

# LabyREnth 2017 Binary #3 WriteUp

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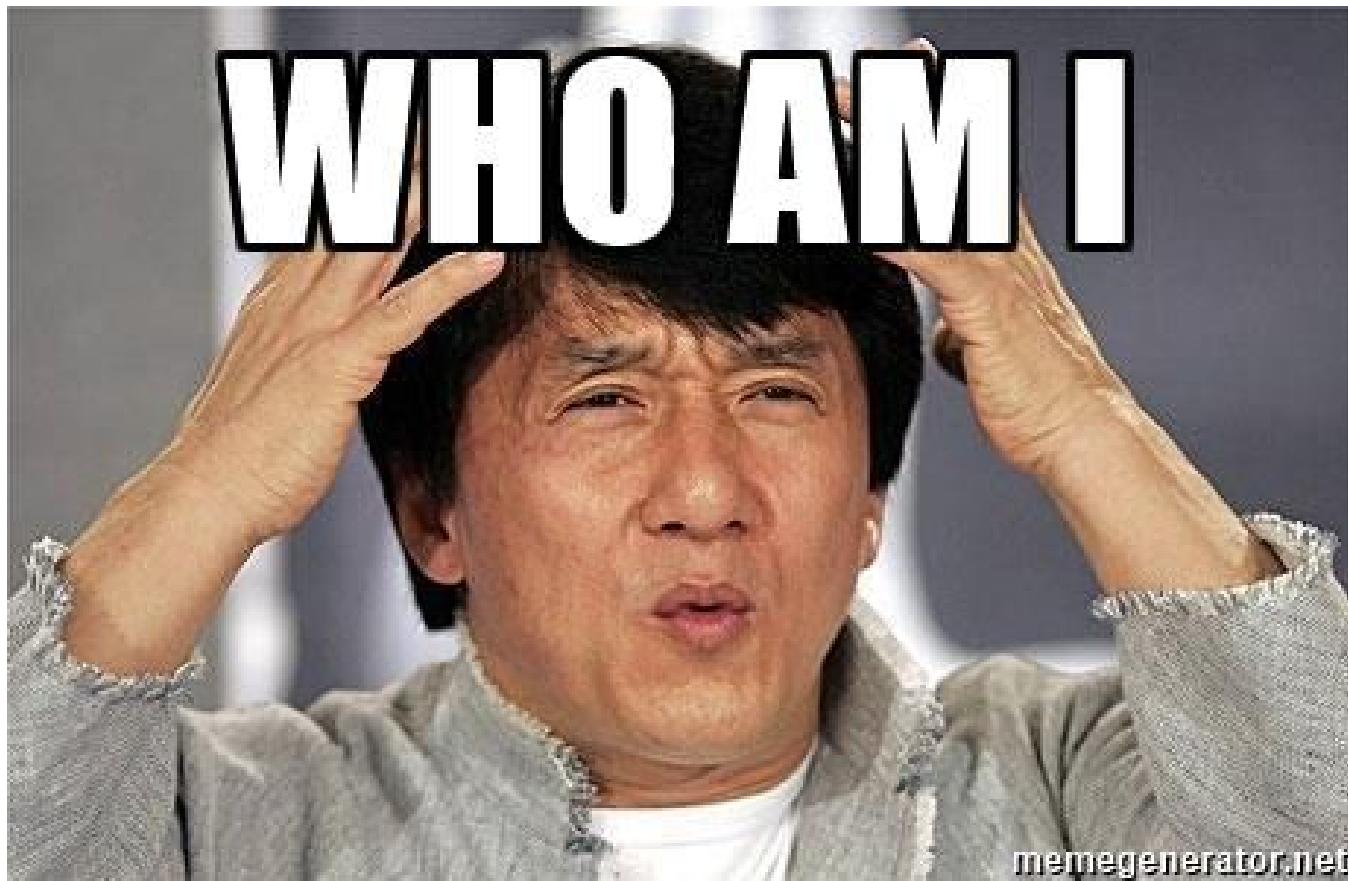
Fako



L A B S

**KASKUS**

**WHO AM I**



memegenerator.net

# Me.

- Senior Principal System Engineer at GDP Labs
- DevSecOps by day, Reverse Engineer by night

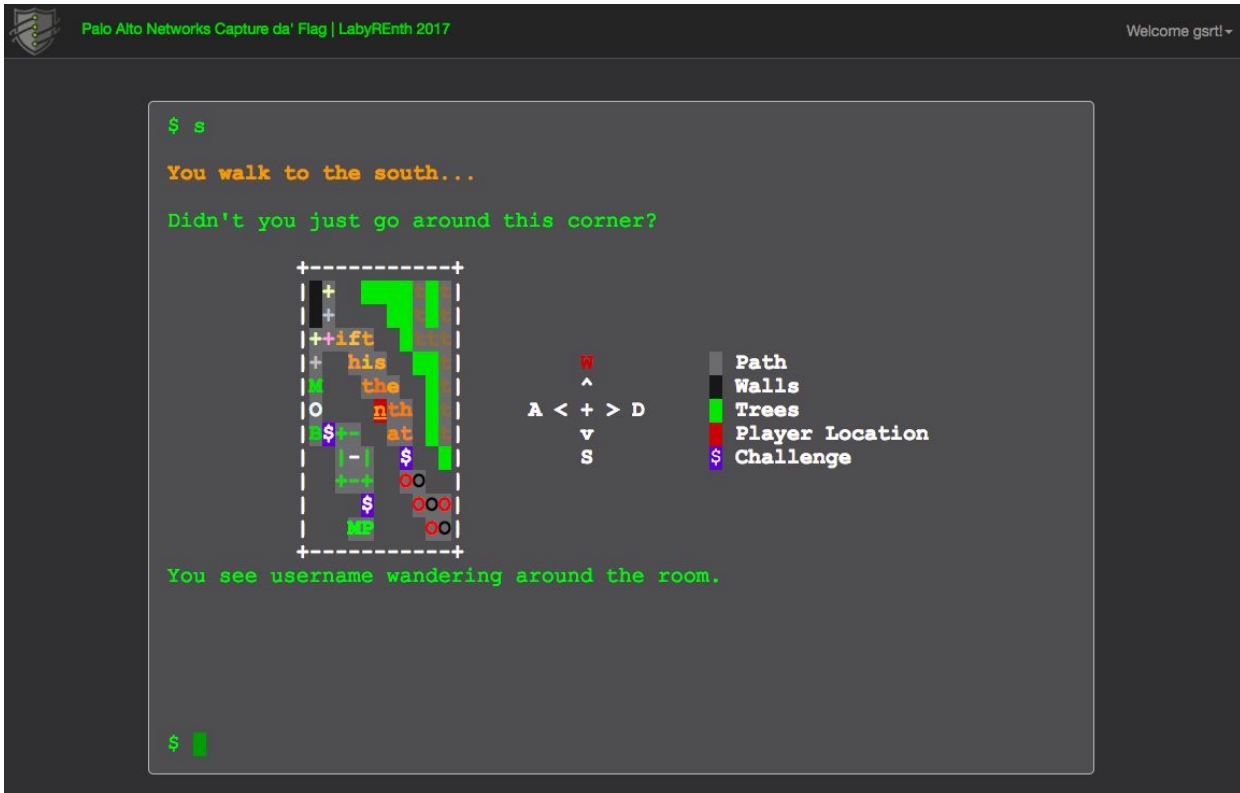
# What is LabyREnth?

- Palo Alto Networks Annual CTF Event
- Mostly Reverse Engineering
- 5 Tracks, 5 Challenges per track
  - Binary
  - Programming
  - Docs
  - Mobile
  - Threat
- Additional Tracks
  - 6 Random Tracks
  - Final Boss??

# Prizes!

1st to Solve All Challenges in Tracks: \$10,000 USD				
2nd to Solve All Challenges in Tracks: \$7,000 USD				
3rd to Solve All Challenges in Tracks: \$5,000 USD				
+-----+-----+				
1st	1st	1st	1st	1st
to	to	to	to	to
Solve	Solve	Solve	Solve	Solve
Track	Track	Track	Track	Track
1	2	3	4	5
V	V	V	V	V
\$2,000 USD	\$2,000 USD	\$2,000 USD	\$2,000 USD	\$2,000 USD
Hidden Challenges: 1st to Solve Prizes + Honor Roll				
Noob Track First 500: Participation Prize + Honor Roll				
Full Track First 250: Better Participation Prize + Honor Roll				
All Tracks First 100: Best Participation Prize + Honor Roll				

# Interface



# Binary Track #3

You walk to the east...

The goblin guarding the door giggles as he describes the next challenge.

7z Download

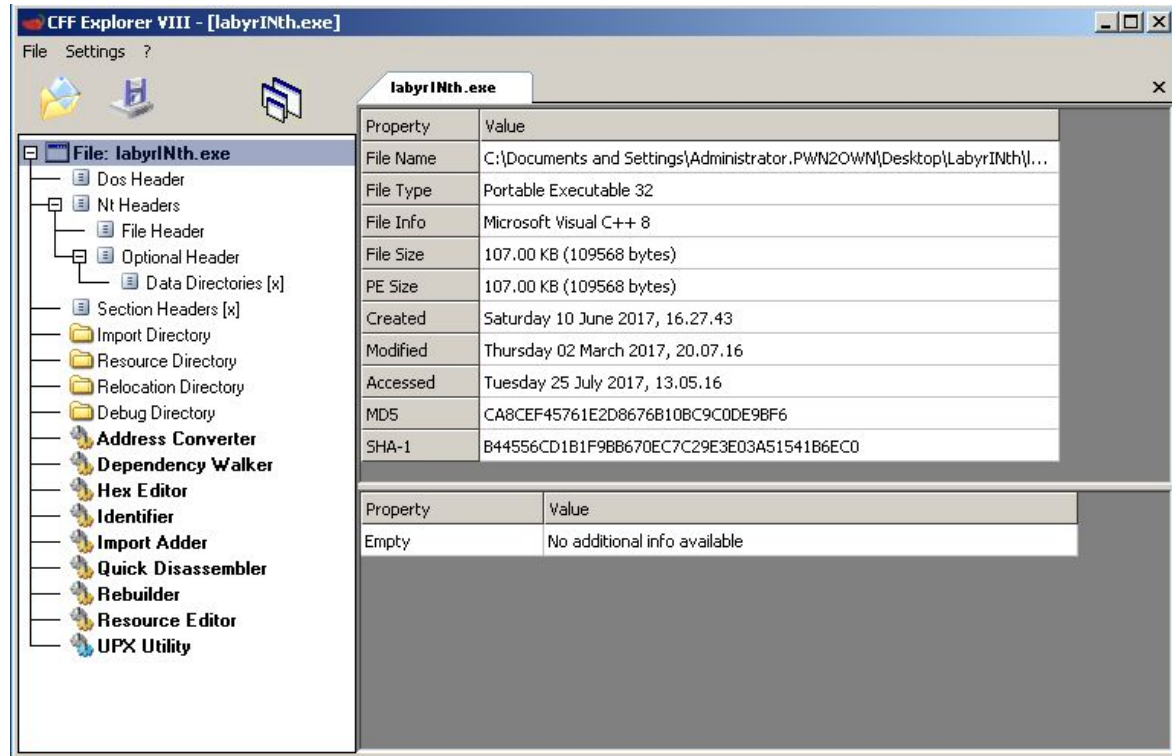
7z Password: labyrenth

Hint: You are going to need a virtual machine for this one.

Author(s): @xedi25

<http://dl.labyrenth.com/labyrinth/d88b07e6d10481cb716e0c8a78519d2c8bfef2778e0332aef6c4f0699d74be6e.7z>

# The Binary





# Strings

flag: %s

doesn't look like valid flag to me: %s

VMware version: %u

I don't think you can finish this today.

I don't think you can finish this today. Not with this attitude.

Slow.

Talk to you later.

# Clue

5658 = "VX"

564D5868 = "VMXh"

```
PANW:00418B00
PANW:00418B00
PANW:00418B01
PANW:00418B03
PANW:00418B04
PANW:00418B05
PANW:00418B06
PANW:00418B0B
PANW:00418B0E
PANW:00418B0F
PANW:00418B15
PANW:00418B19
PANW:00418B1C
PANW:00418B1F
PANW:00418B22
PANW:00418B25
PANW:00418B28
PANW:00418B2B
PANW:00418B2D
```

```
push    ebp
mov     ebp, esp
push    ecx
push    ebx
push    esi
mov     eax, 5658h
mov     [ebp+var_4], ecx
push    edi
mov     dword ptr [ecx], 564D5868h
mov     [ecx+0Ch], ax
mov     eax, [ebp+var_4]
mov     edi, [eax+14h]
mov     esi, [eax+10h]
mov     edx, [eax+0Ch]
mov     ecx, [eax+8]
mov     ebx, [eax+4]
mov     eax, [eax]
in      eax, dx
```

# The VMWare Backdoor

<https://sites.google.com/site/chitchatvmback/backdoor>

*/\* in Intel syntax (MASM and most Windows based assemblers) \*/*

MOV EAX, 564D5868h */\* magic number \*/*

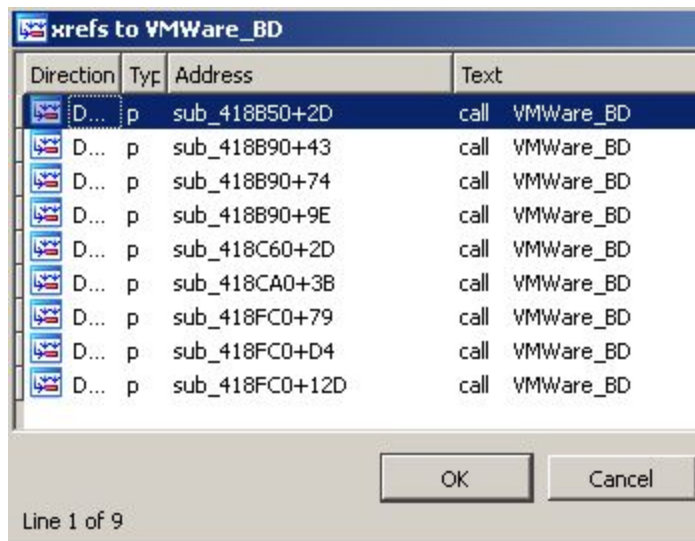
MOV EBX, *command-specific-parameter*

MOV CX, *backdoor-command-number*

MOV DX, 5658h */\* VMware I/O Port \*/*

IN EAX, DX (or OUT DX, EAX)

# Call References



The screenshot shows a debugger window titled "xrefs to VMWare\_BD". It contains a table with four columns: Direction, Type, Address, and Text. The first row is highlighted, showing a call instruction at address sub\_418B50+2D. The other rows show similar call instructions at various addresses. At the bottom of the window, there are "OK" and "Cancel" buttons, and a status bar indicating "Line 1 of 9".

Direction	Type	Address	Text
D...	p	sub_418B50+2D	call VMWare_BD
D...	p	sub_418B90+43	call VMWare_BD
D...	p	sub_418B90+74	call VMWare_BD
D...	p	sub_418B90+9E	call VMWare_BD
D...	p	sub_418C60+2D	call VMWare_BD
D...	p	sub_418CA0+3B	call VMWare_BD
D...	p	sub_418FC0+79	call VMWare_BD
D...	p	sub_418FC0+D4	call VMWare_BD
D...	p	sub_418FC0+12D	call VMWare_BD

Line 1 of 9

OK Cancel

# Functions Used

```
mov     eax, 4
movups  xmmword ptr [esp+18h+var_18+2], xmm0
mov     [esp+8], ax
call    VMWare_BD
```

```
mov     eax, 6
mov     [esp+28h+var_10], ax
call    VMWare_BD
```

```
mov     eax, 0Fh
movups  xmmword ptr [esp+18h+var_18+2], xmm0
mov     [esp+8], ax
call    VMWare_BD
```

```
mov     dword ptr [esp+0Ch], 17h
call    VMWare_BD
```

```
mov     eax, 11h
mov     [ebp-34h], ax
lea     ecx, [ebp+var_44+8]
call    VMWare_BD
```

```
mov     dword ptr [ebp-34h], 1
lea     ecx, [ebp+var_44+8]
call    VMWare_BD
```

```
mov     dword ptr [ebp-34h], 13h
lea     ecx, [ebp+var_44+8]
call    VMWare_BD
```

```
mov     eax, 7
lea     ecx, [esp+28h+var_18]
mov     [esp+28h+var_10], ax
call    VMWare_BD
mov     eax, [esp+28h+var_18]
test    eax, eax
jz      short loc_418C3F
```

lo  
po  
xo  
po  
mo  
re  
su

```
mov     esi, ebx
mov     edi, 7
nop     dword ptr [eax+eax+00000000h]
```

```
loc_418C20:
mov     [esi], eax
lea     ecx, [esp+28h+var_18]
lea     esi, [esi+4]
mov     [esp+28h+var_10], di
call    VMWare_BD
```

# Functions Used

- 01h = Get processor speed (MHz)
- 04h = Get mouse cursor position
- 06h = Get text length from clipboard
- 07h = Get text from clipboard
- 0Fh = Get host screen size
- 11h = Get virtual hardware version
- 13h = Get BIOS UUID
- 17h = Get host's system time (GMT)

# Problem?

- No VMWare on my laptop
- Limited access to internet

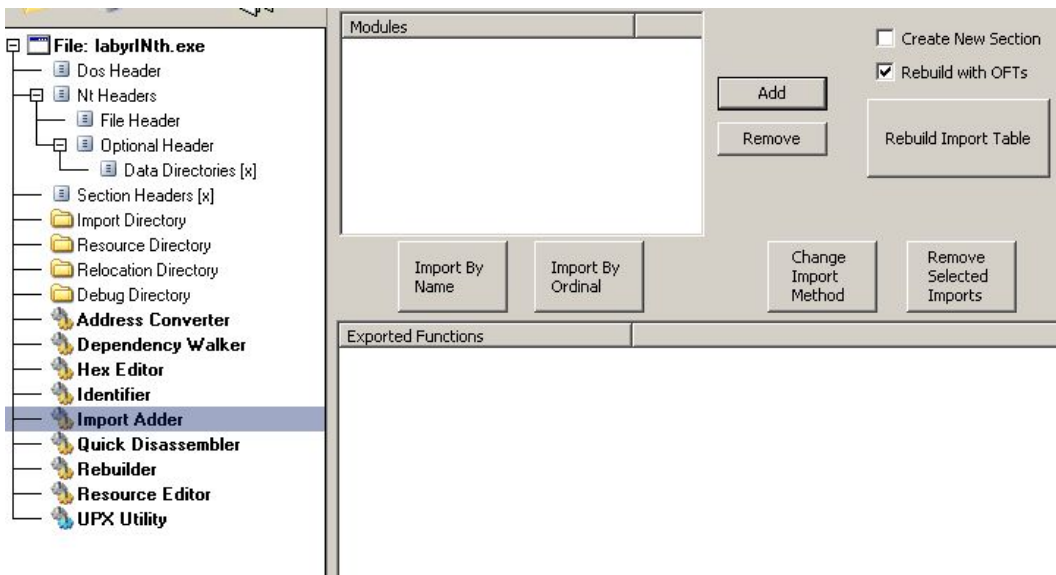
# Solution

- Dll Injection
- Redirect call



# DLL Injection

- CFF Explorer to the rescue! (<http://www.ntcore.com/exsuite.php>)
- Import adder



# DLL Injection

**CFF Explorer VIII - [labyrINth.exe]**

File Settings ?

**labyrINth.exe**

Module Name	Imports	OFTs
szAnsi	(nFunctions)	Dword
KERNEL32.dll	69	0001AC3C
USER32.dll	2	0001AC40
ADVAPI32.dll	1	0001AC44

**CFF Explorer VIII - [labyrINth2.exe]**

File Settings ?

**labyrINth2.exe**

Module Name	Imports	OFTs	TimeDateStamp	ForwarderChain
0001AC64	N/A	0001AC3C	0001AC40	0001AC44
szAnsi	(nFunctions)	Dword	Dword	Dword
KERNEL32.dll	69	00023184	00000000	00000000
USER32.dll	2	0002329C	00000000	00000000
ADVAPI32.dll	1	0002317C	00000000	00000000
vemu.dll	1	0002607F	00000000	00000000

OFTs	FTs (IAT)	Hint	Name
0001AC7F	0001AC77	0001AC6D	0001AC6F
Dword	Dword	Word	szAnsi
0002606D	0002606D	0000	Emulate

# Redirect Call

```
PANW:00418B00
PANW:00418B01
PANW:00418B03
PANW:00418B04
PANW:00418B05
PANW:00418B06
PANW:00418B0B
PANW:00418B0E
PANW:00418B0F
PANW:00418B15
```

```
push    ebp
mov     ebp, esp
push    ecx
push    ebx
push    esi
mov     eax, 5658h
mov     [ebp+var_4], ecx
push    edi
mov     dword ptr [ecx], 564D5868h
mov     [ecx+0Ch], ax
```

```
PANW:00418B00 sub_418B00
PANW:00418B00
PANW:00418B00
PANW:00418B06
PANW:00418B06 sub_418B00
PANW:00418B06
PANW:00418B06 ;
PANW:00418B07
PANW:00418B08
```

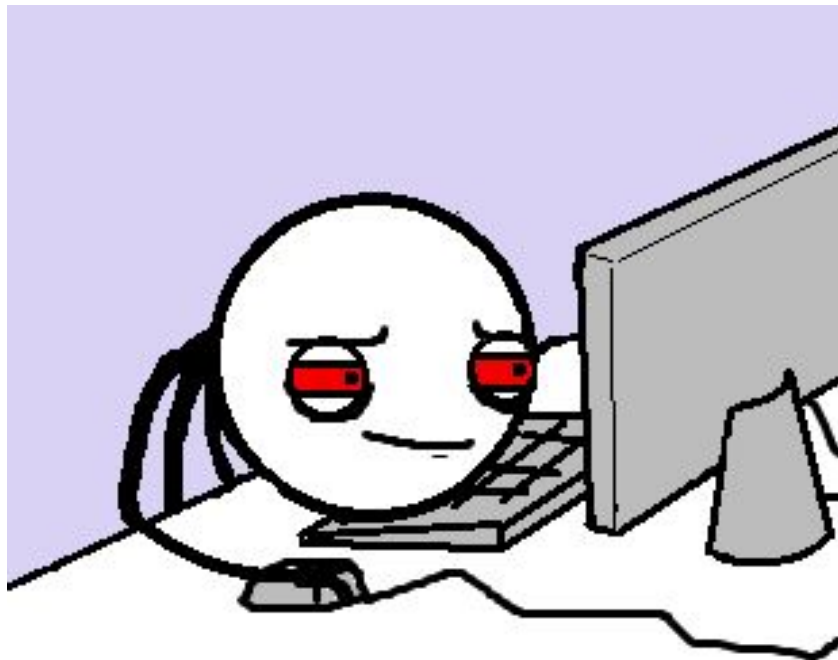
```
proc near                                ; CODE XREF: sub_
                                           ; sub_418B90+43↓p
call    ds:Emulate
retn
endp

;
; Imports from vemu.dll
;
Emulate      dd ?
```

# Debugging and Coding the DLL

- IDA Pro
- HexWorkshop
- Masm32 + RadASM

# Debug Time!



# DLL Skeleton

```
Emulate proc
LOCAL psave

    pushad
    mov psave, ecx
    mov eax, psave
    mov ecx, dword ptr [eax+8]
    .if ecx == 1
    .elseif ecx == 4
    .elseif ecx == 6
    .elseif ecx == 7
    .elseif ecx == 0Fh
    .elseif ecx == 11h
    .elseif ecx == 13h
    .elseif ecx == 17h
    .endif
    push eax
    mov eax, psave
    mov dword ptr [eax+14h], edi
    mov dword ptr [eax+10h], esi
    mov dword ptr [eax+0ch], edx
    mov dword ptr [eax+8h], ecx
    mov dword ptr [eax+4h], ebx
    mov ebx, eax
    pop eax
    mov dword ptr [ebx], eax
    popad

    ret
Emulate endp
```

# Function 01h

---

## 01h - Get processor speed (MHz)

### AVAILABILITY

WS2.x WS3.x WS4.0 WS4.5 WS5.x GSX2.5 GSX3.2

### CALL

EAX = 564D5868h - magic number

EBX = don't care

ECX(HI) = don't care

ECX(LO) = 0001h - command number

EDX(HI) = don't care

EDX(LO) = 5658h - port number

### RETURN

EAX = Processor speed in MHz

EBX = unchanged

ECX = unchanged

EDX = unchanged

### DESCRIPTION

This command returns the host machine's processor speed. Note that the returned value is a value estimated (calculated) by VMware program. For example, I usually get 3EAh (1,002) on my 1000MHz machine.

This information is originally reported by Andrei Tarassov.

# Function 01h

```
mov     dword ptr [ebp-34h], 1
lea     ecx, [ebp+var_44+8]
call    VMWare_BD
cmp     dword ptr [ebp+var_44+8], 3E8h
ja      short loc_4190AF
```

```
push    offset aSlow_ ; "Slow.\n"
call    sub_407610
add     esp, 4
```

To: sub\_418FC0:loc\_4190AF

loc\_4190AF:

```
mov     [ebp+var_54], 4A60565Fh
mov     [ebp+var_50], 55294E5Bh
```

3E8h = 1000d



# Function 01h

```
if ecx == 1  
    mov eax, 0BADCODEh
```

# Function 11h

[11h](#) - Get virtual hardware version

## AVAILABILITY

WS5.x

## CALL

EAX = 564D5868h - magic number

EBX = don't care

ECX(HI) = don't care

ECX(LO) = 0011h - command number

EDX(HI) = don't care

EDX(LO) = 5658h - port number

## RETURN

EAX = virtual hardware version

EBX = unchanged

ECX = unchanged

EDX = unchanged

## DESCRIPTION

This command returns the virtual hardware version of the current virtual machine.

Possible version numbers are:

- 3: Virtual machines created with WS4.x, ESX2.x, GSX3.x, ACE1.x, and with WS5.x as a legacy VM
- 4: Virtual machines created with WS5.x as a new type VM

Although virtual machines created with WS3.x/GSX2.x also have a virtual hardware version (1 or 2), they can not run on WS5.x without first upgrading the virtual hardware and therefore this command never returns such values.

Note: Command 11h is also implemented in WS2.x but it seems to have a different function and I don't know what.

# Function 11h

```
lea     ecx, [ebp+var_44+0]
call    VMWare_BD
mov     esi, dword ptr [ebp+var_44+8]
push    esi
push    offset aVMwareVersionU ; "VMware version: %u\n"
call    sub_407610
add     esp, 8
cmp     esi, 4
jz      short loc_41906F
```

To: sub\_418FC0+94

```
push    offset aIDonTThinkYouC ; "I don't think you can finish this today"...
call    sub_407610
add     esp, 4
mov     [ebp+ms_exc.registration.TryLevel], 0FFFFFFEh
```

```
mov     word ptr [ebp+var_44+8], ax
xor     xmm0, xmm0
```

Version == 4

## Function 11h

```
while ecx == 11h
```

```
    mov eax, 4
```

# Function 0Fh

[0Fh](#) - Get host screen size

## AVAILABILITY

WS2.x WS3.x WS4.0 WS4.5 WS5.x GSX2.5 GSX 3.2

## CALL

EAX = 564D5868h - magic number

EBX = don't care

ECX(HI) = don't care

ECX(LO) = 000Fh - command number

EDX(HI) = don't care

EDX(LO) = 5658h - port number

## RETURN

EAX(HI) = X resolution (pixels)

EAX(LO) = Y resolution (pixels)

EBX = unchanged

ECX = unchanged

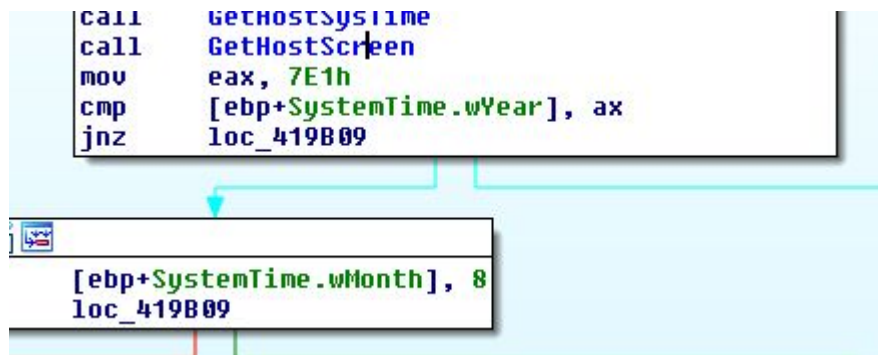
EDX = unchanged

## DESCRIPTION

This command returns the host's screen size.

# Function 0Fh

```
mov     eax, 0Fh
movups  xmmword ptr [esp+18h+],  
mov     [esp+8], ax  
call    VMWare_BD  
mov     eax, [esp+18h+var_18]  
movzx   edx, word ptr [esp+18h+]  
shr     eax, 10h  
mov     esp, ebp  
pop     ebp  
retn  
GetHostScreen endp
```



Not used??

## Function 0Fh

```
.align 4    ecx == 0Fh
```

```
    mov eax, DEADBEEFh
```

# Function 04h

## [04h](#) - Get mouse cursor position

### AVAILABILITY

WS2.x WS3.x WS4.0 WS4.5<sup>(\*)</sup> WS5.x<sup>(\*)</sup> GSX2.5 GSX3.2<sup>(\*)</sup>

### CALL

EAX = 564D5868h - magic number

EBX = don't care

ECX(HI) = don't care

ECX(LO) = 0004h - command number

EDX(HI) = don't care

EDX(LO) = 5658h - port number

### RETURN

EAX(HI) = X coordinate

EAX(LO) = Y coordinate

EBX = unchanged

ECX = unchanged

EDX = unchanged

### DESCRIPTION

This command returns the mouse cursor position relative to the upper-left corner of the guest screen area.

It returns FF9CFF9Ch (-100, -100) when the guest does not have the focus so this command can be used to detect if the guest has the focus.

(\*) On WS4.5/GSX3.2 and later, when VMware preference option "Ungrab when cursor leaves window" is enabled, VMware keeps track of mouse movement even if the mouse cursor is not shown in the guest (such as in DOS, linux console), and this command causes VMware to release the focus from the guest if the supposed cursor position at that moment is outside the guest screen area.

With this option disabled VMware does not keep track of the cursor position and this command always returns the last known cursor position (the position at the time when the guest grabbed the input focus, or the position set with command [05h](#)) as earlier versions do.



# Function 04h

```
mov     eax, 4
movups  xmmword ptr [esp+18h+var_18+2], xmm0
mov     [esp+8], ax
call    VMWare_BD
mov     eax, [esp+18h+var_18]
mov     edx, word ptr [ebp+10h+var_10]
```

```
loc_4197C2:
call    GetCurPos
lea     eax, [ebp+Point]
push    eax ; lpPoint
call    ds:GetCursorPos
test    esi, esi
jnz     short loc_419817
```

```
mov     ecx, [ebp+Point.y]
mov     eax, ecx
sub     eax, [ebp+var_334]
sub     eax, [ebp+var_104]
mov     edx, [ebp+Point.x]
mov     [ebp+var_334], edx
add     eax, edx
xor     edx, edx
cmp     eax, 0Dh
mov     eax, 0Dh
cmovz   edx, eax
mov     [ebp+var_104], ecx
test    edx, edx
jz      short loc_4197C2
```

To: MainFunction:loc\_4197C2

```
loc_4197C2:
call    GetCurPos
lea     eax, [ebp+Point]
push    eax ; lpPoint
call    ds:GetCursorPos
test    esi, esi
jnz     short loc_419817
```

# Function 04h

```
.elseif ecx == 4  
    invoke SetCursorPos, 0, 13  
.elseif ecx == 6
```

# Function 17h

## [17h](#) - Get host's system time (GMT)

### AVAILABILITY

WS2.x WS3.x WS4.0 WS4.5 WS5.x GSX2.5 GSX3.2

### CALL

EAX = 564D5868h - magic number

EBX = don't care

ECX(HI) = don't care

ECX(LO) = 0017h - command number

EDX(HI) = don't care

EDX(LO) = 5658h - port number

### RETURN

EAX = host's system time (GMT, unix style 32 bit time value)

EBX = microsecond

ECX = ?

EDX = host's timezone (offset to GMT in minutes, 32 bit signed integer) on WS4.0/GSX2.5 and earlier / 0 on WS4.5/GSX3.2 and later

### DESCRIPTION

This command returns the host's system time (GMT).

On WS4.0/GSX2.5 and earlier, you can get the host's local time by subtracting the offset (*EDX*) from the GMT time (*EAX*). Since the offset is returned in minutes rather than in seconds, the expression should be like:

$$\text{localtime} = \text{EAX} - (\text{EDX} * 60)$$

Another seemingly meaningful value is returned in *ECX* but I still don't know what it is. For the record, on my WS5.5 it is almost always 000F4240h (1,000,000) but sometimes changes between 1,000,000 and about 3,000,000. I'd imagine it has something to do with the clock precision. Maybe.

# Function 17h

```
mov     dword ptr [esp+0Ch], 17h
call    VMWare_BD
mov     eax, [esp+28h+var_24]
mov     ecx, 989680h
imul    ecx
push    esi                ; lpSystemTime
add     eax, 0D53E8000h
mov     [esp+2Ch+FileTime.dwLowDateTime], eax
adc     edx, 19DB1DEh
mov     eax, edx
mov     [esp+2Ch+FileTime.dwHighDateTime], edx
sar     eax, 1Fh
lea     eax, [esp+2Ch+FileTime]
push    eax                ; lpFileTime
call    ds:FileTimeToSystemTime
mov     ecx, [esp+28h+var_4]
```

```
v1 = lpSystemTime;
LOWORD(v3) = 0;
*(_DWORD *)((char *)&v3 + 2) = 0i64;
v5 = 0;
v6 = 0;
v4 = 23;
VMWare_BD(&v3);
FileTime.dwLowDateTime = 10000000 * v3 - 717324288;
FileTime.dwHighDateTime = ((unsigned __int64)(10000000i64 * v3 - 717324288) >> 32) + 27111902;
return FileTimeToSystemTime(&FileTime, v1);
```

# Function 17h

```
v1 = lpSystemTime;
LOWORD(v3) = 0;
*(_OWORD *)((char *)&v3 + 2) = 0i64;
v5 = 0;
v6 = 0;
v4 = 23;
VMWare_BD(&v3);
FileTime.dwLowDateTime = 100000000 * v3 - 717324288;
FileTime.dwHighDateTime = ((unsigned __int64)(100000000i64 * v3 - 717324288) >> 32) + 27111902;
return FileTimeToSystemTime(&FileTime, v1);
```

```
/*
 * Number of 100 nanosecond units from 1/1/1601 to 1/1/1970
 */
#define EPOCH_BIAS 116444736000000000i64
[...]
```

```
__time64_t __cdecl _time64 (
    __time64_t *timeptr
)
{
    __time64_t tim;
    FT nt_time;
    GetSystemTimeAsFileTime( &(nt_time.ft_struct) );
    tim = (__time64_t)((nt_time.ft_scalar - EPOCH_BIAS) / 100000000i64);
    if (timeptr)
        *timeptr = tim;          /* store time if requested */
    return tim;
}
```

# Function 17h

```
call    GetHostSysTime  
call    GetHostScreen  
mov     eax, 7E1h  
cmp     [ebp+SystemTime.wYear], ax  
jnz     loc_419B09
```



The screenshot shows a debugger window with assembly code. A red arrow points from the 'jnz loc\_419B09' instruction in the first block to the 'cmp [ebp+SystemTime.wMonth], 8' instruction in the second block. The second block also shows 'jnz loc\_419B09'.

```
cmp     [ebp+SystemTime.wMonth], 8  
jnz     loc_419B09
```

EPOCH of Year = 2017, Month = 08

2017-08-01 to 2017-08-31

1501545601 to 1504155599

# Function 17h

```
.endif ecx == 17h  
    mov eax, 1501545601  
.endif
```

# Function 13h

## [13h](#) - Get BIOS UUID

### AVAILABILITY

WS4.0 WS4.5 WS5.x GSX2.5 GSX3.2

### CALL

EAX = 564D5868h - magic number

EBX = don't care

ECX(HI) = don't care

ECX(LO) = 0013h - command number

EDX(HI) = don't care

EDX(LO) = 5658h - port number

### RETURN

EAX = 1st 4 bytes of the UUID (first byte in LSB)

EBX = 2nd 4 bytes of the UUID (ditto)

ECX = 3rd 4 bytes of the UUID (ditto)

EDX = 4th 4 bytes of the UUID (ditto)

### DESCRIPTION

This command returns the BIOS UUID of the current virtual machine. BIOS UUID is stored in the config file in the following form:

```
uuid.bios = "56 4d 3e 7a 92 ee 4c 46-e8 0d 86 f3 68 a0 cb e7"
```

With this command, the UUID illustrated above is returned in each register in the following form:

```
EAX: 7a3e4d56
```

```
EBX: 464cee92
```

```
ECX: f3860de8
```

```
EDX: e7cba068
```



# Function 13h

```
loc_4190A0:
mov     [ebp+var_54], 4A60565Fh
mov     [ebp+var_50], 55294E5Bh
mov     [ebp+Point.x], 5B624B4Ah
mov     [ebp+Point.y], 515D574Eh
xorps   xmm0, xmm0
movups  [ebp+var_68], xmm0
xor     eax, eax
mov     word ptr [ebp+var_44+8], ax
movups  [ebp+var_44+0Ah], xmm0
mov     [ebp+var_2A], eax
mov     [ebp+var_26], ax
mov     dword ptr [ebp+34h], 13h
lea     ecx, [ebp+var_44+8]
call    VMWare_BD
mov     eax, dword ptr [ebp+var_44+8]
mov     dword ptr [ebp+var_68], eax
mov     eax, dword ptr [ebp+var_44+0Ch]
mov     dword ptr [ebp+var_68+4], eax
mov     eax, [ebp+34h]
mov     dword ptr [ebp+var_68+8], eax
mov     eax, dword ptr [ebp+var_33+3]
mov     dword ptr [ebp+var_68+0Ch], eax
movups  xmm0, [ebp+var_68]
paddb   xmm0, xmmword_4B6DC0
movups  [ebp+var_68], xmm0
lea     ecx, [ebp+var_68]
lea     edx, [ebp+var_54]
mov     esi, 0Ch
xmmword_4B6DC0
```

```
xmmword 406DC0  xmmword 90909090909090909090909090909090h
```

```
loc_419125:
mov     eax, [ecx]
cmp     eax, [edx]
jnz     loc_41981D
```

# Function 13h

```
mov    [ebp+var_54], 4A60565Fh  
mov    [ebp+var_50], 55294E5Bh  
mov    [ebp+Point.x], 5B624B4Ah  
mov    [ebp+Point.y], 515D574Eh
```

4A 60 56 5F ⇨ 5F 56 60 4A

55 29 4E 5B ⇨ 5B 4E 29 55

5B 62 4B 4A ⇨ 4A 4B 62 5B

51 5D 57 4E ⇨ 4E 57 5D 51

# Function 13h

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
5F	56	60	4A	5B	4E	29	55	4A	4B	62	5B	4E	57	5D	51	U	J	N	>	U	J	K	B	N	W	I	Q				

```
call VMWare_BD  
mov eax, dword ptr [ebp+var_44+8]  
mov dword ptr [ebp+var_68], eax  
mov eax, dword ptr [ebp+var_44+0Ch]  
mov dword ptr [ebp+var_68+4], eax  
mov eax, [ebp-34h]  
mov dword ptr [ebp+var_68+8], eax  
mov eax, dword ptr [ebp+var_33+3]  
mov dword ptr [ebp+var_68+0Ch], eax  
movups xmm0, [ebp+var_68]  
paddb xmm0, xmmword_406DC0  
movups [ebp+var_68], xmm0  
lea ecx, [ebp+xmmword_406DC0 + xmmword_90909090909090909090909090909090 ; DATA XREF: MainFunction+14E↓  
lea edx, [ebp+var_34]  
mov esi, 0Ch
```

```
loc_419125:  
mov     eax, [ecx]  
cmp     eax, [edx]  
jnz     loc_419B1D
```

# Function 13h

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
56	4D	57	41	52	45	20	4C	41	42	59	52	45	4E	54	48	U	M	W	A	R	E		L	A	B	Y	R	E	N	T	H

56 4D 57 41 ⇨ 41 57 4D 56

52 45 20 4C ⇨ 4C 20 45 52

41 42 59 52 ⇨ 52 59 42 41

45 4E 54 48 ⇨ 48 54 4E 45

# Function 13h

```
.elseif ecx == 13h  
    mov eax, 41574D56h  
    mov ebx, 4C204552h  
    mov ecx, 52594241h  
    mov edx, 48544E45h
```

# Function 6h & 7h

[06h](#) - Get text length from clipboard

## AVAILABILITY

WS2.x WS3.x WS4.0 WS4.5<sup>(\*)</sup> WS5.x<sup>(\*)</sup> GSX2.5 GSX3.2<sup>(\*)</sup>

## CALL

EAX = 564D5868h - magic number

EBX = don't care

ECX(HI) = don't care

ECX(LO) = 0006h - command number

EDX(HI) = don't care

EDX(LO) = 5658h - port number

## RETURN

EAX = text length

EBX = unchanged

ECX = unchanged

EDX = unchanged

## DESCRIPTION

This command returns the length of text data available from the host's clipboard. Also this command resets the clipboard data transfer process. The first get text command ([07h](#)) issued after this command returns the very beginning of the text data.

# Function 6h & 7h

[07h](#) - Get text from clipboard

## AVAILABILITY

WS2.x WS3.x WS4.0 WS4.5 WS5.x GSX2.5 GSX3.2

## CALL

EAX = 564D5868h - magic number

EBX = don't care

ECX(HI) = don't care

ECX(LO) = 0007h - command number

EDX(HI) = don't care

EDX(LO) = 5658h - port number

## RETURN

EAX = 4 bytes of text from clipboard (first byte in LSB)

EBX = unchanged

ECX = unchanged

EDX = unchanged

## DESCRIPTION

This command return a portion of text in the clipboard. The get text length command ([06h](#)) should be called prior to this command. The first call after a command 06h call returns the first 4 bytes, and the next call returns the next 4 bytes, and so on.

If no more data is available in the clipboard, 00000000h is returned.

This command does not pass carriage return characters (0Dh), so if the guest OS requires them (e.g. DOS), you have to supply them as line feed characters (0Ah) appear in returned text data.

On WS4.0/GSX2.5 and earlier the data length value returned by the get length command (06h) is often slightly larger than actual text length so you should search for a terminating null character in returned text data to know the actual end of the text.

See notes on WS4.5/GSX3.2 and later in command [06h](#) above.

# Function 6h & 7h

```
mov     eax, 6
mov     [esp+28h+var_10], ax
call    VMWare_BD
mov     edi, [esp+28h+var_18]
mov     [esp+28h+var_1C], edi
cmp     edi, 0FFFFFFFFh
jnz     short loc_418BEE
```

```
or      eax, edi
pop     edi
pop     esi
pop     ebx
mov     esp, ebp
pop     ebp
retn
```

```
loc_418BEE:
cmp     edi, 0A000000h
jnb     short loc_418C54
```

```
mov     eax, 7
lea     ecx, [esp+28h+var_18]
mov     [esp+28h+var_10], ax
call    VMWare_BD
mov     eax, [esp+28h+var_18]
test    eax, eax
jz      short loc_418C3F
```

```
loc_418C54:
pop     edi
pop     esi
xor     eax, eax
pop     ebx
mov     esp, ebp
pop     ebp
retn
GetClipboard endp
```

```
call    GetClipboard
add     esp, 4
cmp     eax, 1
jnz     loc_419AF3
```

```
cmp     [ebp+var_338], 40h
jnz     loc_419AF3
```

To: MainFunction:loc\_419AF3

```
loc_419AF3:
; dwMilli:
push    1F4h
push    [ebp+hHandle] ; hHandle
call    ds:WaitForSingleObject
jmp     loc_4197C2
```

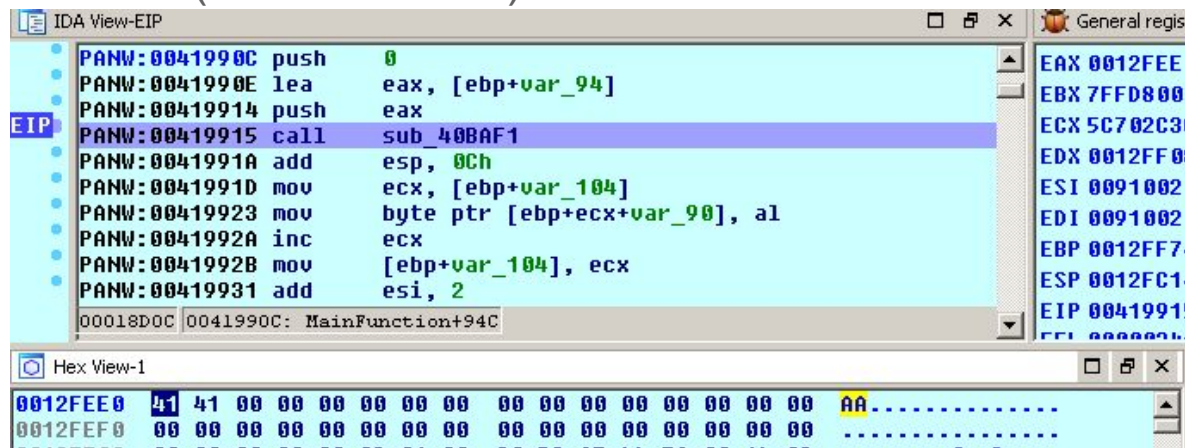


## Function 6h & 7h

```
.elseif ecx == 6
    mov _count, 0
    mov eax, 40h
.elseif ecx == 7
    mov eax, _count
    mov eax, dword ptr [szClipboard+eax*4]
    inc _count
```

# Function 6h & 7h

Buffer = 'A' \* 40h (AAAAAAAA.....)



IDA View-EIP

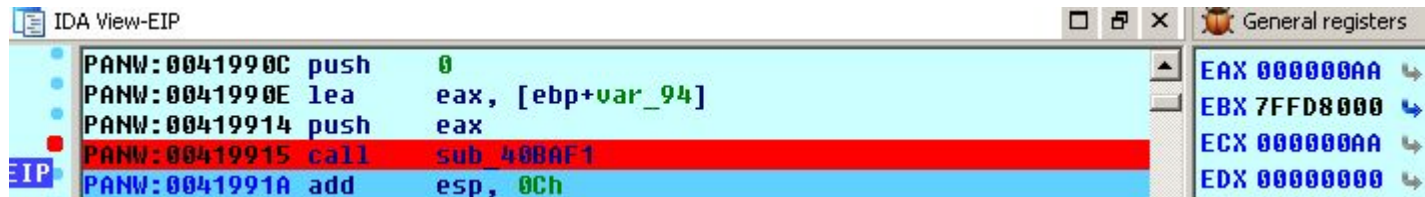
Address	Disassembly
PANW:0041990C	push 0
PANW:0041990E	lea eax, [ebp+var_94]
PANW:00419914	push eax
PANW:00419915	call sub_40BAF1
PANW:0041991A	add esp, 0Ch
PANW:0041991D	mov ecx, [ebp+var_104]
PANW:00419923	mov byte ptr [ebp+ecx+var_90], al
PANW:0041992A	inc ecx
PANW:0041992B	mov [ebp+var_104], ecx
PANW:00419931	add esi, 2

General registers

Register	Value
EAX	0012FEE
EBX	7FFD800
ECX	5C702C3
EDX	0012FF0
ESI	0091002
EDI	0091002
EBP	0012FF7
ESP	0012FC1
EIP	0041991

Hex View-1

Address	Hex	ASCII
0012FEE0	41 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	AA.....
0012FEF0	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....



IDA View-EIP

Address	Disassembly
PANW:0041990C	push 0
PANW:0041990E	lea eax, [ebp+var_94]
PANW:00419914	push eax
PANW:00419915	call sub_40BAF1
PANW:0041991A	add esp, 0Ch

General registers

Register	Value
EAX	000000AA
EBX	7FFD8000
ECX	000000AA
EDX	00000000

# Function 6h & 7h

Buffer = 'AB' \* 20h (ABABAB....)

The screenshot displays the IDA Pro interface with two main windows. The top window, titled 'IDA View-EIP', shows assembly code for a function. The instruction at address 00419915, 'call sub\_40BAF1', is highlighted in blue. The bottom window, titled 'Hex View-1', shows the memory contents at addresses 0012FEE0 and 0012FEF0. The data at 0012FEE0 is '41 42 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00', and the data at 0012FEF0 is '00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00'. A yellow highlight is visible on the 'AB' bytes at the end of the first line. Below the hex view, another 'IDA View-EIP' window is visible, showing the same assembly code, but with the instruction at address 00419915, 'call sub\_40BAF1', highlighted in red. To the right of this window, the 'General registers' window is partially visible, showing the values of EAX, EBX, ECX, and EDX.

IDA View-EIP

```
PANW:0041990C push    0
PANW:0041990E lea     eax, [ebp+var_94]
PANW:00419914 push    eax
PANW:00419915 call    sub_40BAF1
PANW:0041991A add     esp, 0Ch
PANW:0041991D mov     ecx, [ebp+var_104]
PANW:00419923 mov     byte ptr [ebp+ecx+var_90], al
```

00018D15 00419915: MainFunction+955

Hex View-1

```
0012FEE0 41 42 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 AB.....
0012FEF0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
```

IDA View-EIP

```
PANW:0041990C push    0
PANW:0041990E lea     eax, [ebp+var_94]
PANW:00419914 push    eax
PANW:00419915 call    sub_40BAF1
PANW:0041991A add     esp, 0Ch
```

General registers

```
EAX 000000AB
EBX 7FFDD000
ECX 000000AB
EDX 00000000
```

## Function 6h & 7h

IDA View-EIP

```

PANW:0041993A cmp     ecx, 20h
PANW:0041993D jb      loc_419870
PANW:00419943 mov     eax, [ebp+var_6C]
PANW:00419946 mov     [ebp+var_104], eax
PANW:0041994C xor     eax, 4A930B03h
PANW:00419951 mov     [ebp+var_108], eax
PANW:00419957 mov     dword ptr [ebp+var_44], 6C796851h
PANW:0041995E mov     dword ptr [ebp+var_44+4], 27336F7Bh
PANW:00419965 mov     dword ptr [ebp+var_44+8], 6F277570h
PANW:0041996C mov     dword ptr [ebp+var_44+0Ch], 76277A70h
PANW:00419973 mov     dword ptr [ebp-34h], 6D27737Eh
PANW:0041997A mov     dword ptr [ebp+anonymous_0+4], 33747976h
PANW:00419981 mov     dword ptr [ebp-2Ch], 7B687E27h
PANW:00419988 mov     dword ptr [ebp+anonymous_1+4], 7A6C6F6Ah
PANW:0041998F movups  xmm0, [ebp+var_90]
PANW:00419996 paddb   xmm0, xmmword_406DB0
PANW:0041999E movups  [ebp+var_90], xmm0
PANW:004199A5 movups  xmm0, [ebp+var_80]

```

00018D8F 0041998F: MainFunction+9CF

Hex View-1

```

0012FF30 51 68 79 6C 7B 6F 33 27 70 75 27 6F 70 7A 27 76 Rhy1{o3'pu'opz'u
0012FF40 7E 73 27 6D 76 79 74 33 27 7E 68 7B 6A 6F 6C 7A ~s'mvvt3'~h{jolz

```

## Function 6h & 7h

```
PANW:00419996 paddb    xmm0, xmmword_406DB0
PANW:0041999E movups   [ebp+var_90], xmm0
PANW:004199A5 movups   xmm0, [ebp+var_80]
PANW:004199A9 paddb    xmm0, xmmword_406DB0
PANW:004199B1 movups   [ebp+var_80], xmm0
PANW:004199B5 mov     eax, 20h
PANW:004199BA nop      word ptr [xmmword_406DB0, xmmword 7070707070707070707070707070707h
PANW:004199C0                                     ; MainFunction+90]
PANW:004199C0 loc_4199C0:                                     ; CODE XREF: MainFunction+A0C↓j
PANW:004199C8 add     byte ptr [ebp+eax+var_90], 7
```

## Function 6h & 7h

IDA View-EIP

Address	Disassembly	Comment
PANW:00419957	mov dword ptr [ebp+var_44], 6C796851h	
PANW:0041995E	mov dword ptr [ebp+var_44+4], 27336F78h	
PANW:00419965	mov dword ptr [ebp+var_44+8], 6F277570h	
PANW:0041996C	mov dword ptr [ebp+var_44+0Ch], 76277A70h	
PANW:00419973	mov dword ptr [ebp-34h], 6D27737Eh	
PANW:0041997A	mov dword ptr [ebp+anonymous_0+4], 33747976h	
PANW:00419981	mov dword ptr [ebp-2Ch], 7B687E27h	
PANW:00419988	mov dword ptr [ebp+anonymous_1+4], 7A6C6F6Ah	
PANW:0041998F	movups xmm0, [ebp+var_90]	
PANW:00419996	paddb xmm0, xmmword_406DB0	
PANW:0041999E	movups [ebp+var_90], xmm0	
PANW:004199A5	movups xmm0, [ebp+var_80]	
PANW:004199A9	paddb xmm0, xmmword_406DB0	
PANW:004199B1	movups [ebp+var_80], xmm0	
PANW:004199B5	mov eax, 20h	

00018DB5: 004199B5: MainFunction+9F5

Hex View-1

Address	Hex	ASCII
0012FEE0	41 42 00 00 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2	AB.....
0012FEF0	B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2	.....
0012FF00	B2 B2 B2 B2 00 0C 01 00 7C 0A 99 4C 34 3C CA 08	..... .0L4<-. .....-+--+--*u.-@.
0012FF10	46 E5 10 D0 CE C9 D0 FA D1 2A AE 96 00 CF 40 00	Fs.....
0012FF20	5F 56 60 4A 5B 4E 29 55 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	_U`J[N]U.....
0012FF30	51 68 79 6C 7B 6F 33 27 70 75 27 6F 70 7A 27 76	Qhy1{o3'pu'opz'u
0012FF40	7E 73 27 6D 76 79 74 33 27 7E 68 7B 6A 6F 6C 7A	~s'moyt3'~h{jolz



# Function 6h & 7h

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
51	68	79	6C	7B	6F	33	27	70	75	27	6F	70	7A	27	76	Q	h	y	l	¿	o	3	'	p	u	'	o	p	z	'	v
7E	73	27	6D	76	79	74	33	27	7E	68	7B	6A	6F	6C	7A	~	s	'	m	v	y	t	3	'	~	h	¿	j	o	l	z

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
4A	61	72	65	74	68	2C	20	69	6E	20	68	69	73	20	6F	J	a	r	e	t	h	,		i	n		h	i	s		o
77	6C	20	66	6F	72	6D	2C	20	77	61	74	63	68	65	73	w	l		f	o	r	m	,		w	a	t	c	h	e	s

## Function 6h & 7h

```
szClipboard db '4A61726574682C20696E20686973206F';Jareth, in his o  
            db '776C20666F726D2C2077617463686573';wl form, watches  
            dd 0  
            dd 0
```



# Function 6h & 7h

```
D:\LabyrINth>labyrINth.exe
I don't think you can finish this today. Not with this attitude.

D:\LabyrINth>labyrINth.exe

D:\LabyrINth>labyrINth2.exe
UMware version: 4
flag: PAN<UMWare Labyrenth 2017 Challenge. UMWare Backdoor API is nice.>

D:\LabyrINth>
```

Q/A

Questions?