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Now Q. requires of. solving with putting
not necessarily b and not always known with

from H. $x \equiv 2 \pmod{15}$ [since $z \equiv 1 \pmod{3}$
translates on x now $z \equiv 2 \pmod{5}$]

Solve $z + 15k \equiv 3 \pmod{2}$

$$\Rightarrow 15k \equiv 4 \equiv 3 \pmod{2}$$

[since $15 \equiv 1 \pmod{2}$]
 $k \equiv 3$.

$$\text{Thus, } x = z + 15 \cdot 3 \\ = 52.$$

$$\text{Modulus} = 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 = 105$$

$$\therefore x \equiv 52 \pmod{105} \quad (\text{Ans})$$

(b) Start with,

$$x \equiv 5 \pmod{11}, x \equiv 14 \pmod{29}$$

$$\text{put. } x = 5 + 11f.$$

$11x \equiv 9 \pmod{29}$: The inverse of

$11 \pmod{29}$ is 8, so, $8 \cdot 9 \equiv 14$. Hence

$$x = 5 + 14 \cdot 14 = 159 \text{ and}$$

$$x \equiv 159 \pmod{319} \quad [319 = 11 \cdot 29]$$

Now, combine with, $x \equiv 15 \pmod{31}$:

$$\cancel{159 + 319u}$$

$$\text{Hence: } 159 + 319u \equiv 15 \pmod{31}$$

$$\Rightarrow 319u \equiv -144 \equiv 11 \pmod{31}$$

$(319 \equiv 9 \pmod{31})$ and inverse of

$8 \pmod{31}$ is 2, so, $u \equiv 2 \cdot 11 \equiv 15$

$$\text{Thus, } x = 159 + 319 \cdot 15 = 4944$$

$$\text{Modules} = 319 \cdot 31 = 9889$$

$$x \equiv 4944 \pmod{9889}$$

(Ans.)

$$(c) x \equiv 5 \pmod{6}, x \equiv 4 \pmod{11}$$

put, $x = 5 + 6t$, then, $6t \equiv -1 \pmod{11}$

inverse of 6 mod 11 is 2, so,

$$t \equiv 2 \cdot 10 \equiv 9 \text{ Hence, } x = 5 + 6 \cdot 9 = 59$$

$$\text{and } x \equiv 59 \pmod{66}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Combine with, } x &\equiv 3 \pmod{17} : 59 + 66u \\ &\equiv 3 \pmod{17} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow 66u \equiv -56 \equiv 12 \pmod{17}$$

$66 \equiv 15 \pmod{17}$, inverse of 15 is 8,

$$\text{So, } u \equiv 8 \cdot 12 \equiv 11.$$

$$\text{Thus, } x = 59 + 66 \cdot 11 = 285$$

$$\text{modulus} = 66 \cdot 17 = 1122$$

$$x \equiv 285 \pmod{1122}$$

(Ans.)