

ANATOMY OF THE WEB

Week 1 - IST 263

Section M005

AGENDA

- Q&A
- Web Components
- How does the web work?
- Github Walk through

FAVORITE WEBSITE

INTERESTING FACTS

- Invented by Sir Tim Berners-Lee in 1989 at CERN
- <http://info.cern.ch/>
- <http://web.archive.org/web/19961220154510/http://www.yahoo.com/>
- Close to 1.2 billion websites
- W3C, the governing body that sets standards

HOW DOES THE
WEB WORK?

HOW DOES POSTAL MAIL WORK?

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COMPONENTS

- Internet
- World Wide Web (Web)
- Internet Protocol (IP) Address
- Hypertext documents
- Browser
- Uniform Resource Locator (URL)
- Webserver

COMPONENTS

- **Internet aka Inter-network**

Global Communication network that allows almost all computers worldwide to connect and exchange information. Invented in 1989 by Sir Tim Berners-Lee at CERN.

- **World Wide Web (Web)**

This is a byproduct of the Internet. The Web is a system of extensively interlinked hypertext documents

- **Hypertext documents**

It is a type of document that has 'links' to other texts. All webpages are hypertext documents that are written in HTML

- **World Wide Web Consortium (W3C)**

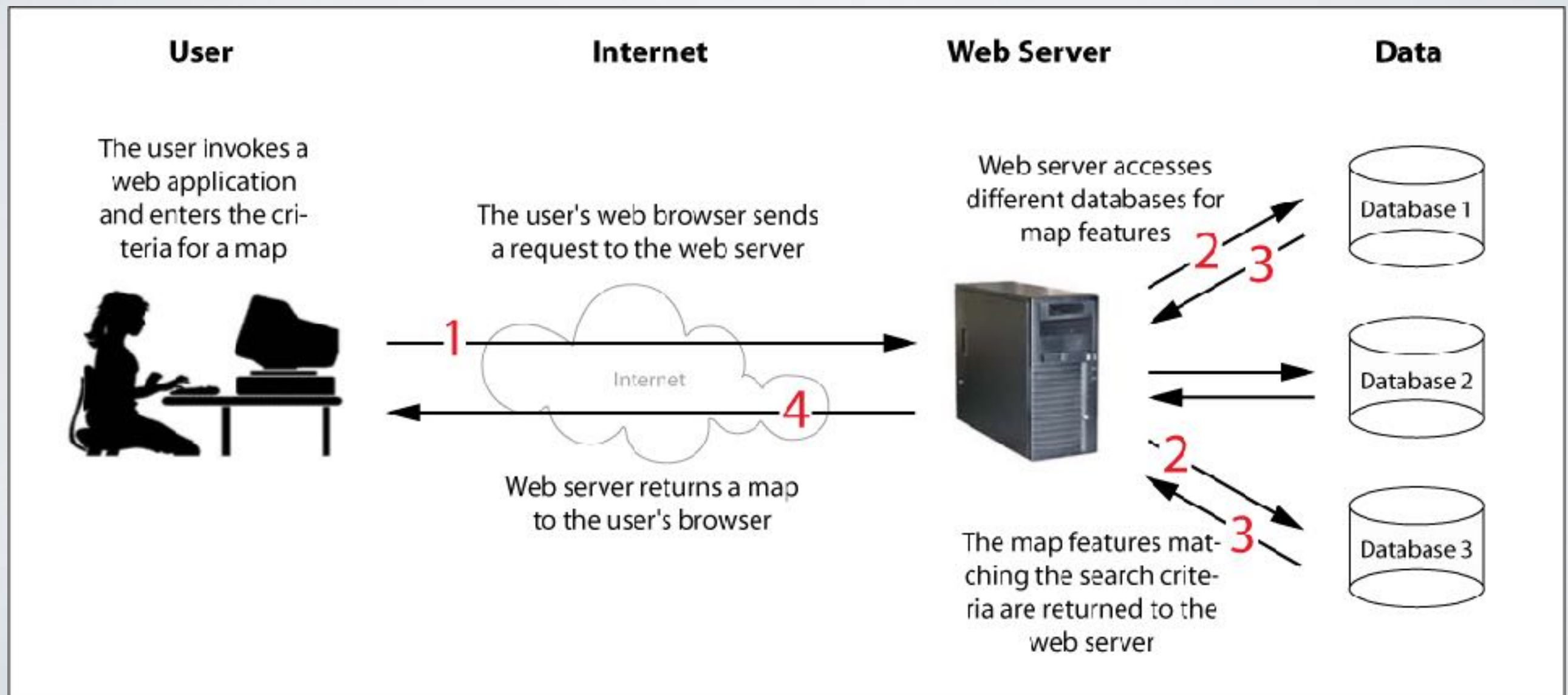
- **Internet Protocol (IP) Address**

- **Browser**

- **Uniform Resource Locator (URL)**

- **Webserver**

HOW DOES THE WEB WORK?



IP ADDRESS

- What is your IP address?

- 128.230.74.20

- Special Addresses

- 127.0.0.1

- localhost

- 192.168.x.x

- Host Names

- DNS

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My Office Address

43.038161, -76.134894

BROWSERS

- Browsers are web clients
- Type of Browsers
 - Command-line browser
 - Graphical Interface browser
- What purpose do they serve?
- Browser Engines

MORE COMPONENTS

- URL

<http://google.com>

- Protocol

<https://maps.google.com>

- Host name / IP Address

- Port

<https://maps.google.com:8080>

- Top-level-domain

- Sub-domain

<http://its.syr.edu/visitors/visitors-future.html>

WEB SERVER

- What is it?
- What does it do?
- Examples

HTTP

Hypertext Transfer Protocol

- HTTP Requests
 - What does the request need to have?
- Web Server
 - Handle HTTP requests
 - Creates and sends a HTTP response
- HTTP Response
 - Status Codes (2xx, 4xx, 5xx)
 - Header
 - Body

SUMMARIZE TODAY'S CLASS

HTML

Next Class

SUPPLEMENTAL INSTRUCTION

Git & GitHub

GIT & GITHUB

- All homework & project has to be submitted via GitHub
- GIT is not the same as GITHUB
- What is GIT?
- What is GitHub?

NEW WORKFLOW

- Pull from GitHub
- Commit to Git
- Push to GitHub