Lab 2: BMI Calculator

Course: Web Development

Level: 2nd Year of LMD in Computer Science

1 Introduction

In this lab you will create a simple BMI (Body Mass Index) Calculator web application. The BMI is calculated as:

$$BMI = \frac{Weight(kg)}{Height(m)^2}$$

The interpretation of BMI is as follows:

• Underweight: BMI < 18.5

• Normal weight: 18.5 < BMI < 25

• Overweight: $25 \le BMI < 30$

• Obesity: BMI ≥ 30

This lab is divided into several steps:

1. Step 1: Separate Files (Without jQuery)

Create separate files for the front-end and back-end. **Front-end:** An HTML form (fields: name, weight in kg, height in m), CSS, and a separate JavaScript file for validation (all fields required and numeric check). **Back-end:** A PHP script that calculates the result and echoes the name, BMI value, and an interpretation.

2. Step 2: Merged File

Regroup the HTML and PHP codes into one page so that the form always appears.

3. Step 3: Introduce jQuery and Bootstrap

Enhance the application using jQuery for validation and AJAX submission, and Bootstrap to change the class of the message result (using alert classes such as warning, info, danger, etc.).

4. Step 4: Homework

Extend the project with additional features (see details below).

2 Step 1: Separate Files (Without jQuery)

In this step, create the following files.

Front-end: index.html

This file contains an HTML form. Note that the JavaScript code is now placed in a separate file (script.js).

Listing 1: index.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
   <html lang="en">
2
   <head>
3
     <meta charset="UTF-8">
     <title>BMI Calculator</title>
5
     <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
6
     <script src="script.js"></script>
   </head>
   <body>
9
     <h1>BMI Calculator</h1>
11
     <form action="calculate.php" method="post" onsubmit="return validateForm();">
       <label for="name">Name:</label>
12
       <input type="text" id="name" name="name" required><br>
13
       <label for="weight">Weight (kg):</label>
14
       <input type="number" id="weight" name="weight" required><br>
       <label for="height">Height (m):</label>
16
       <input type="number" id="height" name="height" required><br>
17
       <input type="submit" value="Calculate">
18
     </form>
19
   </body>
20
   </html>
21
```

JavaScript: script.js (Vanilla JS for Step 1)

This file contains the simple validation logic.

Listing 2: script.js (Step 1)

```
function validateForm() {
     var name = document.getElementById('name').value;
     var weight = document.getElementById('weight').value;
     var height = document.getElementById('height').value;
     if(name === "" || weight === "" || height === "") {
6
       alert("All fields are required.");
       return false;
7
     }
8
     if(isNaN(weight) || isNaN(height)) {
9
       alert("Weight and Height must be numbers.");
       return false;
11
     }
12
     return true;
13
14
```

Style: style.css

A simple CSS file for basic styling.

Listing 3: style.css

```
body {
```

```
font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
margin: 20px;
background-color: #e9ecef;
}
h1 {
color: #007BFF;
}
```

Back-end: calculate.php

This PHP script calculates the BMI and echoes the name, BMI value, and interpretation.

Listing 4: calculate.php

```
<?php
   if(isset($_POST['name'], $_POST['weight'], $_POST['height'])) {
        $name = htmlspecialchars($_POST['name']);
3
        $weight = floatval($_POST['weight']);
        $height = floatval($_POST['height']);
5
        if($weight <= 0 || $height <= 0) {</pre>
6
            echo "Invalid input values.";
            exit;
9
        $bmi = $weight / ($height * $height);
10
        if($bmi < 18.5) {</pre>
11
            $interpretation = "Underweight";
12
        } elseif($bmi < 25) {</pre>
13
            $interpretation = "Normal weight";
14
        } elseif($bmi < 30) {</pre>
            $interpretation = "Overweight";
16
        } else {
17
            $interpretation = "Obesity";
18
19
        echo "Hello, $name. Your BMI is " . number_format($bmi,2) . " ($interpretation).";
20
   } else {
21
        echo "Data not received.";
22
   }
23
   ?>
24
```

3 Step 2: Merged HTML and PHP in One File

Now, combine the HTML and PHP into a single file (e.g., index.php). The form always appears—even after submission—with the result displayed.

Listing 5: index.php (Combined File)

```
} elseif($bmi < 25) {</pre>
11
                $interpretation = "Normal weight";
            } elseif($bmi < 30) {</pre>
13
                $interpretation = "Overweight";
14
            } else {
                $interpretation = "Obesity";
16
17
            $result = "Hello, $name. Your BMI is " . number_format($bmi,2) . " (
18
       $interpretation).";
       } else {
19
            $result = "Invalid input values.";
20
21
   }
22
   ?>
23
   <!DOCTYPE html>
24
   <html lang="en">
   <head>
26
     <meta charset="UTF-8">
27
     <title>BMI Calculator</title>
28
     <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
29
     <script src="script.js"></script>
30
   </head>
31
   <body>
32
     <h1>BMI Calculator</h1>
33
     <?php if($result != "") { echo "<p>$result"; } ?>
34
     <form action="" method="post" onsubmit="return validateForm();">
35
        <label for="name">Name:</label>
        <input type="text" id="name" name="name" required><br>
37
        <label for="weight">Weight (kg):</label>
38
        <input type="number" id="weight" name="weight" required><br>
39
        <label for="height">Height (m):</label>
40
        <input type="number" id="height" name="height" required><br>
41
        <input type="submit" value="Calculate">
42
     </form>
43
   </body>
44
   </html>
```

4 Step 3: Introducing jQuery and Bootstrap

Enhance the application by using jQuery for validation and AJAX submission, and Bootstrap for styling and alert messages.

Front-end: index.html with jQuery and Bootstrap

This HTML file now includes Bootstrap and references a separate JavaScript file (script.js) that contains jQuery code.

Listing 6: index.html with jQuery and Bootstrap

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.2/css/</pre>
       bootstrap.min.css">
     <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
     <!-- jQuery -->
     <script src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.6.0.min.js"></script>
     <!-- Bootstrap JS -->
     <script src="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.2/js/bootstrap.min.js"</pre>
12
       ></script>
     <script src="script.js" defer></script>
   </head>
14
   <body>
15
16
     <div class="container">
       <h1 class="mt-5">BMI Calculator</h1>
17
       <div id="result" class="mt-3"></div>
18
       <form id="bmiForm" class="mt-3">
19
         <div class="form-group">
20
           <label for="name">Name:</label>
21
           <input type="text" id="name" name="name" class="form-control" required>
22
         </div>
23
         <div class="form-group">
24
            <label for="weight">Weight (kg):</label>
25
           <input type="number" id="weight" name="weight" class="form-control" required>
26
         </div>
27
         <div class="form-group">
28
            <label for="height">Height (m):</label>
29
            <input type="number" id="height" name="height" class="form-control" required>
30
         </div>
         <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Calculate/button>
32
       </form>
33
     </div>
34
   </body>
35
   </html>
36
```

JavaScript: script.js (jQuery Version for Step 3)

This file now contains the jQuery code for form validation, AJAX submission, and dynamic alert message styling.

Listing 7: script.js (Step 3)

```
$(document).ready(function(){
     $('#bmiForm').submit(function(e){
2
       e.preventDefault();
3
       // Validate inputs using jQuery
4
       var name = $('#name').val().trim();
       var weight = parseFloat($('#weight').val());
6
       var height = parseFloat($('#height').val());
       if(name === "" || isNaN(weight) || isNaN(height) || weight <= 0 || height <= 0) {
         $('#result').html('<div class="alert alert-warning">Please enter valid values in
        all fields.</div>');
         return;
11
       // Send data via AJAX
12
       $.ajax({
13
         url: 'calculate.php',
14
         type: 'POST',
         data: { name: name, weight: weight, height: height },
16
```

```
17
          dataType: 'json',
          success: function(response) {
18
            if(response.success) {
19
              var alertClass = 'alert-info';
20
              if(response.bmi < 18.5) {</pre>
21
                 alertClass = 'alert-warning';
              } else if(response.bmi < 25) {</pre>
23
                 alertClass = 'alert-success';
24
              } else if(response.bmi < 30) {</pre>
25
                 alertClass = 'alert-info';
26
              } else {
                alertClass = 'alert-danger';
28
29
              $('#result').html('<div class="alert ' + alertClass + '">' + response.
30
       message + '</div>');
            } else {
31
              $('#result').html('<div class="alert alert-danger">' + response.message +
        '</div>');
            }
          },
34
          error: function() {
35
            $('#result').html('<div class="alert alert-danger">Server error occurred.</div</pre>
36
       >');
          }
37
       });
38
     });
39
   });
```

Back-end: calculate.php (AJAX Version)

This PHP script now returns a JSON response.

Listing 8: calculate.php (AJAX version)

```
<?php
   header('Content-Type: application/json');
   if(isset($_POST['name'], $_POST['weight'], $_POST['height'])) {
        $name = htmlspecialchars($_POST['name']);
        $weight = floatval($_POST['weight']);
5
        $height = floatval($_POST['height']);
6
        if($weight <= 0 || $height <= 0) {</pre>
            echo json_encode([
                'success' => false,
9
                'message' => 'Invalid input values. Weight and height must be greater than
10
        zero.,
            ]);
11
            exit;
13
        $bmi = $weight / ($height * $height);
14
        if($bmi < 18.5) {</pre>
            $interpretation = "Underweight";
16
       } elseif($bmi < 25) {</pre>
17
            $interpretation = "Normal weight";
18
       } elseif($bmi < 30) {</pre>
19
            $interpretation = "Overweight";
20
21
       } else {
            $interpretation = "Obesity";
```

```
23
       $message = "Hello, $name. Your BMI is " . number_format($bmi,2) . " (
24
       $interpretation).";
        echo json_encode([
25
            'success' => true,
26
            'bmi' => $bmi,
27
            'message' => $message
28
       ]);
        exit;
30
   }
31
   echo json_encode([
32
        'success' => false,
33
        'message' => 'Data not received.'
34
   ]);
35
   exit;
36
   ?>
```

5 Step 4: Homework

For your homework, extend this lab project by:

- Adding a feature to store and display previous BMI calculations.
- Integrating a database to save user data.
- Enhancing the UI with additional Bootstrap components.
- Adding further validations and error handling on both the client and server sides.

Be creative and feel free to add any extra features you find interesting!