#### **NAME**

```
gbz80 — CPU opcode reference
```

## DESCRIPTION

This is the list of opcodes supported by rgbasm(1), including a short description, the number of bytes needed to encode them and the number of CPU cycles at 1MHz (or 2MHz in GBC dual speed mode) needed to complete them.

Note: All arithmetic/logic operations that use register A as destination can omit the destination as it is assumed it's register A. The following two lines have the same effect:

```
OR A,B
OR B
```

#### **LEGEND**

List of abbreviations used in this document.

```
Any of the 8-bit registers (A, B, C, D, E, H, L).
```

- Any of the general-purpose 16-bit registers (**BC**, **DE**, **HL**).
- *n8* 8-bit integer constant.
- *n*16 16-bit integer constant.
- e8 8-bit offset (-128 to 127).
- u3 3-bit unsigned integer constant (0 to 7).
- cc Condition codes:

Z: Execute if Z is set.NZ: Execute if Z is not set.C: Execute if C is set.

NC: Execute if C is not set.

vec One of the RST vectors (0x00, 0x08, 0x10, 0x18, 0x20, 0x28, 0x30 and 0x38).

## INSTRUCTION OVERVIEW

```
8-bit Arithmetic and Logic Instructions
```

```
ADC A,r8
```

ADC A,[HL]

ADC A,n8

ADD A,r8

ADD A,[HL]

ADD A,n8

AND A,r8

AND A,[HL]

AND A,n8

CP A,r8

CP A,[HL]

CP A,n8 DEC r8

DEC [HL]

INC r8

INC [HL]

```
OR A,r8
   OR A,[HL]
   OR A,n8
   SBC A,r8
   SBC A,[HL]
   SBC A,n8
   SUB A,r8
   SUB A,[HL]
   SUB A,n8
   XOR A,r8
   XOR A,[HL]
   XOR A,n8
16-bit Arithmetic Instructions
   ADD HL,r16
   DEC r16
   INC r16
Bit Operations Instructions
   BIT u3,r8
   BIT u3,[HL]
   RES u3,r8
   RES u3,[HL]
   SET u3,r8
   SET u3,[HL]
   SWAP r8
   SWAP [HL]
Bit Shift Instructions
   RL r8
   RL [HL]
   RLA
   RLC r8
   RLC [HL]
   RLCA
   RR r8
   RR [HL]
   RRA
   RRC r8
   RRC [HL]
   RRCA
   SLA r8
   SLA [HL]
```

## **Load Instructions**

SRA r8 SRA [HL] SRL r8 SRL [HL]

```
LD r8,r8
   LD r8,n8
   LD r16,n16
   LD [HL],r8
   LD [HL],n8
   LD r8,[HL]
   LD [r16],A
   LD [n16],A
   LD [$FF00+n8],A
   LD [$FF00+C],A
   LD A,[r16]
   LD A,[n16]
   LD A,[$FF00+n8]
   LD A,[$FF00+C]
   LD [HL+],A
   LD [HL-],A
   LD A,[HL+]
   LD A,[HL-]
Jumps and Subroutines
   CALL n16
   CALL cc,n16
   JP HL
   JP n16
   JP cc,n16
   JR e8
   JR cc,e8
   RET cc
   RET
   RETI
   RST vec
   ADD HL,SP
```

## **Stack Operations Instructions**

ADD SP,e8 **DEC SP INC SP** LD SP,n16 LD [n16],SP LD HL,SP+e8 LD SP,HL POP AF POP r16 **PUSH AF** 

## **Miscellaneous Instructions**

**CCF CPL** 

PUSH r16

```
DAA
DI
```

DI

EI

**HALT** 

NOP

**SCF** 

STOP

#### INSTRUCTION REFERENCE

## ADC A,r8

Add the value in r8 plus the carry flag to A.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

#### Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 0
- **H**: Set if overflow from bit 3.
- **C**: Set if overflow from bit 7.

## ADC A,[HL]

Add the value pointed by **HL** plus the carry flag to **A**.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 1

Flags: See ADC A,r8

## ADC A,n8

Add the value n8 plus the carry flag to A.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

Flags: See ADC A,r8

## ADD A,r8

Add the value in r8 to A.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

## Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- **N**: 0
- **H**: Set if overflow from bit 3.
- **C**: Set if overflow from bit 7.

## ADD A,[HL]

Add the value pointed by **HL** to **A**.

Cycles: 2

```
Bytes: 1
```

Flags: See ADD A,r8

#### ADD A,n8

Add the value n8 to A.

Cycles: 2 Bytes: 2

Flags: See ADD A,r8

## ADD HL,r16

Add the value in r16 to **HL**.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 1

## Flags:

- N: 0
- **H**: Set if overflow from bit 11.
- **C**: Set if overflow from bit 15.

## ADD HL,SP

Add the value in **SP** to **HL**.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 1

Flags: See ADD HL,r16

# ADD SP,e8

Add the signed value e8 to SP.

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 2

## Flags:

- **Z**: 0
- N: 0
- **H**: Set if overflow from bit 3.
- **C**: Set if overflow from bit 7.

#### AND A r8

Bitwise AND between the value in r8 and A.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

#### Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- **N**: 0

```
• H: 1
```

• **C**: 0

#### AND A,[HL]

Bitwise AND between the value pointed by **HL** and **A**.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 1

Flags: See AND A,r8

#### AND A,n8

Bitwise AND between the value in n8 and A.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

Flags: See AND A,r8

## BIT u3,r8

Test bit u3 in register r8, set the zero flag if bit not set.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

## Flags:

• **Z**: Set if the selected bit is 0.

• N: 0

• **H**: 1

#### BIT u3,[HL]

Test bit u3 in the byte pointed by **HL**, set the zero flag if bit not set.

Cycles: 3

Bytes: 2

Flags: See BIT u3,r8

## CALL n16

Call address n16.

Cycles: 6

Bytes: 3

Flags: None affected.

## CALL cc,n16

Call address n16 if condition cc is met.

Cycles: 6/3

Bytes: 3

```
CCF
```

Complement Carry Flag.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

## Flags:

- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Complemented.

#### CP A,r8

Subtract the value in r8 from A and set flags accordingly, but don't store the result.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

## Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 1
- **H**: Set if no borrow from bit 4.
- C: Set if no borrow (set if r8 > A).

#### CP A,[HL]

Subtract the value pointed by **HL** from **A** and set flags accordingly, but don't store the result.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 1

Flags: See CP A,r8

## CP A,n8

Subtract the value n8 from A and set flags accordingly, but don't store the result.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

Flags: See CP A,r8

#### CPL

Complement accumulator  $(\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{\tilde{A}})$ .

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

#### Flags:

- **N**: 1
- **H**: 1

## DAA

Decimal adjust register A to get a correct BCD representation after an arithmetic instruction.

Cycles: 1

```
Flags:
       Z: Set if result is 0.
       C: Set or reset depending on the operation.
DEC r8
    Decrement value in register r8 by 1.
    Cycles: 1
    Bytes: 1
    Flags:
    • Z: Set if result is 0.
    • N: 1
    • H: Set if no borrow from bit 4.
DEC [HL]
    Decrement the value pointed by HL by 1.
    Cycles: 3
    Bytes: 1
    Flags: See DEC r8
DEC r16
    Decrement value in register r16 by 1.
    Cycles: 2
    Bytes: 1
    Flags: None affected.
DEC SP
    Decrement value in register SP by 1.
    Cycles: 2
    Bytes: 1
    Flags: None affected.
DI
    Disable Interrupts.
    Cycles: 1
    Bytes: 1
    Flags: None affected.
\mathbf{EI}
    Enable Interrupts.
    Cycles: 1
```

```
Bytes: 1
    Flags: None affected.
HALT
    Enter CPU low power mode.
    Cycles: -
    Bytes: 1
    Flags: None affected.
INC r8
    Increment value in register r8 by 1.
    Cycles: 1
    Bytes: 1
    Flags:
       Z: Set if result is 0.
       H: Set if overflow from bit 3.
INC [HL]
    Increment the value pointed by HL by 1.
    Cycles: 3
    Bytes: 1
    Flags: See INC r8
INC r16
    Increment value in register r16 by 1.
    Cycles: 2
    Bytes: 1
    Flags: None affected.
INC SP
    Increment value in register SP by 1.
    Cycles: 2
    Bytes: 1
    Flags: None affected.
    Absolute jump to address n16.
    Cycles: 4
    Bytes: 3
```

## JP cc,n16

Absolute jump to address n16 if condition cc is met.

Cycles: 4/3

Bytes: 3

Flags: None affected.

#### JP HI

Jump to address in HL, that is, load PC with value in register HL.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

#### JR e8

Relative jump by adding e8 to the current address.

Cycles: 3

Bytes: 2

Flags: None affected.

#### JR cc,e8

Relative jump by adding e8 to the current address if condition cc is met.

Cycles: 3/2

Bytes: 2

Flags: None affected.

## LD r8,r8

Store value in register on the right into register on the left.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## LD r8,n8

Load value n8 into register r8.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

Flags: None affected.

## LD r16,n16

Load value n16 into register r16.

Cycles: 3

Flags: None affected.

## LD [HL],r8

Store value in register r8 into byte pointed by register **HL**.

Cycles: 2 Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## LD [HL],n8

Store value n8 into byte pointed by register HL.

Cycles: 3 Bytes: 2

Flags: None affected.

## LD r8,[HL]

Load value into register r8 from byte pointed by register **HL**.

Cycles: 2 Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## LD [r16],A

Store value in register A into address pointed by register r16.

Cycles: 2 Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## LD [n16],A

Store value in register A into address n16.

Cycles: 4 Bytes: 3

Flags: None affected.

#### LD [\$FF00+n8],A

Store value in register A into high RAM or I/O registers.

The following synonym forces this encoding: LDH [\$FF00+n8],A

Cycles: 3 Bytes: 2

Flags: None affected.

## LD [\$FF00+C],A

Store value in register A into high RAM or I/O registers.

```
Cycles: 2
Bytes: 1
```

Flags: None affected.

## LD A,[r16]

Load value in register A from address pointed by register r16.

Cycles: 2 Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## LD A,[n16]

Load value in register A from address n16.

Cycles: 4
Bytes: 3

Flags: None affected.

## LD A,[\$FF00+n8]

Load value in register A from high RAM or I/O registers.

The following synonym forces this encoding: LDH A,[\$FF00+n8]

Cycles: 3 Bytes: 2

Flags: None affected.

## LD A,[\$FF00+C]

Load value in register A from high RAM or I/O registers.

Cycles: 2 Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## LD [HL+],A

Store value in register A into byte pointed by HL and post-increment HL.

Cycles: 2 Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## LD [HL-],A

Store value in register  ${\bf A}$  into byte pointed by  ${\bf HL}$  and post-decrement  ${\bf HL}$ .

Cycles: 2 Bytes: 1

## LD A,[HL+]

Load value into register A from byte pointed by HL and post-increment HL.

Cycles: 2
Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

#### LD A,[HL-]

Load value into register A from byte pointed by HL and post-decrement HL.

Cycles: 2 Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

#### LD SP.n16

Load value n16 into register SP.

Cycles: 3 Bytes: 3

Flags: None affected.

## LD [n16],SP

Store **SP** into addresses n16 (LSB) and n16 + 1 (MSB).

Cycles: 5
Bytes: 3

Flags: None affected.

## LD HL,SP+e8

Add the signed value e8 to SP and store the result in HL.

Cycles: 3 Bytes: 2

## Flags:

- **Z**: 0
- N: 0
- **H**: Set if overflow from bit 3.
- **C**: Set if overflow from bit 7.

## LD SP,HL

Load register HL into register SP.

Cycles: 2 Bytes: 1

```
NOP
```

No operation.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

#### OR A.r8

Bitwise OR between the value in r8 and A.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- **C**: 0

## OR A,[HL]

Bitwise OR between the value pointed by **HL** and **A**.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 1

Flags: See OR A,r8

## OR A,n8

Bitwise OR between the value in n8 and A.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

Flags: See OR A,r8

### POP AF

Pop register **AF** from the stack.

Cycles: 3

Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## POP r16

Pop register r16 from the stack.

Cycles: 3

Bytes: 1

## **PUSH AF**

Push register AF into the stack.

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

#### PUSH r16

Push register r16 into the stack.

Cycles: 4 Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

#### RES u3.r8

Set bit u3 in register r8 to 0.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

Flags: None affected.

## RES u3,[HL]

Set bit u3 in the byte pointed by **HL** to 0.

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 2

Flags: None affected.

#### RET

Return from subroutine.

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## RET cc

Return from subroutine if condition cc is met.

Cycles: 5/2

Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## **RETI**

Return from subroutine and enable interrupts.

Cycles: 4

Flags: None affected.

## RL r8

Rotate register r8 left through carry.

$$C < -[7 < -0] < -C$$

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

## Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

## RL [HL]

Rotate value pointed by HL left through carry.

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 2

Flags: See RL r8

## **RLA**

Rotate register A left through carry.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

## Flags:

- **Z**: 0
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

#### RLC r8

Rotate register r8 left.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

## Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

## RLC [HL]

Rotate value pointed by HL left.

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 2

Flags: See RLC r8

## **RLCA**

Rotate register A left.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

Flags:

- **Z**: 0
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

## RR r8

Rotate register r8 right through carry.

$$C \rightarrow [7 \rightarrow 0] \rightarrow C$$

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

## RR [HL]

Rotate value pointed by HL right through carry.

$$C \rightarrow [7 \rightarrow 0] \rightarrow C$$

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 2

Flags: See RR r8

## RRA

Rotate register A right through carry.

$$C \rightarrow [7 \rightarrow 0] \rightarrow C$$

Cycles: 1

## Flags:

- **Z**: 0
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

## RRC r8

Rotate register r8 right.

$$[0] \rightarrow [7 \rightarrow 0] \rightarrow C$$

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

## Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- **N**: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

## RRC [HL]

Rotate value pointed by HL right.

$$[0] \rightarrow [7 \rightarrow 0] \rightarrow C$$

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 2

Flags: See RRC r8

## **RRCA**

Rotate register A right.

$$[0] \rightarrow [7 \rightarrow 0] \rightarrow C$$

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

# Flags:

- **Z**: 0
- **N**: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

## RST vec

Call restart vector vec.

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 1

Flags: None affected.

## SBC A,r8

Subtract the value in r8 and the carry flag from **A**.

Cycles: 1

```
Bytes: 1
    Flags:
    • Z: Set if result is 0.
    • N: 1
    • H: Set if no borrow from bit 4.
    • C: Set if no borrow (set if r8 > A).
SBC A,[HL]
    Subtract the value pointed by HL and the carry flag from A.
    Cycles: 2
    Bytes: 1
    Flags: See SBC A,r8
SBC A,n8
    Subtract the value n8 and the carry flag from A.
    Cycles: 2
    Bytes: 2
    Flags: See SBC A,r8
SCF
    Set Carry Flag.
    Cycles: 1
    Bytes: 1
    Flags:
    • N: 0
    • H: 0
    • C: 1
SET u3,r8
    Set bit u3 in register r8 to 1.
    Cycles: 2
    Bytes: 2
    Flags: None affected.
SET u3,[HL]
    Set bit u3 in the byte pointed by HL to 1.
    Cycles: 4
    Bytes: 2
    Flags: None affected.
```

## SLA r8

Shift left arithmetic register r8.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

## Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- **N**: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

# SLA [HL]

Shift left arithmetic value pointed by HL.

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 2

Flags: See SLA r8

## SRA r8

Shift right arithmetic register r8.

$$[7] -> [7 -> 0] -> C$$

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

## SRA [HL]

Shift right arithmetic value pointed by HL.

$$[7] \rightarrow [7 \rightarrow 0] \rightarrow C$$

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 2

Flags: See SRA r8

## SRL r8

Shift right logic register r8.

$$0 \rightarrow [7 \rightarrow 0] \rightarrow C$$

Cycles: 2

## Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- C: Set according to result.

## SRL [HL]

Shift right logic value pointed by HL.

$$0 \rightarrow [7 \rightarrow 0] \rightarrow C$$

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 2

Flags: See SRA r8

#### **STOP**

Enter CPU very low power mode. Also used to switch between double and normal speed CPU modes in GBC.

Cycles: -

Bytes: 2

Flags: None affected.

#### SUB A,r8

Subtract the value in r8 from A.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

#### Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 1
- **H**: Set if no borrow from bit 4.
- C: Set if no borrow (set if r8 > A).

## SUB A,[HL]

Subtract the value pointed by HL from A.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 1

Flags: See SUB A,r8

#### SUB A,n8

Subtract the value *n8* from **A**.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

Flags: See SUB A,r8

#### SWAP r8

Swap upper 4 bits in register r8 and the lower ones.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

## Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- **C**: 0

## SWAP [HL]

Swap upper 4 bits in the byte pointed by **HL** and the lower ones.

Cycles: 4

Bytes: 2

Flags: See SWAP r8

#### XOR A,r8

Bitwise XOR between the value in r8 and A.

Cycles: 1

Bytes: 1

#### Flags:

- **Z**: Set if result is 0.
- N: 0
- **H**: 0
- **C**: 0

## XOR A,[HL]

Bitwise XOR between the value pointed by **HL** and **A**.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 1

Flags: See XOR A,r8

# XOR A,n8

Bitwise XOR between the value in n8 and A.

Cycles: 2

Bytes: 2

Flags: See XOR A,r8

## **SEE ALSO**

rgbasm(1), rgbds(7)

## **HISTORY**

**rgbds** was originally written by Carsten Sørensen as part of the ASMotor package, and was later packaged in RGBDS by Justin Lloyd. It is now maintained by a number of contributors at

https://github.com/rednex/rgbds