IT2120 - Probability and Statistics

Lab Sheet 08

It24100131

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1)

```
setwd("C:\\Users\\it24100131\\Desktop\\it24100131") # Modify path as needed
# Laptop bag weights
Weight \leftarrow c(2.46, 2.45, 2.47, 2.71, 2.46, 2.05, 2.6, 2.42, 2.43, 2.53,
            2.57, 2.85, 2.7, 2.53, 2.28, 2.2, 2.57, 2.89, 2.51, 2.47,
            2.66, 2.06, 2.41, 2.65, 2.76, 2.43, 2.61, 2.57, 2.73, 2.17,
            2.67, 2.05, 1.71, 2.32, 2.23, 2.76, 2.7, 2.13, 2.75, 2.2)
# Population mean and standard deviation
pop_mean <- mean(Weight)</pre>
pop_sd <- sd(Weight)</pre>
pop_mean
pop_sd
> setwd("C:\\Users\\it24100131\\Desktop\\it24100131") # Modify path as needed
> # Laptop bag weights
> Weight <- c(2.46, 2.45, 2.47, 2.71, 2.46, 2.05, 2.6, 2.42, 2.43, 2.53,
               2.57, 2.85, 2.7, 2.53, 2.28, 2.2, 2.57, 2.89, 2.51, 2.47,
               2.66, 2.06, 2.41, 2.65, 2.76, 2.43, 2.61, 2.57, 2.73, 2.17,
+
               2.67, 2.05, 1.71, 2.32, 2.23, 2.76, 2.7, 2.13, 2.75, 2.2)
> # Population mean and standard deviation
> pop_mean <- mean(Weight)</pre>
> pop_sd <- sd(Weight)</pre>
> pop_mean
[1] 2.468
> pop_sd
[1] 0.2561069
> set.seed(123) # For reproducibility
```

```
#Q2
set.seed(123) # For reproducibility
# Create a matrix with 6 rows (sample size), 25 columns (samples)
samples <- matrix(nrow = 6, ncol = 25)</pre>
# Fill matrix with random samples
for (i in 1:25) {
 samples[, i] <- sample(Weight, 6, replace = TRUE)</pre>
# Sample means and standard deviations
sample_means <- apply(samples, 2, mean)</pre>
sample_sds <- apply(samples, 2, sd)</pre>
# Create a table of results
sample_stats <- data.frame(</pre>
  sample = 1:25,
 Mean = round(sample_means, 4),
 SD = round(sample_sds, 4)
)
print(sample_stats)
> # Create a matrix with 6 rows (sample size), 25 columns (samples)
> samples <- matrix(nrow = 6, ncol = 25)</pre>
> # Fill matrix with random samples
> for (i in 1:25) {
    samples[, i] <- sample(Weight, 6, replace = TRUE)</pre>
+
+ }
> # Sample means and standard deviations
> sample_means <- apply(samples, 2, mean)</pre>
> sample_sds <- apply(samples, 2, sd)</pre>
> # Create a table of results
> sample_stats <- data.frame(
   Sample = 1:25,
+ Mean = round(sample_means, 4),
   SD = round(sample_sds, 4)
+ )
```

```
> print(sample_stats)
   Sample Mean
                     SD
        1 2.5300 0.1514
2
        2 2.5733 0.1191
3
        3 2.4733 0.1719
4
       4 2.5917 0.1345
5
       5 2.4567 0.2749
       6 2.4017 0.2544
6
7
       7 2.5900 0.2167
8
       8 2.4667 0.4530
9
       9 2.4017 0.2230
10
      10 2.3350 0.3238
11
      11 2.5867 0.1706
12
      12 2.3783 0.3236
13
      13 2.3817 0.2994
14
      14 2.4650 0.2315
15
      15 2.4850 0.1746
      16 2.4517 0.2763
16
17
      17 2.3850 0.2042
      18 2.3383 0.2437
18
19
      19 2.4283 0.2481
20
     20 2 5517 0 265A
```

3)

```
#Q3
# From previous steps
sample_mean_of_means <- mean(sample_means)
sample_sd_of_means <- sd(sample_means)
# Population SD from Q1 was:
# pop_sd = 0.2169 (already calculated)
# Sample size
n <- 6
# Theoretical SD of sample means
theoretical_sd_of_means <- pop_sd / sqrt(n)
# Print all
sample_mean_of_means
sample_sd_of_means
theoretical_sd_of_means
theoretical_sd_of_means</pre>
```

```
> # From previous steps
> sample_mean_of_means <- mean(sample_means)</pre>
> sample_sd_of_means <- sd(sample_means)</pre>
> # Population SD from Q1 was:
> # pop_sd = 0.2169 (already calculated)
> # Sample size
> n <- 6
> # Theoretical SD of sample means
> theoretical_sd_of_means <- pop_sd / sqrt(n)</pre>
> # Print all
> sample_mean_of_means
[1] 2.4668
> sample_sd_of_means
[1] 0.07624874
> theoretical_sd_of_means
[1] 0 1045552
```

