



Master in Informatics and Multimedia Engineering

**Computer Vision and Mixed Reality**

2<sup>st</sup> Project

Marker Based Augmented Reality

## 1. Goal

- a. Develop a computer vision application which implements marker based augmented reality that allows the inclusion of virtual elements aligned with real fiducial markers.
- b. Familiarization with the OpenCV (**Open**-Source **C**omputer **V**ision) library for real-time application programming and ArUco marker based library.

## 2. Development

### ***a. Camera Calibration***

Camera calibration is the process to compute the intrinsic parameters of the camera – the Perspective Transformation – and the distortion coefficients (optional) for correcting the radial and tangential distortions caused by the camera lens.

OpenCV Camera Calibration Tutorial [1] shows the method to implement this task with build-in OpenCV functions. However, there are alternative methods using other libraries as described, for example, in [2, 3].

Create an application with the method proposed in [1] (or chose another one) to calibrate offline your computer camera and save the intrinsic parameters for future use.

### ***b. Detection and camera pose estimation with ArUco library***

ArUco library for OpenCV [3, 4] is a marker based “minimal library for Augmented Reality applications based on OpenCV”.

Create an application to detect the ArUco markers and estimate the camera pose for each marker – the View Transformation – to make possible the registration of virtual objects aligned with the markers. The ArUco markers can be created with the proper method but in [5] there is an ArUco marker generator. A python examples with ArUco library can be found in [6].

### ***c. Registration of virtual objects***

Add virtual objects registered with the world coordinate system associated with the detected markers (different object for each marker ID).

## Bibliography

- [1] - [https://docs.opencv.org/master/dc/dbb/tutorial\\_py\\_calibration.html](https://docs.opencv.org/master/dc/dbb/tutorial_py_calibration.html)
- [2] - <https://medium.com/vacatronics/3-ways-to-calibrate-your-camera-using-opencv-and-python-395528a51615>
- [3] - <https://www.uco.es/investiga/grupos/ava/node/26>
- [4] - [https://docs.opencv.org/master/d9/d6d/tutorial\\_table\\_of\\_content\\_aruco.html](https://docs.opencv.org/master/d9/d6d/tutorial_table_of_content_aruco.html)
- [5] - <https://chev.me/arucogen/>
- [6] - [https://mecaruco2.readthedocs.io/en/latest/notebooks\\_rst/Aruco/aruco\\_basics.html](https://mecaruco2.readthedocs.io/en/latest/notebooks_rst/Aruco/aruco_basics.html)

Main *OpenCV* function for camera calibration and pose estimation:

Goal	OpenCV function(s)
Finds the positions of internal corners of the chessboard.	<i>findChessboardCorners()</i>
Renders the detected chessboard corners.	<i>drawChessboardCorners()</i>
Finds subpixel-accurate positions of the chessboard corners.	<i>cornerSubPix()</i>
Finds the camera intrinsic and extrinsic parameters from several views of a calibration pattern.	<i>calibrateCamera()</i>
Returns the new camera intrinsic matrix based on the free scaling parameter.	<i>getOptimalNewCameraMatrix()</i>
Transforms an image to compensate for lens distortion.	<i>undistort()</i>
Finds an object pose from 3D-2D point correspondences using the RANSAC scheme.	<i>solvePnPRansac()</i>
Project 3D points to an image plane.	<i>projectPoints()</i>
Converts a rotation matrix to a rotation vector or vice versa.	<i>Rodrigues()</i>

Main *OpenCV.ArUco* functions for marker generation, detection and pose estimation:

Goal	OpenCV function(s)
Returns one of the predefined ArUCo dictionaries.	<i>Dictionary_get()</i>
Draw a canonical marker image.	<i>drawMarker()</i>
Load the ArUCo parameters for the detectMarker process.	<i>DetectorParameters_create()</i>
Basic marker detection.	<i>detectMarkers()</i>
Draw detected markers in image.	<i>drawDetectedMarkers()</i>
Pose estimation for single markers.	<i>estimatePoseSingleMarkers()</i>
Draw coordinate system axis from pose estimation.	<i>drawAxis()</i>