Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology



Lab Submission <Lab sheet 08>

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IT2120- Probability and Statistics

B.Sc. (Hons) in Information Technology

Exercise

```
1 setwd("C:\\Users\\User\\Desktop\\IT24103907")
2
3
   #01
4
5
   weights_data <- read.table("Exercise - LaptopsWeights.txt", header=TRUE)</pre>
6 fix(weights_data)
    attach(weights_data)
8
9 #Calculate the Population Mean
pop_mean <- mean(Weight.kg.)</pre>
11
12 #Calculate the Population Standard Deviation
13 n_pop <- length(Weight.kg.)</pre>
14 pop_variance <- var(Weight.kg.) * (n_pop - 1) / n_pop
15 pop_sd <- sqrt(pop_variance)</pre>
16
17 print(paste("Population Mean:", pop_mean))
18 print(paste("Population Standard Deviation:", pop_sd))
19
> print(paste("Population Mean:", pop_mean))
[1] "Population Mean: 2.468"
> print(paste("Population Standard Deviation:", pop_sd))
[1] "Population Standard Deviation: 0.252885349516337"
        21 #02
2.
        22
            population <- Weight.kg.
        23
        24 k <- 25 # Number of samples
        25 n <- 6 # Sample size
        26
        27
            samples_matrix <- c()</pre>
            sample_means <- c()</pre>
        28
        29
            sample_sds <- c()</pre>
        30
        31 - for (i in 1:k) {
            # Draw a sample of size n=6 with replacement
        33
              s <- sample(population, n, replace = TRUE)</pre>
        34
        35
              # Calculate sample mean and sample standard deviation
        36
              s_mean <- mean(s)</pre>
        37
              s\_sd \leftarrow sd(s)
        38
        39
              # Store the mean and SD
              sample_means <- c(sample_means, s_mean)</pre>
        40
        41
              sample_sds <- c(sample_sds, s_sd)</pre>
        42 - }
        43
        44 # Combine results into a table for display
        45 results_table <- data.frame(
        46
              Sample = 1:k,
        47
              Mean = sample_means,
        48
              SD = sample_sds
        49 )
        50
       51 print(results_table)
```

```
print(results_table)
   Sample
              Mean
                            SD
1
        1 2.468333 0.19166812
2
        2 2.473333 0.16132782
3
        3 2.490000 0.10564090
4
        4 2.625000 0.16932218
5
        5 2.455000 0.17615334
6
        6 2.488333 0.22364406
7
          2.440000 0.21854061
8
        8 2.383333 0.26964174
9
        9 2.560000 0.24511222
10
       10 2.410000 0.32112303
11
       11 2.628333 0.22569153
12
       12 2.251667 0.14048725
       13 2.236667 0.35629576
13
14
       14 2.643333 0.10191500
15
       15 2.456667 0.26356530
16
       16 2.341667 0.22355462
17
       17 2.421667 0.18356652
18
       18 2.418333 0.27125019
19
       19 2.593333 0.24824719
20
       20 2.560000 0.20909328
       21 2.481667 0.25222345
21
22
       22 2.696667 0.04179314
23
       23 2.318333 0.17057745
24
       24 2.491667 0.20014162
25
       25 2.600000 0.11242775
```

```
53
          #03
3.
      54
          #Calculate the Mean of the Sample Means
      55
          mean_of_sample_means <- mean(sample_means)</pre>
      56
      57
          #Calculate the Standard Deviation of the Sample Means
      58
          sd_of_sample_means <- sd(sample_means)</pre>
      59
          print(paste("Mean of the Sample Means:", mean_of_sample_means))
      60
          print(paste("Standard Deviation of the Sample Means (SE):", sd_of_sample_means))
      61
      62
      > print(paste("Mean of the Sample Means:", mean_of_sample_means))
      [1] "Mean of the Sample Means: 2.477333333333333"
      > print(paste("Standard Deviation of the Sample Means (SE):", sd_of_sample_means))
      [1] "Standard Deviation of the Sample Means (SE): 0.118645909545386"
```

Relationship:-

(based on the Central Limit Theorem)

Mean of sample means \approx Population means

SD of sample means < Population SD