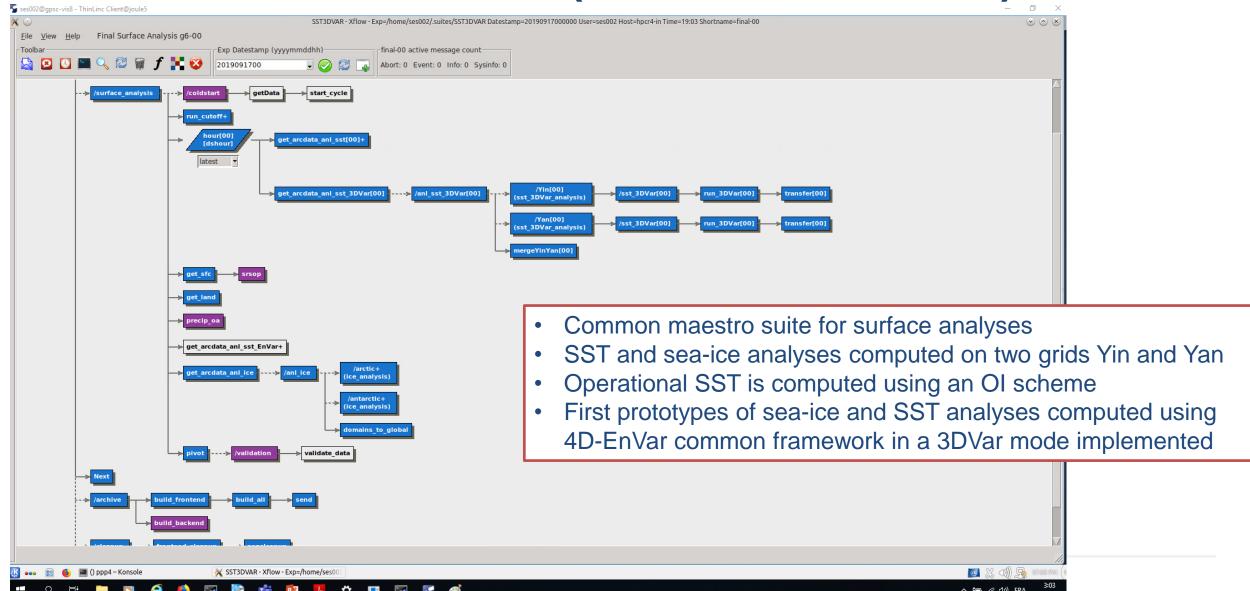
TOWARDS STRONGER COUPLING: NEW SST ANALYSIS

- compute SST analysis within common 4D-EnVar DA framework:
 - background error covariance matrix using diffusion operator,
 - 2 analyses on Yin and Yan grids,



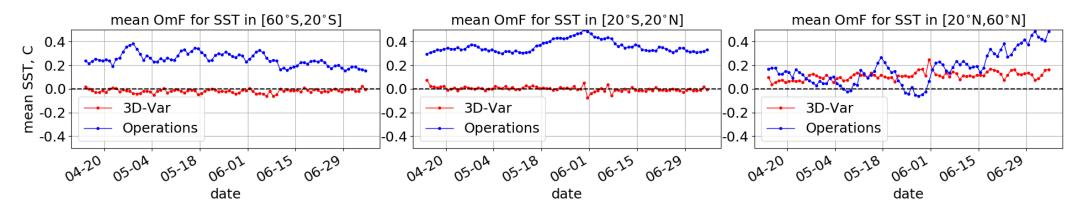
- first, perform 3DVar daily SST analyses and compare them with the operational system,
- then, use 4D-EnVar maestro environment to compute SST and sea-ice analyses.
- compute SST analyses along with the atmosphere and sea-ice every 6 h

SURFACE DA (SST AND SEA-ICE)

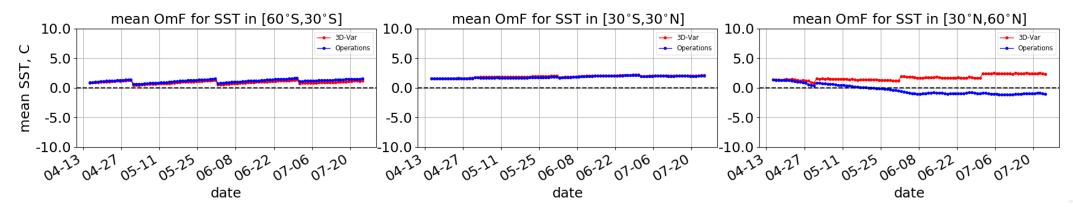


SST ANALYSIS RESULTS

Against assimilated data



Against ARGO data



CONCLUSIONS AND PERSPECTIVES

- Weak coupling between Atmospheric and Ocean-Ice DA shows slight improvements w.r.t. uncoupled DA
- 3D-Var (4D-EnVar) SST daily analysis for future system
- Future work: towards stronger coupling

Assimilation of SST / ocean mixed layer / Ice using atmospheric 4D-EnVar or EnKF every 6 h

