rare sales.R

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```
library(ggplot2)
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
library(lubridate)
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       date
library(reshape2)
library(data.table)
##
## Attaching package: 'data.table'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:reshape2':
##
##
       dcast, melt
## The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##
       hour, isoweek, mday, minute, month, quarter, second, wday,
##
       week, yday, year
library(plyr)
## Attaching package: 'plyr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##
       here
prices <- read.csv("prices.csv", sep = "|")</pre>
items <- read.csv("items.csv", sep = "|")</pre>
train <- read.csv("train.csv", sep = "|")</pre>
# separate dates (123 days, last date: 01/31/18)
train$year <- year(ymd(train$date))</pre>
train$month <- month(ymd(train$date))</pre>
train$day <- day(ymd(train$date))</pre>
train$weekday <- weekdays(ymd(train$date))</pre>
# add id for the unique combination of the "pid" and "size"
items$id <- as.factor(seq(1,length(items$pid)))</pre>
# combine new id with the train data set
```

```
train_items <- merge(train, items, by.y = c("pid", "size"))</pre>
# explore sizes(many contain the same information)
#levels(train$size)
# sum of sold items by id
sold_by_id <- ddply(train_items, "id", summarise, sum = sum(units))</pre>
ord <- sold_by_id[order(sold_by_id$sum, decreasing = TRUE),]</pre>
head(ord, 20)
            id sum
## 3023
         3023 2979
## 5886
         5886 2643
        5885 2411
## 5885
## 6865
         6865 1819
## 8189 8189 1694
## 3034 3034 1562
## 9306
        9306 1439
## 8188
        8188 1427
## 8508 8508 1388
## 426
          426 1358
        2954 1319
## 2954
         7243 1289
## 7243
## 9305
        9305 1280
## 4121
         4121 1259
## 8509
        8509 1237
## 427
          427 1224
## 9129
         9129 1146
## 7242
         7242 1113
## 12041 12041 1044
## 3060
         3060 1012
# There are 2263 items that were sold only one times
sum(as.numeric(sold_by_id$sum == 1))
## [1] 2263
# which items were sold only one times?
ids <- which(sold_by_id$sum == 1) # id is consistent with the raw number
sum(as.numeric(train_items[ids,]$stock != 0)) # all have non-zero stocks
## [1] 2263
table(train_items[ids,]$month) # rare sold products were sold in average
##
     1 10 11 12
## 608 507 620 528
# equal amount each month. But the whole other stock: 2263 items were
# sold in 28 days on February. So there is effect of discounts(probably)
# on the sale of these.
```