

- <u>Layers</u>
- Buildkit
- Local Volume Driver
- Fixing Permissions





# Tips and Tricks From A Docker Captain



Brandon Mitchell Twitter: @sudo\_bmitch GitHub: sudo-bmitch



#### \$ whoami

- Solutions Architect @ BoxBoat
- Docker Captain
- Frequenter of StackOverflow











Who is a Developer?



Ops 101 - Full Harddrive



#### Prune

```
$ docker system prune
WARNING! This will remove:
    - all stopped containers
    - all networks not used by at least one container
    - all dangling images
    - all build cache
```





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    - all stopped containers
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    - all dangling images
    - all build cache
```

#### What this doesn't clean by default:

- Running containers (and their logs)
- Tagged images
- Volumes





#### Prune - YOLO

```
$ docker run -d --restart=unless-stopped --name cleanup \
    -v /var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock
    docker /bin/sh -c \
    "while true; do docker system prune -f; sleep 1h; done"
```



#### Prune - YOLO

```
$ docker run -d --restart=unless-stopped --name cleanup \
    -v /var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock
    docker /bin/sh -c \
    "while true; do docker system prune -f; sleep 1h; done"
```



- Docker logs to per container json files by default, without any limits
- Rotating yourself could break that json formatting
- Luckily "without any limits" is just the default... we can change that



```
$ docker container run \
    --log-opt max-size=10m --log-opt max-file=3 \
    ...
```



```
$ docker container run \
    --log-opt max-size=10m --log-opt max-file=3 \
    ...
```

```
$ cat docker-compose.yml
version: '3.7'
services:
    app:
    image: your_app

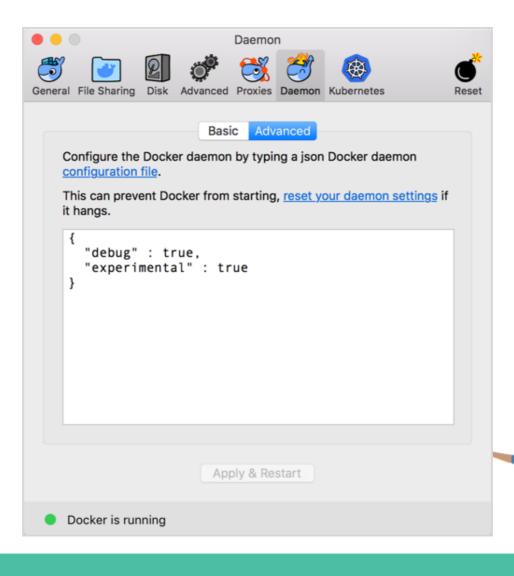
    logging:
        options:
        max-size: "10m"
        max-file: "3"
```

```
version: <u>'3.7'</u>
x-default-opts: &default-opts
  logging:
    options:
      max-size: "10m"
      max-file: "3"
services:
  app_a:
    <<: *default-opts
    image: your_app_a
  app_b:
    <<: *default-opts
    image: your_app_b
```

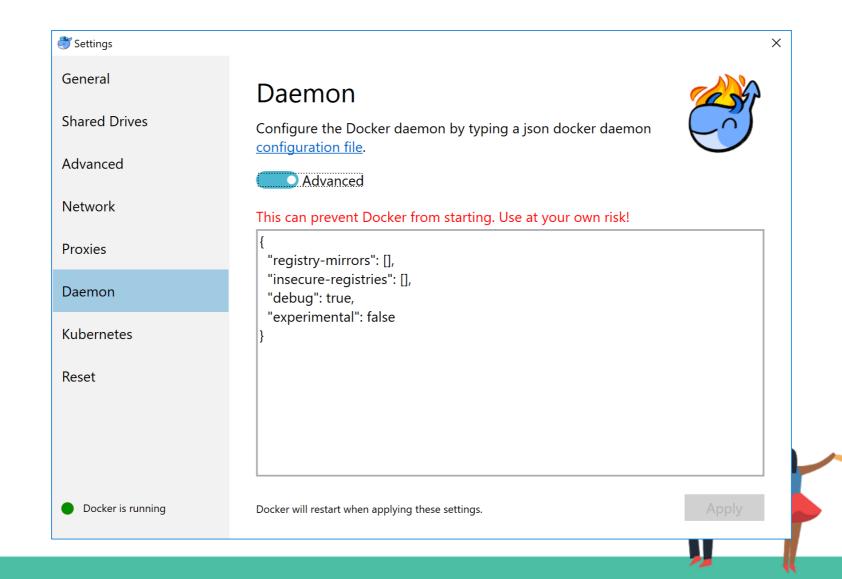


```
$ cat /etc/docker/daemon.json
{
   "log-opts": {"max-size": "10m", "max-file": "3"}
}
$ systemctl reload docker
```













# Networking



• Docker networks sometimes conflict with other networks



- Docker networks sometimes conflict with other networks
- Originally we had the BIP setting

```
$ cat /etc/docker/daemon.json
{
    "bip": "10.15.0.0/24"
}
```





Default address poll added in 18.06

```
$ cat /etc/docker/daemon.json
{
   "bip": "10.15.0.0/24",
   "default-address-pools": [
        {"base": "10.20.0.0/16", "size": 24},
        {"base": "10.40.0.0/16", "size": 24}
   ]
}
```



```
$ docker swarm init --help
...
    --default-addr-pool ipNetSlice
    --default-addr-pool-mask-length uint32
```



```
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...
--default-addr-pool ipNetSlice
--default-addr-pool-mask-length uint32
```

```
$ docker swarm init \
  --default-addr-pool 10.20.0.0/16 \
  --default-addr-pool 10.40.0.0/16 \
  --default-addr-pool-mask-length 24
```



- Networks in docker come in a few flavors: bridge, overlay, host, none
- You can also configure the network namespace to be another container



- Networks in docker come in a few flavors: bridge, overlay, host, none
- You can also configure the network namespace to be another container

```
$ docker run --name web-app -p 9080:80 -d nginx
$ docker run -it --rm --net container:web-app \
    nicolaka/netshoot ss -lnt
State Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address:Port Peer Address:Port
LISTEN 0 128 *:80 *:*
```





```
$ docker run -it --rm --net container:web-app \
    nicolaka/netshoot tcpdump -n port 80

tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full
protocol decode
listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size
262144 bytes
```



```
$ docker run -it --rm --net container:web-app \
    nicolaka/netshoot tcpdump -n port 80
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full
protocol decode
listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size
262144 bytes
```

```
$ curl localhost:9080
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>Welcome to nginx!</title>
...
```

```
$ docker run -it --rm --net container:web-app \
   nicolaka/netshoot tcpdump -n port 80
14:08:58.878822 IP 172.17.0.1.55194 > 172.17.0.2.80: Flags [S],...
14:08:58.878848 IP 172.17.0.2.80 > 172.17.0.1.55194: Flags [S.],..
14:08:58.878872 IP 172.17.0.1.55194 > 172.17.0.2.80: Flags [.],...
14:08:58.879089 IP 172.17.0.1.55194 > 172.17.0.2.80: Flags [P.],..
14:08:58.879110 IP 172.17.0.2.80 > 172.17.0.1.55194: Flags [.],...
14:08:58.879208 IP 172.17.0.2.80 > 172.17.0.1.55194: Flags [P.],..
14:08:58.879238 IP 172.17.0.1.55194 > 172.17.0.2.80: Flags [.],...
14:08:58.879267 IP 172.17.0.2.80 > 172.17.0.1.55194: Flags [P.],..
14:08:58.879285 IP 172.17.0.1.55194 > 172.17.0.2.80: Flags [.],...
14:08:58.879695 IP 172.17.0.1.55194 > 172.17.0.2.80: Flags [F.],..
14:08:58.879739 IP 172.17.0.2.80 > 172.17.0.1.55194: Flags [F.],
14:08:58.879776 IP 172.17.0.1.55194 > 172.17.0.2.80: Flags [.],...
```



Layers and Volumes



```
$ docker image inspect localhost:5000/jenkins-docker:latest
    --format '{{json .RootFS.Layers}}' | jq .
  "sha256:b28ef0b6fef80faa25436bec0a1375214d9a23a91e9b75975bb
  "sha256:08794ff8753b0fbca869a7ece2dff463cdb7cffd5d7ce792ec0
  "sha256:37986c5c5dff18257b9a12a19801828a80aea036992b34d35a3
  "sha256:34bb0412a3f6c0f3684e05fcd0a301dc999510511c3206d8cd3
  "sha256:696245ae585527c34e2cbc0d01d333aa104693e12e0b79cf193
  "sha256:91b63ceb91a75edb481c1ef8b005f9a55aa39d57ac6cc6ef490
  "sha256:afddea070d31e748730901215d11b546f4f212114e38e685465.
  "sha256:0c05256b3bb44190557669126bf69897c7faf7628ff1ed2e2d4
  "sha256:0c05256b3bb44190557669126bf69897c7faf7628ff1ed2e2d4
```

```
$ docker image inspect jenkins/jenkins:lts \
    --format '{{json .RootFS.Layers}}' | jq .

[ "sha256:b28ef0b6fef80faa25436bec0a1375214d9a23a91e9b75975bb...",
    ...
    "sha256:08794ff8753b0fbca869a7ece2dff463cdb7cffd5d7ce792ec0...",
    "sha256:37986c5c5dff18257b9a12a19801828a80aea036992b34d35a3...",
    "sha256:34bb0412a3f6c0f3684e05fcd0a301dc999510511c3206d8cd3..."
]
```



```
$ docker image history localhost:5000/jenkins-docker:latest
IMAGE
            CREATED
                          CREATED BY
                                                  SIZE
                                                         COMMENT
6ca185e69f2e 292 years ago LABEL org.label-schema
                                                        buildkit
            292 years ago HEALTHCHECK &{["CMD-SH
                                                    0B
                                                        buildkit
<missing>
            292 years ago ENTRYPOINT ["/entrypoi
<missing>
                                                        buildkit
                                                    0B
<missing>
            3 weeks ago
                          COPY entrypoint.sh /en 1.08kB
                                                        buildkit
                                                        buildkit
<missing>
            3 weeks ago
                          RUN |2 GOSU_VERSION=1. 203MB
                                                        buildkit
<missing>
            3 weeks ago
                          RUN /bin/sh -c apt-get 83.6MB
            292 years ago USER root
                                                        buildkit
<missing>
                                                    0B
                          /bin/sh -c \#(nop) COPY 6.11kB
<missing>
            6 weeks ago
<missing>
            6 weeks ago
                          /bin/sh -c #(nop) USER
                                                    0B
<missing>
            6 weeks ago
                          /bin/sh -c #(nop) EXPO
                                                    0B
                          /bin/sh -c apt-get upd 2.21MB
<missing>
            7 weeks ago
                          /bin/sh -c #(nop) ADD
<missing>
            7 weeks ago
                                                 101MB
```

```
$ DOCKER_BUILDKIT=0 docker build --no-cache --rm=false .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 146.4kB
Step 5/17 : RUN apt-get update && DEBIAN_FRONTEND=noninteracti...
  ---> Running in 1fc215ebb603
 ---> d6dff86e8b89
Step 9/17 : RUN curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/de...
  ---> Running in a7a3a942a617
 ---> a241c22525d8
Successfully built b01e4c46a2bf
```



```
$ docker container diff 1fc215ebb603
C /etc
A /etc/python3.5
A /etc/python3.5/sitecustomize.py
C /usr/bin
A /usr/bin/pygettext3
A /usr/bin/helpztags
A /usr/bin/python3
A /usr/bin/rvim
A /usr/bin/view
A /usr/bin/python3.5
```



- If you create a temporary file in a step, delete it in that same step
- Look for unexpected changes that trigger a copy-on-write, e.g. timestamps
- Do your dirty work in early stages of a multi-stage build



## Merge RUN Commands

```
RUN apt-get update
RUN apt-get install -y curl
RUN rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
```



## Merge RUN Commands

```
RUN apt-get update
RUN apt-get install -y curl
RUN rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
```

```
RUN apt-get update \
    && apt-get install -y curl \
    && rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*
```



## Use Multi-Stage

```
FROM openjdk:jdk as build
RUN apt-get update \
    && apt-get install -y maven
COPY code /code
RUN mvn build

FROM openjdk:jre as final
COPY --from build /code/app.jar /app.jar
ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "/app.jar"]
```



"Hold my beer."

--BuildKit

```
# syntax = tonistiigi/dockerfile:runmount20180607
FROM openjdk:jdk as build
   apt-get update \
RUN
&& apt-get install -y maven
    --mount=type=bind,target=/code,source=code \
RUN
     --mount=type=cache,target=/root/.m2 \
     mvn build
FROM openjdk: jre as final
COPY --from build /output/app.jar /app.jar
ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "/app.jar"]
```

```
# syntax = docker/dockerfile:experimental
FROM python:3
RUN pip install awscli
RUN --mount=type=secret,id=aws,target=/root/.aws/credentials \
   aws s3 cp s3://...
```

```
$ docker build --secret id=aws,src=$HOME/.aws/credentials \
  -t s3-app .
```





```
$ export DOCKER_BUILDKIT=1
$ docker build -t your_image .
```



```
$ export DOCKER_BUILDKIT=1
$ docker build -t your_image .

$ cat /etc/docker/daemon.json
{ "features": {"buildkit": true} }
```





# Volumes



#### **Local Volume Driver**

**Product manuals** Reference he docs Guldes Glossary Samples Another example that uses btrfs: \$ docker volume create --driver local \ --opt type=btrfs \ --opt device=/dev/sda2 \ foo Another example that uses nfs to mount the /path/to/dir in rw mode from 192.168.1.1: \$ docker volume create --driver local \ --opt type=nfs \ --opt o=addr=192.168.1.1,rw \ --opt device=:/path/to/dir \ foo



#### **NFS Mounts**

```
version: '3.7'
volumes:
  nfs-data:
    driver: local
    driver_opts:
      type: nfs
      o: nfsvers=4,addr=nfs.example.com,rw
      device: ":/path/to/dir"
services:
  app:
    volumes:
      - nfs-data:/data
```



## Other Filesystem Mounts

```
version: '3.7'
volumes:
  ext-data:
    driver: local
    driver_opts:
      type: ext4
      o: ro
      device: "/dev/sdb1"
services:
  app:
    volumes:
      - ext-data:/data
```



## Overlay Filesystem as a Volume

```
version: '3.7'
volumes:
  overlay-data:
    driver: local
    driver_opts:
      type: overlay
      device: overlay
      o: lowerdir=${PWD}/data2:${PWD}/data1,\
         upperdir=${PWD}/upper,workdir=${PWD}/workdir
services:
  app:
    volumes:
      - overlay-data:/data
```

#### Named Bind Mount

```
version: '3.7'
volumes:
  bind-test:
    driver: local
    driver_opts:
      type: none
      o: bind
      device: /home/user/test
services:
  app:
    volumes:
      - "bind-test:/test"
```



That's nice, but I just use: \$(pwd)/code:/code

That's nice, but I just use: \$\frac{\\$(pwd)/code:/code}{\}(pwd)/code:/code"

```
FROM openjdk:jdk as build
RUN useradd -m app
USER app
COPY code /home/app/code
RUN --mount=target=/home/app/.m2,type=cache \
    mvn build
CMD ["java", "-jar", "/home/app/app.jar"]
```



```
version: '3.7'
volumes:
 m2:
services:
  app:
   build:
      context: .
      target: build
    image: registry:5000/app/app:dev
    command: "/bin/sh -c 'mvn build && java -jar /home/app/app.jar
    volumes:
    - ./code:/home/app/code
    - m2:/home/app/.m2
```



Error accessing /home/app/code: permission denied



Error accessing /home/app/code: permission denied

• UID of app inside the container doesn't match developer's UID on the host



#### Possible solutions:

- Run everything as root
- Change permissions to 777
- Adjust each developers uid/gid to match image
- Adjust image uid/gid to match developers
- Change the container uid/gid from run or compose



#### Possible solutions:

- Run everything as root
- Change permissions to 777
- Adjust each developers uid/gid to match image
- Adjust image uid/gid to match developers
- Change the container uid/gid from run or compose
- "... or we could use a shell script" Some Ops Guy



### Disclaimer

The following slide may not be suitable for all audiences

```
# update the uid
if [ -n "$opt_u" ]; then
 OLD_UID=$(getent passwd "${opt_u}" | cut -f3 -d:)
 NEW_UID=$(ls -nd "$1" | awk '{print $3}')
  if [ "$OLD_UID" != "$NEW_UID" ]; then
    echo "Changing UID of $opt_u from $OLD_UID to $NEW_UID"
    usermod -u "$NEW_UID" -o "$opt_u"
   if [ -n "$opt_r" ]; then
      find / -xdev -user "$OLD_UID" -exec chown -h "$opt_u" {} \;
    fi
  fi
```



```
FROM openjdk:jdk as build
COPY --from=sudobmitch/base:scratch / /
COPY entrypoint.sh /usr/bin/
ENTRYPOINT ["/usr/bin/entrypointd.sh"]
   useradd -m app
RUN
USER app
COPY code /home/app/code
     --mount=target=/home/app/.m2,type=cache \
RUN
     mvn build
CMD ["java", "-jar", "/home/app/app.jar"]
```



```
#!/bin/sh
if [ "$(id -u)" = "0" ]; then
  fix-perms -r -u app -g app /code
  exec gosu app "$@"
else
  exec "$@"
fi
```





```
version: '3.7'
volumes:
  m2:
services:
  app:
    build:
      context: .
      target: build
    image: registry:5000/app/app:dev
    command: "/bin/sh -c 'mvn build && java -jar /home/app/app.jar
    user: "0.0"
    volumes:
    - ./code:/home/app/code
    - m2:/home/app/.m2
```

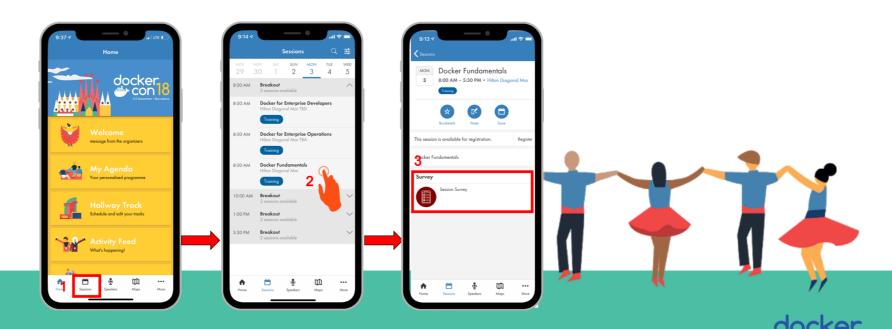
- Developers can run the same image and compose file on multiple systems
- App runs with the developers individual uid/gid
- Changes to ./code are owned by the developer
- Same image in prod can run without ever needing root



## Take A Breakout Survey

Access your session and/or workshop surveys for the conference at any time by tapping the Sessions link on the navigation menu or block on the home screen.

Find the session/workshop you attended and tap on it to view the session details. On this page, you will find a link to the survey.





# Thank You

github.com/sudo-bmitch/presentations github.com/sudo-bmitch/docker-base

**Brandon Mitchell** 

Twitter: @sudo\_bmitch

GitHub: sudo-bmitch

