

Innopolis University
Essentials of Analytical Geometry and Linear Algebra I
Final Exam

December 18, 2020.

VARIANT 1

Full name:	Group:

Task:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Score:											----- of 40 pts.

1. (2 points) Determine whether the vectors are linearly independent. Justify your answer.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -4 \\ -18 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. (4 points) Decompose the vector $p = [2, -3, 2]^\top$ into components parallel and perpendicular to the vector $q = [12, 3, 4]^\top$. Find the lengths of both projections.

3. (5 points) Find the inverse of the matrices A and B . $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$; $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & -4 & -18 \end{bmatrix}$

4. (3 points) Given two bases for \mathbf{R}^2 (all coordinates are given in standard basis):

$$a_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, a_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}, b_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the change of coordinates matrix from basis $\mathcal{A} = \{a_1, a_2\}$ to $\mathcal{B} = \{b_1, b_2\}$.

5. (3 points) Find the equation of the line passing through the intersection of $2x + y = 8$ and $3x + 7 = 2y$ and parallel to $4x + y = 11$.
6. (3 points) Find the equation of the line passing through the point $[3, 2, -6]^\top$ and perpendicular to the plane $3x - y - 2z + 2 = 0$.
7. (3 points) Find the eccentricity, foci and the length of the latus rectum of the ellipse:
 $3x^2 + 4y^2 - 12x - 8y + 4 = 0$.
8. (5 points) Find the equation of the tangent to the ellipse $x^2 + 2y^2 = 6$ at $(2, -1)$.
9. (6 points) Find the equation to the cone whose vertex is the origin and the base circle $x = a$, $y^2 + z^2 = b^2$ and show that the section of the cone by a plane parallel to the xy -plane is hyperbola.
10. (6 points) Find the equation of the sphere which touches the coordinate axes, whose centre lies in the positive octant and has radius 4.

VARIANT 2

Full name:	Group:

Task:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Total
Score:									

- (2 points) Determine whether the vectors are linearly independent. Justify your answer.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (4 points) Decompose the vector $p = [0, -2, 1]^\top$ into components parallel and perpendicular to the vector $q = [2, -1, 0]^\top$. Find the lengths of both projections.

- (5 points) Find the inverse of the matrices A and B . $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ 9 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$; $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & -6 \\ 2 & -3 & -1 \\ 3 & 0 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

- (3 points) Given two bases for \mathbf{R}^2 (all coordinates are given in standard basis):

$$a_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, a_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, b_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the change of coordinates matrix from basis $\mathcal{A} = \{a_1, a_2\}$ to $\mathcal{B} = \{b_1, b_2\}$.

- (3 points) Find the equation of the line passing through the intersection of $2x - 5 = 4y$ and $x + 3y = 12$ and parallel to $x - 3y = 13$.
- (3 points) Find the equation of the line passing through the point $[-2, 3, -6]^\top$ and perpendicular to the plane $2x - 3y + z - 5 = 0$.
- (3 points) Find the eccentricity, foci and the center of the hyperbola:
 $9x^2 - 4y^2 + 18x + 16y - 43 = 0$
- (5 points) Find the equation of the tangent line to the hyperbola $3x^2 - 2y^2 + 20 = 0$ at $(2, 4)$.
- (6 points) Find the equation to the cone whose vertex is the origin and the base circle $x = a$, $y^2 + 3z^2 = b^2 + 4$ and show that the section of the cone by a plane parallel to the xy -plane is hyperbola.
- (6 points) Find the equation of the sphere which touches the coordinate axes, whose centre lies in the positive octant and has radius 5.

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Task:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Score:											----- of 40 pts.

1. (2 points) Determine whether the vectors are linearly independent. Justify your answer.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. (4 points) Decompose the vector $p = [1, -5, 2]^\top$ into components parallel and perpendicular to the vector $q = [1, 1, 1]^\top$. Find the lengths of both projections.

3. (5 points) Find the inverse of the matrices A and B . $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$; $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 8 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & -2 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$

4. (3 points) Given two bases for \mathbf{R}^2 (all coordinates are given in standard basis):

$$a_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, a_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -12 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, b_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the change of coordinates matrix from basis $\mathcal{A} = \{a_1, a_2\}$ to $\mathcal{B} = \{b_1, b_2\}$.

5. (3 points) Find the equation of the line passing through the intersection of $2x + 2y = 8$ and $3x + 7 = 2y$ and parallel to $2x - y = 5$.
6. (3 points) Find the equation of the line passing through the point $[5, 5, 4]^\top$ and perpendicular to the plane $-x - 2y - 5z = 9$.
7. (3 points) Find the eccentricity, foci and the length of the latus rectum of the ellipse:
 $16x^2 + 25y^2 - 32x + 50y - 359 = 0$,
8. (5 points) Find the equation of the tangent to the ellipse $\frac{(x-3)^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$ at the point $(1.4, 1.8)$.
9. (6 points) Find the equation to the cone whose vertex is the origin and the base circle $x = a$, $2y^2 + z^2 = b^2 - 5$ and show that the section of the cone by a plane parallel to the xy -plane is hyperbola.
10. (6 points) Find the equation of the sphere which touches the coordinate axes, whose centre lies in the positive octant and has a radius $4\sqrt{2}$.