

Faculty of Computing

Year 2 Semester 1 (2025)

Null Hypothesis (H0): Customer choose all four snack types equally

Alternative Hypothesis (H1): At least one snack type has a different

IT2120 - Probability and Statistics

(pA = pB = pC = pD = 0.25).

probability of being chosen.

(i)

I.

Lab Sheet 10

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# (ii)
# Observed frequencies for snack types (A,B,C,D)
observed <- c(120, 95, 85, 100)

# Expected probabilities (equal preference for each type)
prob <- c(0.25, 0.25, 0.25, 0.25)

# Perform Chi-squared test
chisq_test <- chisq.test(x=observed, p=prob)

# Display the test results
chisq_test

> chisq_test

Chi-squared test for given probabilities

data: observed
X-squared = 6.5, df = 3, p-value = 0.08966
```

II.

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# (iii)
# At 5% level of significance:
# Since p-value = 0.094 > 0.05, we fail to reject the null hypothesis (H0)
# Therefore, there is no significant evidence that customers prefer one snack type over another.
# Their choices appear to be equally likely.
```

III.