Generating model-based standards: 19170, CityGML

ISO/TC 211 Ad-hoc for Automated Documentation

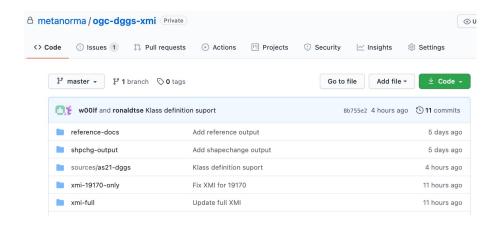
May 20, 2021

Ronald Tse



ISO 19170-1 in Metanorma

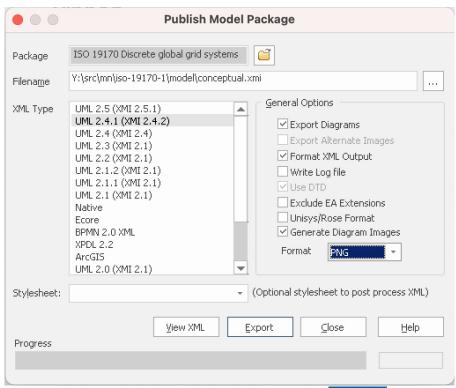
- Direct access to TC 211 harmonized model
- Copied over Metanorma document to new repository
- Previous version relied on Robert Gibb's program that extracted information from ShapeChange output
 - EA model => ShapeChange => HTML export => Custom program => Metanorma AsciiDoc
- Now:
 - EA model => Metanorma





Exporting from EA to XMI 2.4.2

- Diagram images must be PNG for now...
 - EMF (the only vector choice) didn't work on macOS: Inkscape, ImageMagick, MS Word all reported as invalid image
 - (UPDATE: Knut says it works on Windows, need to find out how it works)





ISO 19170-1 fully generated via EA model (except missing packages)

Contents Foreword Introduction 1 Scope 2 Normative references 3 Terms and definitions 4 Conventions 4.1 Abbreviated terms 4.2 Universal Resource Identifiers 4.3 Unified Modeling Language 4.4 Naming conventions 4.5 Attribute and association role 5 DGGS specification overview 5.1 Package overview 6 Common Spatio-temporal Classes package 6.1 Common Spatio-temporal Classes overview 6.2 Temporal and Zonal Geometry 6.3 Temporal and Zonal RS using Identifiers package 7 DGGS Core package 7.1 DGGS Core overview

ISO/TC 211 N 5025 Date: 2020-04-28 ISO/DIS 19170-1(E) ISO/TC 211/WG 9 Secretariat: SN

Geographic information — Discrete Global Grid Systems Specifications —

Part 1:

Core Reference System and Operations, and Equal Area Earth Reference System

Information géographique — Système Global de Données Maillées Discrètes

Partie 1:

Système de Référence et Opérations de Base, et Système de Référence Terrestre à Zone Égale

DIS stage



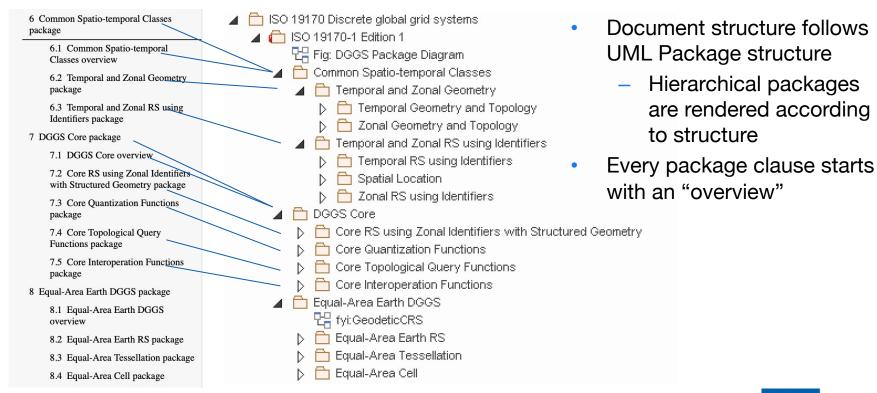
UML package representation structure

- ISO 19170-1 order:
 - Package
 - (diagrams)
 - Class
 - Enums
 - Data types

- CityGML order:
 - Class
 - (diagrams)
 - Class list
 - Data dictionary
 - ...



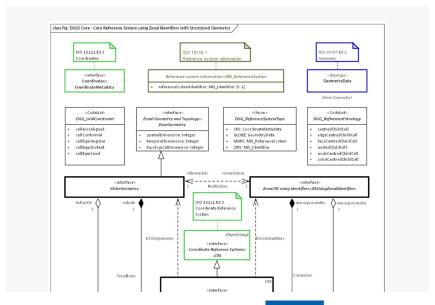
ISO 19170: Document structure





ISO 19170: Diagrams follow package structure

- Temporal Geometry and Topology
 Fig: Context for Temporal Geometry and Topology
 Fig: Primitives of Temporal Geometry and Topology
 Fig: Primitives of Temporal Geometry and Topology
 Signature (Amount of Temporal Geometry)
 Signature (Amount of Temporal Geometry)
 Signature (Amount of Temporal Geometric Primitive)
 Signature (Amount of Temporal Geometric Primitive)
 Signature (Amount of Temporal Geometric Complex Signature (Amount of Temporal Geometric Complex Signature (Amount of Temporal Geometric Collection)
 Signature (Amount of Temporal
- 7 DGGS Core package 7.1 DGGS Core overview 7.2 Core RS using Zonal Identifiers with Structured Geometry package 7.3 Core Quantization Functions package 7.4 Core Topological Query Functions package 7.5 Core Interoperation Functions package 8 Equal-Area Earth DGGS package 8.1 Equal-Area Earth DGGS overview 8.2 Equal-Area Earth RS package 8.3 Equal-Area Tessellation package 8.4 Equal-Area Cell package Annex A (normative) Abstract Test Suite A.1 Common Spatio-temporal Classes package conformance categories A.2 DGGS Core package conformance categories A.3 Equal-Area Earth DGGS package conformance categories
- 7.2 Core RS using Zonal Identifiers with Structured Geometry package
- 7.2.1 Core RS using Zonal Identifiers with Structured Geometry overview





ISO 19170: Representation of an UML class

Table 4 — Elements of Temporal Geometry and Topology::TemporalGeometry

Name:	TemporalGeometry			
Definition:	Temporal Geometry implements 1D Geometry on a Temporal Coordinate System.			
Stereotype:	interface			
Inheritance from:	ZoneSimpleGeometry, Geometry			
Generalization of:	TM_GeometricPrimitive, TemporalGeometricPrimitive, TemporalGeometricCollection			
Abstract:	true			
Associations:	Association with:	Obligation	Maximum occurrence	Provides:
	TemporalGeometry	С	*	element
	TemporalTopology	С	1	topology
Public attributes:	(none)			
Constraints:	self.coordinateDimension ← 1			
	self.rsid.CoordinateSystem = TemporalCS			
	self.spatialDimension.isEmpty = True			
	self.type.in{point,line} = True			



ISO 19170: Enums

 $Table \ 59-Elements \ of \ Core \ Topological \ Query \ Functions:: Relative Position$

Name:	RelativePosition		
Definition:	Enumeration for the relative position of two geometries projected to a single uni-directional dimension, e.g. time. NOTE in this specification the relative position names follow those adopted by W3C and \<\COGC16-071r2\>>, which is more recent than \<\CISO19108\>>.		
Stereotype:	interface		
Abstract:			
Associations:	(none)		
Values:	Name	Definition	
	Before	For this Period and another.Period: self.end \< another.Period.begin	
	After For this Period and another.Period: self.begin > another.Period.end		
	Meets	For this Period and another.Period: self.end = another.Period.begin	



ISO 19170: Requirements external to the model

A.1 Common Spatio-temporal Classes package conformance categories

The requirement tests that apply to each conformance category in the Common Spatio-temporal Classes package are listed in Table A.1

Table A.1 — Conformance classes for Common Spatio-temporal Classes package

Conformance class	Requirement tests
Temporal geometry and topology	Requirement A.1
Temporal reference systems using period identifiers	Requirement A.4
Spatial zone geometry and topology	Requirement A.2
Spatial reference systems using zonal identifiers	Requirement A.3, & Requirement A.5
Spatio-temporal zone geometry and topology	Requirement A.1, & Requirement A.2
Spatio-temporal reference systems using zonal identifiers	Requirement A.3, Requirement A.4, & Requirement A.5

Requirement A.1: Common Spatio-temporal Classes — Temporal — Geometry

Abbreviation conf/cc/temporal/geometry

Type Bas

Requirement 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/DGGS/2.0/req/cc/temporal/geometry

Reference subclause 6.2

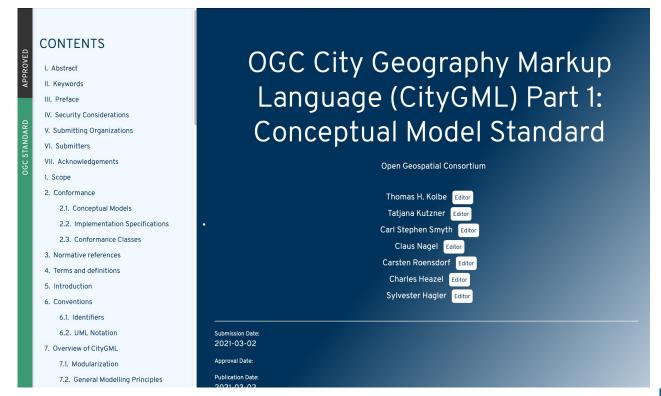
Test purpose To verify the common classes for temporal geometry and topology conform to the data model in Figure 3 and

Figure 4, and defining tables in Table 5-Table 11.

Test method Inspect documentation of the DGGS specification.



OGC CityGML 20-010





Same export options

	Publish Model Package
Package Filena <u>m</u> e XML Type	Y:\src\mn\ogc-citygml-xmi\model\conceptual.xmi UML 2.5 (XMI 2.5.1) UML 2.4.1 (XMI 2.4.2) UML 2.4 (XMI 2.4) UML 2.3 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.2 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.2 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.2 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.2 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.1 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.1 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.1 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.2 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.3 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.4 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.5 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.5 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.6 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1.7 (XMI 2.1) UML 2.1
Stylesheet:	ArcGIS UML 2.0 (XMI 2.1) (Optional stylesheet to post process XML)
Progress	View XML Export Close Help



CityGML: UML classes

10.1.4. Class GM_Object (ISO 19107: 2003)

Table 925

_Object		
Definition:	GM_Object is the root class of the geometric object taxonomy and supports interfaces common tall geographically referenced geometric objects. GM_Object instances are sets of direct positions in a particular coordinate reference system. A GM_Object can be regarded as an infinite set of points that satisfies the set operation interfaces for a set of direct positions. TransfiniteSet-DirectPosition>-S ince an infinite collection class cannot be implemented directly a Boolean test for inclusion shall be provided by the GM_Object interface. This international standard concentrates on vector geometry classes, but future work may use GM_Object as a root class without modification. NOTE As a type, GM_Object does not have a well-defined default statior value representation as a data type. Instantiated subclasses of GM_Object will.	
Subclass Of:	none	
StereoType:	«type»	
Constraint:	dimension() > boundary().dimension (Invariant):	
Constraint:	boundary().notEmpty() implies boundary().dimension() = dimension() -1 (Invariant):	
Constraint:	boundary().isEmpty() = isCycle() (Invariant):	

Role name	Target class and multiplicity	Definition
	Geometry [11]	

Role name	Target class and multiplicity	Definition
	Geometry [11]	
	TransfiniteSet <directposition> [11]</directposition>	
	CV_DomainObject [11]	
CRS	CRS [01]	
CRS	SC_CRS [01]	

Note: Unless otherwise specified, all attribute and role names have the stereotype «Property»



Challenges: great power comes with great responsibilities

- <u>Inaccurate annotations</u> in model will carry on to document
 - Formatting errors in "Notes" field, such as "Test Purpose"
 - Usage of RTF formatting mixed with AsciiDoc syntax (e.g. RTF formatting does not support definition lists)

Abbreviation 2.0/[req|conf]/core/rs/constraint/equal_area*Requirement::* _Equal Area?—7the DGGS Constraint of an Equal Area Earth Reference System SHALL be EqualArea_*Test Purpos*e:: To verify the DGGS ConstraintType of an Equal Area Earth Reference System is EqualArea. Abbreviation::

2.0/[req|conf]/ea/ers/global_domain*Requirement:* _Global Domain?—7the DGGS Domain of an Equal Area Earth Reference System SHALL be the whole surface of the DGGS Reference Frame's Earth Model_*Test Purpos*e:: To verify the DGGS Domain of an Equal Area Earth Reference System is the whole surface area of the DGGS Reference System's Earth model. Conformance Test Method:: Inspect documentation of the DGGS specification.

- Diagrams cannot be exported as EMF (Windows Enhanced Metadata Format)
 - Enterprise Architect exported EMF files (Metafile format) can't be read on macOS or Linux
 - https://github.com/metanorma/ogcdggs-xmi/issues/17
 - Can't be read by Word, Inkscape, LibreOffice
 - (UPDATE: Knut says it works on Windows, need to find out how it works)



Guidelines necessary for MBS

- Provide guidelines on input (model)
 - What to enter in "Notes" field?
 - What syntax?
 - What diagrams to make/display?
 - Requirements/Tests in/out of model?
 - Conventions for skipping hidden diagrams/models (e.g. named with "Spare", "old: ")

Provide guidelines on output

- What is the canonical format on output?
 - Per package => per diagram => per model?
 - MBS from Clause 4 or 5?
- Should disallow insertion of arbitrary text/diagrams within MBS portion
- Possible to have a TC 211-wide template for MBS generated text?



Thank you, questions welcome!