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Assignment

IAA Mini Project

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Student Name - K.H.M.I.N. Jayawardhana
Registration Nu: - IT17378994
Batch - CSNE-WE

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1. INTRODUCTION

In the war against cybercrime, the hackers appear to be winning since as of every day we hear news of a massive data breach that was discovered only after millions of peoples' financial information was stolen and then likely bought or sold to an underground black market. These attacks can be carried out by both internal and external communities in order to gain personal economic benefits. To avert these risks, it is first important to define the term information security Audit. An information security audit is an audit on the level of information security in an organization [1]. security auditing is an essential task for modern enterprises that involves auditing organizations IT assets and policies. An audit can be helpful in exposing potential vulnerabilities as well as it provides a high-order overview of the network which can be useful when trying to solve specific problems. Audits can also give us an understanding of how protected our organization is against known security threats. Also An security audit can be helpful to Identify potential risks and threats that are most likely to affect the organization, to prevent security breaches and reduce impact of breaches, Keep technology up-to-date, Keep sensitive data protected, Keep compliance programs up to date, Keep the organization on top of current and new security practice, Keep the organization on top of current and new security practices...etc are some benefits of doing regular audits [2]. There are many different types of security audits. Some audits are specifically designed to make sure that the organization is legally compliant and others are focus on recognizing potential vulnerabilities in the organizational IT infrastructure. Risk assessment, Vulnerability assessment, Penetration test and Compliance audit are the main four types of security audits we should regularly conduct to keep our business running in excellent order [3]. Most of the organizations use several type of security auditing tools for their auditing purposes. Nessus, Metasploit, OpenVAS, ManageEngine AdAudit Plus, Network Inventory Advisor, Kaseya VSA, Acunetix, Netwrix Auditor and Wireshark are some best network security auditing tools that use in most of organizations in the world. In this assessment we are going to scan vulnerabilities in windows 10 machine using Nessus vulnerability scanner and the kali Linux operating system in virtual box environment.

2. NESSUS VULNERABILITY SCANNER

Nessus is a proprietary vulnerability assessment tool developed by Tenable, Inc. Nessus can be used for auditing, configuration management, patch management purposes and it supports variety of operating systems and platforms including Mac, Linux, and Windows. Nessus is trusted by thousands of organizations worldwide as one of the most widely deployed security technologies on the planet and the gold standard for vulnerability assessment [4]. Nessus supports over 450 different configuration templates and that variety makes it easy to find the vulnerabilities we need. Basic network scan, Advanced scan, Advanced dynamic scan, Malware Scan, Host discovery, Mobile device scan, Web application test, Credentialed patch audit, Badlock detection...etc. are some examples for configuration templates. Nessus Essentials version is available for free and can scan up to 16 IPs. Paid versions named Nessus professional and Tenable.io comes with yearly subscriptions and unlimited IPs and scanners. After scan we can also generate Hosts executive summary report or Custom report and can see how many hosts are categorized as Critical, High, Medium, Low, and Informational vulnerabilities. These Reports can be created in HTML, CSV or PDF as we prefer [5]. In this assessment we are going to scan vulnerabilities in windows 10 machine using Nessus vulnerability scanner and the kali Linux operating system in virtual box environment.

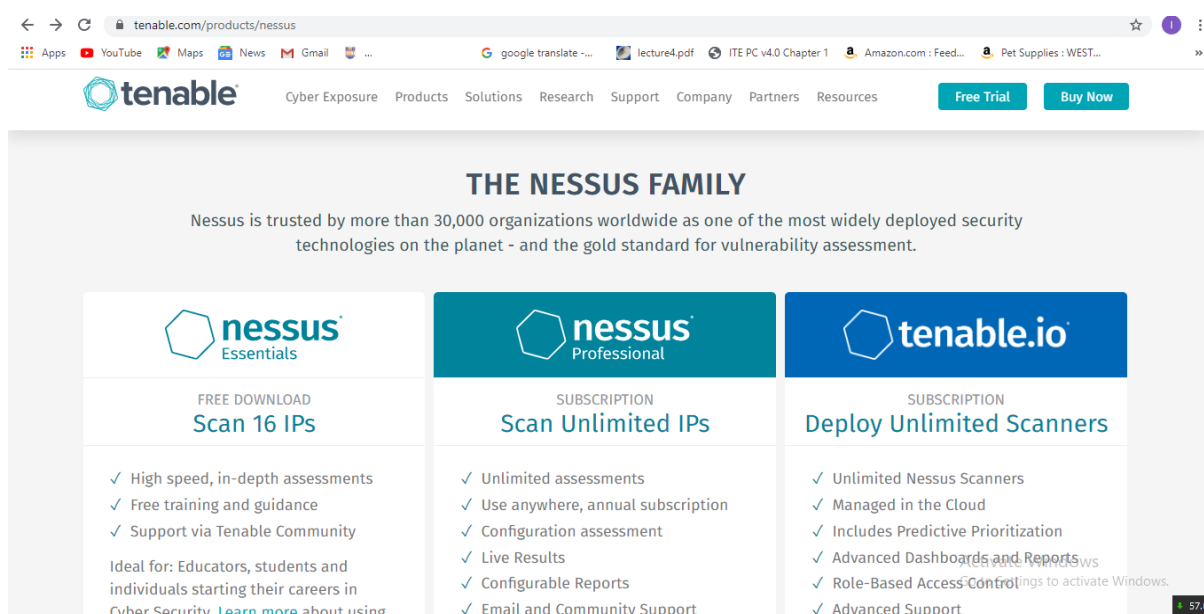


Figure 2.1: Nessus vulnerability scanner

3. AUDITING / SCANNING PROCESS

❖ Here we are going to scan vulnerabilities in windows 10 machine using Nessus vulnerability scanner and the kali Linux operating system in virtual box environment.

1. In first, we have to install Windows 10 & Kali Linux into two oracle virtual boxes and after that the Nessus vulnerability scanner should be download and install into the kali Linux operating system. In this task we are using Nessus Essentials version is available for free and can scan up to 16 IPs.

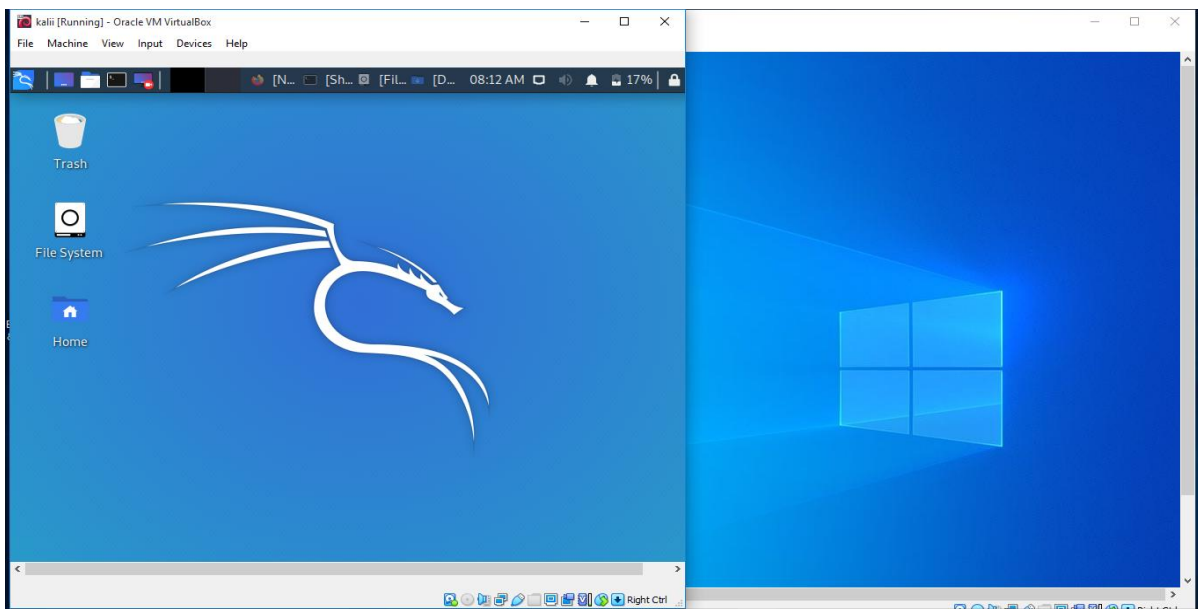


Figure 3.1: Windows 10 & Kali Linux in virtual box environment

2. Next step is to set Virtual networking that required to carry out our vulnerability scan. For that, add an internal network adapter in both virtual machines by choosing internal network option [6].

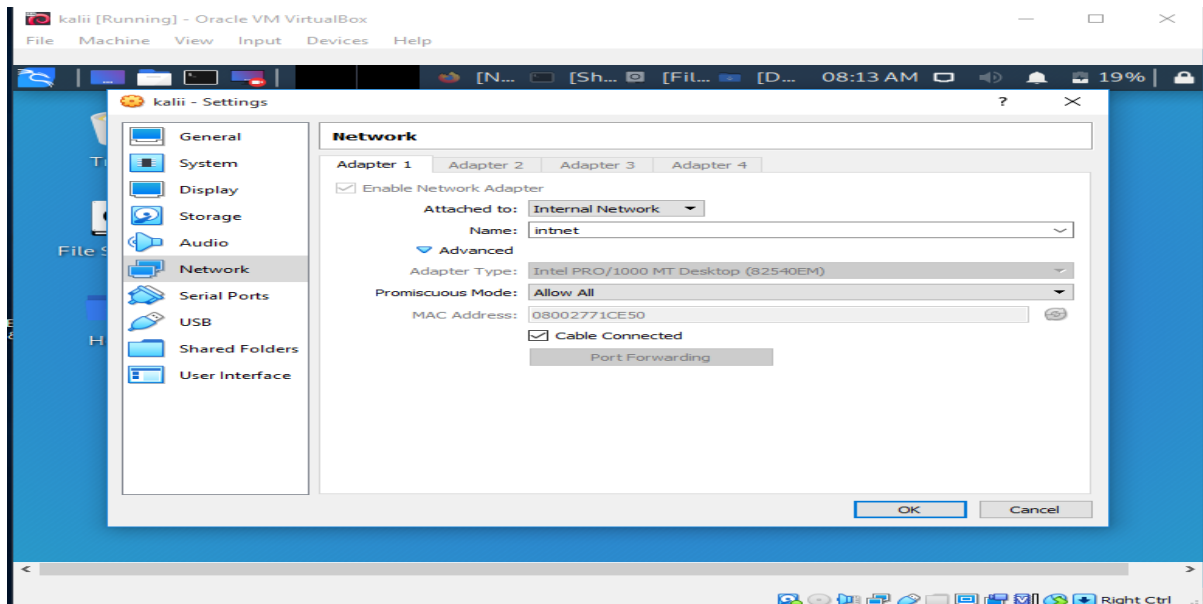


Figure 3.2: Virtual network Settings in Windows 10

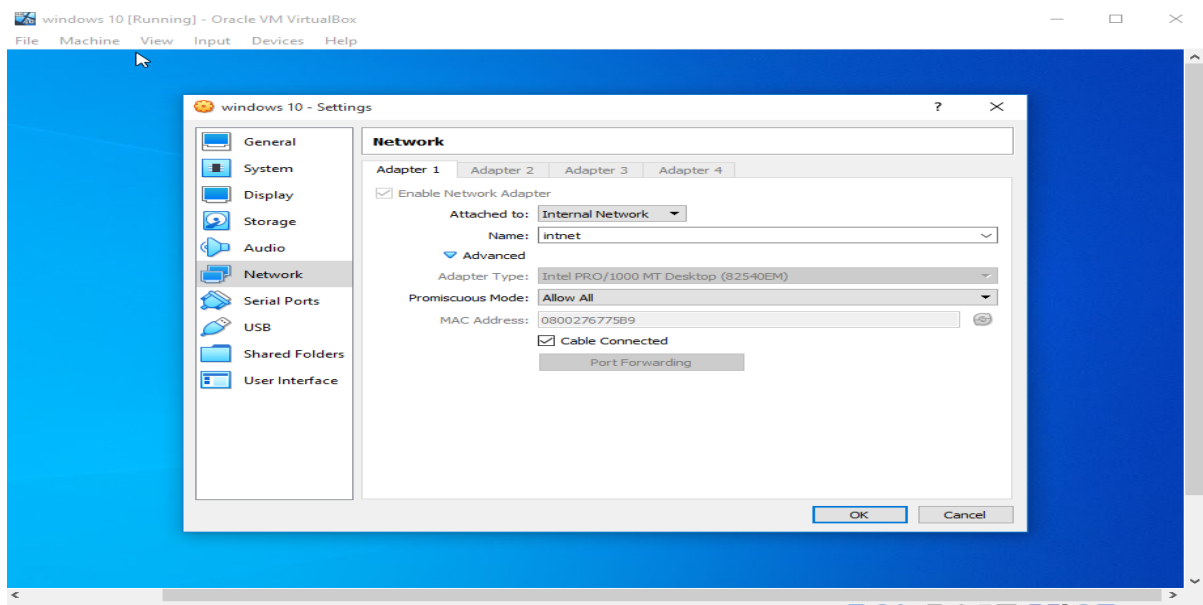


Figure 3.3: Virtual network Settings in Kali Linux

3. We now need to assign a static ip address for the kali Linux instance since it's on a host-only network. As well as kali, configure the networking settings for the Ethernet adapter on windows 10 machine. Both machines ip addresses should in the same subnet range.

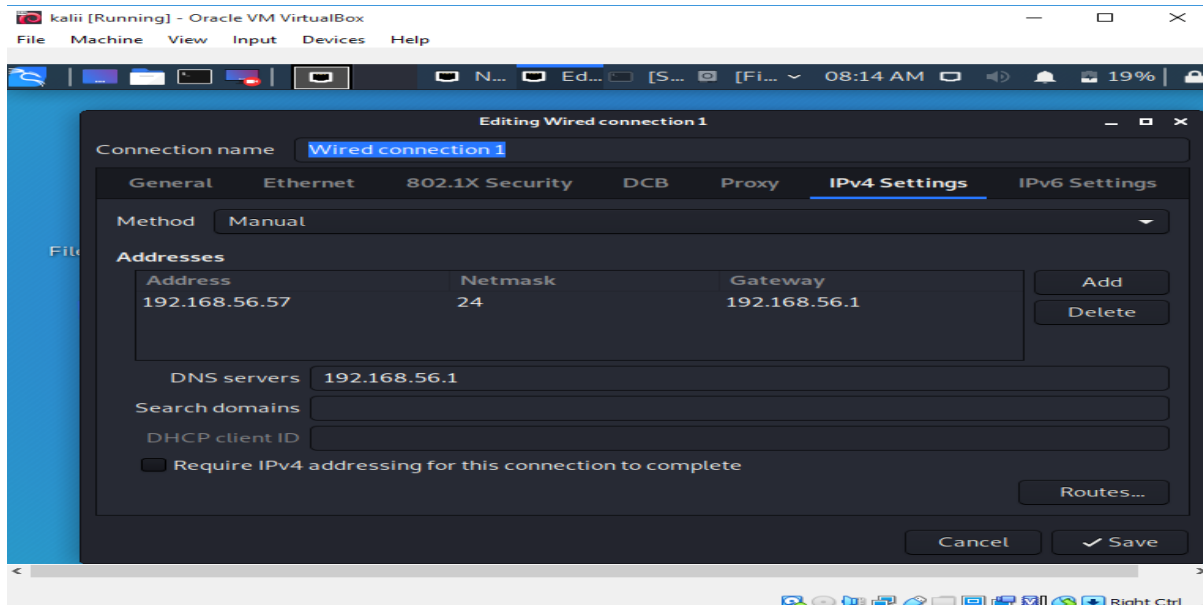


Figure 3.4: Assign static ip address for the kali Linux

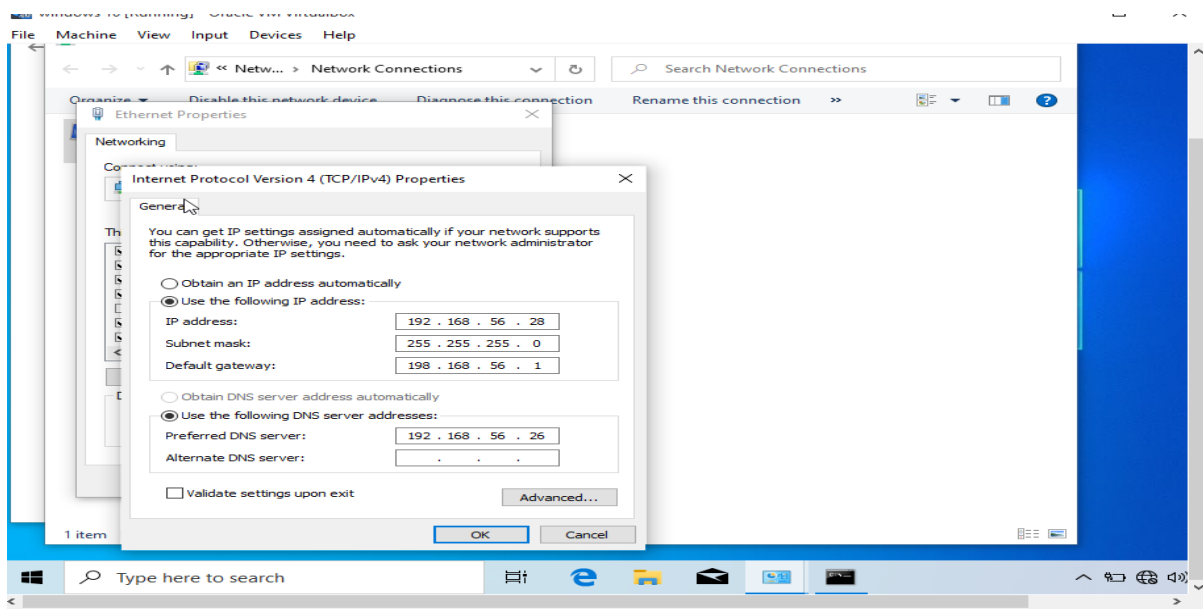
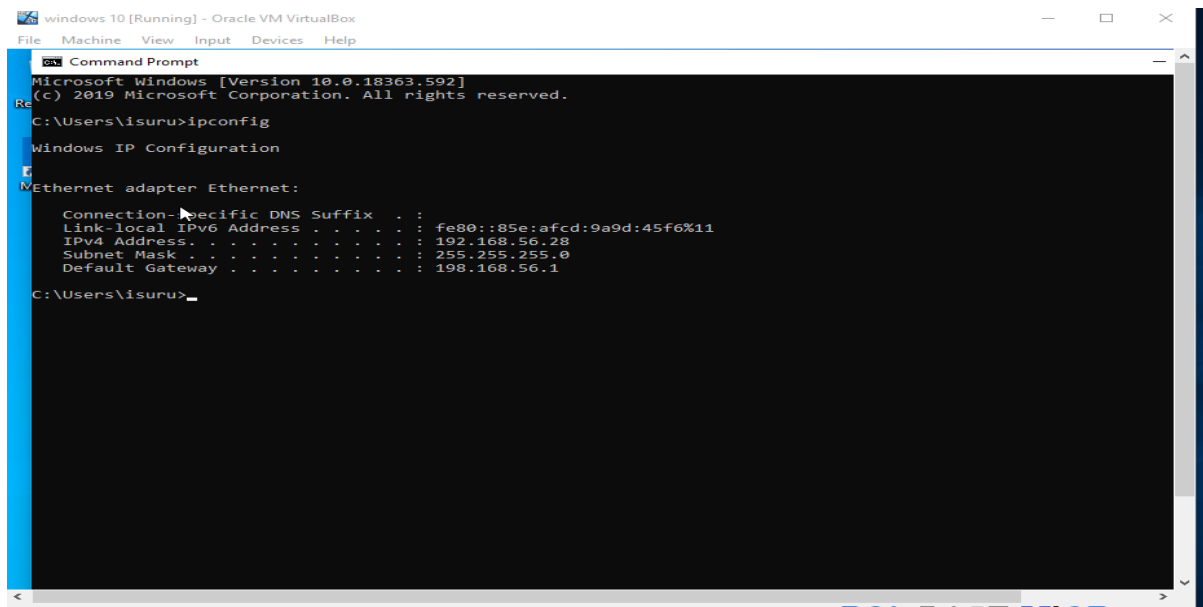


Figure 3.5: Network settings of Ethernet adapter on windows 10

- After that, check ip addresses of both machines and check the connection between two virtual machines by Pinging from Kali to Windows 10 machine.(Note - disable the firewalls in the windows 10 machine)



The screenshot shows a Windows 10 virtual machine window titled "windows 10 [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox". Inside, a Command Prompt window is open, displaying the output of the 'ipconfig' command. The output shows the IPv4 address as 192.168.56.28 and the default gateway as 198.168.56.1.

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.18363.592]
(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\isuru>ipconfig

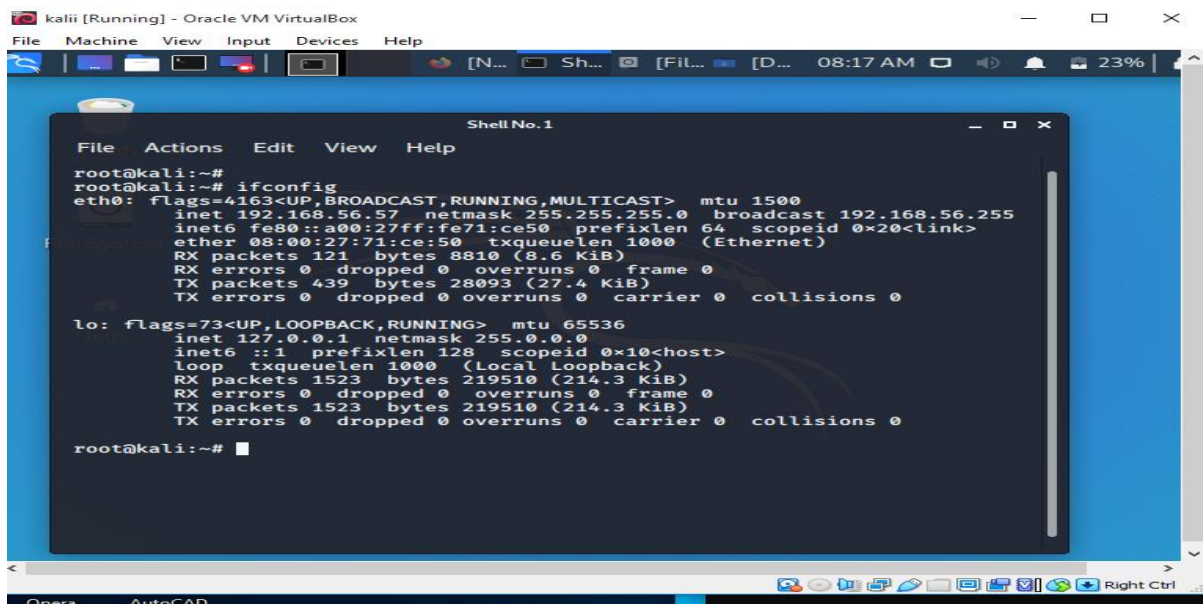
Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Ethernet:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::85e:afcd:9a9d:45f6%11
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.56.28
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 198.168.56.1

C:\Users\isuru>
```

Figure 3.6: Checking ip address of windows 10



The screenshot shows a Kali Linux virtual machine window titled "kali [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox". Inside, a terminal window titled "Shell No.1" is open, displaying the output of the 'ifconfig' command. The output shows the IP address of the eth0 interface as 192.168.56.57 and the IP address of the lo interface as 127.0.0.1.

```
File Actions Edit View Help

root@kali:~# ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 192.168.56.57 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.56.255
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe71:ce50 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0<link>
    ether 08:00:27:71:ce:50 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 121 bytes 8810 (8.6 KiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 439 bytes 28093 (27.4 KiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0<host>
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 1523 bytes 219510 (214.3 KiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 1523 bytes 219510 (214.3 KiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

root@kali:~#
```

Figure 3.7: Checking ip address of Kali Linux

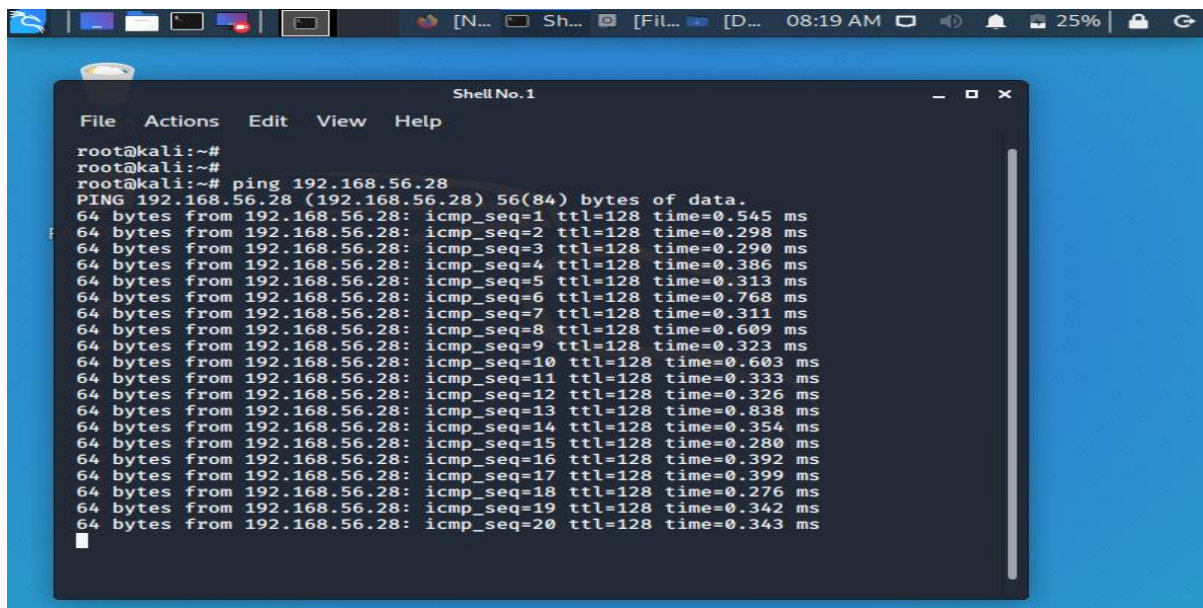


Figure 3.8: Checking connection between two virtual machines

5. Start Nessus Scanner by typing `> service nessusd start`

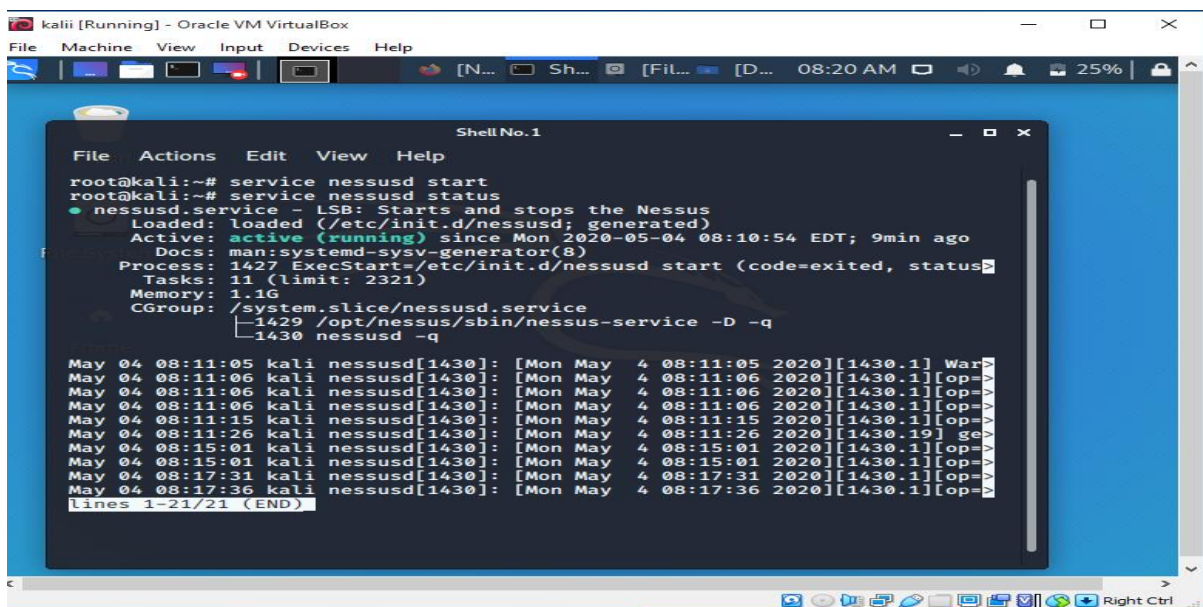


Figure 3.9: Start Nessus

6. Then go to <https://kali:8834/> and Login to the Nessus by providing username and password.

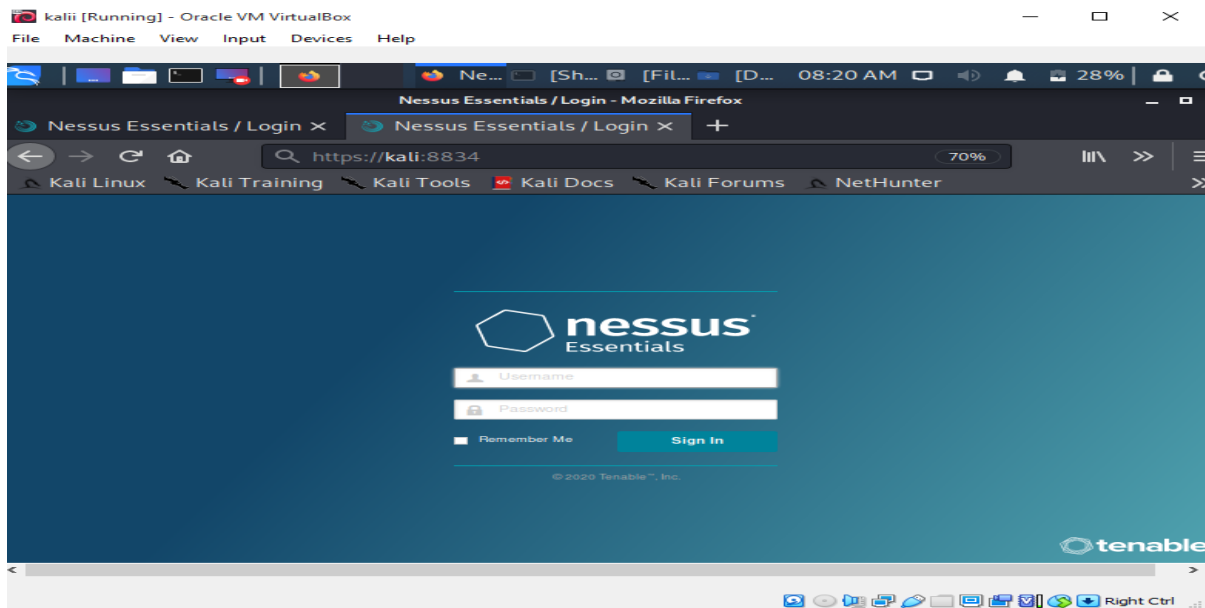


Figure 3.10: Log in to Nessus

7. Click on create new scan and choose the “basic network scan” .Give the scan a name and In the Targets field put the ip address of the Windows 10 host. Then Save the new scan.

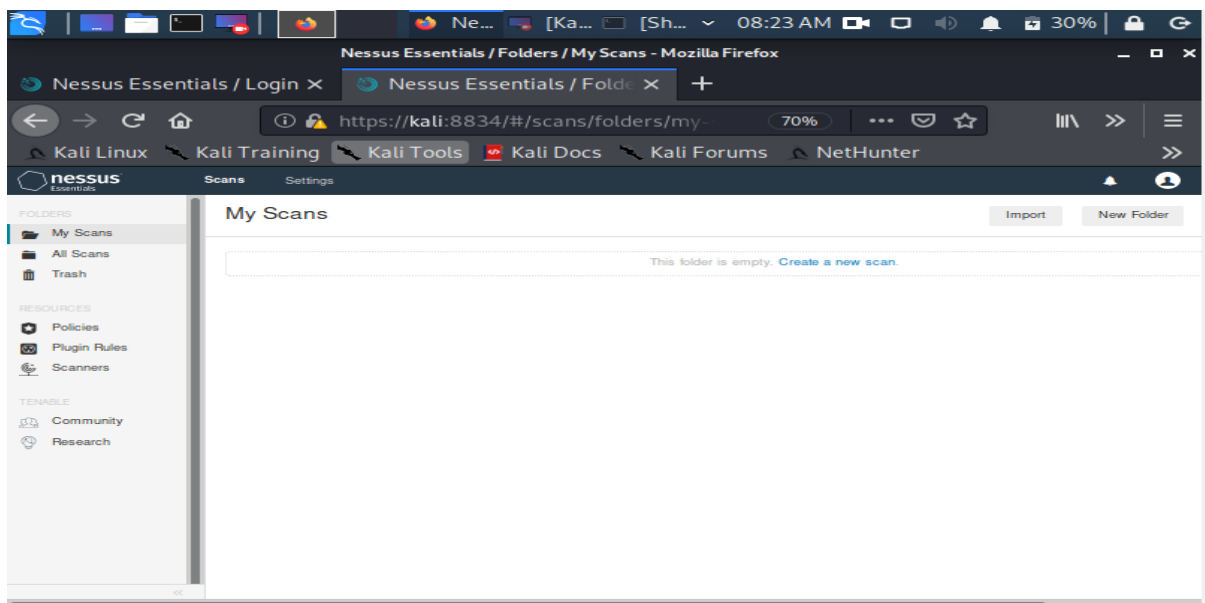


Figure 3.11: Create new scan

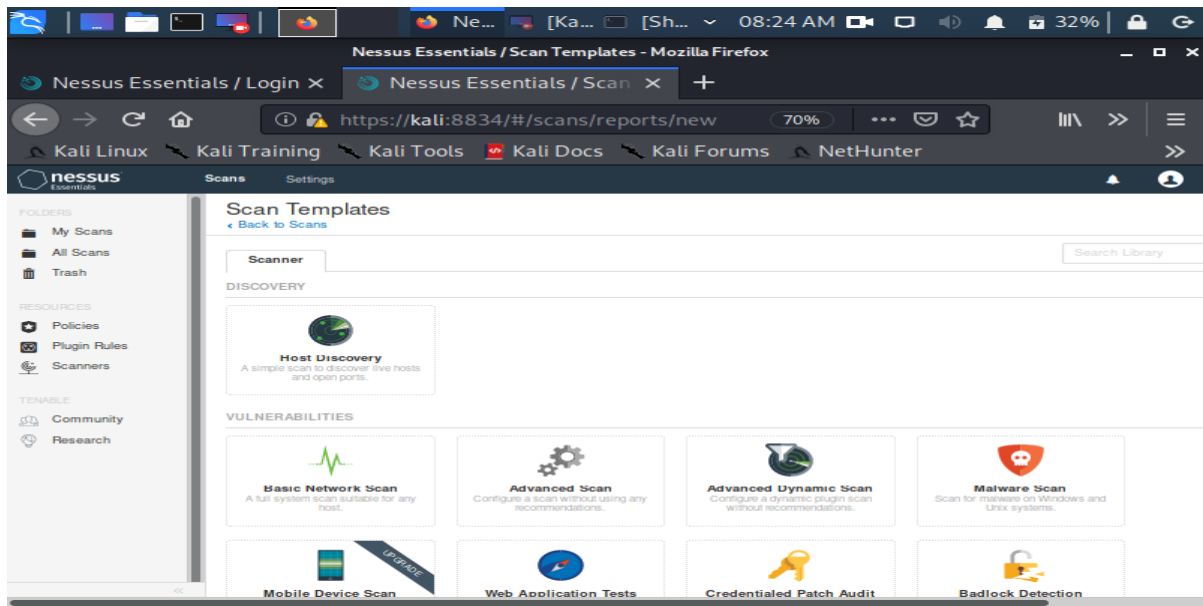


Figure 3.12: Scan template selection

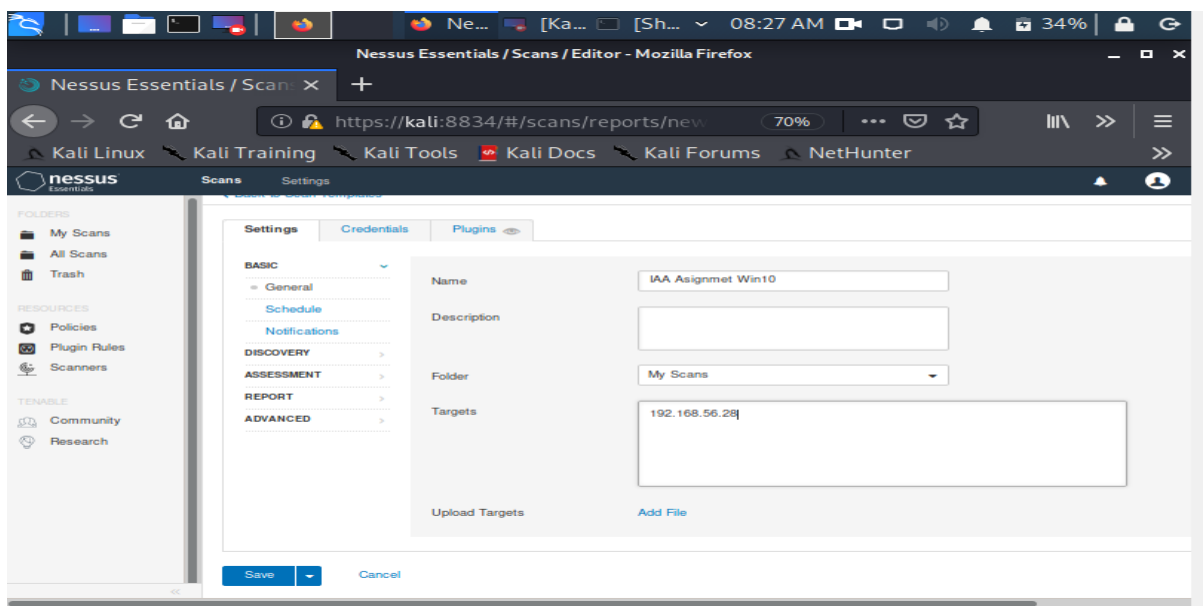


Figure 3.13: Enter Scanning details

8. Click on My Scans. Now click Launch on the selected scan that we configured. After completed the scan, results are stored in the My Scans folder on the dashboard. In result, vulnerabilities are categorized as Critical, High, Medium, Low and Informational levels.

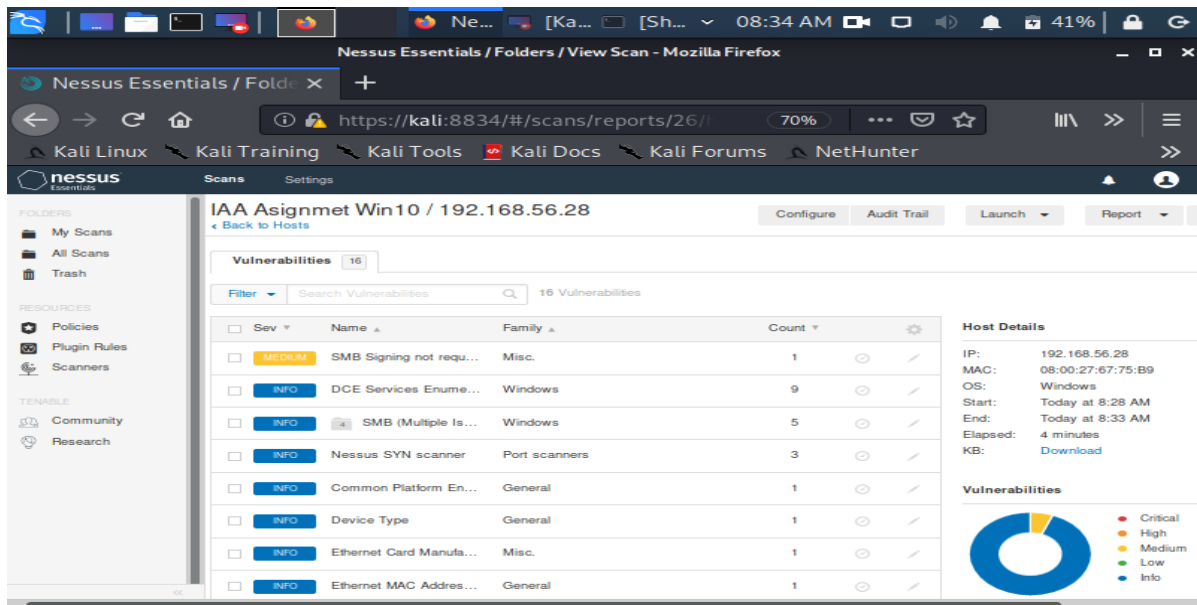


Figure 3.14: Scan result

9. Hosts executive summary or Custom Report can be created in HTML, CSV or PDF as we prefer

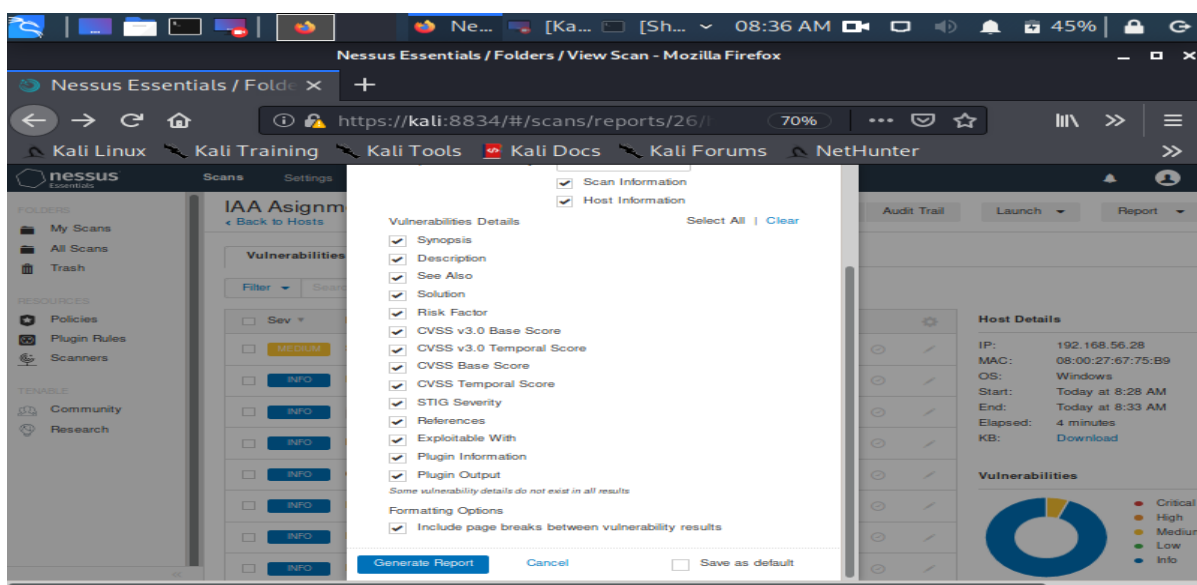


Figure 3.15: Summary report

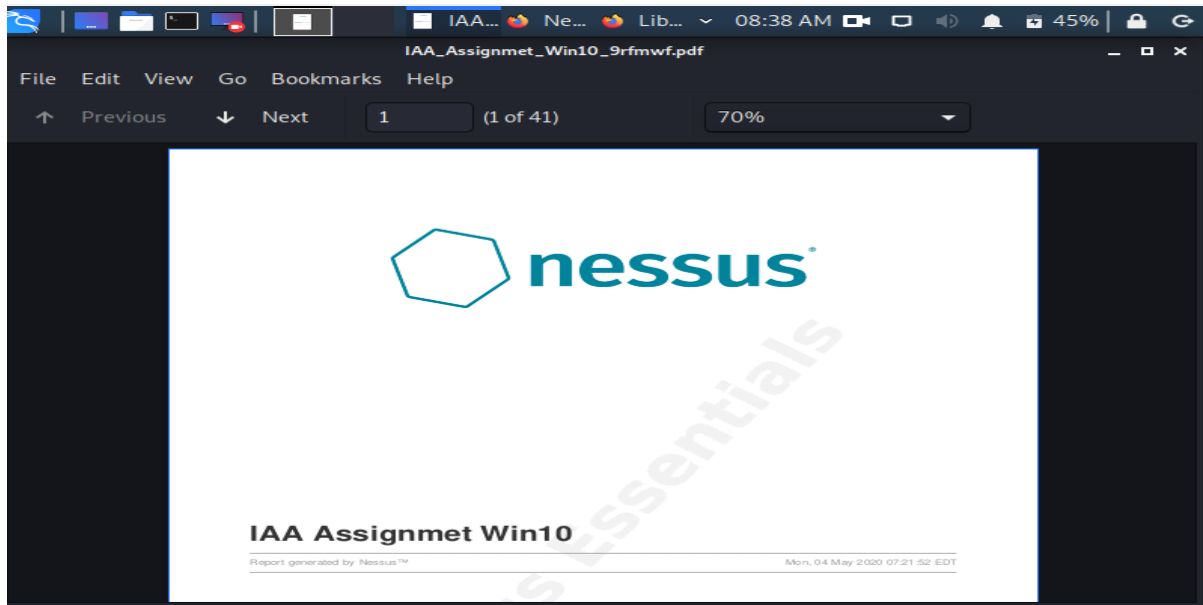


Figure 3.16: Summary report

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