

Theoretical Computer Science

Lab Session 5

February 25, 2021



Agenda

- ▶ Recap: Pumping lemma
- ▶ Exercises

Pumping lemma

Given a regular language \mathbf{L}

there exists an integer (critical length) \mathbf{m}

for any string $\mathbf{w} \in \mathbf{L}$ with length $|\mathbf{w}| \geq \mathbf{m}$

we can write $\mathbf{w} = \mathbf{x} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{z}$

with $|\mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}| \leq \mathbf{m}$ and $|\mathbf{y}| \geq 1$

such that: $\mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}^i \mathbf{z} \in \mathbf{L}$ where $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots$

Pumping lemma: contrapositive

Given a regular language L . If we show that
for any integer $m \geq 1$ (critical length)
there exists a string $w \in L$ such that $|w| \geq m$
and for all $x, y, z \in \Sigma^*$ with
 $|xy| \leq m$ and $|y| \geq 1$ and $w = xyz$
there exists: $i \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $xy^iz \notin L$.
Then, applying the Pumping lemma for
regular languages, one can deduce that L is
not regular.

Exercises

Using Pumping lemma prove that L_1 , L_2 , L_3 and L_4 are not regular languages:

1. $L_1 = \{a^n b^n : n \geq 0\}$ where $\Sigma_0 = \{a, b\}$
2. $L_2 = \{vv^R \mid v \in \Sigma_1^*\}$ where $\Sigma_1 = \{a, b\}$
3. $L_3 = \{a^n b^l c^{n+l} \mid n, l \geq 0\}$ over $\Sigma_2 = \{a, b, c\}$
4. $L_4 = \{a^{n!} \mid n \geq 0\}$ over $\Sigma_3 = \{a\}$

Solution 1: $L_1 = \{a^n b^n : n \geq 0\}$ where $\Sigma_1 = \{a, b\}$

Let's take an arbitrary integer $m \geq 1$. Let $w = a^m b^m$.

$|w| = 2m \geq m, w \in L$.

Split w in the form xyz : as $|xy| \leq m$ and $w = a^m b^m$,
 $x = a^p, y = a^k, z = a^{m-p-k} b^m, k \geq 1, (p+k) \leq m$

Let's look at xy^2z . It will have the form $a^{n+k} b^n$. As $k \geq 1$,
 $xy^2z \notin L$,

We have shown that for any m we can find $w \in L$, such that
 $|w| \geq m$ and for all $x, y, z \in \Sigma^*$ with $|xy| \leq m$ and $|y| \geq 1$ and
 $w = xyz$ there exists $i \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $xy^i z \notin L$.

So applying Pumping lemma we can deduce that L is not regular.

Solution 2: $L_2 = \{vv^R \mid v \in \Sigma_1^*\}$ where $\Sigma_2 = \{a, b\}$

Let's take an arbitrary integer $m \geq 1$.

Let $w = a^m b^m b^m a^m$

$|w| = 4m \geq m, w \in L$.

Split w in the form xyz : as $|xy| \leq m$ and $w = a^m b^m b^m a^m$,
 $y = a^k, k \geq 1$.

Let's look at xy^2z . It will have the form $a^{m+k} b^m b^m a^m$.

As $k \geq 1$, $xy^2z \notin L$, applying Pumping lemma we can deduce that
 L is not regular.

Solution 3: $L_3 = \{a^n b^l c^{n+l} \mid n, l \geq 0\}$ over $\Sigma_3 = \{a, b, c\}$

Let's take an arbitrary integer $m \geq 1$.

Let $w = a^m b^m c^{2m}$

$|w| = 4m \geq m, w \in L$.

Split w in the form xyz : as $|xy| \leq m$ and $w = a^m b^m c^{2m}$,
 $y = a^k, k \geq 1$.

Let's look at xy^2z . It will have the form $a^{m+k} b^m c^{2m}$. As $k \geq 1$,
 $xy^2z \notin L$, applying Pumping lemma we can deduce that L is not regular.

Solution 4: $L_4 = \{a^{n!} \mid n \geq 0\}$ over $\Sigma_4 = \{a\}$

Let's take an arbitrary integer $m \geq 1$.

Let $w = a^{m!}$

$|w| = m! \geq m, w \in L$.

Split w in the form xyz : as $|xy| \leq m$ and $w = a^{m!}$,
 $y = a^k, m \geq k \geq 1$.

Let's look at xy^2z . It will have the form $a^{m!+k}$.

As $k \geq 1, m! < m! + k$.

As $m \geq k, m! + k \leq m! + m$.

By algebra, $m! + m < (m+1)!^1$, as $(m+1)! = m! + m! * m$

So for $m > 1$ we get that $m! < m! + k < (m+1)!$, which means
that there is no such $p \in \mathbb{N}$ that $(m! + k) = p!$, so $xy^2z \notin L$

For $m = 1, w = a$, so $y = a$, and the string $xy^3z = aaa \notin L$

Applying Pumping lemma we can deduce that L is not regular.

¹for $m > 1$