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- Computer Science Engineer
- Python Developer since 2006
- PostgreSQL user (not a DBA)
- Django Developer since 2011
- Remote Worker since 2015
- Senior Developer at 20tab





www.20tab.com



- Rome based with remote workers
- Meetup and conferences
- Agile and Lean methodologies
- Growth marketing approach
- Software development
- Python, Django, React JS, PostgreSQL





Goal

Find a <u>simple</u> way
to integrate a web <u>map</u>
in a <u>Django</u> project.







Web map



- Map delivered by GIS
- Static and Dynamic
- Interactive and view only
- Raster or Vector tiles
- Spatial databases
- Javascript library





GeoDjango

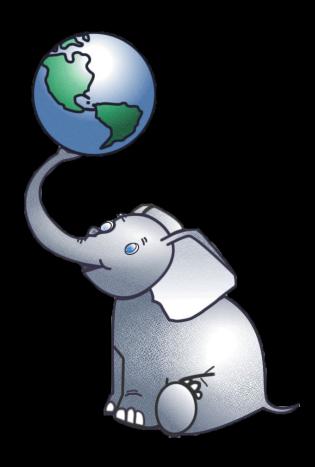


- django.contrib.gis
- Geographic framework
- Spatial Field Types
- Spatial ORM queries
- Admin geometry fields
- 4 database backends





PostGIS



- Best GeoDjango backend
- PostgreSQL extension
- Integrated spatial data
- Spatial data types
- Spatial indexing
- Spatial functions





Leaflet



- JavaScript library for maps
- Free Software
- Desktop & Mobile friendly
- Light (< 40 KB of gizp JS)
- Well documented
- Simple, performing, usable





Basic map example





django

Documentation

Making queries

```
from django.db import models

class Entry(models.Model):
    headline = models.CharField(max_length=255)
    body_text = models.TextField()

def __str__(self):
    return self.headline
```

Making queries - SQL

```
BEGIN;
-- Create model Entry
CREATE TABLE "blog entry" (
  "id" serial NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
  "headline" varchar(255) NOT NULL,
 "body text" text NOT NULL
COMMIT;
```





Settings

```
INSTALLED APPS = [
    'django.contrib.gis',
DATABASES = { 'default': {
    'ENGINE': 'django.contrib.gis.db.backends.postgis',
```





Migrations

```
from django.contrib.postgres import operations
from django.db import migrations

class Migration(migrations.Migration):
    dependencies = [('blog', '0001_initial')]
    operations = [
        operations.CreateExtension('postgis')
```





Migrations - SQL

```
BEGIN;
--
-- Creates extension postgis
--
CREATE EXTENSION IF NOT EXISTS "postgis";
COMMIT;
```





Point field

```
from django.contrib.gis.db.models import PointField
from django.db import models

class Entry(models.Model):
    # ...
    point = PointField()

    @property
    def lat_lon(self):
        return list(getattr(self.point, 'coords', [])[::-1])
```





Point field - SQL

```
BEGIN;
--
-- Add field point to entry
--
ALTER TABLE "blog_entry"
   ADD COLUMN "point" geometry(POINT, 4326) NOT NULL;
CREATE INDEX "blog_entry_point_id"
   ON "blog_entry" USING GIST ("point");
COMMIT;
```





Admin

```
from django.contrib import admin
from django.contrib.gis.admin import OSMGeoAdmin
from .models import Entry
@admin.register(Entry)
class EntryAdmin(OSMGeoAdmin):
    default lon = 1263000
    default lat = 5542000
   default zoom = 12
```





Home > Blog > Entries > PGDay.it 2019

Change Entry

HISTORY

Point:



Views and urls

```
from django.urls import path
from django.views.generic import ListView
from .models import Entry
class EntryList(ListView):
    queryset = Entry.objects.filter(point isnull=False)
urlpatterns = [
   path('map/', EntryList.as view()),
```





Views and urls - SQL





Template

```
<html><head>
  <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
        href="//unpkg.com/leaflet/dist/leaflet.css"/>
  <script src="//unpkg.com/leaflet/dist/leaflet.js"></script>
</head>
<body><h1>PGDay.IT 2019 Venue</h1>
  <div id="m" style="width: 1920px; height: 1080px;"></div>
 <!-- add javascript here -->
</body></html>
```





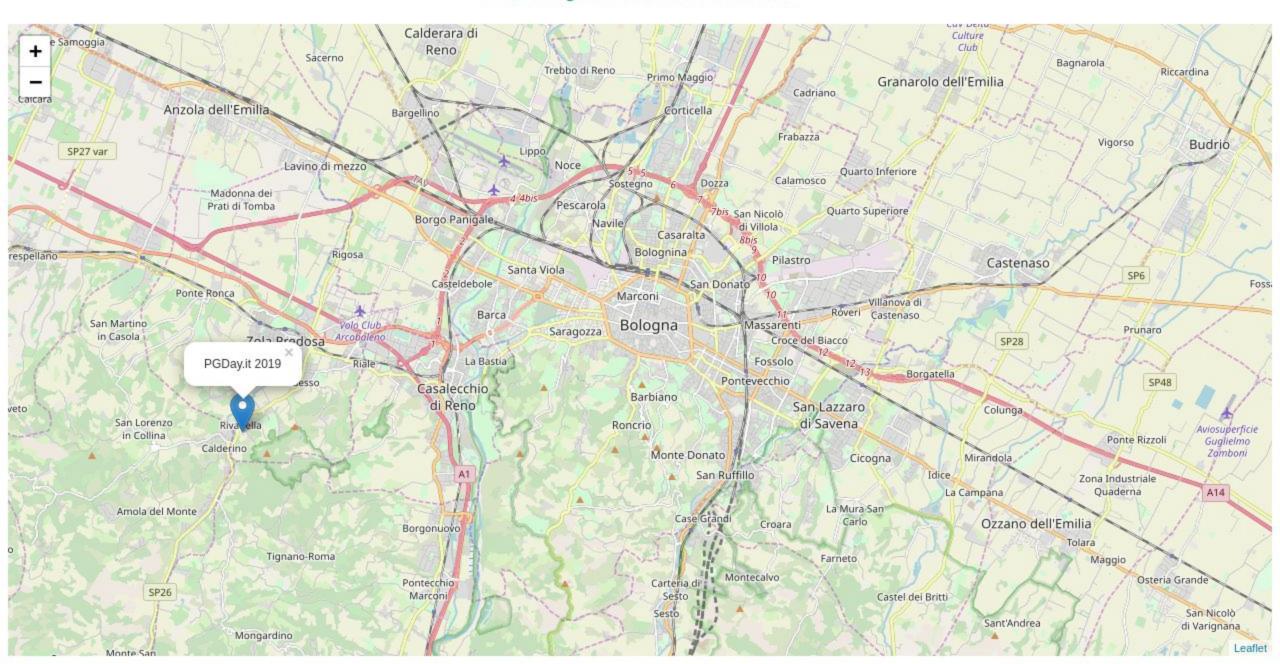
Javascript

```
<script type="text/javascript">
  var m = L.map('m').setView([44.49, 11.34], 12); # Bologna
 L.tileLayer('//{s}.tile.osm.org/{z}/{x}/{y}.png').addTo(m);
  {% for e in object list %}
   L.marker({{e.lat lon}}).addTo(m);
  {% endfor %}
</script>
```





PGDay.IT 2019 Venue



Use case



- Coastal properties
- Active since 2014
- 8 Languages
- ~ 100k active advertisements
- ~ 40 Countries
- 6 Continents





Version 1.0

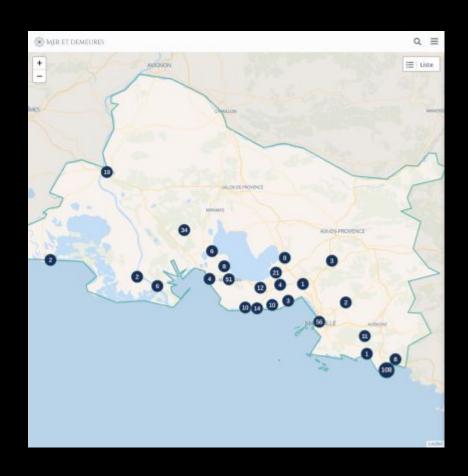


- Django 1.6
- Python 2.7
- PostgreSQL 9.3
- Text Spatial Fields
- Leaflet 1.0
- Static/View-only map





Version 2.0



- Django 2.2 / GeoDjango
- Python 3.6
- PostgreSQL 10
- PostGIS 2.4 / Spatial data
- Leaflet 1.5
- Dynamic/Interactive map





Models

```
from django.db import models
from django.contrib.gis.db.models import (
         MultiPolygonField, PointField
)
class City(models.Model):
    borders = MultiPolygonField()

class Ad(models.Model):
    location = PointField()
```





City - SQL

```
BEGIN;
-- Create model City
CREATE TABLE "blog city" (
    "id" serial NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
    "borders" geometry (MULTIPOLYGON, 4326) NOT NULL
);
CREATE INDEX "blog city borders id"
  ON "blog city" USING GIST ("borders");
COMMIT;
```





Ad - SQL

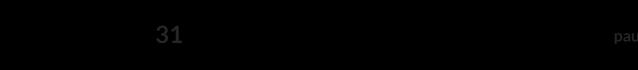
```
BEGIN;
-- Create model Ad
CREATE TABLE "blog ad" (
    "id" serial NOT NULL PRIMARY KEY,
    "location" geometry (POINT, 4326) NOT NULL
);
CREATE INDEX "blog ad location id"
  ON "blog ad" USING GIST ("location");
COMMIT;
```





RESTful API

```
$ pip install djangorestframework
                                       # RESTful API
$ pip install djangorestframework-gis # Geographic add-on
                                       # Filtering support
$ pip install django-filter
INSTALLED APPS = [
    'django.contrib.gis',
    'rest framework',
    'rest framework gis',
    'django filters',
```





Serializer

```
from rest framework gis.serializers import (
    GeoFeatureModelSerializer
from .models import Ad
class AdSerializer (GeoFeatureModelSerializer):
    class Meta:
        model = Ad
        geo field = 'location'
        fields = ('id',)
```





Views

```
from rest framework.viewsets import ReadOnlyModelViewSet
from rest framework gis.filters import InBBoxFilter
from .models import Ad
from .serializers import AdSerializer
class AdViewSet(ReadOnlyModelViewSet):
    bbox filter field = 'location'
    filter backends = (InBBoxFilter,)
    queryset = Ad.objects.filter(location isnull=False)
    serializer class = AdSerializer
```





Views - SQL





Urls

```
from rest_framework.routers import DefaultRouter
from .views import AdViewSet
```

```
router = DefaultRouter()
router.register(r'markers', AdViewSet, basename='marker')
urlpatterns = router.urls
```





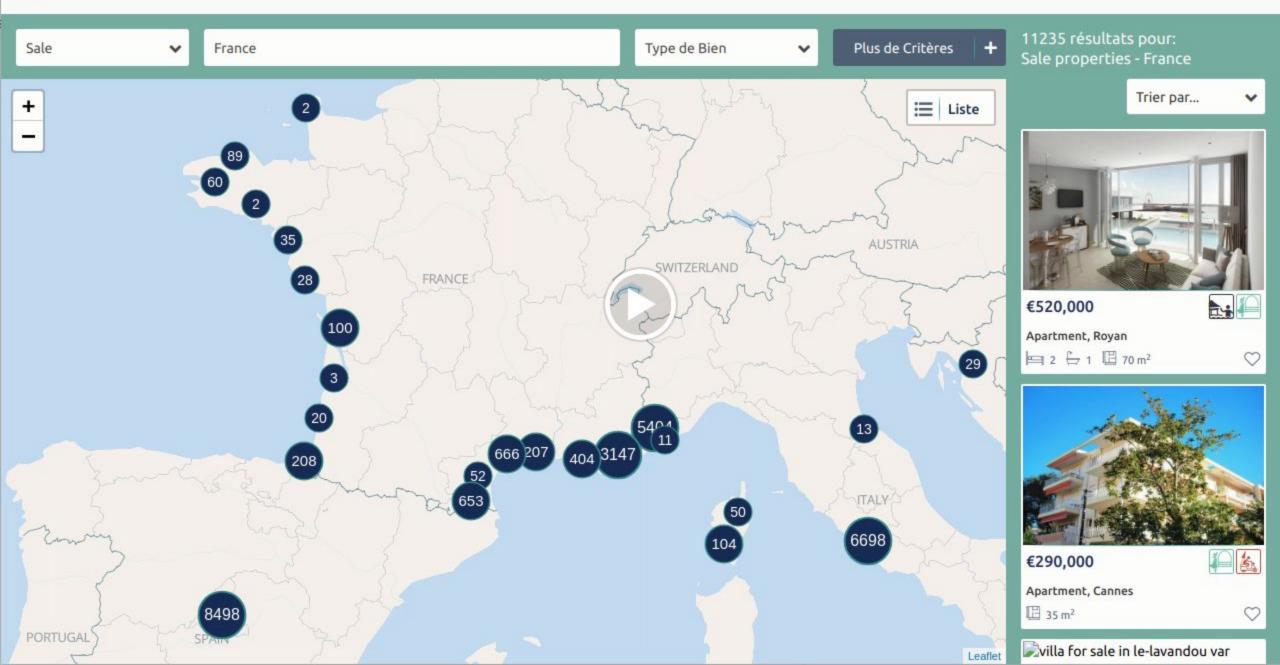
GeoJSON

```
{"type": "FeatureCollection", "features": [{
   "id": 1,
   "type": "Feature",
   "geometry": {
       "type": "Point",
       "coordinates": [11.203305, 44.467230]
   "properties": {}
```









Conclusion



- Out-of-the-box features
- Spatial & Relational queries
- Django/PostgreSQL
- Backend clusterization
- Administrative levels
- Dynamic spatial entity





Resources

django



Documentation

GeoDjango Tutorial

Introduction

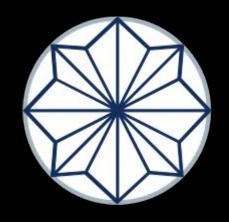
GeoDjango is an included contrib module for Django that turns it into a world-class

- docs.djangoproject.com/en/
- github.com/django/django
- postgis.net/docs/
- github.com/postgis/postgis
- leafletjs.com/reference.html
- github.com/leaflet/leaflet





Acknowledgments





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Info



- www.paulox.net/talks
- Slides
- Code samples
- Resource URLs
- Questions and comments
- License (CC BY-SA)





