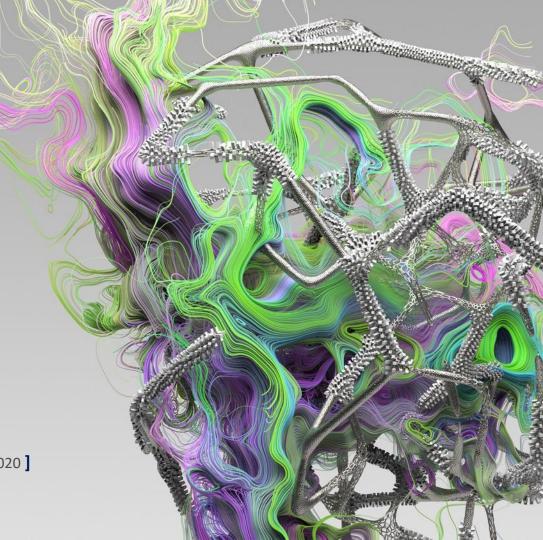


An Exploratory Endeavor in the Reverse **Engineering of a Multi-platform** Compiler

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Biography

- Senior Security Researcher at Trend Micro
 - Member of the Digital Vaccine (DV) Lab
- Interests:
 - RE, Malware Research,
 - IDS/IPS,
 - C++, Compilers & Software Performance Analysis,
 - Exotic Communication Protocols





Introduction

- Reversing native Programming Languages (PL)
 - Phases, processes, libraries, optimizations, file formats, code generation, OS dependencies
 - Malware PL: x86 Assembly, C/C++, Objective-C, Delphi...
 - Different runtime libraries
 - Statically linked libraries (identification problem: libraries & compiler versions.)
 - The Go PL by Google required new research to be carried out to help RE Go binaries
 - Multi-platform; statically linked; no external dependencies; Go-specific metadata

Talk Layout

- PureBasic (PB)
 - The Language
 - Examples
 - Compilers, libraries
- Thesis of the Talk
 - The focus is on Windows OS
- Parsing libraries proprietary file format
 - Thought process behind it; problems encountered, and how to avoid them
- Case Studies





PureBasic – The Language

- Produces <u>native</u> code for Windows, MacOS and Linux platforms
- Extensive library support
 - Audio, Gaming, 2D/3D, DB, Networking (HTTP, FTP, SMTP), Parsing (XML/JSON), Regex, File System, Memory, Compression, GUI,...
- High level language with inline assembly support for both 32 and 64 bit archs. Uses fasm assembler for Win/Linux & Yasm for OS X
 - You can use pointers with memory access
- Support for calling into OS native shared libraries functions
 - CallFunction()/CallCFunction()
- Procedures, Structures, Interfaces with basic Inheritance (Extends)



PureBasic – Example

```
Structure COVID19
  Name.s
  Dead. h
  DateInfected.s
  Gender.s
  Age.i
  Symptoms.s
EndStructure
NewList Patients.COVID19()
AddElement(Patients())
; you can use with : Endwith to simplify access to struct members
Patients()\Name = "John Kaster" ; fictional persona
Patients() \land age = 5
Patients()\Dead = true
Patients()\DateInfected = "April 03, 2020"
Patients()\Gender = "Male"
Patients()\Symptoms = "severe pneumonia, fever, headache"
```

- Memory
 - ClearStructure
- LinkedList
 - NewList
 - AddElement
 - SelectElement
- Requester
 - MessageRequester



```
SelectElement(Patients(),0)
```

MessageRequester("COVID19 Patients: " + ListSize(Patients()), "Name: " + Patients()\Name, #PB_MessageRequester_Ok)

ClearStructure(SelectElement(Patients(),0), COVID19)



PureBasic – Compilation Components (\Compilers)

- **FAsm.exe**: Flat assembler for x86 processors (32/64 bit archs). Assembly engine. It has a macroinstruction language. produces object file (*PureBasic.obj*). **COFF format**.
- polink.exe: Linker by Pelle Orinius, for linking generated object files and producing executable file.
- **polib.exe**: Library Manager by Pelle Orinius. To build import libraries, extract object files from a given library, list or delete.
- porc.exe: Resource Compiler by Pelle Orinius. For creating resource ".res" files.

pbcompiler.exe: This is the main PureBasic compiler. Parses PB source code files and emits x86 (32/64 bits) FAsm assembly instructions (PureBasic.asm). It is the orchestrator that leads to the generation of the final executable.





PB Compilation Phases

; heavily truncated example.pb format MS COFF extrn _PB_MessageRequester2@12 public PureBasicStart section '.code' code readable executable align PureBasicStart: MessageRequester(PUSH dword 0 MOV eax, S2 "Hello", ; title **PUSH** eax "World", ; text MOV eax, S1 pbcompiler.exe **PUSH** eax #PB MessageRequester Ok) ; flag CALL PB MessageRequester2@12 section '.data' data readable writeable PB DataSection: public _SYS_StaticStringStart SYS StaticStringStart: _S1: dw 72,101,108,108,111,0 . Lexical Analyzer _S2: dw 87,111,114,108,100,0 pb public PB NullString PureBasic.exe public SYS StaticStringEnd PB SC TU . Syntax Analyzer SYS StaticStringEnd: . Code Generator porc **FAsm** polink PureBasic.asm PureBasic.obj



PureBasic – Linker Example (\Compilers\polink.exe)

pbcompiler.exe \Compilers\polink.exe"

/FORCE:MULTIPLE

/OUT:"hw.exe"

/ENTRY:PureBasicStart /SUBSYSTEM:Windows

/NODEFAULTLIB

/LIBPATH:"\Compilers"

/LIBPATH:"\PureLibraries\Windows\Libraries" PureBasic.obj SystemBase.lib StringUtility.lib UnicodeFunctions.lib MSVCRT.lib KERNEL32.lib USER32.lib GDI32.lib COMDLG32.lib ADVAPI32.lib COMCTL32.lib OLEAUT32.lib String.lib Requester.lib FileSystem.lib Date.lib Memory.lib LinkedList.lib "\compilers/objectmanager.lib" SimpleList.lib "\compilers/stringmanager.lib" OLE32.LIB Shell32.LIB Shlwapi.LIB Ole32.LIB PureBasic.res





PureBasic – Libraries

- PB libraries that PB ship with are stored in a proprietary file format
 - Linux/MacOS are stored encrypted (to be addressed later)
- Different types of libraries
 - Compilers → (12) Debugger.lib, libmariadb.lib, ObjectManager.lib, ObjectManagerThread.lib, Scintilla.lib, StringManager.lib, StringManagerPurifier.lib, ...
 - PureLibraries -> (116) 2DDrawing, Array, AudioCD, Billboard, Camera, CGI, Cipher, ClipboardImage, Console, Database, DatabaseMySQL, Date,
 DebuggerFunctions, Event, File, FileSystem, Font, Ftp, GadgetOpenGL, Help, Http, Image, ImagePlugin, LinkedList, Mail, Network, Node, Screen, SerialPort,...
 - \PureLibraries\Windows\Libraries -> (108) aclui.lib, activeds.lib, advapi32.lib, atl.lib, bdnapi.lib, cap.lib, comctl32.lib, comdlg32.lib,...
 - PureLibraries\UserLibraries -> this is where you store your own developed libraries.
 - Subsystems: to change underlying libraries for specific commands. Compile time option.
 - \SubSystems\OpenGL\PureLibraries\ -> (2) Screen, Sprite
 - \SubSystems\DirectX11\PureLibraries\ -> (2) Screen, Sprite
 - Linux: gtk2 and gt, for a number of libraries.
 - \Residents -> (6) Expat.res, OpenGL.res, PureBasic.res, Scintilla.res, Unicode.res, \Unicode\Unicode.res
 - Precompiled binary files, loaded when the compiler starts. Contains predefined structures, interfaces, macros and constants.
 - You can create your own (pbcompiler.exe/createresident), and .res files can be inspected with the built-in Structure Viewer GUI tool.



PureBasic – Libraries Extraction

- When compiling a PB program, the compiler dynamically extracts all relevant libraries, in their original format and save them in the current user temporary directory under the folder name "PureBasic<GetTickCount()>".
 - %Temp%\PureBasic<GetTickCount()>\<library_name>.lib
 - Additionally, it creates the object file "PureBasic.obj", the generated assembly file "PureBasic",
 "Manifest", "PureBasic.rc", and "PureBasic.res" files in the same directory.
 - This folder is transient and gets deleted immediately right after compilation is complete
 - Figured it out using Procmon utility from Sysinternals
 - To keep the folder, you can patch the compiler executable "pbcompiler.exe" such that it doesn't get deleted after creation.
 - Obviously, this is not a sustainable approach, and would require 'triggering' all the libraries (by using them in the code) so that they get all extracted. Moreover, you'd have to patch "pbcompiler.exe" for every release and on all platforms.





Dissecting PB Libraries Proprietary File Format (PFF)





PB – Libraries Proprietary File Format (PFF)

```
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F
                                                                         ERUPL...4BIL....
    0000h: 45 52 55 50 4C 00 00 00 34 42 49 4C 01 00 00 00
    0010h: E8 45 00 00 41 6C 70 68 61 49 6D 61 67 65 00 01
                                                                         èE..AlphaImage..
    0020h: 00 02 49 6D 61 67 65 00 01 49 6D 61 67 65 00
                                                                         .. Image.. Image.
    [... list of functions declaration ...]
                                   {AlphaImage}
struct pb_lib
      std::uint8 t magic val[5] = { '\0' }; // "ERUP" (magic value) LE!
     std::uint32 t idx lib data;
                                        // starting offset of the library data starting from index 0x0C LE
      std::uint8_t lib_ver[5] = { '\0' }; // specific PureBasic library version constants (BIL3 | BIL4) LE
      std::uint32 t is zlib comp;
                                        // x00 (not compressed) | x01 (compressed) LE
      std::uint32 t lib size decomp;
                                        // size of lib file decompressed LE
      std::string orig file name:
                                         // if a debugger library "debuggerfunctions"
    } pb lib hdr;
    struct pb lib type
      std::uint8 t lib type;
                                     // fixed x01
      std::uint8 t nb of ref sys lib;
                                     // fixed x02; this byte is present only in case nb of ref sys lib = 0x00
      std::uint8 t lib type const;
                                     // thus dealing with pb type one lib hdr structure
                                     // meaning they are not part of the actual structure, and meant only to be
      // shadow members
                                     // used as 'helper' variables when parsing the file.
     bool is lib type one = false:
      bool is lib type two = false;
    } pb lib type;
```

```
// this is for lib of type |01 00 02|
struct pb_type_one_lib_hdr
  std::string class name;
                                    // null terminated
  std::uint8 t nb of ref intl lib;
  std::vector<std::string> ref intl lib list:
} pb type one lib hdr;
// this is for lib of type |01 > 0|
struct pb type two lib hdr
  std::vector<std::string> ref sys lib list;
                                    // fixed x02
  std::uint8 t lib type;
                                    // null terminated
  std::string lib type name;
  std::uint8 t nb of ref intl lib;
  std::vector<std::string> ref intl lib list:
} pb type two lib hdr;
```

```
// for any value other than x00, the value
represents number of referenced pb system
libraries to follow

if (nb_of_ref_sys_lib == 0x00)
    lib_type_const == 0x02 (set)
    use pb_type_one_lib_hdr
else
    lib_type_const (is not set)
    use pb_type_two_lib_hdr
```





PB – Libraries Proprietary File Format (PFF)

- Linux and MacOS libraries do not include pb 11 hdr.lib size decomp data member.
- Moreover, the member <u>pb lib hdr.is zlib comp</u> is always set to zero, since the actual library payload is not compressed, but rather obfuscated with a simple algorithm. They instead have the:

```
reverse(pb_lib_hdr.lib_size_decomp) = pb_lib_hdr.lib_ver
```

This is how I check if I'm parsing a MacOS/Linux Or a Windows library.





PB – Libraries PFF Function Declaration & Library Payload

```
0020h:
0030h: 6E 64 41 6C 70 68 61 49 6D 61 67 65 00 00 00 04
                                                                 ndAlphaImage....
0040h: 00 01 00 49 6E 69 74 41 6C 70 68 61 49 6D 61 67
                                                                 ...InitAlphaImag
0050h: 65 00 00 00 02 00 01 00 45 52 55 50 8F 19 00 00
                                                                 e.....ERUP....
0060h: 31 54 41 44 78 9C ED 5B 0F 54 54 D7 99 7F C3 0C
                                                                 1TAD.......
        [... library payload ...]
// shadow member
bool is func decl exist = false;
struct pb func decl doc
                                   // null terminated
  std::string api name = {};
  std::uint8 t nb of args;
                                   // number of arguments the f. takes
  std::vector<std::uint8 t> args list; // the size of each argument type in bytes
                                   // ex., |08 00 00 00| (original f.); LE!
 std::uint32 t api type;
  std::string api help = {};
                                   // f. documentation; null terminated
};
std::vector<pb func decl doc> pb func decl vec = {};
```

```
// this struct should start at [idx_lib_data], starting from offset 0x0C

struct pb_lib_data
{
    std::uint8_t magic_val[5] = { '\0' }; // magic header value "ERUP"
    std::uint8_t type[5] = { '\0' }; // magic value "DAT1" | "DBG1"
    std::string payload = {}; // lib_payload(lib_data_length);

    // shadow member
    bool is_debug_build = false
    } pb_lib_data;
```

```
• For MacOS/Linux, the library payload is not compressed but rather encrypted, and can be decrypted with the following algorithm:

*key = 0x000C3500;

do

{
    dw_data = *data;
    ++data;
    decrypted = ~dw_data - key;
    key += file_size;
    *(data - 1) = decrypted;
} while (var_a + file_size > (unsigned int)data);
```





PB – Libraries PFF – **Res**ident File Structure

```
struct res_file_header
                             // magic header value "ERUP" LE!
 uint32 t magic;
                             // always zero
 uint32 t unknown;
 uint32_t ResLibVersion;
                             // RES1-RES8 LE
 uint32_t ver_spec;
                             // "SRCT" (Structures) LE!
 uint32 t srct payload size; // LE
 std::vector<uint8 t> srct payload(srct payload size);
 uint32_t cnst_marker;
                           // fixed "TSNC" (constants) LE!
 uint32_t tsnc_payload_size; // LE
 std::vector<uint8 t> tsnc payload(tsnc payload size);
 uint32 t macr marker;
                             // fixed "MACR" (macros) LE!
 uint32 t macr payload size; // LE
  std::vector<uint8 t> macr payload(macr payload size);
                             // fixed "PROT" (Interfaces) LE!
 uint32 t prot marker;
 uint32 t prot payload size; // LE
 std::vector<uint8_t> prot_payload(prot_payload_size);
```

The parser "PuBaLP" does not support the parsing of .res files.





PB – How to RE PFF Without RE'ing?

- Familiarize yourself with the framework you're researching
 - Read documentation, examples, write and test, watch behavior, take notes...
 - · Google when in doubt!
 - Poke around the directories, be curious and try to open every executable and file
- The most important tool is a Hex Editor
 - Experience (& general knowledge) plays a 'major' role in identifying patterns & specific constructs
 - RE'ing binary formats is different from reversing text based formats
 - For binary formats, you need to take into account type size, whenever you're trying to make sense of a given blob of data. Look for 1-byte, word and dword type sizes. For strings, look for the null terminator character '\x00'.
 - Look for delimiters that repeats at specific offsets.
 - Look for strings that stands out, and give telltale signs about the nature of the data that follows
 - You need to look at the entire picture
 - Ex., don't just focus at the first 1-4 bytes, look at what comes next
 - · Look at multiple files of the same format, and note any differences and patterns that emerge





Demo - PuBaLP - Parser

- Written in C++
- Parses PB Library files for Windows, MacOS and Linux
- Prints all the headers structures in a contextual format
- Extracts the original library file decompressed to disk, or decrypted in case of MacOS/Linux
 - Auto detects whether the parsed library file is Linux/MacOS or Windows
- Prints function declaration to the console
 - Saves all functions declarations to a file on disk as an XML file





Demo - PuBaHelper – IDA Pro Plugin

- Written in C++
- Targets only Windows PB executables
- Invoked via a popup menu from the IDA View window
- Identifies if a file is a PB one or not using three function prologues
 - Checks for the opcodes of the assembly instructions
- Asks the user to auto-apply PB IDA FLIRT signatures: Base Pure Libraries, Compiler Libraries,
 SubSystems DirectX11 Pure Libraries, SubSystems OpenGL Pure Libraries
 - It auto detects if the binary is 32 or 64 bit and apply respective signatures accordingly
- Provides the capability to lookup a given PB API documentation either online or in a local CHM file.





Demo - PuBaHelper – IDA Pro Plugin – Patterns: A

```
// 32 bit
const char pb_prolog_exe_a[] =
                               // 68 0C 00 00 00 push
                                                                            ; Size
       "68 ? ? 00 00 "
                                                           0Ch
       "68 00 00 00 00 "
                                // 68 00 00 00 00
                                                                            ; Val
                                                   push
       "68 ? ? ? 00 "
                                // 68 94 43 40 00
                                                           offset hHeap
                                                   push
                                                                            ; Dst
       "E8 ? ? ? 00 "
                                // E8 EC 0F 00 00
                                                   call
                                                           memset
       "83 C4 0C "
                                // 83 C4 0C
                                                   add
                                                           esp, 0Ch
       "68 00 00 00 00 "
                                // 68 00 00 00 00
                                                                            ; lpModuleName
                                                   push
       "E8 ? ? ? 00 "
                                // E8 E5 0F 00 00
                                                   call
                                                           GetModuleHandleW
       "A3 ? ? ? 00 "
                                // A3 98 43 40 00
                                                   mov
                                                           hmodule, eax
       "68 00 00 00 00 "
                                // 68 00 00 00 00
                                                                            ; dwMaximumSize
                                                   push
       "68 00 10 00 00 "
                                // 68 00 10 00 00
                                                                            ; dwInitialSize
                                                   push
                                                            1000h
       "68 00 00 00 00 "
                               // 68 00 00 00 00
                                                                            ; flOptions
                                                   push
       "E8 ? ? ? 00 "
                                // E8 D2 0F 00 00
                                                   call
                                                           HeapCreate
       "A3"
                                // A3 94 43 40 00
                                                           hHeap, eax
                                                   mov
};
```





Demo - PuBaHelper – IDA Pro Plugin – Patterns: B

```
// 32_bit
const char pb prolog dll a[] =
                                                               [esp+fdwReason], 1
       "83 7C 24 08 01 "
                                // 83 7C 24 08 01
                                                       cmp
       "75 ? "
                                // 75 19
                                                       jnz
                                                               short check reason 2
       "8B 44 24 04 "
                                // 8B 44 24 04
                                                       mov
                                                               eax, [esp+hinstDLL]
       "A3 ? ? ? 10 "
                                // A3 40 43 00 10
                                                               dword hinstdll, eax
                                                       mov
       "E8 ? ? ? 00 "
                                // E8 4E 00 00 00
                                                       call
                                                               heap create
                                                               dword hinstdll
       "FF ? ? ? ? ? "
                                // FF 35 40 43 00 10
                                                       push
       "E8 ? ? ? 00 "
                                // E8 88 00 00 00
                                                       call.
                                                               xor eax
       "83 7C 24 08 02 "
                                // 83 7C 24 08 02
                                                               [esp+fdwReason], 2
                                                       cmp
       "75 ? "
                                                               short check reason 0
                                // 75 0B
                                                       inz
};
```





Demo - PuBaHelper – IDA Pro Plugin – Patterns: C

```
// 64 bit. This hits on both the EXE as well as the DLL versions
const char pb prolog exe b[] =
       "48 ? ? ? "
                                   // 48 83 EC 28
                                                                            rsp, 28h
                                                                    sub
       "49 ? ? ? 00 00 00 "
                                   // 49 C7 C0 30 00 00 00
                                                                            r8, 30h
                                                                                            ; Size
                                                                    mov
       "48 ? ? "
                                   // 48 31 D2
                                                                            rdx, rdx ; Val
                                                                    xor
       "48 ? ? ? ? ? 00 00 00 " // 48 B9 50 24 01 40 01 00 00 00 mov
                                                                            rcx, offset hHeap; Dst
       "F8 ? ? 00 00 "
                                   // E8 E3 0F 00 00
                                                                    call.
                                                                            memset
       "48 ? ? "
                                   // 48 31 C9
                                                                            rcx, rcx
                                                                                            ; lpModuleName
                                                                    xor
       "E8 ? ? ? 00 "
                                   // E8 E1 0F 00 00
                                                                    call.
                                                                            GetModuleHandleW
       "48 ? ? ? ? ? ? "
                                   // 48 89 05 2C 14 01 00
                                                                            cs:hInstance, rax
                                                                    mov
       "4D ? ? "
                                   // 4D 31 C0
                                                                            r8, r8
                                                                                            ; dwMaximumSize
                                                                    xor
       "48 ? ? 00 10 00 00 "
                                   // 48 C7 C2 00 10 00 00
                                                                            rdx, 1000h
                                                                                            : dwInitialSize
                                                                    mov
       "48 ? ? "
                                   // 48 31 C9
                                                                                            ; flOptions
                                                                            rcx, rcx
                                                                    xor
       "F8 ? ? ? 00 "
                                   // E8 CE 0F 00 00
                                                                    call.
                                                                            HeapCreate
       "48 "
                                   // 48 89 05 0B 14 01 00
                                                                            cs:hHeap, rax
                                                                    mov
};
```





Generating IDA FLIRT Signatures

- Get the SDK "flair" file (you need a paid version of IDA Pro)
- Instructions are Windows specific, but all flair tools are available for Linux and MacOS to generate flirt signatures
- Once all PB libraries are extracted, you're ready to generate the signature files
- Use pcf.exe (COFF parser) to generate library pattern file (.pat)
- Use sigmake.exe (Signature file maker) to generate the final signature file (.sig)
 - Fix collisions, if any, and attempt to rebuild the signature file
 - Most of the collisions are related to debug functions
- The plugin comes with four major signature files, targeting the latest version of PB (5.71),
 32 and 64 bit builds
- You can either use the plugin to auto apply the signatures, or apply them at your discretion





Case Study – PureLocker

- This ransomware was first documented by <u>Intezer</u>, on Nov 12, 2019
- It is written in the PB PL
 - It is unknown which version of PB compiler was used
 - Uses custom function, anti-analysis, PB based encryption functions...
 - Originally, IDA identifies only 18/231 functions
 - After applying PB signatures, IDA recognizes 124/237, and discovers new functions (6)
 - More importantly, is the recognition of the cryptographic calls

- f _pb_strnicmp
- f _rijndaelDecrypt
- f _rijndaelEncrypt
- _rijndaelKeySetupDec
- _rijndaelKeySetupEnc
- _rijndael_cbc_decrypt
- f _rijndael_cbc_encrypt





Case Study – Xml.pb

- This example was taken from the \Examples\Sources PB installation folder.
- It is responsible for loading an XML file, parsing it and displaying it
- After compiling it with PB compiler v5.71
 - Originally, IDA identifies only 41/559 functions
 - After applying PB signatures, IDA recognizes 300/585, and discovers new functions (24)
 - · The rest of the unidentified functions are either too small or unimportant to the core functionality of the tool

```
00401094
                                                                     00401094
                                                                                         PB InitXML()
            call
                    sub 40230F
                                                                                 call
00401099
                    edx, dword_427584
                                                                     00401099
                                                                                 mov
                                                                                         edx, dword 427584
            mov
[...]
                                                                     [ ... ]
004010B7
            push
                    eax
                                                                     004010B7
                                                                                 push
004010B8
            call
                    sub 4032FA
                                                                     004010B8
                                                                                 call
                                                                                         PB OpenFileRequester(x,x,x,x,x)
004010BD
            push
                    offset lpFileName
                                                                     004010BD
                                                                                 push
                                                                                         offset lpFileName
004010C2
            call
                    sub 40C340
                                                                     004010C2
                                                                                 call
                                                                                         SYS AllocateString4(x,x)
004010C7
                    lpFileName
            push
                                                                     004010C7
                                                                                         lpFileName
004010CD
                    edx, offset word_426024
                                                                     004010CD
                                                                                         edx, offset word_426024
            mov
                                                                                mov
004010D2
                                                                     004010D2
            pop
004010D3
            call
                    sub 402040
                                                                     004010D3
                                                                                 call
                                                                                         SYS StringEqual
[...]
                                                                     [...]
004010E9
                    sub 4025B5
                                                                     004010E9
                                                                                         PB LoadXML(x,x)
            call
                                                                                 call
004010EE
                    eax, eax
                                                                     004010EE
                                                                                         eax, eax
004010F0
            jz
                    loc 4012A7
                                                                     004010F0
                                                                                 jz
                                                                                         loc 4012A7
004010F6
            push
                                                                     004010F6
                                                                                 push
                                                                    004010FB
004010FB
            call
                    sub 4025C7
                                                                                 call
                                                                                         PB XMLStatus(x)
0040131D
                    sub 402687
                                                                    0040131D
                                                                                 call
                                                                                         PB XMLNodeType(x)
            call
```

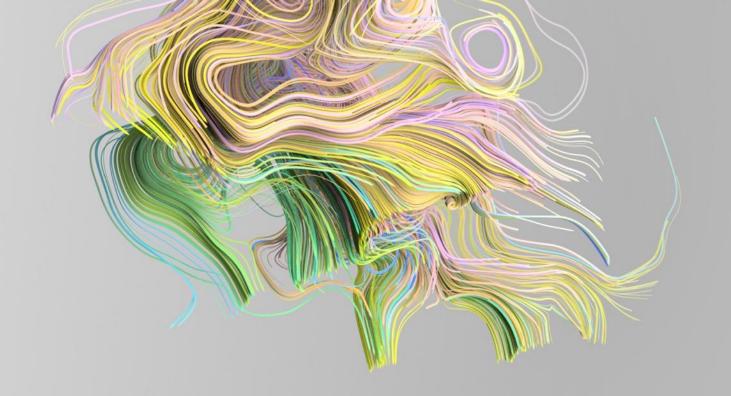


Challenges, Recommendations and Future Work

- The biggest challenge is collecting old versions of PB compiler, for all platforms, so that a KB of IDA FLIRT signatures is created for at least all major versions/releases.
- Provide FLIRT signatures for the Linux/MacOS versions of the compiler
- Update parser PuBaLP to parse .res files
- Update IDA PuBaHelper plugin
 - To load XML file (function declaration) and populate identified PB functions with relevant metadata
 - To detect MacOS and Linux PB binaries
 - Manually cover some unique unidentified PB functions in a standalone signature file (we could simply use ida2pat plugin from FE)
- When parsing such structures, make sure you don't use 'global offsets' to track where in the file/memory the next structure starts or ends.
 - It is better if you copy each structure's block of data separately, and parse it independently, whenever possible







Conclusion



Thank You Q&A



