

**A-Shot**

**Joint-A**

Innopolis University  
2024

# Which one is better?



**Easy!**  
**Right?**

# Which one is better?



**A bit  
harder?**

# Which one is better?





# CULLING 1000 PICS

カッティング

IMPOSSIBRU!

カッタブル

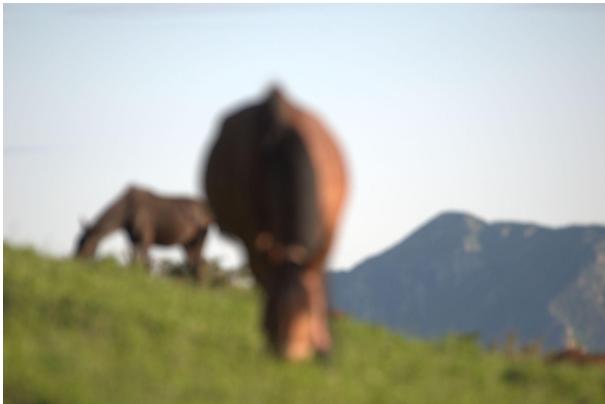
**How is it usually  
done?**

# Usual culling procedure

People are bad at multitasking, so culling is done in multiple steps

Step 1

Quick review



Identify any obvious rejects,  
such as blurry images,  
incorrectly exposed photos

Step 2

Detailed review



Check for sharpness,  
composition, lighting, and  
expressions

Step 3

Narrow down further



Go through the selected  
photos, select only the best  
ones

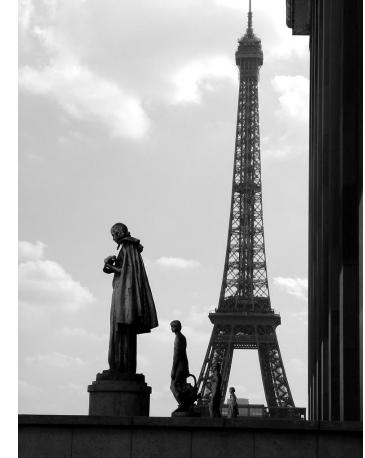
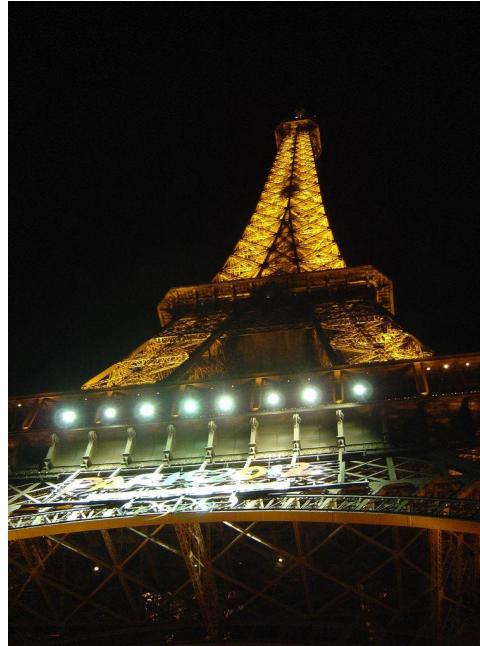
**How can we simplify  
the process?**

# Challenges



It is hard to  
distinguish harming  
and good blur

Criterion of a  
good photo  
might be  
controversial



# Our principles



Don't replace people



Do assist people

# Our principles



Going from **mess**



To organized **structure**

# Step 1: blur and wrong exposure

We can automatically detect blurry or poorly exposed pictures. Now, instead of 100% manual sorting, a person might just need to check for occasional misdetections!



IMG\_9678



IMG\_9679



IMG\_9680



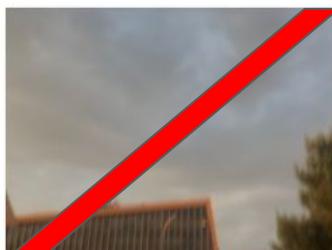
IMG\_9682



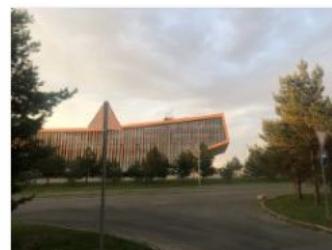
IMG\_9683 (2)



IMG\_9683 (3)



IMG\_9684



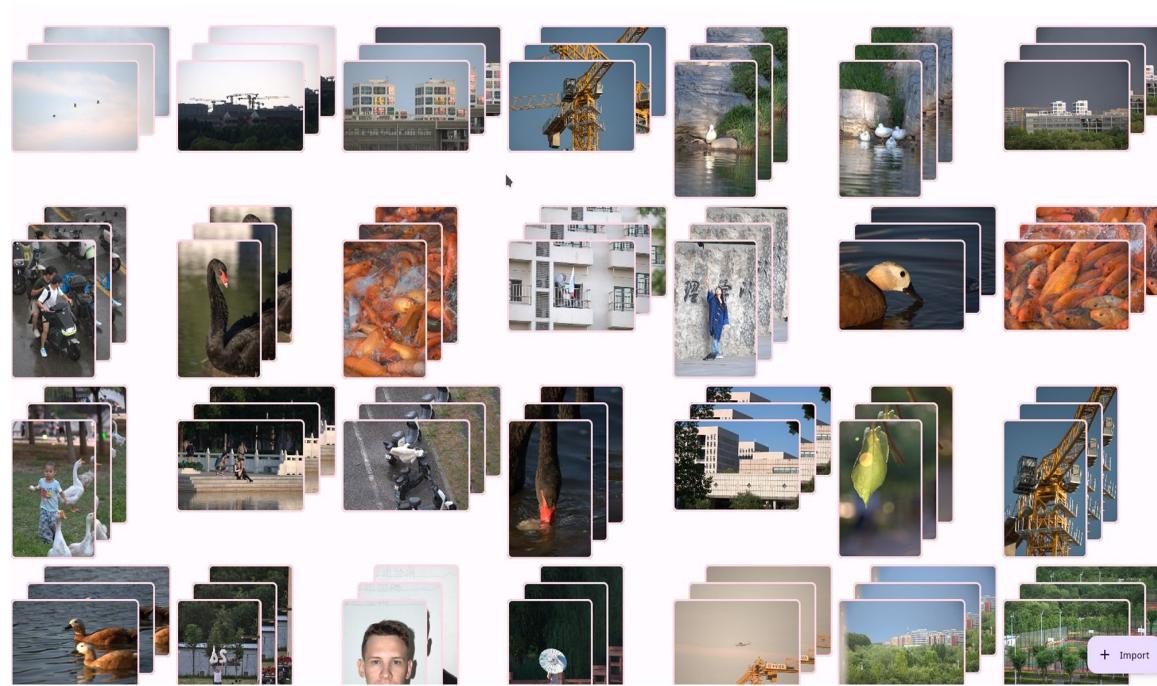
IMG\_9685 (2)



IMG\_9685

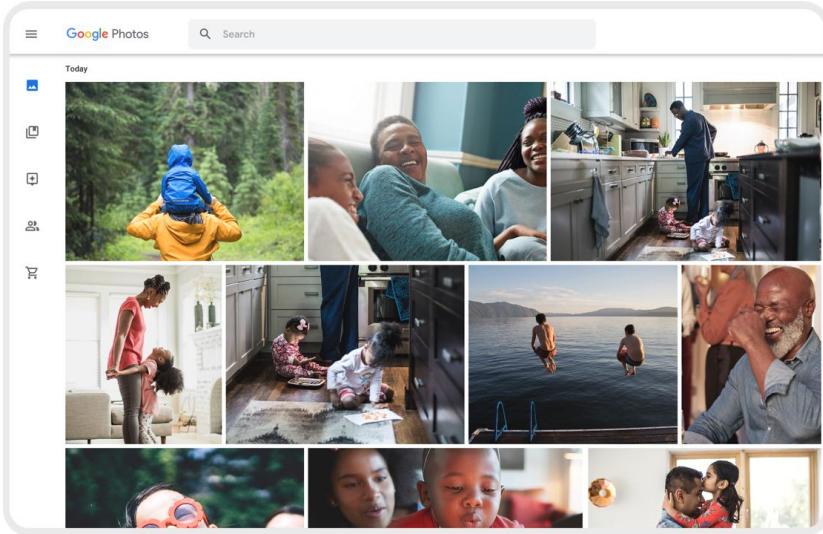
## Step 2: grouping similar pictures

Grouping similar pictures can significantly simplify the culling procedure by reducing visual clutter, enabling quicker comparisons, eliminating redundancies, and highlighting unique images.



# Existing solutions

## GooglePhoto



## Tonfotos

### Licensing options and prices

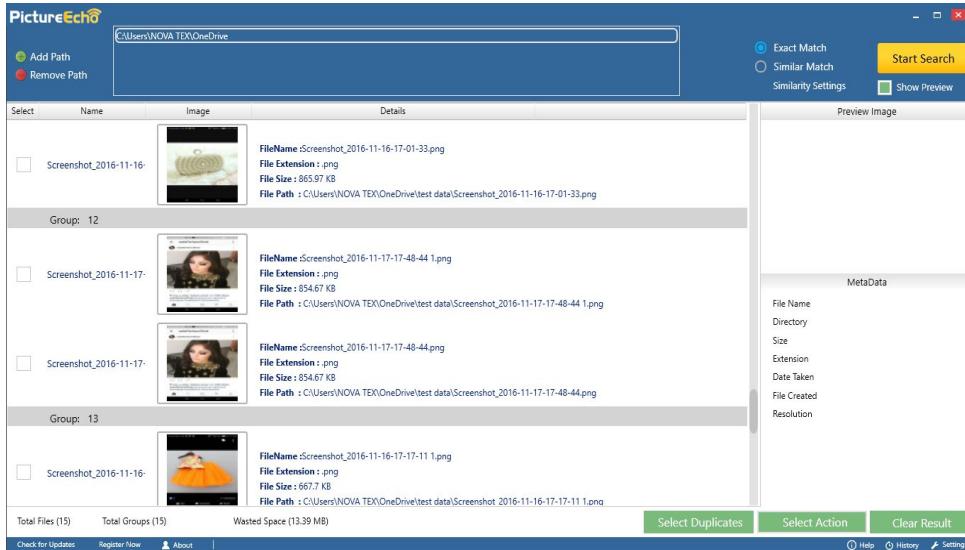
Free license	Personal license	Family license
<b>Free</b>  No time limitations Full functionality of paid version Limited number of people on photos Anonymous usage statistics helps us make product better  <a href="#">Free Download</a>	<b>\$39</b>  1 user/device Perpetual License Unlimited number of people in your photos You can disable the collection of anonymous usage statistics Priority email support  <a href="#">Buy Tonfotos</a>	<b>\$99</b>  Up to 5 users/devices Perpetual License All the benefits of a personal license Information about the persons in the photo is automatically synchronized between users Can be installed simultaneously on different operating systems  <a href="#">Buy Tonfotos</a>

- ✗ only 15 GB for free
- ✗ no blur detection
- ✗ network connection required

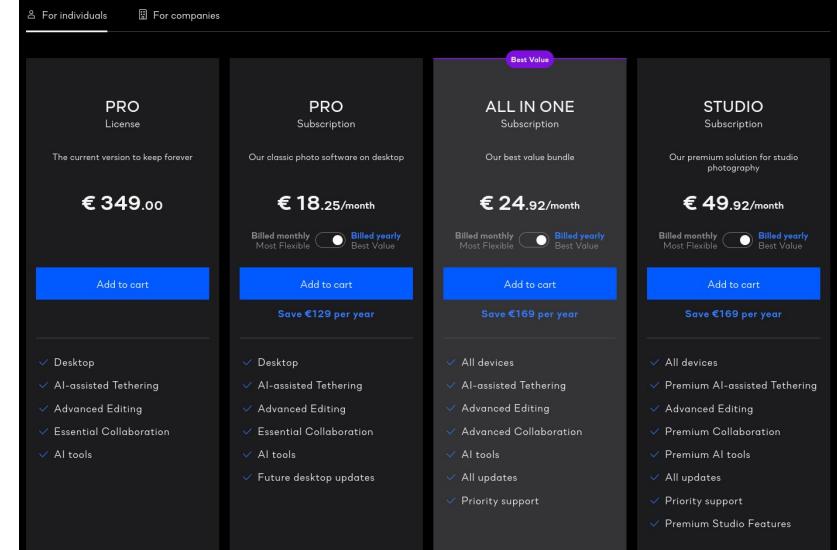
- ✗ tool for deleting duplicates
- ✗ no blur detection

# Existing solutions

## PictureEcho



## Capture One



- ✗ outdated design
- ✗ no blur detection
- ✗ partial multiplatform

- ✗ only 30-days free trial
- ✗ no blur detection
- ✗ partial multiplatform

# Our Team

**Nikita**

Full-stack developer



**Timofey**

ML Developer



**Artur**

ML developer



**Matthew**

Product Manager,  
UX/UI,  
Frontend dev.



**Egor**

Frontend developer



**Artemii**

Team Lead,  
ML, Full-stack  
developer,  
DevOps, PM

**Mikhail**

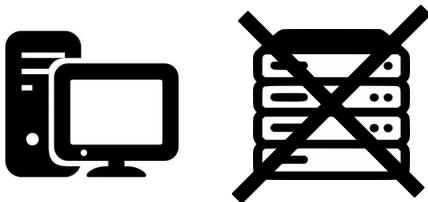
ML developer,  
Toaster

# A-Shot

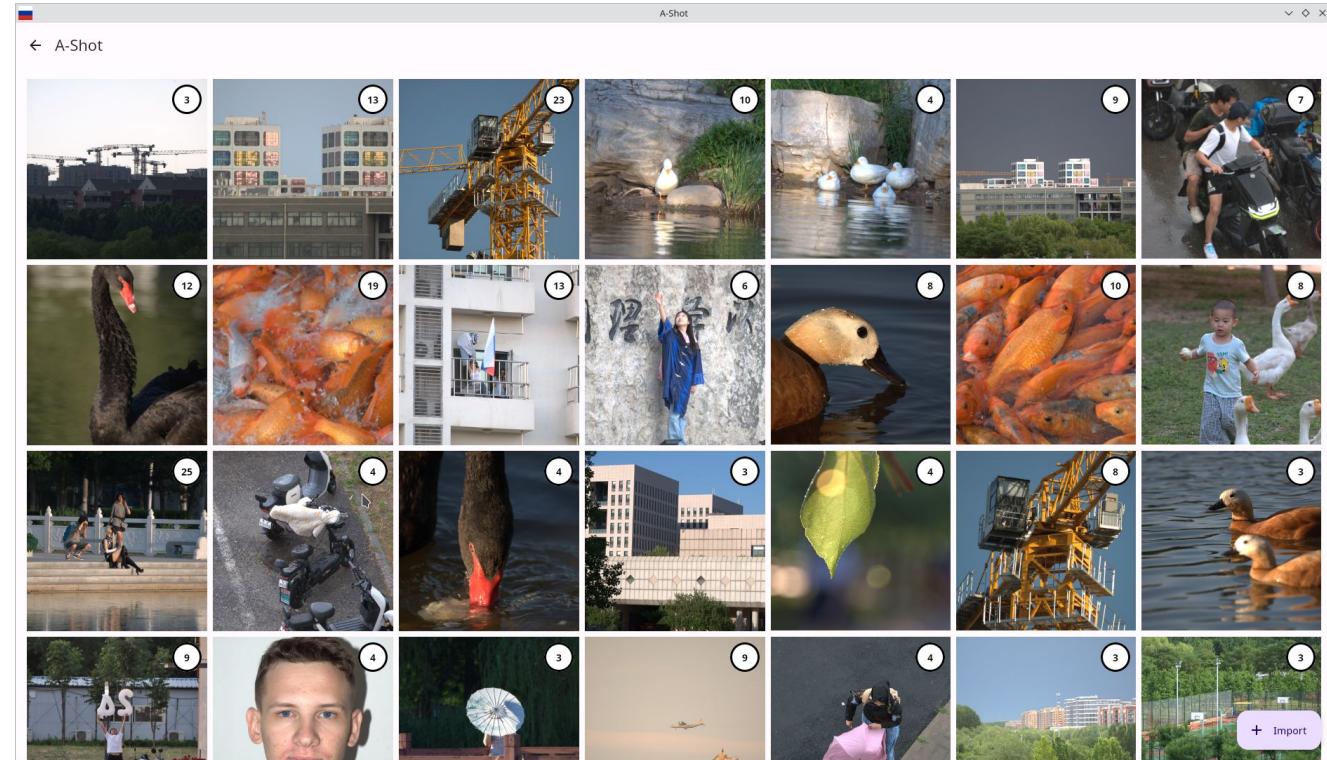
Multiplatform



Server-free



Lightweight



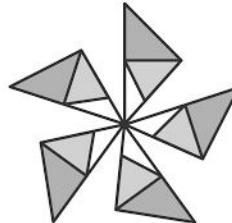
# Tools we applied



Image Magick



PyTorch



ONNX  
Runtime



Jetpack Compose



Kotlin

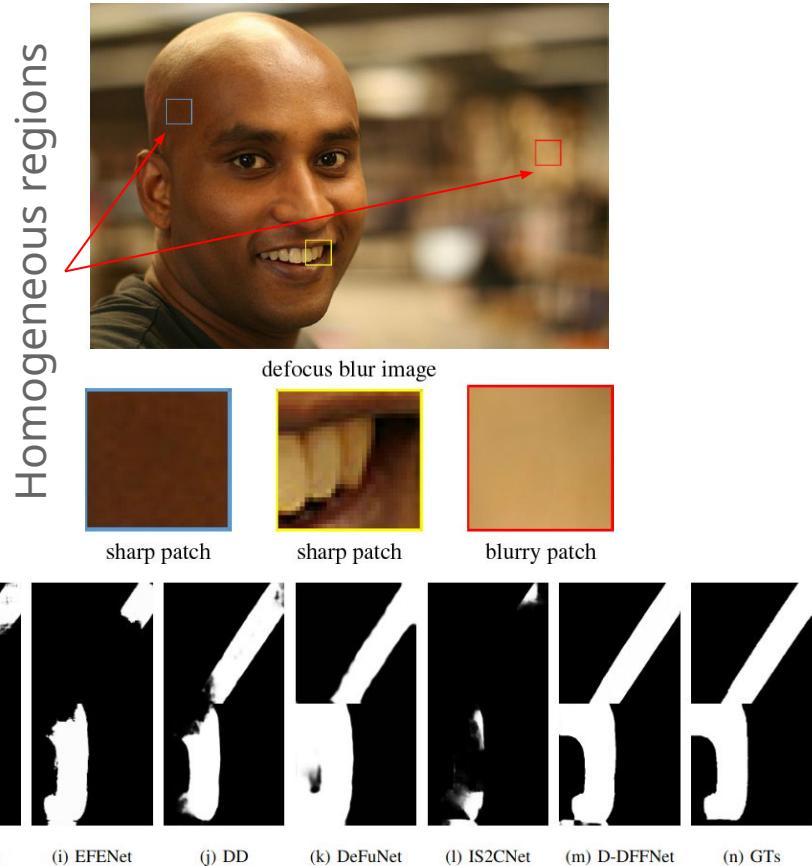


Material  
Design 3



# Blur detection

**Laplacian** method is the most popular method, that finds the variance of image gradient map. However it shows poor performance with homogeneous regions. After a research we have found a promising solution: **D-DFFNet**.

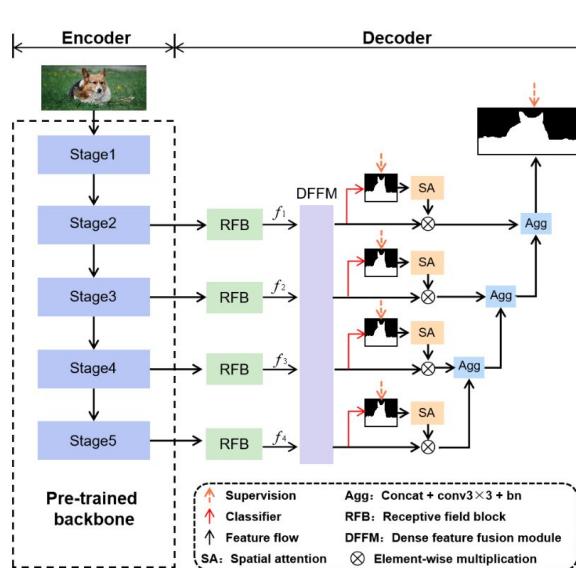


# Blur detection

Step 1  
Image input



Step 2  
D-DFNNet



Step 3  
Blur map



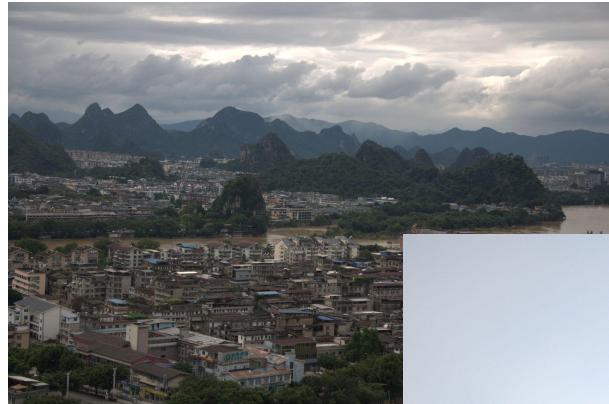
Step 4  
Decision

How can we determine blurry image?

We can modify a NN to do this, but for MVP just pixel averaging is used

# Image grouping

- Group by timestamps?
- Imagine a jet appearing in the sky during the landscape photography



These pairs of pictures are made  
within 1 second

# Image grouping

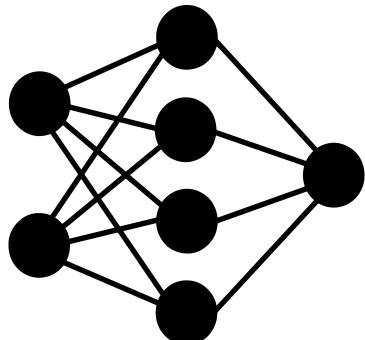
Step 1

Image input



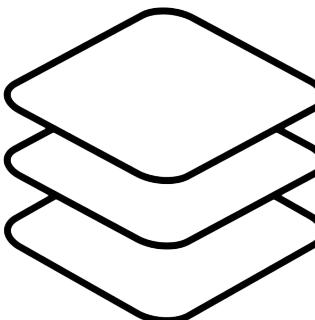
Step 2

SuperGlobal Net



Step 3

Embedding



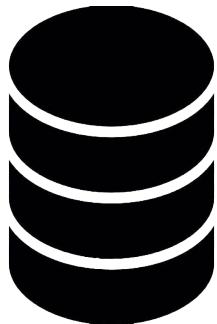
Step 4

Database

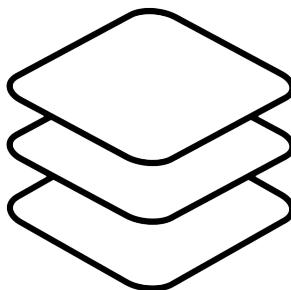


# Image grouping flow

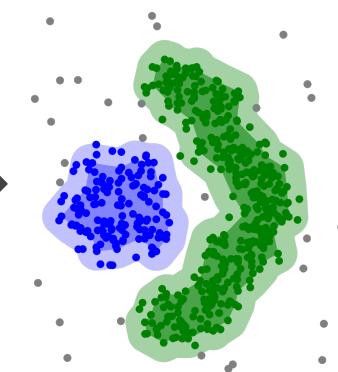
Step 1  
Database



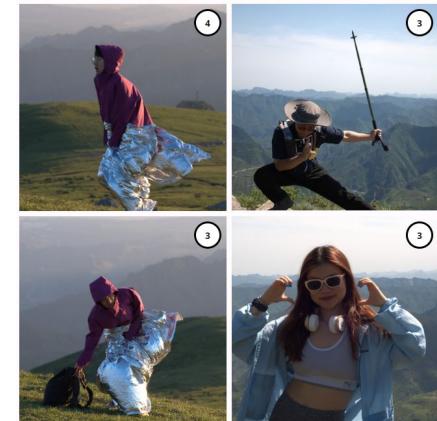
Step 2  
Embeddings



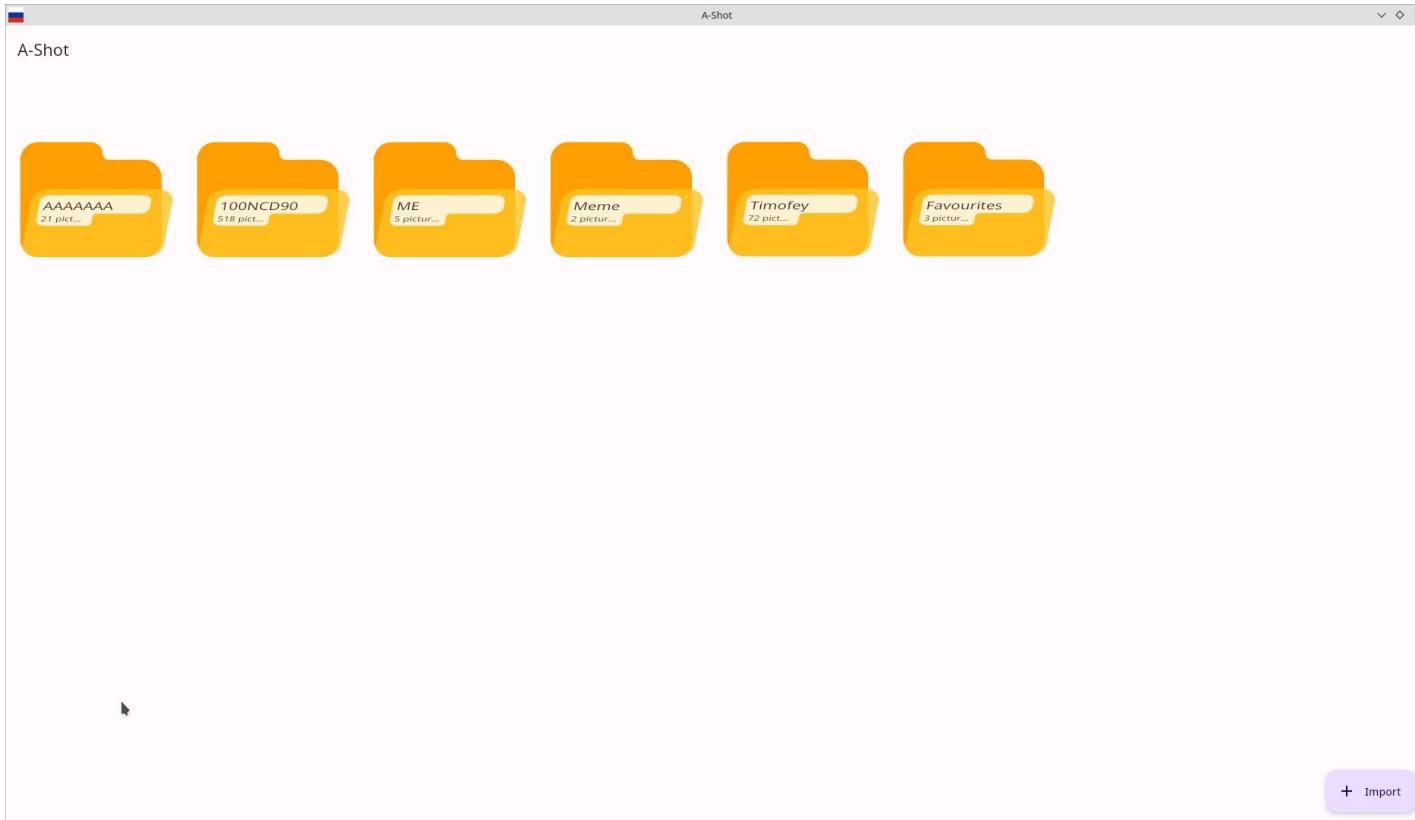
Step 3  
DBSCAN



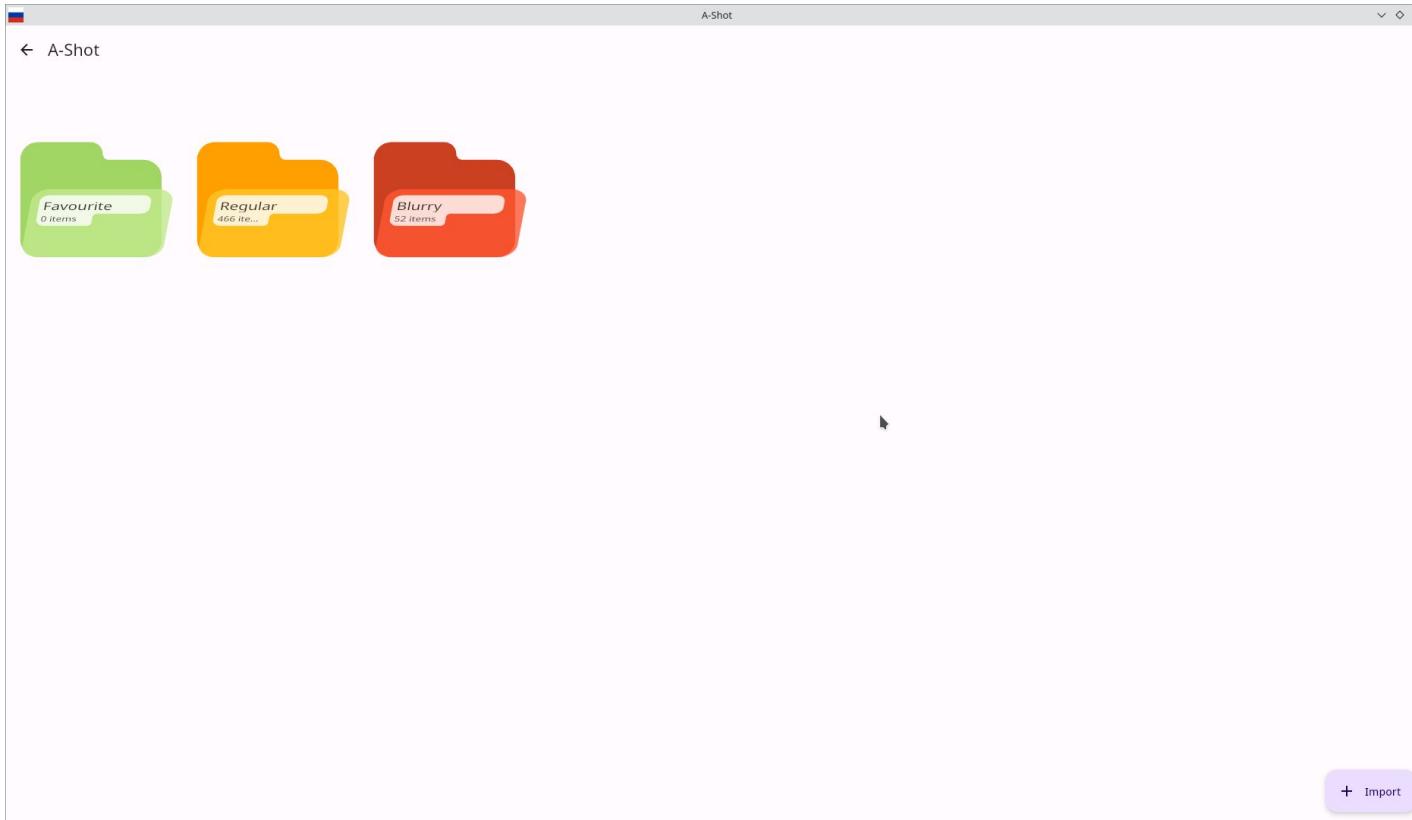
Step 4  
Grouped images



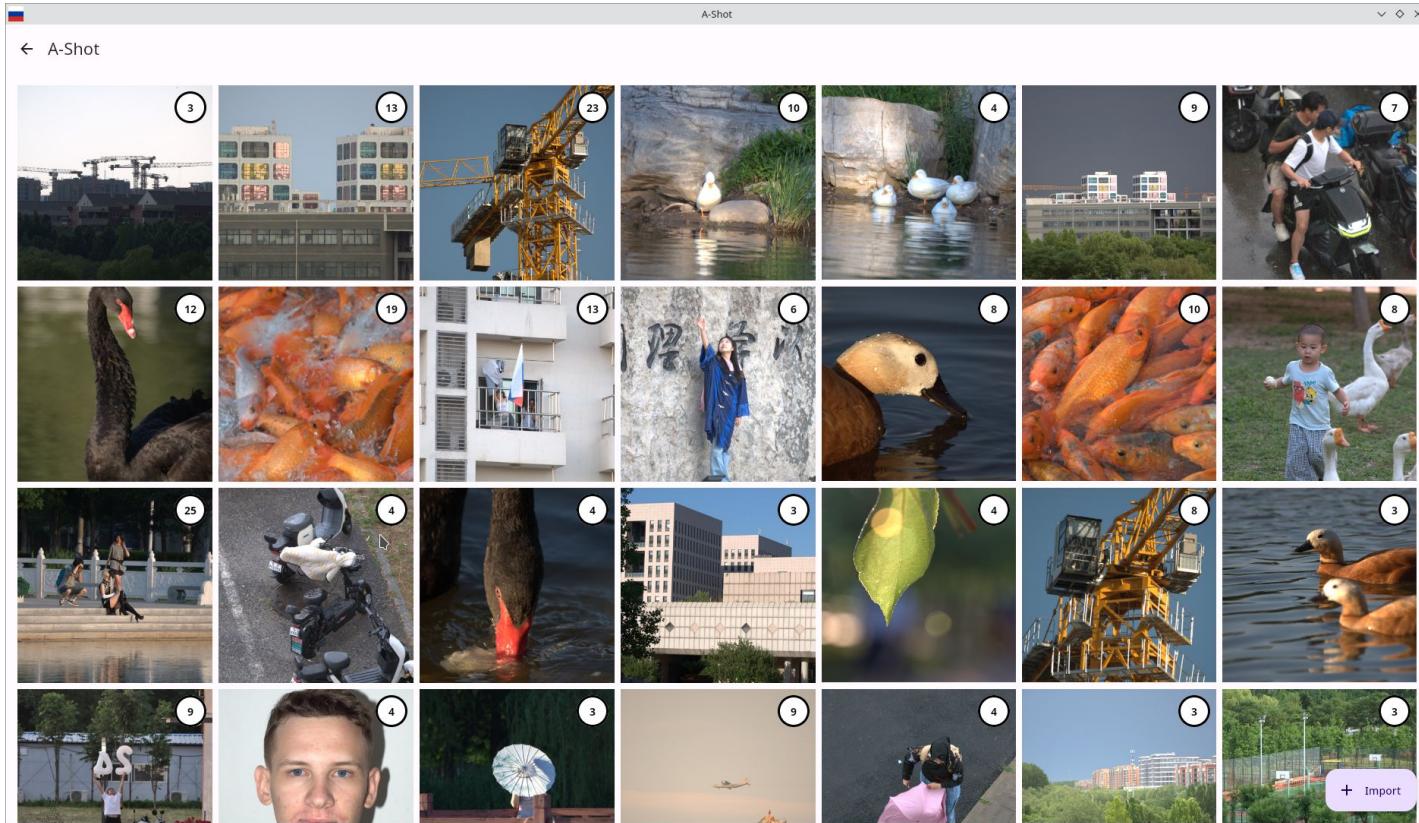
# System UI



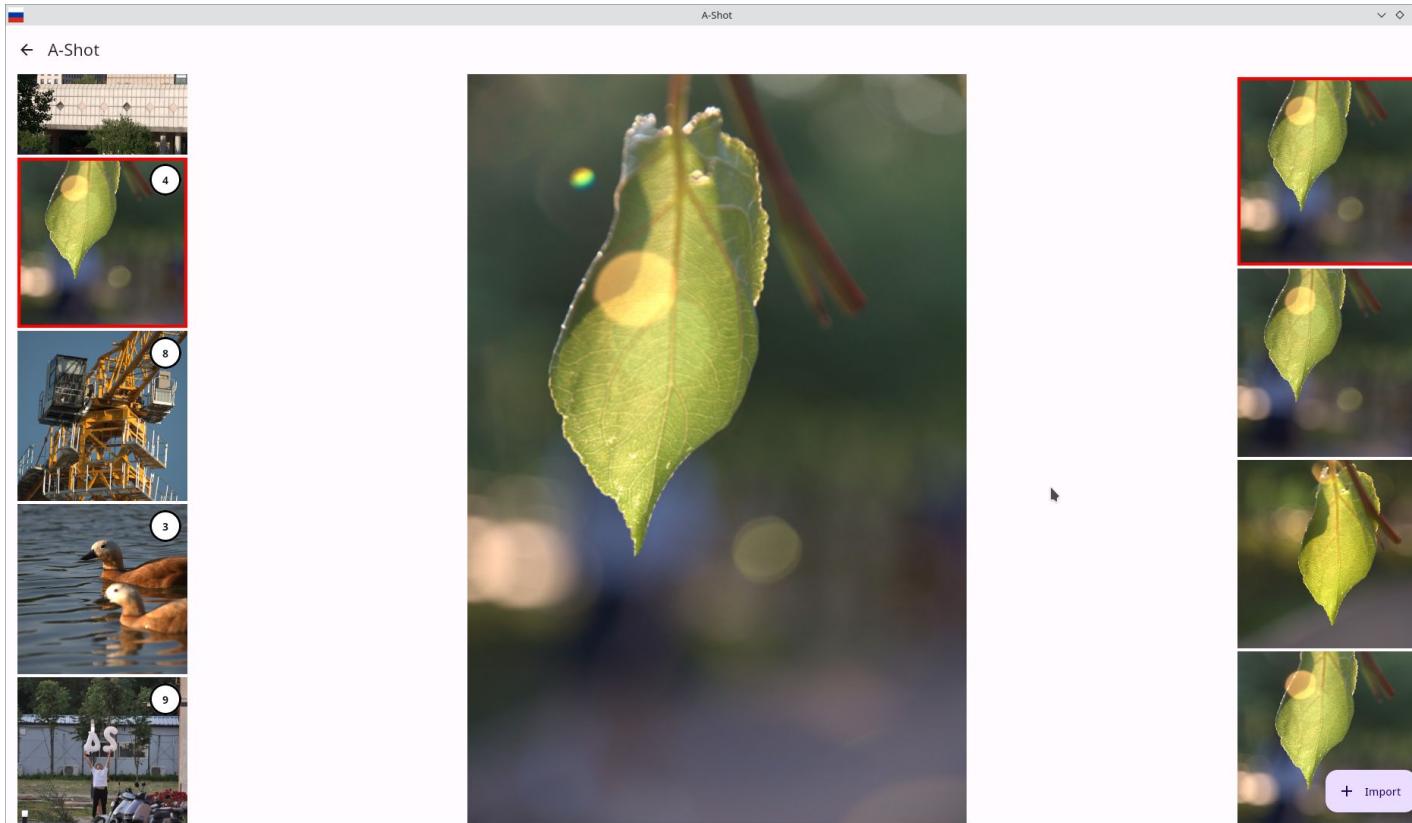
# System UI



# System UI

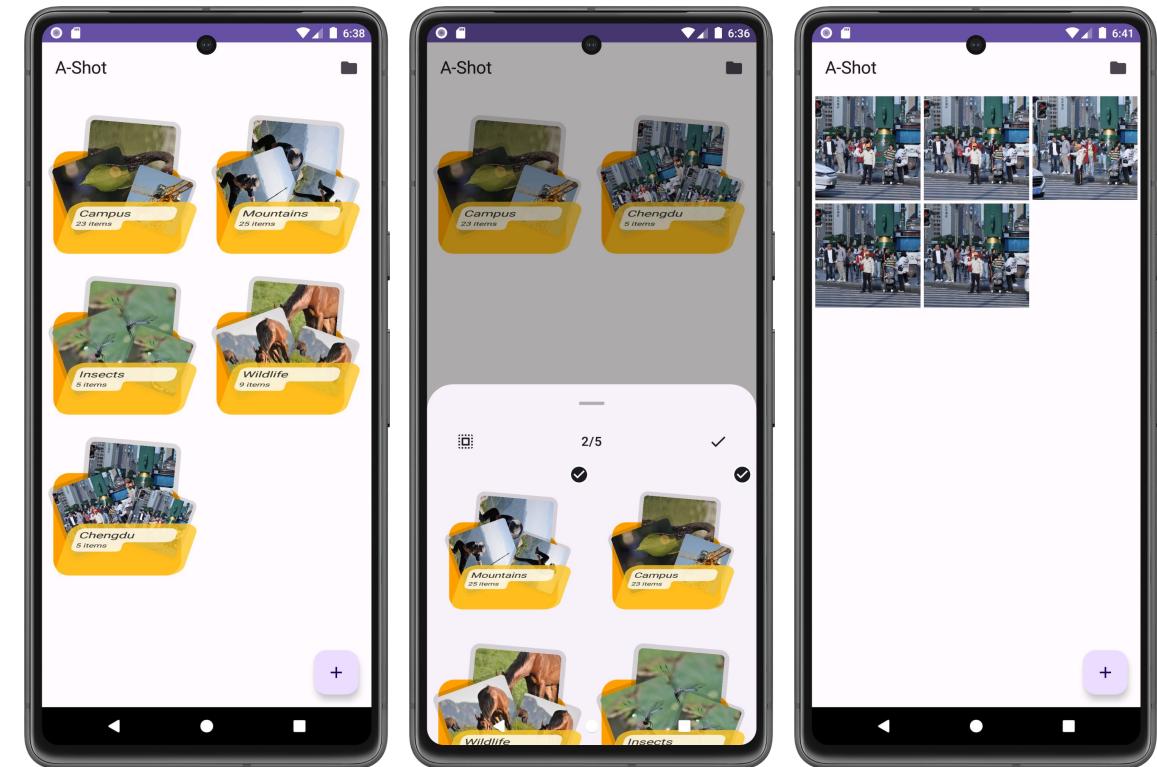


# System UI

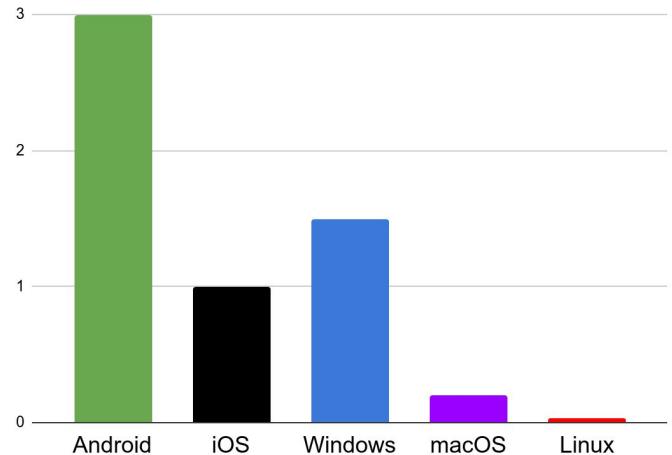


# **Future**

# Mobile Application



iOS Android



~4 billion more users

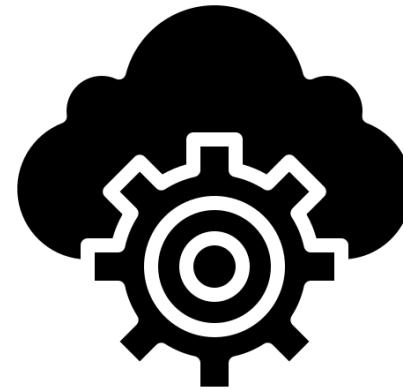
# Paid Cloud Services

## Cloud Storage



Storing sorted photos in the cloud – helps users to organize images and free space on local machine

## Cloud Computing

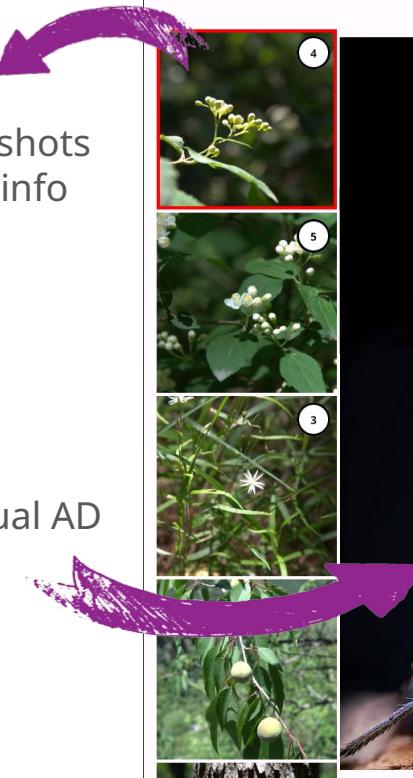


Processing images may take a while on a poorly performing machine. Cloud computing will speed up the process and enhance the UX

# Advertisement

Analyze shots  
and exif info

Give  
Contextual AD



Seems like you love macro photos

AstrHori

**25mm F/2.8 MACRO 2X-5X**



**Thank you for  
attention!**

**A-Shot**  
Foto-A

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