

Instructions – Practice – Recipe Manager

Overview:

This assignment is designed to test OOP concepts, focusing on inheritance and the use of multiple classes. You will be creating a program that simulates cooking scenarios where cooks can learn different recipes and display their culinary repertoire. To explore OOP inheritance, you will also create a subclass for expert cooks who can prepare meals in half the preparation time. You also need to understand how to access private variables.

Libraries Required:

- `random`

Classes Required:

- *Recipe*
 - Instance Variables:
 - *name*: (string) the name of the recipe
 - *ingredients*: (list) the ingredients required for the recipe.
 - *prep_time_minutes*: (int) the preparation time in minutes.
 - *cook_time_minutes*: (int) the cooking time in minutes.
 - Methods
 - `__init__`
 - The constructor
- *Cook*
 - Instance Variables:
 - *name*: (string) name of the cook.
 - *recipes_list*: (list) a private list to store *Recipe* objects that the cook has learned. Directly assign it to hold an empty list. Make sure you make the variable have a private scope
 - Methods
 - `__init__`
 - The constructor.
 - *learn_recipe*
 - adds a recipe to the cook's list of recipes.
 - *display_recipes*
 - prints out information about all the recipes the cook knows.
 - *display_recipe_complexity*
 - Counts and prints how many of the cook's recipes are *simple* (4 or fewer ingredients) and how many are *complex* (more than 4 ingredients).
- *ExpertCook* (Inherits from *Cook*)
 - Instance variables:
 - Everything from *Cook* through the use of *super()*
 - *training_location*: (string) where the expert cook trained
 - Methods:
 - *display_recipes*
 - prints out information about all the recipes the cook knows, except that expert cooks have the displayed prep time of the recipe decreased by half.

Logical Flow:

1. Make a bunch of recipe objects according to the description of the *Recipe* class constructor given above. *Recipe* objects each have a name, a list of ingredients, a prep time in minutes, and a cook time in minutes.
 - You can make whatever *Recipe* object you want. To save you time typing, here's a few if you want to paste some in, but it is up to you.

```
spaghetti = Recipe("Spaghetti", ["pasta", "tomato sauce", "meatballs"], 20, 10)
salad = Recipe("Salad", ["lettuce", "tomato", "cucumber", "salad dressing"], 10, 0) #
Assuming no cook time
pizza = Recipe("Pizza", ["pizza dough", "tomato sauce", "cheese", "pepperoni"], 15,
15)
chicken_curry = Recipe("Chicken Curry", ["chicken", "curry powder", "coconut milk",
"rice"], 20, 25)
pancakes = Recipe("Pancakes", ["flour", "eggs", "milk", "sugar", "baking powder"], 5,
15)
chocolate_cake = Recipe("Chocolate Cake", ["flour", "cocoa powder", "eggs", "sugar",
"butter"], 20, 30)
beef_stew = Recipe("Beef Stew", ["beef", "potatoes", "carrots", "onions", "beef
broth"], 15, 105)
```

- Store these recipes all in a list.
2. Use a loop to allow the user to input cooks interactively
 - a. Ask for the cook's name
 - b. Ask whether they are a normal or expert cook
 - i. If they're an expert, also ask for their training location
 - ii. If they enter anything other than 'normal' or 'expert' then print:
 1. "Not a valid cook type! Please enter normal or expert"
 2. And then ask for the cook type again.
 - c. Create a corresponding *Cook* or *ExpertCook* object and store it in a list that will hold all *Cook/ExpertCook* objects. *ExpertCook* objects have the same instance variables as regular *Cook* objects (because they inherit from *Cook*), but should also have a *training_location* instance variable, which is a string describing where they trained.
 - d. Let the user add as many cook/expert cooks as they want by prompting them if they want to enter in another cook. If they enter 'n' then you can move on to the next step. Here's some example output of adding one normal cook and one expert cook.

```
Enter a cook's name: Bob
What type of cook is Bob? (enter normal or expert): blablabla
Not a valid cook type! Please enter normal or expert.

What type of cook is Bob? (enter normal or expert): normal
Bob has now been entered as a cook.
Want to enter another cook? Enter 'Y' (or anything else) to keep going. Enter 'N' to stop: Y
Enter a cook's name: Gordon Ramsay
What type of cook is Gordon Ramsay? (enter normal or expert): expert
Where was Gordon Ramsay trained? London
Gordon Ramsay has now been entered as a cook.
Want to enter another cook? Enter 'Y' (or anything else) to keep going. Enter 'N' to stop: N
```

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3. Once all cooks have been entered, each cook should learn 3 random recipes using the *learn_recipe()* method. Each learned *Recipe* object should be stored inside of their *recipes* list instance variable:

- a. When *learn_recipe* is called, it should take in a *Recipe* object as an argument and add the *Recipe* object to the *Cook/ExpertCook* that called the method. But, it should only add the *Recipe* if it isn't already in that *Cook/ExpertCook*'s recipe list.
- b. If a *Cook/ExpertCook* tries to learn a recipe they already know, it shouldn't add anything to their recipes list and instead print out the message
 - i. "You already know how to cook <recipe name>!"
4. Once every *Cook/ExpertCook* has 3 *Recipes* in their recipe list, run the *display_recipes* and *display_recipe_complexity* methods on every *Cook/ExpertCook* object that you stored in your list of *Cook/ExpertCook* objects.
 - a. *display_recipes*
 - i. If the *Cook/ExpertCook* doesn't know any recipes, then it should print out "<cook name> knows no recipes."
 - ii. Otherwise, for every recipe in the *Cook's recipes* list, it should print out the recipe name, all the ingredients in the recipe, the prep time for the recipe, the cook time for the recipe, and the total time for the recipe (the total of the prep and cook time)

```
Alice's Recipes:
Spaghetti:
    pasta tomato sauce meatballs
    Prep Time: 20
    Cook Time: 10
    Total Time: 30
Pancakes:
    flour eggs milk sugar baking powder
    Prep Time: 5
    Cook Time: 15
    Total Time: 20
```

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 - iii. When an *ExpertCook* object runs this method, it should do the same thing except it should print out "(trained at <training location>)" next to their name, display the prep time as half of what the recipe states, and also print out "(Expert speed)" next to the prep time.
 - iv. For example, below see how when an expert preps Pancakes, the 5-minute prep time gets decreased to 2.5 minutes:

```
Bob's Recipes (trained at Gordan Ramsay's Boot Camp):
Pancakes:
    flour eggs milk sugar baking powder
    Prep Time: 2.5 (Expert Speed)
    Cook Time: 15
    Total Time: 17.5
Pizza:
    pizza dough tomato sauce cheese pepperoni
    Prep Time: 7.5 (Expert Speed)
    Cook Time: 15
    Total Time: 22.5
```

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 - b. *display_recipe_complexity*
 - i. This method is the same for *Cooks* and *ExpertCooks*.
 - ii. It should display their name, as well as a count of the number of simple recipes (defined as having 4 or fewer ingredients) as well as a count of complex recipes (defined as having 5 or more ingredients).
 - iii. Bob knows 1 simple recipe(s) and 2 complex recipe(s)

None of your methods should reference global variables. The only error/input handling you need to create is ensuring that the user enters in 'normal' or 'expert' when first creating the cook objects.

Example Output:

Note that in this output, by random chance the *learn_recipe* function was called with a recipe that had already been learned, so the message “You already know how to cook X!” printed out a few times when I ran it.

```
Enter a cook's name: Bob
What type of cook is Bob? (enter normal or expert): blablabla
Not a valid cook type! Please enter normal or expert.

What type of cook is Bob? (enter normal or expert): normal
Bob has now been entered as a cook.
Want to enter another cook? Enter 'Y' (or anything else) to keep going. Enter 'N' to stop: Y
Enter a cook's name: Gordon Ramsay
What type of cook is Gordon Ramsay? (enter normal or expert): expert
Where was Gordon Ramsay trained? London
Gordon Ramsay has now been entered as a cook.
Want to enter another cook? Enter 'Y' (or anything else) to keep going. Enter 'N' to stop: N
You already know how to cook Chocolate Cake!
You already know how to cook Chocolate Cake!
You already know how to cook Beef Stew!
Bob's Recipes:
Chocolate Cake:
    flour cocoa powder eggs sugar butter
    Prep Time: 20
    Cook Time: 30
    Total Time: 50
Beef Stew:
    beef potatoes carrots onions beef broth
    Prep Time: 15
    Cook Time: 105
    Total Time: 120
Pizza:
    pizza dough tomato sauce cheese pepperoni
    Prep Time: 15
    Cook Time: 15
    Total Time: 30

Bob knows 1 simple recipe(s) and 2 complex recipe(s)

Gordon Ramsay's Recipes (trained at London):
Salad:
    lettuce tomato cucumber salad dressing
    Prep Time: 5.0 (Expert Speed)
    Cook Time: 0
    Total Time: 5.0
Spaghetti:
    pasta tomato sauce meatballs
    Prep Time: 10.0 (Expert Speed)
    Cook Time: 10
    Total Time: 20.0
Beef Stew:
    beef potatoes carrots onions beef broth
    Prep Time: 7.5 (Expert Speed)
    Cook Time: 105
    Total Time: 112.5

Gordon Ramsay knows 2 simple recipe(s) and 1 complex recipe(s)
```

Rubric:

Since this is a practice problem, I didn't create a grading rubric, but you can check your work against the example solution in the repository. You could also paste the instructions and your code into an AI and ask it if you did anything wrong.