<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>Courses</u> / <u>University</u> / <u>2021-2022</u> / <u>Spring 2022</u> / <u>Bachelors</u> / <u>Block 2 Bs</u> / <u>[S22]ACC&PA</u> / <u>Quizzes — 10%</u> / <u>Quiz 8 — Apr 20 from 10:50 to 11:00 (10 minutes)</u>

Started on Wednesday, 20 April 2022, 10:50 AM

State Finished

Completed on Wednesday, 20 April 2022, 10:57 AM

Time taken 7 mins 49 secs **Marks** 1.50/2.00

Grade 7.50 out of 10.00 (75%)

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

True or False? In simply typed lambda calculus with imperative objects, a fix point combinator is used during the construction of an object to allow object methods to refer to each other.

Select one:

■ True

False

The correct answer is 'True'.

```
Question 2
Partially correct
Mark 0.50 out of 1.00
```

What does the following program in simply typed lambda calculus with imperative objects evaluate to?

Type alias declarations:

```
Counter = { get : Unit → Nat, inc : Unit → Unit }
SetCounter = { set : Nat → Nat, get : Unit → Nat, inc : Unit → Unit }
LogCounter = { set : Nat → Nat, get : Unit → Nat, inc : Unit → Unit, logCount : Unit → Nat }
CounterRep = { x : Ref Nat }
LogCounterRep = { x : Ref Nat, log : SetCounter }
```

The program:

```
let setCounterClass : CounterRep → SetCounter → SetCounter =
 λrep:CounterRep.
   λthis:SetCounter.
     { get = \lambda :Unit. rep.x
      , set = \lambda n: Nat. rep.x := n
      , inc = \lambda:Unit. this.set (succ (this.get unit))
      }
in let newSetCounter : Unit → SetCounter =
 \lambda:Unit. let rep = { x = 0 } in fix (setCounterClass rep)
in let logCounterClass : LogCounterRep → LogCounter → LogCounter =
 λrep:LogCounterRep.
    \lambda this:LogCounter.
      let super = setCounterClass rep this in
        { get = \lambda:Unit. rep.log.inc; super.get unit
        , set = super.set
        , inc = super.inc
        , logCount = rep.get unit
in let newLogCounter : Unit → LogCounter =
  \lambda:Unit. let rep = { x = 0, log = newSetCounter unit } in fix (logCounterClass rep)
in let test : Counter → Nat =
  λc:Counter. c.inc unit; c.inc unit; c.inc unit; c.get
in let c : LogCounter = newLogCounter unit
in c.set (test c); c.logCount
```

Answer: ₃

The correct answer is: 4

■ Quiz 7 — Apr 14 from 9:10 to 9:20 (10 minutes)

<u>Dε</u>

Jump to...

<u>G</u>e

Quiz 9 — Apr 21 from 9:10 to 9:20 (10 minutes) ▶