

HeliOS Developer's Guide 0.3.0

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# 1 Data Structure Index

# 1.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

# QueueMessage\_t

Data structure for a message queue message

SystemInfo_t	
Data structure for system information	
TaskInfo_t	
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TaskNotification_t	
Data structure for direct to task notifications	•
TaskRunTimeStats_t	
Data structure for task runtime statistics	7

# 2 File Index

#### 2.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

# config.h

Kernel header file for user definable settings in HellOS

#### HeliOS.h

Header file to be included in end-user application code

# 3 Data Structure Documentation

# 3.1 QueueMessage\_t Struct Reference

Data structure for a message queue message.

```
#include <HeliOS.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

- · Base\_t messageBytes
- char messageValue [CONFIG\_MESSAGE\_VALUE\_BYTES]

# 3.1.1 Detailed Description

The QueueMessage\_t data structure contains the message queue message returned by xQueuePeek() and xQueueReceive(). The QueueMessage\_t type should be declared as xQueueMessage.

#### See also

xQueueMessage xQueuePeek()

xQueueReceive()

xMemFree()

CONFIG\_MESSAGE\_VALUE\_BYTES

# Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xQueueMessage must be freed using xMemFree().

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#### 3.1.2 Field Documentation

# **3.1.2.1 messageBytes** Base\_t QueueMessage\_t::messageBytes

The number of bytes in the message Value member that makes up the message value. This cannot exceed CONFIG\_MESSAGE\_VALUE\_BYTES.

**3.1.2.2** messageValue char QueueMessage\_t::messageValue[CONFIG\_MESSAGE\_VALUE\_BYTES]

the char array that contains the actual message value.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· HeliOS.h

# 3.2 SystemInfo\_t Struct Reference

Data structure for system information.

```
#include <HeliOS.h>
```

# **Data Fields**

- char productName [PRODUCTNAME\_SIZE]
- Base\_t majorVersion
- Base\_t minorVersion
- Base\_t patchVersion
- Base\_t numberOfTasks

# 3.2.1 Detailed Description

The SystemInfo\_t data structure contains information about the HeliOS system and is returned by xSystemGetSystemInfo(). The SystemInfo\_t type should be declared as xSystemInfo.

# See also

```
xSystemInfo
xSystemGetSystemInfo()
xMemFree()
```

# Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xSystemInfo must be freed using xMemFree().

#### 3.2.2 Field Documentation

# **3.2.2.1 majorVersion** Base\_t SystemInfo\_t::majorVersion

The major version number of HeliOS and is Symantec Versioning Specification (SemVer) compliant.

```
3.2.2.2 minorVersion Base_t SystemInfo_t::minorVersion
```

The minor version number of HeliOS and is Symantec Versioning Specification (SemVer) compliant.

```
3.2.2.3 numberOfTasks Base_t SystemInfo_t::numberOfTasks
```

The number of tasks presently in a suspended, running or waiting state.

```
3.2.2.4 patchVersion Base_t SystemInfo_t::patchVersion
```

The patch version number of HeliOS and is Symantec Versioning Specification (SemVer) compliant.

```
3.2.2.5 productName char SystemInfo_t::productName[PRODUCTNAME_SIZE]
```

The name of the operating system or product. This is always HeliOS.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· HeliOS.h

# 3.3 TaskInfo\_t Struct Reference

Data structure for information about a task.

```
#include <HeliOS.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- · Base\_t id
- char name [CONFIG\_TASK\_NAME\_BYTES]
- TaskState\_t state
- Time\_t lastRunTime
- Time\_t totalRunTime

# 3.3.1 Detailed Description

The TaskInfo\_t structure is similar to xTaskRuntimeStats\_t in that it contains runtime statistics for a task. However, TaskInfo\_t also contains additional details about a task such as its identifier, ASCII name and state. The TaskInfo\_t structure is returned by xTaskGetTaskInfo(). If only runtime statistics are needed, TaskRunTimeStats\_t should be used because of its lower memory footprint. The TaskInfo\_t type should be declared as xTaskInfo.

See also

```
xTaskInfo
xTaskGetTaskInfo()
xMemFree()
CONFIG_TASK_NAME_BYTES
```

#### Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTaskInfo must be freed using xMemFree().

#### 3.3.2 Field Documentation

```
3.3.2.1 id Base_t TaskInfo_t::id
```

The task identifier which is used by xTaskGetHandleById() to return the task handle.

```
3.3.2.2 lastRunTime Time_t TaskInfo_t::lastRunTime
```

The runtime duration in microseconds the last time the task was executed by the scheduler.

```
3.3.2.3 name char TaskInfo_t::name[CONFIG_TASK_NAME_BYTES]
```

The name of the task which is used by xTaskGetHandleByName() to return the task handle.

```
3.3.2.4 state TaskState_t TaskInfo_t::state
```

The state the task is in which is one of four states specified in the TaskState\_t enumerated data type.

```
3.3.2.5 totalRunTime Time_t TaskInfo_t::totalRunTime
```

The total runtime duration in microseconds the task has been executed by the scheduler.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• HeliOS.h

# 3.4 TaskNotification\_t Struct Reference

Data structure for direct to task notifications.

```
#include <HeliOS.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- Base t notificationBytes
- char notificationValue [CONFIG\_NOTIFICATION\_VALUE\_BYTES]

#### 3.4.1 Detailed Description

The TaskNotification\_t data structure contains the direct to task notification returned by xTaskNotifyTake(). The TaskNotification\_t type should be declared as xTaskNotification.

#### See also

```
xTaskNotification
xTaskNotifyTake()
xMemFree()
CONFIG_NOTIFICATION_VALUE_BYTES
```

#### Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTaskNotification must be freed using xMemFree().

# 3.4.2 Field Documentation

# **3.4.2.1 notificationBytes** Base\_t TaskNotification\_t::notificationBytes

The number of bytes in the notificationValue member that makes up the notification value. This cannot exceed CONFIG\_NOTIFICATION\_VALUE\_BYTES.

**3.4.2.2 notificationValue** char TaskNotification\_t::notificationValue[CONFIG\_NOTIFICATION\_VALUE\_BYTES]

The char array that contains the actual notification value.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· HeliOS.h

# 3.5 TaskRunTimeStats\_t Struct Reference

Data structure for task runtime statistics.

```
#include <HeliOS.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- · Time t lastRunTime
- Time\_t totalRunTime

#### 3.5.1 Detailed Description

The TaskRunTimeStats\_t structure contains task runtime statistics and is returned by xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats() and xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats(). The TaskRunTimeStats\_t type should be declared as xTaskRunTimeStats.

#### See also

```
xTaskRunTimeStats
xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats()
xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats()
xMemFree()
```

# Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTaskRunTimeStats must be freed using xMemFree().

## 3.5.2 Field Documentation

The runtime duration in microseconds the last time the task was executed by the scheduler.

```
3.5.2.2 totalRunTime Time_t TaskRunTimeStats_t::totalRunTime
```

The total runtime duration in microseconds the task has been executed by the scheduler.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• HeliOS.h

# 4 File Documentation

# 4.1 config.h File Reference

Kernel header file for user definable settings in HellOS.

#### **Macros**

- #define CONFIG\_MESSAGE\_VALUE\_BYTES 16u
   Define the size in bytes of the message queue message value.
- #define CONFIG\_NOTIFICATION\_VALUE\_BYTES 16u

Define the size in bytes of the direct to task notification value.

- #define CONFIG\_TASK\_NAME\_BYTES 16u
  - Define the size in bytes of the ASCII task name.
- #define CONFIG\_HEAP\_SIZE\_IN\_BLOCKS 512u

Define the number of blocks in the heap.

- #define CONFIG\_HEAP\_BLOCK\_SIZE 32u
  - Define the heap block size in bytes.
- #define CONFIG\_QUEUE\_MINIMUM\_LIMIT 5u

Define the minimum value for a message queue limit.

#### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

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Version

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Date

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#### 4.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 4.1.2.1 CONFIG HEAP BLOCK SIZE #define CONFIG\_HEAP\_BLOCK\_SIZE 32u

Setting CONFIG\_HEAP\_BLOCK\_SIZE allows the end-user to define the size of a heap block in bytes. The block size should be set to achieve the best possible utilization of the heap. A block size that is too large will waste the heap for smaller requests for heap. A block size that is too small will waste heap on entries. The default value is 32 bytes. The literal must be appended with "u" to maintain MISRA C:2012 compliance.

#### See also

```
xMemAlloc()
xMemFree()
CONFIG_HEAP_SIZE_IN_BLOCKS
```

#### 4.1.2.2 CONFIG HEAP SIZE IN BLOCKS #define CONFIG\_HEAP\_SIZE\_IN\_BLOCKS 512u

Setting CONFIG\_HEAP\_SIZE\_IN\_BLOCKS allows the end-user to define the size of the heap in blocks. The size of a block in the heap is determined by the CONFIG\_HEAP\_BLOCK\_SIZE which is represented in bytes. The size of the heap needs to be adjusted to fit the memory requirements of the end-user's application. The default value is 512 blocks. The literal must be appended with "u" to maintain MISRA C:2012 compliance.

#### See also

```
xMemAlloc()
xMemFree()
CONFIG_HEAP_BLOCK_SIZE
```

# 4.1.2.3 CONFIG\_MESSAGE\_VALUE\_BYTES #define CONFIG\_MESSAGE\_VALUE\_BYTES 16u

Setting the CONFIG\_MESSAGE\_VALUE\_BYTES allows the end-user to define the size of the message queue message value. The larger the size of the message value, the greater impact there will be on system performance. The default size is 16 bytes. The literal must be appended with "u" to maintain MISRA C:2012 compliance.

# See also

xQueueMessage

#### 4.1.2.4 CONFIG\_NOTIFICATION\_VALUE\_BYTES #define CONFIG\_NOTIFICATION\_VALUE\_BYTES 16u

Setting the CONFIG\_NOTIFICATION\_VALUE\_BYTES allows the end-user to define the size of the direct to task notification value. The larger the size of the notification value, the greater impact there will be on system performance. The default size is 16 bytes. The literal must be appended with "u" to maintain MISRA C:2012 compliance.

See also

xTaskNotification

#### 4.1.2.5 CONFIG QUEUE MINIMUM LIMIT #define CONFIG\_QUEUE\_MINIMUM\_LIMIT 5u

Setting the CONFIG\_QUEUE\_MINIMUM\_LIMIT allows the end-user to define the MINIMUM length limit a message queue can be created with xQueueCreate(). When a message queue length equals its limit, the message queue will be considered full and return true when xQueueIsQueueFull() is called. A full queue will also not accept messages from xQueueSend(). The default value is 5. The literal must be appended with "u" to maintain MISRA C:2012 compliance.

See also

xQueuelsQueueFull() xQueueSend() xQueueCreate()

# 4.1.2.6 CONFIG\_TASK\_NAME\_BYTES #define CONFIG\_TASK\_NAME\_BYTES 16u

Setting the CONFIG\_TASK\_NAME\_BYTES allows the end-user to define the size of the ASCII task name. The larger the size of the task name, the greater impact there will be on system performance. The default size is 16 bytes. The literal must be appended with "u" to maintain MISRA C:2012 compliance.

See also

xTaskInfo

# 4.2 HeliOS.h File Reference

Header file to be included in end-user application code.

#### **Data Structures**

• struct TaskRunTimeStats t

Data structure for task runtime statistics.

struct TaskInfo\_t

Data structure for information about a task.

struct TaskNotification\_t

Data structure for direct to task notifications.

• struct QueueMessage t

Data structure for a message queue message.

struct SystemInfo\_t

Data structure for system informaiton.

#### **Macros**

#define DEREF\_TASKPARM(t, p) \*((t \*) p)

A C macro to simplify casting and dereferencing a task paramater.

# **Typedefs**

• typedef uint8 t Base t

Type definition for the base data type.

typedef void Task t

Stub type definition for the task type.

typedef void TaskParm\_t

Type definition for the task parameter.

typedef void Queue\_t

Stub type definition for the message queue type.

typedef void Timer\_t

Stub type definition for the timer type.

• typedef Base\_t xBase

Type definition for the base data type.

typedef Timer\_t \* xTimer

Stub type definition for the timer type.

typedef Queue\_t \* xQueue

Stub type definition for the message queue type.

• typedef QueueMessage\_t \* xQueueMessage

Data structure for a message queue message.

typedef TaskNotification\_t \* xTaskNotification

Data structure for direct to task notifications.

typedef TaskInfo\_t \* xTaskInfo

Data structure for information about a task.

typedef TaskRunTimeStats\_t \* xTaskRunTimeStats

Data structure for task runtime statistics.

typedef Task\_t \* xTask

Stub type definition for the task type.

typedef TaskParm\_t \* xTaskParm

Type definition for the task parameter.

typedef TIME\_T\_TYPE Time\_t

The type definition for time expressed in microseconds.

typedef Time\_t xTime

The type definition for time expressed in microseconds.

typedef TaskState\_t xTaskState

Enumerated type for task states.

typedef SystemInfo\_t \* xSystemInfo

Data structure for system informaiton.

# **Enumerations**

enum TaskState\_t { TaskStateError , TaskStateSuspended , TaskStateRunning , TaskStateWaiting }
 Enumerated type for task states.

#### **Functions**

void \* xMemAlloc (size\_t size\_)

System call to allocate memory from the heap.

void xMemFree (void \*ptr\_)

System call to free memory allocated from the heap.

size\_t xMemGetUsed (void)

System call to return the amount of allocated heap memory.

• size\_t xMemGetSize (void \*ptr\_)

System call to return the amount of heap memory allcoated for a pointer.

xQueue xQueueCreate (xBase limit\_)

System call to create a new message queue.

void xQueueDelete (xQueue queue\_)

System call to delete a message queue.

xBase xQueueGetLength (xQueue queue\_)

System call to get the length of the message queue.

xBase xQueuelsQueueEmpty (xQueue queue\_)

System call to check if the message queue is empty.

xBase xQueuelsQueueFull (xQueue queue )

System call to check if the message queue is full.

• xBase xQueueMessagesWaiting (xQueue queue\_)

System call to check if there are message queue messages waiting.

xBase xQueueSend (xQueue queue , xBase messageBytes , const char \*messageValue )

System call to send a message using a message queue.

xQueueMessage xQueuePeek (xQueue queue\_)

System call to peek at the next message in a message queue.

void xQueueDropMessage (xQueue queue )

System call to drop the next message in a message queue.

xQueueMessage xQueueReceive (xQueue queue\_)

System call to receive the next message in the message queue.

void xTaskStartScheduler (void)

System call to pass control to the HeliOS scheduler.

void xTaskResumeAll (void)

System call to set scheduler running system flag to true.

void xTaskSuspendAll (void)

System call to set the scheduler running system flag to false.

xSystemInfo xSystemGetSystemInfo (void)

The xSystemGetSystemInfo() system call will return the type xSystemInfo containing information about the system including the OS (product) name, its version and how many tasks are currently in the running, suspended or waiting states.

• xTask xTaskCreate (const char \*name\_, void(\*callback\_)(xTask, xTaskParm), xTaskParm taskParameter\_)

System call to create a new task.

void xTaskDelete (xTask task )

System call to delete a task.

• xTask xTaskGetHandleByName (const char \*name\_)

System call to get a task's handle by its ASCII name.

xTask xTaskGetHandleById (xBase id\_)

System call to get a task's handle by its task identifier.

xTaskRunTimeStats xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats (xBase \*tasks\_)

System call to return task runtime statistics for all tasks.

xTaskRunTimeStats xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats (xTask task\_)

System call to return task runtime statistics for the specified task.

xBase xTaskGetNumberOfTasks (void)

System call to return the number of tasks regardless of their state.

xTaskInfo xTaskGetTaskInfo (xTask task )

The xTaskGetTaskInfo() system call returns the xTaskInfo structure containing the details of the task including its identifier, name, state and runtime statistics.

xTaskState xTaskGetTaskState (xTask task )

System call to return the state of a task.

char \* xTaskGetName (xTask task )

System call to return the ASCII name of a task.

xBase xTaskGetId (xTask task )

System call to return the task identifier for a task.

void xTaskNotifyStateClear (xTask task\_)

System call to clear a waiting direct to task notification.

xBase xTaskNotificationIsWaiting (xTask task\_)

System call to check if a direct to task notification is waiting.

Base\_t xTaskNotifyGive (xTask task\_, xBase notificationBytes\_, const char \*notificationValue\_)

System call to give another task a direct to task notification.

xTaskNotification xTaskNotifyTake (xTask task )

System call to take a direct to task notification from another task.

void xTaskResume (xTask task\_)

System call to resume a task.

void xTaskSuspend (xTask task )

System call to suspend a task.

void xTaskWait (xTask task\_)

System call to place a task in a waiting state.

void xTaskChangePeriod (xTask task\_, xTime timerPeriod\_)

System call to set the task timer period.

xTime xTaskGetPeriod (xTask task )

System call to get the task timer period.

void xTaskResetTimer (xTask task\_)

System call to reset the task timer.

xTimer xTimerCreate (xTime timerPeriod\_)

System call to create a new timer.

void xTimerDelete (xTimer timer\_)

System call will delete a timer.

void xTimerChangePeriod (xTimer timer\_, xTime timerPeriod\_)

System call to change the period of a timer.

xTime xTimerGetPeriod (xTimer timer\_)

System call to get the period of a timer.

xBase xTimerIsTimerActive (xTimer timer )

System call to check if a timer is active.

xBase xTimerHasTimerExpired (xTimer timer\_)

System call to check if a timer has expired.

void xTimerReset (xTimer timer )

System call to reset a timer.

void xTimerStart (xTimer timer\_)

System call to start a timer.

void xTimerStop (xTimer timer\_)

The xTimerStop() system call will place the timer in the stopped state. Neither xTimerStart() nor xTimerStop() will reset the timer. Timers can only be reset with xTimerReset().

void xSystemHalt (void)

The xSystemHalt() system call will halt HeliOS.

#### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

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Version

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Date

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#### 4.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# **4.2.2.1 DEREF\_TASKPARM** #define DEREF\_TASKPARM( t, p) \*((t \*) p)

When a task paramater is passed to a task, it is passed as a pointer of type void. To use the paramater it must first be casted to the correct type and dereferenced. The following is an example of how the DEREF\_TASKPARM() C macro simplifies that process.

```
void myTask_main(xTask task_, xTaskParm parm_) {
  int i;
  i = DEREF_TASKPARM(int, parm_);
}
```

#### **Parameters**

t	The data type to case the task paramater to (e.g., int).
р	The task pointer often named parm

#### 4.2.3 Typedef Documentation

#### 4.2.3.1 Base\_t typedef uint8\_t Base\_t

A simple data type is often needed as an argument for a system call or a return type. The Base\_t type is used in such a case where there are no other structural data requirements and is typically an unsigned 8-bit integer. The Base\_t type should be declared as xBase.

See also

xBase

# 4.2.3.2 Queue\_t typedef void Queue\_t

The Queue\_t type is a stub type definition for the internal message queue structure and is treated as a message queue handle by most of the message queue related system calls. The members of the data structure are not accessible. The Queue\_t type should be declared as xQueue.

See also

xQueue

xQueueDelete()

#### Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xQueue must be freed using xQueueDelete().

# 4.2.3.3 Task\_t typedef void Task\_t

The Task\_t type is a stub type definition for the internal task data structure and is treated as a task handle by most of the task related system calls. The members of the data structure are not accessible. The Task\_t type should be declared as xTask.

See also

xTask

xTaskDelete()

Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTask must be freed by xTaskDelete()

#### 4.2.3.4 TaskParm\_t typedef void TaskParm\_t

The TaskParm\_t type is used to pass a parameter to a task at the time of creation using xTaskCreate(). A task parameter is a pointer of type void and can point to any number of intrinsic types, arrays and/or user defined structures which can be passed to a task. It is up the the end-user to manage allocate and free the memory related to these objects using xMemAlloc() and xMemFree(). The TaskParm\_t should be declared as xTaskParm.

#### See also

```
xTaskParm
xMemAlloc()
xMemFree()
```

#### Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTaskParm must be freed using xMemFree().

# 4.2.3.5 Time\_t typedef TIME\_T\_TYPE Time\_t

The xTime type is used by several of the task and timer related system calls to express time. The unit of measure for time is always microseconds.

#### 4.2.3.6 Timer\_t typedef void Timer\_t

The Timer\_t type is a stub type definition for the internal timer data structure and is treated as a timer handle by most of the timer related system calls. The members of the data structure are not accessible. The Timer\_t type should be declared as xTimer.

#### See also

```
xTimer xTimerDelete()
```

# Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTimer must be freed using xTimerDelete().

# 4.2.3.7 xBase typedef Base\_t xBase

A simple data type is often needed as an argument for a system call or a return type. The xBase type is used in such a case where there are no other structural data requirements.

#### See also

Base\_t

# 4.2.3.8 xQueue typedef Queue\_t\* xQueue

The xQueue type is a stub type definition for the internal message queue structure and is treated as a message queue handle by most of the message queue related system calls. The members of the data structure are not accessible.

#### See also

```
Queue_t
xQueueDelete()
```

#### Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xQueue must be freed using xQueueDelete().

#### **4.2.3.9 xQueueMessage** typedef QueueMessage\_t\* xQueueMessage

The xQueueMessage data structure contains the message queue message returned by xQueuePeek() and xQueueReceive(). See QueueMessage\_t for information about the data structure's members.

#### See also

```
QueueMessage_t
xQueuePeek()
xQueueReceive()
xMemFree()
CONFIG MESSAGE VALUE BYTES
```

#### Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xQueueMessage must be freed using xMemFree().

# 4.2.3.10 xSystemInfo typedef SystemInfo\_t\* xSystemInfo

The xSystemInfo data structure contains information about the HeliOS system and is returned by xSystemGetSystemInfo(). See xSystemInfo\_t for information about the data structure's members.

# See also

```
SystemInfo_t
xSystemGetSystemInfo()
xMemFree()
```

#### Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xSystemInfo must be freed using xMemFree().

#### 4.2.3.11 xTask typedef Task\_t\* xTask

The xTask type is a stub type definition for the internal task data structure and is treated as a task handle by most of the task related system calls. The members of the data structure are not accessible.

#### See also

```
Task_t
xTaskCreate()
xTaskDelete()
```

#### Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTask must be freed by xTaskDelete()

# 4.2.3.12 xTaskInfo typedef TaskInfo\_t\* xTaskInfo

The xTaskInfo structure is similar to xTaskRunTimeStats in that it contains runtime statistics for a task. However, xTaskInfo also contains additional details about a task such as its identifier, ASCII name and state. The xTaskInfo structure is returned by xTaskGetTaskInfo(). If only runtime statistics are needed, xTaskRunTimeStats should be used because of its lower memory footprint. See TaskInfo t for information about the data structure's members.

#### See also

```
TaskInfo_t
xTaskGetTaskInfo()
xMemFree()
CONFIG_TASK_NAME_BYTES
```

# Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTaskInfo must be freed using xMemFree().

# 4.2.3.13 xTaskNotification typedef TaskNotification\_t\* xTaskNotification

The xTaskNotification data structure contains the direct to task notification returned by xTaskNotifyTake(). See TaskNotification t for information about the data structure's members.

#### See also

```
TaskNotification_t
xTaskNotifyTake()
xMemFree()
CONFIG_NOTIFICATION_VALUE_BYTES
```

# Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTaskNotification must be freed using xMemFree().

#### 4.2.3.14 xTaskParm typedef TaskParm\_t\* xTaskParm

The xTaskParm type is used to pass a parameter to a task at the time of creation using xTaskCreate(). A task parameter is a pointer of type void and can point to any number of intrinsic types, arrays and/or user defined structures which can be passed to a task. It is up the the end-user to manage allocate and free the memory related to these objects using xMemAlloc() and xMemFree().

#### See also

```
TaskParm_t xMemAlloc() xMemFree()
```

#### Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTaskParm must be freed using xMemFree().

#### 4.2.3.15 xTaskRunTimeStats typedef TaskRunTimeStats\_t\* xTaskRunTimeStats

The xTaskRunTimeStats structure contains task runtime statistics and is returned by xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats() and xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats(). See TaskRunTimeStats\_t for information about the data structure's members.

#### See also

```
TaskRunTimeStats_t
xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats()
xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats()
xMemFree()
```

# Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTaskRunTimeStats must be freed using xMemFree().

#### 4.2.3.16 xTaskState typedef TaskState\_t xTaskState

A task can be in one of the four possible states defined in the xTaskState enumerated type. The state of a task is changed by calling xTaskResume(), xTaskSuspend() or xTaskWait().

#### See also

```
TaskState_t
xTaskResume()
xTaskSuspend()
xTaskWait()
```

# 4.2.3.17 xTime typedef Time\_t xTime

The xTime type is used by several of the task and timer related system calls to express time. The unit of measure for time is always microseconds.

#### See also

Time\_t

# 4.2.3.18 xTimer typedef Timer\_t\* xTimer

The xTimer type is a stub type definition for the internal timer data structure and is treated as a timer handle by most of the timer related system calls. The members of the data structure are not accessible.

#### See also

```
Timer_t xTimerDelete()
```

#### Warning

The memory allocated for an instance of xTimer must be freed using xTimerDelete().

# 4.2.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 4.2.4.1 TaskState\_t enum TaskState\_t

A task can be in one of the four possible states defined in the TaskState\_t enumerated type. The state of a task is changed by calling xTaskResume(), xTaskSuspend() or xTaskWait(). The TaskState\_t enumerated type should be declared as xTaskState.

#### See also

```
xTaskState
xTaskResume()
xTaskSuspend()
xTaskWait()
```

# Enumerator

TaskStateError	Returned by xTaskGetTaskState() when task cannot be found.
TaskStateSuspended	State a task is in when it is first created by xTaskCreate() or suspended by xTaskSuspend().
TaskStateRunning	State a task is in after xTaskResume() is called.
TaskStateWaiting	State a task is in after xTaskWait() is called.

#### 4.2.5 Function Documentation

```
4.2.5.1 xMemAlloc() void * xMemAlloc ( size_t size_ )
```

The xMemAlloc() system call will allocate memory from the heap for HeliOS system calls and end-user tasks. The size of the heap in bytes is dependent on the CONFIG\_HEAP\_SIZE\_IN\_BLOCKS and CONFIG\_HEAP\_BLOCK 
\_SIZE settings. xMemAlloc() automatically clears the memory it allocates.

#### See also

```
CONFIG_HEAP_SIZE_IN_BLOCKS
CONFIG_HEAP_BLOCK_SIZE
xMemFree()
```

#### **Parameters**

size⇔	The amount (size) of the memory to be allocated from the heap in bytes.
_	

#### Returns

void\* If successful, xMemAlloc() returns a pointer to the newly allocated memory. If unsuccessful, the system call will return null.

#### Note

HeliOS technically does not allocate memory from what is traditionally heap memory. HeliOS uses a private "heap" which is actually static memory allocated at compile time. This is done to maintain MISRA C:2012 compliance since standard library functions like malloc(), cmalloc() and free() are not permitted.

```
4.2.5.2 xMemFree() void xMemFree ( void * ptr_{-} )
```

The xMemFree() system call will free heap memory allocated by xMemAlloc() and other HeliOS system calls such as xSystemGetSystemInfo().

#### See also

xMemAlloc()

# **Parameters**

ptr⊷	The pointer to the allocated heap memory to be freed.
_	

#### Warning

xMemFree() cannot be used to free memory allocated by xTaskCreate(), xTimerCreate() or xQueueCreate(). Memory allocated by those system calls must be freed by their respective delete system calls.

```
4.2.5.3 xMemGetSize() size_t xMemGetSize ( void * ptr_ )
```

The xMemGetSize() system call returns the amount of heap memory in bytes that is currently allocated to a specific pointer. If the pointer is null or invalid, xMemGetSize() will return zero bytes.

#### **Parameters**

ptr⇔	The pointer to the allocated heap memory to obtain the size of the memory that is allocated.
_	

#### Returns

size\_t The amount of memory currently allocated to the specific pointer in bytes. If the pointer is invalid or null, xMemGetSize() will return zero.

#### Note

If the pointer ptr\_ points to a structure that, for example, is 48 bytes in size base on sizeof(), xMemGetSize() will return the number of bytes allocated by the block(s) that contain the structure. Assuming the default block size of 32, a 48 byte structure would require TWO blocks so xMemGetSize() would return 64 - not 48. xMemGetSize() also checks the health of the heap and will return zero if it detects a consistency issue with the heap.

```
4.2.5.4 xMemGetUsed() size_t xMemGetUsed ( void )
```

The xMemGetUsed() system call returns the amount of heap memory in bytes that is currently allocated. Calls to xMemAlloc() increases and xMemFree() decreases the amount.

#### Returns

size\_t The amount of memory currently allocated in bytes. If no heap memory is currently allocated, xMemGetUsed() will return zero.

# Note

xMemGetUsed() also checks the health of the heap and will return zero if it detects a consistency issue with the heap.

```
4.2.5.5 xQueueCreate() xQueue xQueueCreate() xBase limit_)
```

The xQueueCreate() system call creates a message queue for inter-task communication.

#### See also

xQueue

xQueueDelete()

CONFIG\_QUEUE\_MINIMUM\_LIMIT

#### **Parameters**

limi	it⊷	The message limit for the queue. When this number is reach, the queue is considered full and
_		xQueueSend() will fail. The minimum limit for queues is dependent on the setting
		CONFIG_QUEUE_MINIMUM_LIMIT.

#### Returns

xQueue A queue is returned if successful, otherwise null is returned if unsuccessful.

#### Warning

The message queue memory should only be freed by xQueueDelete() and NOT xMemFree().

```
4.2.5.6 xQueueDelete() void xQueueDelete ( xQueue queue_ )
```

The xQueueDelete() system call will delete a message queue created by xQueueCreate(). xQueueDelete() will delete a queue regardless of how many messages the queue contains at the time xQueueDelete() is called.

#### See also

xQueueCreate()

# **Parameters**

```
queue

The queue to be deleted.

—
```

```
4.2.5.7 xQueueDropMessage() void xQueueDropMessage ( xQueue \ queue \ )
```

The xQueueDropMessage() system call will drop the next message from the message queue without returning the message.

#### **Parameters**

queue⊷	The queue to drop the next message from.
_	

# **4.2.5.8 xQueueGetLength() xBase xQueueGetLength (** $xQueue \ queue_$ )

The xQueueGetLength() system call returns the length of the queue (the number of messages the queue currently contains).

#### **Parameters**

queue⊷	The queue to return the length of.
_	

#### Returns

xBase The number of messages in the queue. If unsuccessful or if the queue is empty, xQueueGetLength() returns zero.

#### Note

The xQueueGetLength() system call will also check the health of the queue and returns zero if a consistency issues is detected.

# **4.2.5.9 xQueuelsQueueEmpty()** $xBase xQueueIsQueueEmpty ( <math>xQueue \ queue_$ )

The xQueuelsEmpty() system call will return a true or false dependent on whether the queue is empty (message queue length is zero) or contains one or more messages.

# **Parameters**

queue⊷	The queue to determine whether it is empty.

# Returns

xBase True if the queue is empty. False if the queue has one or more messages. xQueueIsQueueEmpty() will also return false if the queue parameter is invalid.

# Note

The xQueuelsQueueEmpty() will also check the health of the queue and return false if a consistency issue is detected.

```
4.2.5.10 xQueuelsQueueFull() xBase xQueueIsQueueFull ( xQueue queue_ )
```

The xQueuelsFull() system call will return a true or false dependent on whether the queue is full or contains zero messages. A queue is considered full if the number of messages in the queue is equal to the queue's length limit.

#### **Parameters**

queue⊷	The queue to determine whether it is full.

#### Returns

xBase True if the queue is full. False if the queue has zero. xQueuelsQueueFull() will also return false if the queue parameter is invalid.

#### Note

The xQueuelsQueueFull() will also check the health of the queue and return false if a consistency issue is detected.

# **4.2.5.11 xQueueMessagesWaiting() xBase xQueueMessagesWaiting (** $xQueue \ queue \ )$

The xQueueMessageWaiting() system call returns true or false dependent on whether there is at least one message waiting. The message queue does not have to be full to return true.

#### **Parameters**

queue⊷	The queue to determine whether one or more messages are waiting.
_	

#### Returns

xBase True if one or more messages are waiting. False if there are no messages waiting of the queue parameter is invalid.

```
4.2.5.12 xQueuePeek() xQueueMessage xQueuePeek ( xQueue queue_ )
```

The xQueuePeek() system call will return the next message in the specified message queue without dropping the message.

# See also

xQueueMessage xMemFree()

#### **Parameters**

queue⊷	The queue to return the next message from.

#### Returns

xQueueMessage The next message in the queue. If the queue is empty or the queue parameter is invalid, xQueuePeek() will return null.

# Warning

The memory allocated by xQueuePeek() must be freed by xMemFree().

```
4.2.5.13 xQueueReceive() xQueueMessage xQueueReceive ( xQueue queue_ )
```

The xQueueReceive() system call will return the next message in the message queue and drop it from the message queue.

#### See also

xQueueMessage xMemFree()

#### **Parameters**

queue⊷	The queue to return the next message from.

# Returns

xQueueMessage The message returned from the queue. If the queue is empty of the queue parameter is invalid, xQueueReceive() will return null.

# Warning

The memory allocated by xQueueReceive() must be freed by xMemFree().

The xQueueSend() system call will send a message using the specified message queue. The size of the message value is passed in the message bytes parameter. The maximum message value size in byes is dependent on the CONFIG\_MESSAGE\_VALUE\_BYTES setting.

#### See also

```
CONFIG_MESSAGE_VALUE_BYTES
xQueuePeek()
xQueueReceive()
```

#### **Parameters**

queue_	The queue to send the message to.
message⊷ Bytes_	The number of bytes contained in the message value. The number of bytes must be greater than zero and less than or equal to the setting CONFIG_MESSAGE_VALUE_BYTES.
message⊷ Value_	The message value. If the message value is greater than defined in CONFIG_MESSAGE_VALUE_BYTES, only the number of bytes defined in CONFIG_MESSAGE_VALUE_BYTES will be copied into the message value.

#### Returns

xBase xQueueSend() returns true if the message was sent to the queue successfully. Otherwise false if unsuccessful.

# **4.2.5.15 xSystemGetSystemInfo()** xSystemInfo xSystemGetSystemInfo (void)

#### Returns

xSystemInfo The system info is returned if successful, otherwise null is returned if unsuccessful.

# See also

xSystemInfo xMemFree()

# Warning

The memory allocated by the xSystemGetSystemInfo() must be freed with xMemFree()

```
4.2.5.16 xSystemHalt() void xSystemHalt ( void )
```

The xSystemHalt() system call will halt HeliOS. Once xSystemHalt() is called, the system must be reset.

The xTaskChangePeriod() system call will change the period (microseconds) on the task timer for the specified task. The timer period must be greater than zero. To have any effect, the task must be in the waiting state set by calling xTaskWait() on the task. Once the timer period is set and the task is in the waiting state, the task will be executed every timerPeriod\_ microseconds. Changing the period to zero will prevent the task from being executed even if it is in the waiting state unless it were to receive a direct to task notification.

#### See also

```
xTaskWait()
xTaskGetPeriod()
xTaskResetTimer()
```

#### **Parameters**

to change the timer period for.
period in microseconds.

The xTaskCreate() system call will create a new task. The task will be created with its state set to suspended. The xTaskCreate() and xTaskDelete() system calls cannot be called within a task. They MUST be called outside of the scope of the HeliOS scheduler.

# Parameters

name_	The ASCII name of the task which can be used by xTaskGetHandleByName() to obtain the task pointer. The length of the name is depended on the CONFIG_TASK_NAME_BYTES. The task name is NOT a null terminated char array.
callback_	The callback pointer to the task main function. This is the function that will be invoked by the scheduler when a task is scheduled for execution.
task← Parameter_	A pointer to any type or structure that the end-user wants to pass into the task as a parameter. The task parameter is not required and may simply be set to null.

#### Returns

xTask A pointer to the newly created task.

#### See also

```
xTask
xTaskParm
xTaskDelete()
xTaskState
CONFIG_TASK_NAME_BYTES
```

#### Warning

xTaskCreate() MUST be called outside the scope of the HeliOS scheduler (i.e., not from a task's main). The task memory should only be freed by xTaskDelete() and NOT xMemFree().

```
4.2.5.19 xTaskDelete() void xTaskDelete ( xTask task_ )
```

The xTaskDelete() system call will delete a task. The xTaskCreate() and xTaskDelete() system calls cannot be called within a task. They MUST be called outside of the scope of the HeliOS scheduler.

#### **Parameters**

task⇔	A pointer to the task to be deleted.
_	

### Warning

xTaskDelete() MUST be called outside the scope of the HeliOS scheduler (i.e., not from a task's main).

```
4.2.5.20 xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats() xTaskRunTimeStats xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats ( xBase * tasks_{-})
```

The xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats() system call will return the runtime statistics for all of the tasks regardless of their state. The xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats() system call returns the xTaskRunTimeStats type. An xBase variable must be passed by reference to xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats() which will be updated by xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats() to contain the number of tasks so the end-user can iterate through the tasks. The xTaskRunTimeStats memory must be freed by xMemFree() after it is no longer needed.

#### See also

```
xTaskRunTimeStats
xMemFree()
```

#### **Parameters**

-		
	tasks⊷	An variable of type xBase passed by reference which will contain the number of tasks upon return. If
		no tasks currently exist, this variable will not be modified.
	_	

#### Returns

xTaskRunTimeStats The runtime stats returned by xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats(). If there are currently no tasks then this will be null. This memory must be freed by xMemFree().

#### Warning

The memory allocated by xTaskGetAllRunTimeStats() must be freed by xMemFree().

#### Note

The xTaskGetAllRuntTimeStats() system call will also check the health of the task list and will return null if a consistency issue is detected.

```
4.2.5.21 xTaskGetHandleById() xTask xTaskGetHandleById ( xBase id_ )
```

The xTaskGetHandleById() system call will return a pointer to the task handle specified by its identifier.

#### See also

xBase

#### **Parameters**

```
id← The identifier of the task to return the handle pointer for.
```

# Returns

xTask A pointer to the task handle. xTaskGetHandleByld() returns null if the task identifier cannot be found.

```
4.2.5.22 xTaskGetHandleByName() xTask xTaskGetHandleByName ( const char * name_ )
```

The xTaskGetHandleByName() system call will return the task handle pointer to the task specified by its ASCII name. The length of the task name is dependent on the CONFIG\_TASK\_NAME\_BYTES setting. The name is compared byte-for-byte so the name is case sensitive.

# See also

CONFIG\_TASK\_NAME\_BYTES

#### **Parameters**

name⊷	The ASCII name of the task to return the handle pointer for.

#### Returns

xTask A pointer to the task handle. xTaskGetHandleByName() returns null if the name cannot be found.

```
4.2.5.23 xTaskGetId() xBase xTaskGetId ( xTask task_ )
```

The xTaskGetId() system call returns the task identifier for the task.

#### **Parameters**

task⊷	The task to return the identifier of.
_	

#### Returns

xBase The identifier of the task. If the task cannot be found, xTaskGetId() returns zero (all tasks identifiers are 1 or greater).

```
4.2.5.24 xTaskGetName() char * xTaskGetName ( xTask task_ )
```

The xTaskGetName() system call returns the ASCII name of the task. The size of the task is dependent on the setting CONFIG\_TASK\_NAME\_BYTES. The task name is NOT a null terminated char array. The memory allocated for the char array must be freed by xMemFree() when no longer needed.

#### See also

```
CONFIG_TASK_NAME_BYTES xMemFree()
```

# **Parameters**

task⊷	The task to return the name of.

# Returns

char\* A pointer to the char array containing the ASCII name of the task. The task name is NOT a null terminated char array. xTaskGetName() will return null if the task cannot be found.

#### Warning

The memory allocated by xTaskGetName() must be free by xMemFree().

```
4.2.5.25 xTaskGetNumberOfTasks() xBase xTaskGetNumberOfTasks ( void )
```

The xTaskGetNumberOfTasks() system call returns the current number of tasks regardless of their state.

#### Returns

xBase The number of tasks.

#### Note

The xTaskGetNumberOfTasks() system call will also check the health of the task list and will return zero if a consistency issue is detected.

```
4.2.5.26 xTaskGetPeriod() xTime xTaskGetPeriod ( <math>xTask task_{-} )
```

The xTaskGetPeriod() will return the period for the timer for the specified task. See xTaskChangePeriod() for more information on how the task timer works.

# See also

```
xTaskWait()
xTaskChangePeriod()
xTaskResetTimer()
```

#### **Parameters**

task⊷	The task to return the timer period for.

#### Returns

xTime The timer period in microseconds. xTaskGetPeriod() will return zero if the timer period is zero or if the task could not be found.

```
4.2.5.27 xTaskGetTaskInfo() xTaskInfo xTaskGetTaskInfo ( xTask task_ )
```

#### **Parameters**

task⊷	The task to return the details of.

#### Returns

xTaskInfo The xTaskInfo structure containing the task details. xTaskGetTaskInfo() returns null if the task cannot be found.

#### Warning

The memory allocated by xTaskGetTaskInfo() must be freed by xMemFree().

# 4.2.5.28 **xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats()** xTaskRunTimeStats xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats ( xTask task\_ )

The xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats() system call returns the task runtime statistics for one task. The xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats() system call returns the xTaskRunTimeStats type. The memory must be freed by calling xMemFree() after it is no longer needed.

# See also

xTaskRunTimeStats xMemFree()

#### **Parameters**

task⇔	The task to get the runtime statistics for.
_	

#### Returns

xTaskRunTimeStats The runtime stats returned by xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats(). xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats() will return null of the task cannot be found.

#### Warning

The memory allocated by xTaskGetTaskRunTimeStats() must be freed by xMemFree().

```
4.2.5.29 xTaskGetTaskState() xTaskState xTaskGetTaskState( xTask task_)
```

The xTaskGetTaskState() system call will return the state of the task.

#### See also

xTaskState

#### **Parameters**

task⊷	The task to return the state of.

#### Returns

xTaskState The xTaskState of the task. If the task cannot be found, xTaskGetTaskState() will return null.

```
4.2.5.30 xTaskNotificationIsWaiting() xBase xTaskNotificationIsWaiting ( xTask \ task )
```

The xTaskNotificationIsWaiting() system call will return true or false depending on whether there is a direct to task notification waiting for the task.

#### **Parameters**

task⇔	The task to check for a waiting task notification.

#### Returns

xBase Returns true if there is a task notification. False if there is no notification or if the task could not be found.

```
4.2.5.31 xTaskNotifyGive() Base_t xTaskNotifyGive ( xTask task_, xBase notificationBytes_, const char * notificationValue_)
```

The xTaskNotifyGive() system call will give a direct to task notification to the specified task. The task notification bytes is the number of bytes contained in the notification value. The number of notification bytes must be between one and the CONFIG\_NOTIFICATION\_VALUE\_BYTES setting. The notification value must contain a pointer to a char array containing the notification value. If the task already has a waiting task notification, xTaskNotifyGive() will NOT overwrite the waiting task notification. xTaskNotifyGive() will return true if the direct to task notification was successfully given.

#### See also

```
CONFIG_NOTIFICATION_VALUE_BYTES 
xTaskNotifyTake()
```

#### **Parameters**

task_	The task to send the task notification to.
notification⊷ Bytes_	The number of bytes contained in the notification value. The number must be between one and the CONFIG_NOTIFICATION_VALUE_BYTES setting.
_notification⊶ Value_	A char array containing the notification value.  Copyright (C) 2020-2022 Manny Peterson

#### Returns

xBase True if the direct to task notification was successfully given, false if not.

The xTaskNotifyStateClear() system call will clear a waiting direct to task notification if one exists without returning the notification.

#### **Parameters**

task⇔	The task to clear the notification for.
_	

```
4.2.5.33 xTaskNotifyTake() xTaskNotification xTaskNotifyTake ( xTask \ task )
```

The xTaskNotifyTake() system call will return the waiting direct to task notification if there is one. The xTaskNotifyTake() system call will return an xTaskNotification structure containing the notification bytes and its value. The memory allocated by xTaskNotifyTake() must be freed by xMemFree().

# See also

```
xTaskNotification
xTaskNotifyGive()
xMemFree()
CONFIG NOTIFICATION VALUE BYTES
```

# **Parameters**

task⇔	The task to return a waiting task notification.
_	

# Returns

xTaskNotification The xTaskNotification structure containing the notification bytes and value. xTaskNotifyTake() will return null if no waiting task notification exists or if the task cannot be found.

## Warning

The memory allocated by xTaskNotifyTake() must be freed by xMemFree().

The xTaskResetTimer() system call will reset the task timer. xTaskResetTimer() does not change the timer period or the task state when called. See xTaskChangePeriod() for more details on task timers.

#### See also

```
xTaskWait()
xTaskChangePeriod()
xTaskGetPeriod()
```

#### **Parameters**

task⊷	The task to reset the task timer for.
_	

# **4.2.5.35 xTaskResume()** void xTaskResume ( xTask task\_ )

The xTaskResume() system call will resume a suspended task. Tasks are suspended on creation so either xTaskResume() or xTaskWait() must be called to place the task in a state that the scheduler will execute.

# See also

```
xTaskState
xTaskSuspend()
xTaskWait()
```

# **Parameters**

g.

```
4.2.5.36 xTaskResumeAll() void xTaskResumeAll ( void )
```

The xTaskResumeAll() system call will set the scheduler system flag so the next call to xTaskStartScheduler() will resume execute of all tasks. The state of each task is not altered by xTaskSuspendAll() or xTaskResumeAll().

# See also

xTaskSuspendAll()

```
4.2.5.37 xTaskStartScheduler() void xTaskStartScheduler ( void )
```

The xTaskStartScheduler() system call passes control to the HeliOS scheduler. This system call will not return until xTaskSuspendAll() is called. If xTaskSuspendAll() is called, xTaskResumeAll() must be called before xTaskStartScheduler() can be called again.

```
4.2.5.38 xTaskSuspend() void xTaskSuspend ( xTask task_ )
```

The xTaskSuspend() system call will suspend a task. A task that has been suspended will not be executed by the scheduler until xTaskResume() or xTaskWait() is called.

#### See also

```
xTaskState
```

xTaskResume()

xTaskWait()

#### **Parameters**

task⊷	The task to suspend.

```
4.2.5.39 xTaskSuspendAll() void xTaskSuspendAll ( void )
```

The xTaskSuspendAll() system call will set the scheduler running system flag to false so the scheduler will stop and return. The state of each task is not altered by xTaskSuspendAll() or xTaskResumeAll().

#### See also

xTaskResumeAll()

```
4.2.5.40 xTaskWait() void xTaskWait ( xTask task_ )
```

The xTaskWait() system call will place a task in the waiting state. A task must be in the waiting state for event driven multitasking with either direct to task notifications OR setting the period on the task timer with xTaskChangePeriod(). A task in the waiting state will not be executed by the scheduler until an event has occurred.

#### See also

```
xTaskState
xTaskResume()
xTaskSuspend()
```

#### **Parameters**

task⇔	The task to place in the waiting state.
_	

# 

The xTimerChangePeriod() system call will change the period of the specified timer. The timer period is measured in microseconds. If the timer period is zero, the xTimerHasTimerExpired() system call will always return false.

#### See also

xTimerHasTimerExpired()

#### **Parameters**

timer_	The timer to change the period for.
timer⊷	The timer period in is microseconds. Timer period must be zero or greater.
Period_	

```
4.2.5.42 xTimerCreate() xTimer xTimerCreate ( xTime timerPeriod_)
```

The xTimerCreate() system call will create a new timer. Timers differ from task timers in that they do not create events that effect the scheduling of a task. Timers can be used by tasks to initiate various task activities based on a specified time period represented in microseconds. The memory allocated by xTimerCreate() must be freed by xTimerDelete(). Unlike tasks, timers may be created and deleted within tasks.

# See also

xTimer

xTimerDelete()

# **Parameters**

timer←	The number of microseconds before the timer expires.
Period_	

#### Returns

xTimer The newly created timer. If the timer period parameter is less than zero or xTimerCreate() was unable to allocate the required memory, xTimerCreate() will return null.

### Warning

The timer memory should only be freed by xTimerDelete() and NOT xMemFree().

The xTimerDelete() system call will delete a timer. For more information on timers see the xTaskTimerCreate() system call.

#### See also

xTimerCreate()

#### **Parameters**

timer←	The timer to be deleted.		

# **4.2.5.44 xTimerGetPeriod() xTime xTimer**GetPeriod ( **xTimer** *timer*\_ )

The xTimerGetPeriod() system call will return the current timer period for the specified timer.

#### **Parameters**

timer←	The timer to get the timer period for.

## Returns

xTime The timer period. If the timer cannot be found, xTimerGetPeriod() will return zero.

```
4.2.5.45 xTimerHasTimerExpired() xBase xTimerHasTimerExpired ( xTimer\ timer_{-})
```

The xTimerHasTimerExpired() system call will return true or false dependent on whether the timer period for the specified timer has elapsed. xTimerHasTimerExpired() will NOT reset the timer. Timers will not automatically reset. Timers MUST be reset with xTimerReset().

# See also

xTimerReset()

#### **Parameters**

timer⊷	The timer to determine if the period has expired.

#### Returns

xBase True if the timer has expired, false if the timer has not expired or could not be found.

```
4.2.5.46 xTimerIsTimerActive() xBase xTimerIsTimerActive ( xTimer\ timer\_)
```

The xTimerlsTimerActive() system call will return true of the timer has been started with xTimerStart().

#### See also

xTimerStart()

#### **Parameters**

timer⊷	The timer to check if active.
_	

#### Returns

xBase True if active, false if not active or if the timer could not be found.

```
4.2.5.47 xTimerReset() void xTimerReset ( xTimer timer_)
```

The xTimerReset() system call will reset the start time of the timer to zero.

# **Parameters**

timer←	The timer to be reset.
_	

```
4.2.5.48 xTimerStart() void xTimerStart ( xTimer timer_ )
```

The xTimerStart() system call will place the timer in the running (active) state. Neither xTimerStart() nor xTimerStop() will reset the timer. Timers can only be reset with xTimerReset().

# See also

```
xTimerStop()
xTimerReset()
```

# **Parameters**

timer←	The timer to be started	
_		

```
4.2.5.49 xTimerStop() void xTimerStop ( xTimer timer_)
```

# See also

```
xTimerStart()
xTimerReset()
```

# **Parameters**

timer←	The timer to be stopped.

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