## MORE CSS

Week 4 - IST 263

#### SUMMARY

- What is CSS & how does it affect HTML?
- CSS Vocabulary
- How to apply CSS?
- CSS Specificity
- 'Cascading' Style Sheet

## HTML => DOM Tree

#### CSS Vocabulary

- Selector
- Property
- Value
- CSS Declaration
- CSS Declaration Block

```
h1 {
    font-size: 35px;
    font-weight: normal;
    text-align: center;
    color: #666;
```

### TODAY'S CLASS

- Fonts
- Colors
- Values & Units
- Long Hand / Short Form CSS
- Backgrounds
- Block / Inline Elements
- Box Model

## CSS COLORS

Basic Colors: Red, Green & Blue

Color	HEX	RGB	Color
	#FF0000	rgb(255,0,0)	Red
	#00FF00	rgb(0,255,0)	Green
	#0000FF	rgb(0,0,255)	Blue
	#00000	rgb(0,0,0)	Black
	#FFFFFF	rgb(255,255,255)	White

#### PSYCHOLOGY OF COLOR

Marketers see color as an important tool that can be used to influence consumer's emotions and perceptions

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Color\_psychology

#### TOOLS TO HELP

- https://coolors.co
- paletton.com
- Browser Add-on: Colorpicker

### SPECIFYING SIZES IN CSS

- · In Pixels, Ex: width: 1000px;
  - Pixels are an Absolute value
- In Percentages, Ex: width: 100%;
  - This is a relative value; relative to the parent element
- · in Ems, Ex: width: 10em;
  - lem = 16px;

#### FONTS

CSS Font Properties

```
p {
  font-family: Helvetica, "Trebuchet MS", Verdana, sans-serif;
}
```

Custom Fonts

```
@font-face {
   font-family: "myFont";
   src: url("myFont.ttf");
}
```

Fonts via Google or the Web

# CSS Longhand / Shorthand

## CSS BACKGROUNDS

# CSS SELECTORS

Next Class

#### BLOCK / INLINE

#### Block Elements

These HTML elements form a visible block on a page. Eg: List, Paragraph, etc

#### Inline Elements

These elements are those that are contained within block-level elements and surround only small parts of the document's content. Eg: Span, Anchors (links), etc

## BOX MODEL

