

# *Chirp!* Project Report

ITU BDSA 2023 Group 25

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## 1 Design and Architecture of *Chirp!*

### 1.1 Domain model

Our domain model is built around the core concept of an Author, which is central to the *Chirp!* application's functionality. An Author represents a user of the application, encapsulating their identity and interactions within the system. The UML class diagram model the key entities that make up our application.

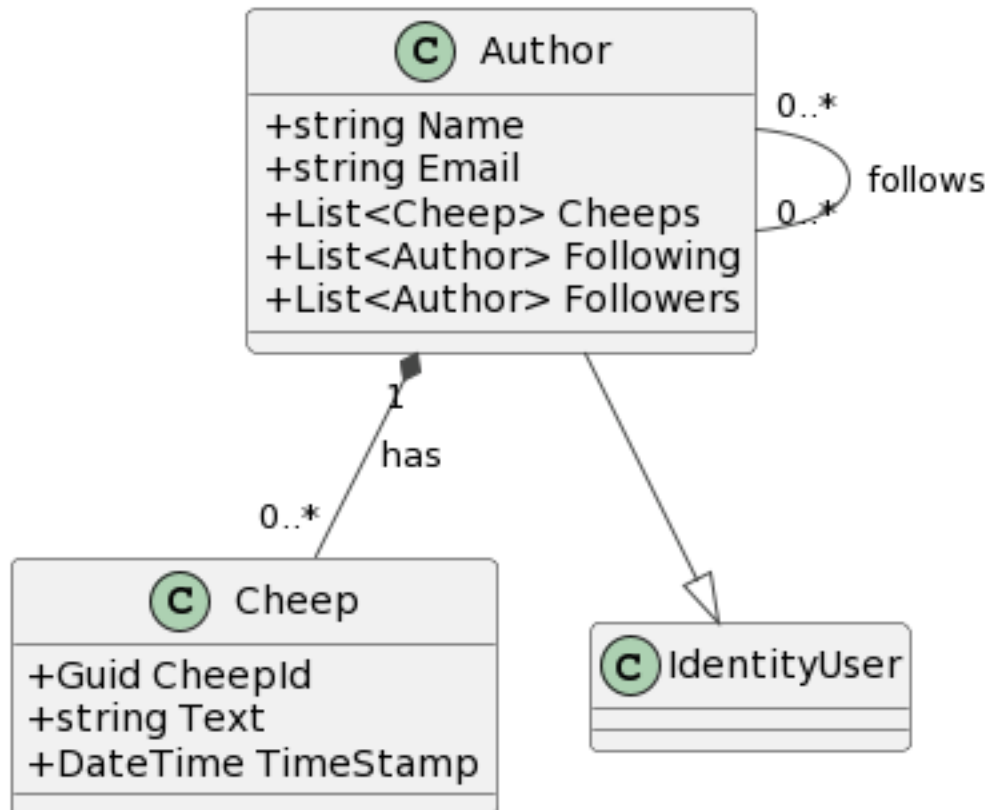


Figure 1: Domain Model

### 1.1.1 Author

The Author entity is an extension of the ASP.NET Identity's IdentityUser, inheriting features essential for authentication and authorization.

Each Author has a collection of Cheep entities, representing the messages, or posts, that the author creates within the application. This one-to-many relationship is depicted by a composition association, emphasizing that Cheeps are intrinsic to their Author and cannot exist independently.

In addition to creating cheeps, Authors can 'follow' other Authors. This is represented by a many-to-many self-referencing association, indicating that an Author can follow multiple other Authors and also be followed by multiple others. This relationship captures the essence of the application's social interaction capabilities.

### 1.1.2 Cheep

A Cheep is essentially a message, or a singular piece of communication, created by an Author. Each Cheep is uniquely identified by a Guid and contains the message text along with a timestamp of its creation. Cheeps is in a one-to-many composition with Authors, meaning that, Authors can have many cheeps, but cheeps must have exactly one author. Additionally, they have a strong life-cycle dependency.

### 1.1.3 Following

Hmm... lidt tbd, lad os lige snakke om implementationen, evt association class, ellers lister som nu

### 1.1.4 Reactions

A reaction is entity that refers to the interactive engagement that users can express in response to a cheep. These reactions are represented by a "thumbs up" emoji that turns red if pressed. For each cheep a number of reactions will be displayed in the application. Each reaction is uniquely identified by a Guid representing the cheep, a string which represents the user who has reacted and a reactiontype representing which type of reaction it is. Reactions is in one-to-many relationships with both authors and cheeps meaning that both authors and cheeps can have many reactions but each reaction is uniquely related to one author and one cheep.

is direct and exclusive, signifying that every Cheep is a direct output of an Author.

## 1.2 Architecture — In the small

Our application is separated into 3 main layers, that are common for the onion architecture

Layers: \* core \* infrastructure \* web

Dependencies: \* identity -> infrastructure \* ef core -> infrastructure \* core -> infrastructure \* OAuth -> web \* core -> web \* infrastructure -> web \*

## 1.3 Architecture of deployed application

### 1.4 User activities

### 1.5 Sequence of functionality/calls trough *Chirp!*

## 2 Process

### 2.1 Build, test, release, and deployment

We use Github Actions to automate the build, test, release and deployment process of our executables and website. This pipeline is centered around two workflows, one for the executables, and one for the website.

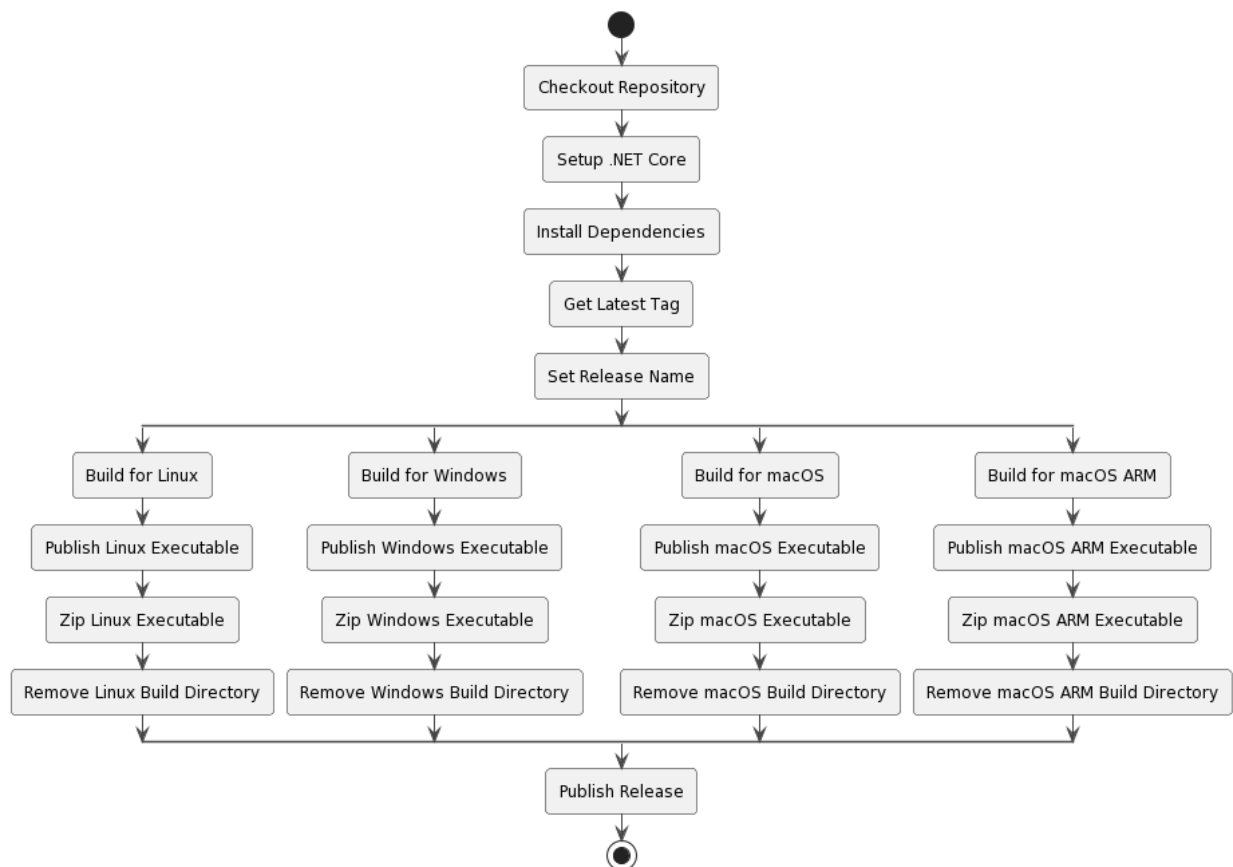


Figure 2: Activity Diagram for Publishing

### 2.1.1 Publishing workflow

The publishing workflow focuses on creating executable artifacts for various platforms, including Linux, Windows, macOS, and macOS ARM. This workflow is triggered by pushing specific version tags, reflecting our versioning strategy. We apply the semver strategy.

After the standard initial steps of checking out the repository and setting up the .NET Core environment, the workflow splits into parallel tasks for each platform. Each branch involves building the application, publishing the executable, zipping the file, and removing the build directory. This parallel structure allows for efficient and simultaneous preparation of executables for different platforms.

The final step is publishing the release on GitHub, attaching all the zipped executables. This process not only automates the release creation but also ensures that our application is readily available for a wide range of platforms, enhancing its accessibility to users.

### 2.1.2 Deployment workflow

**Note:** Figure x, ‘Activity Diagram Deployment’ should have been here, but latex has its own life, and its not easy to fix when it needs to go through pandoc.

Our deployment workflow, as visualized in the activity diagram, efficiently manages the deployment of the Chirp! application to Azure Web App. The process is triggered upon pushes to the main branch or via manual dispatch, ensuring that our latest stable build is always deployed.

The workflow begins with checking out the repository and setting up the .NET Core environment. The build phase involves compiling the code and publishing it to a specified directory. The published application is then uploaded as an artifact, ready for deployment.

In the deployment phase, the build artifact is downloaded and deployed to the Azure Web App. This automated process ensures a consistent and reliable deployment strategy, minimizing human error and streamlining our release process.

## 2.2 Team work

## 2.3 How to make *Chirp!* work locally

## 2.4 How to run test suite locally

# 3 Ethics

We are committed to being inclusive and respectful to anyone, related or unrelated to the work done in this project. We have included a slightly modified version of the Citizen Code of Conduct, that has been included in our repository on Github under CODE\_OF\_CONDUCT.

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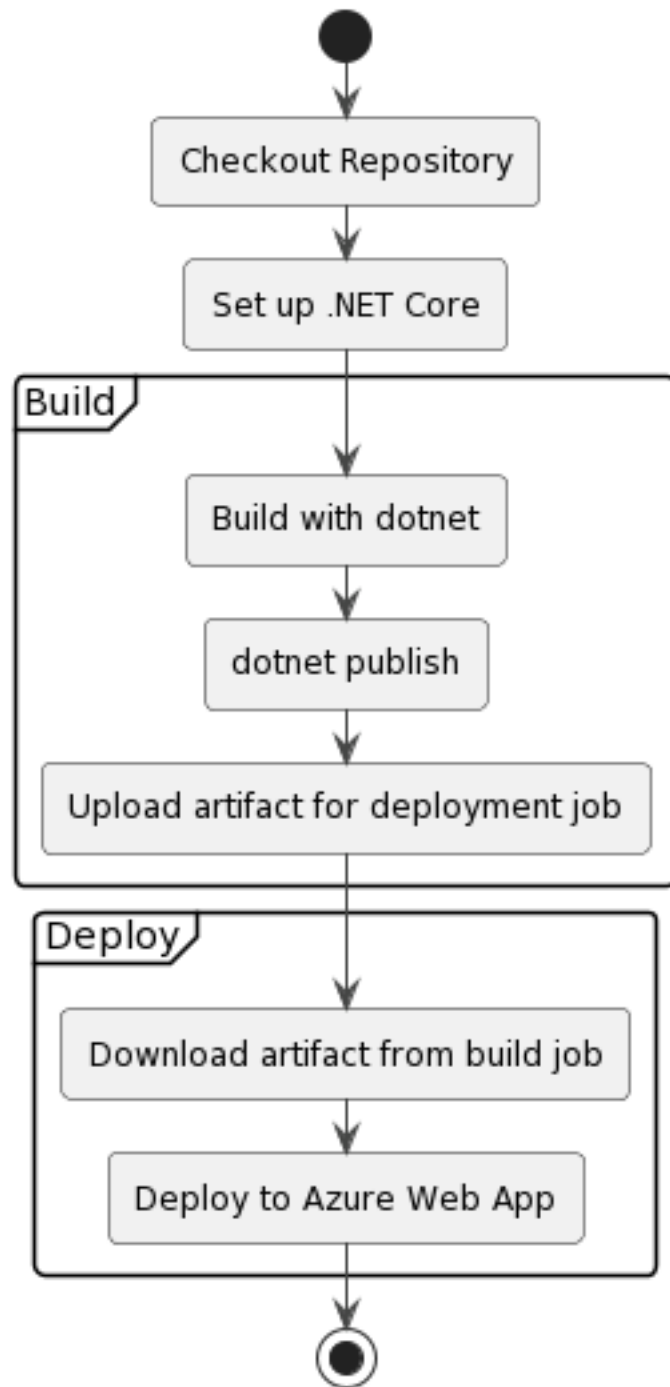


Figure 3: Activity Diagram for Deployment

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### 3.2 LLMs, ChatGPT, CoPilot, and others

Lad os lige snakke om hvad vi siger her?

Lille test

## 4 Perspektivering, eller overvejelser, eller noter, eller fri leg?

Den her sektion er ikke en del af templatet, men jeg tænker her kan vi skrive nogle overvejelser som vi har gjort og som vi måske/måske ikke vil have med i rapporten.

**Overvejelse:** Bør followers i class diagrammet være en association class?