Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology



Lab Submission Lab sheet No 05

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Probability and Statistics | IT2120

B.Sc. (Hons) in Information Technology

Exercise

1. Import the dataset ('Exercise – Lab 05.txt') into R and store it in a data frame called" Delivery Times".

```
1 #Set working Directory
   setwd("C:\\Users\\it24101536\\Desktop\\IT24101536 PS Lab 05")
   getwd()
5 #Import data set
6 DeliveryTimes <- read.table("Exercise - Lab 05.txt", header = TRUE
7 colnames(DeliveryTimes) <- c("Time")</pre>
8
9 # Ensure it's numeric
10 DeliveryTimes$Time <- as.numeric(DeliveryTimes$Time)</pre>
> #Set working Directory
> setwd("C:\\Users\\it24101536\\Desktop\\IT24101536 PS Lab 05")
> getwd()
[1] "C:/Users/it24101536/Desktop/IT24101536 PS Lab 05"
> #Import data set
> DeliveryTimes <- read.table("Exercise - Lab 05.txt", header = TRUE)
> colnames(DeliveryTimes) <- c("Time")</pre>
> # Ensure it's numeric
> DeliveryTimes$Time <- as.numeric(DeliveryTimes$Time)</pre>
```

2. Draw a histogram for deliver times using nine class intervals where the lower limit is 20 and upper limit is 70. Use right open intervals.

```
# Part 2: Histogram with 9 class intervals (20 to 70)
 hist(DeliveryTimes$Time,
      breaks = seq(20, 70, length.out = 10),
      right = FALSE,
main = "Histogram of Delivery Times",
      xlab = "Delivery Time (minutes)",
      ylab = "Frequency",
      col = "<mark>lightblue</mark>
border = "black"
      border =
 # Define intervals
 breaks < seq(20, 70, length.out = 10)
 # Create histogram object without plotting
 freq_table <- hist(DeliveryTimes$Time,</pre>
                    breaks = breaks,
right = FALSE,
                    plot = FALSE)
  # Part 2: Histogram with 9 class intervals (20 to 70)
  hist(DeliveryTimes$Time,
        breaks = seq(20, 70, length.out = 10),
        right = FALSE,
        main = "Histogram of Delivery Times",
        xlab = "Delivery Time (minutes)"
        y1ab = "i
        col = "1
                                   Histogram of Delivery Times
        border =
> # Define inte
                          ω
  breaks <- seq
                          9
                     Frequency
                          2
                                20
                                                                        70
                                        30
                                                40
                                                        50
                                                                60
                                         Delivery Time (minutes)
```

3. Comment on the shape of the distribution.

The distribution of delivery times is roughly symmetric and unimodal, with most deliveries occurring around 35–45 minutes. There are fewer deliveries at the lower and higher extremes, indicating a fairly balanced spread around the central values.

4. Draw a cumulative frequency polygon (ogive) for the data in a separate plot.

```
# Create histogram object without plotting
   freq_table <- hist(DeliveryTimes$Time,</pre>
                                                                   breaks = breaks,
                                                                   right = FALSE,
                                                                   plot = FALSE)
   # View frequencies
   freq_table$counts
                                                                      # frequency in each interval
   # Optional: view the interval ranges
   freq_table$breaks
   # Cumulative frequency
   cum_freq <- cumsum(freq_table$counts)</pre>
     # Plot ogive
     plot(breaks[-1], cum_freq, type = "o",
                      main = "Cumulative Frequency Polygon (Ogive)",
xlab = "Delivery Time",
                       ylab = "Cumulative Frequency",
                       col = "<u>red</u>")
> # View frequencies
  / requested the second of the second of
  > # Optional: view the interval ranges
  > freq_table$breaks
  [1] 20.00000 25.55556 31.11111 36.66667 42.22222 47.77778 53.33333 58.88889 64.44444 70.00000
  > # Cumulative frequency
  > cum_freq <- cumsum(freq_table$counts)</pre>
   > # Cumulative frequency
    > cum_freq <- cumsum(freq_table$counts)</pre>
    > # Plot ogive
    > plot(breaks[-1], cum_freq, type = "o",
                            main = "Cumulative Frequency Polygon (Ogive)",
                           xlab = "Delivery Time",
                           ylab = "Cumulative Frequency",
                           col = "red")
```

