



# Neat C Techniques

Sanskar Amgain



# Content

- **Function Pointers**
- Callback Functions
- Polymorphism with Void Pointer
- Discriminated Unions
- Switch vs Function Dispatching



# Function Pointers

- Points to the address of the function
- Enables us to create first class function
- Syntax:

```
return_type (*pointer_name) (param1, param2, ....);
```



# Declaration of function Pointer

Because of precedence, if we don't parenthesize the name, we declare a function returning a pointer:

```
// function returning pointer to int  
int *func(int a, int b);
```

```
// function pointer that takes 2 int parameters  
int (*func)(int a, int b);
```



# Example

```
float function(float x) {  
    return x + 2.0f;  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    float (*ptr) (float) = function; // ptr contains address of the function  
    ptr(3.0f);  
}
```



# Prettifying Function Pointer

- *Typedef* creates an alias for another data type
- Using typedef can simplify the syntax of function pointer
- Syntax:

```
typedef return_type (*alias) (param1, param2, ...)
```



# Typedef for function pointers

```
float function(float x) {  
    return x + 2.0f;  
}
```

```
typedef float (*Function_ptr)(float );
```

```
// equivalent to float (*ptr)(float )  
Function_ptr ptr = function;
```



# Anonymous Function

- Function that is not bound to any identifier
- Generally passed as a argument higher order function
- Created for short term use only





# Anonymous function in GNU C

```
#define lambda(return_type, function_body) \  
({ \  
    return_type anon_func_name_ function_body \  
    anon_func_name_; \  
})
```

```
int (*max)(int, int) = lambda (int, (int x, int y) { return x > y ? x : y; });
```



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# Callback Function

- Function that is passed to another function as argument
- Callback is generally called when some kind of event occurs.
- Callback in C can be implemented by passing a function pointer.



Application program

Main program

call

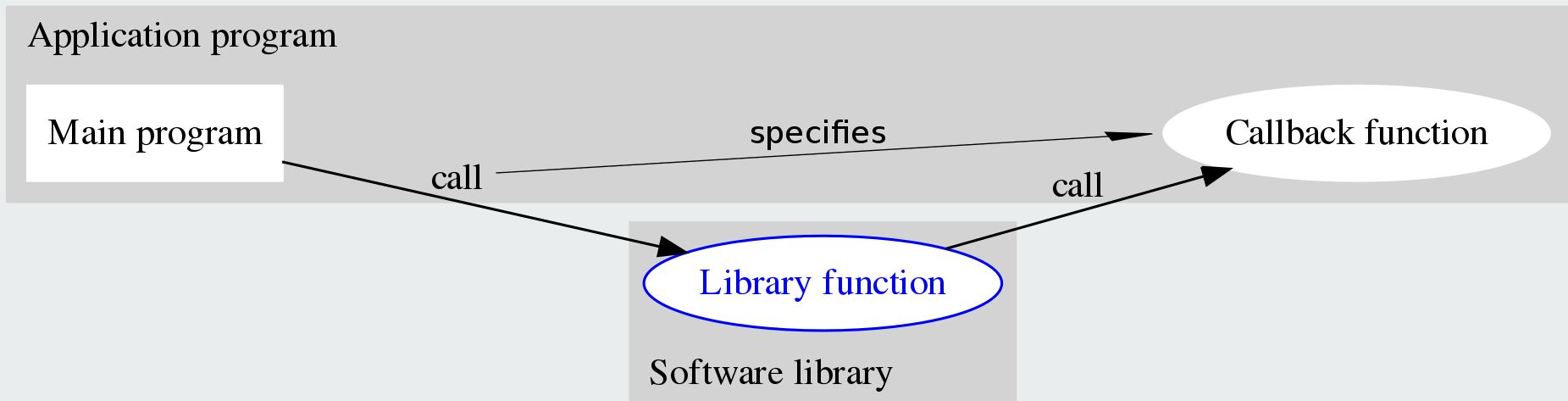
specifies

call

Callback function

Library function

Software library





**Example: *callback\_newton\_raphson***



**Example: *map***



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# Polymorphism

- Polymorphism is the use of single symbol to represent multiple types.
- In C polymorphism can be implemented using ***void \****.
- ***void \**** can point to data of any type.





**Example: *bubble\_sort***



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# Union

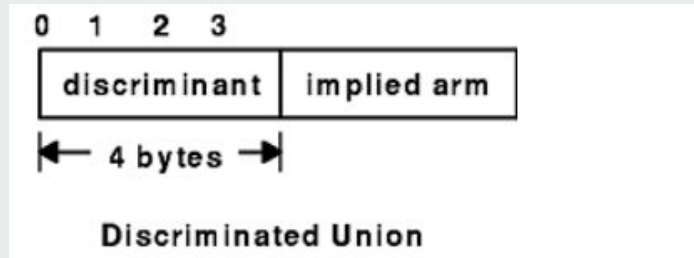
- Struct with all elements allocated at the same address
- Naturally, union can hold element for only for one member at a time
- Size of the union is the size of the largest member



**What if elements of union have different types?**

# Discriminated Union

- Also called tagged union
- Discriminated union contains the type of data that is stored in union
- Contains both discriminant and a component
- Component types are called *arms* of the union





## Example: *Simple Parser*



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**How else do we implement polymorphism in C?**





## Example: *Switched Case*



## Example: *Function Dispatch*



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# Coroutines

- Coroutines are functions that can be suspended and resumed.
- Coroutine holds state between invocation of routines.



# References

[Introduction To Function Pointer](#)

[Discriminated Union IBM](#)

[Introduction to \*typedef\*](#)

[Anonymous function in C](#)

[Discriminated Union \(Medium\)](#)