Name: Peñas, Issa Victoria H.	Date Performed: 12/01/2022
Course/Section: CPE 232 - CPE31S22	Date Submitted: 12/03/2022
Instructor: Dr. Jonathan Taylar	Semester and SY: 1st Semester (SY: 2022 - 2023)

Activity 13: OpenStack Prerequisite Installation

1. Objectives

Create a workflow to install OpenStack using Ansible as your Infrastructure as Code (IaC).

2. Intended Learning Outcomes

- 1. Analyze the advantages and disadvantages of cloud services
- 2. Evaluate different Cloud deployment and service models
- 3. Create a workflow to install and configure OpenStack base services using Ansible as documentation and execution.

3. Resources

Oracle VirtualBox (Hypervisor)
1x Ubuntu VM or Centos VM

4. Tasks

- 1. Create a new repository for this activity.
- Create a playbook that converts the steps in the following items in https://docs.openstack.org/install-guide/
 - a. NTP
 - b. OpenStack packages
 - c. SQL Database
 - d. Message Queue
 - e. Memcached
 - f. Etcd
 - g. Create different plays in installing per server type (controller, compute etc.) and identify it as a group in Inventory file.
 - h. Add, commit and push it to your GitHub repo.
- Output (screenshots and explanations)

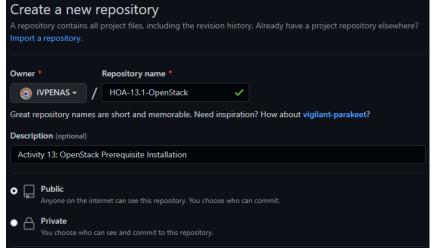


Figure 1.1. Creating new repository for this Activity

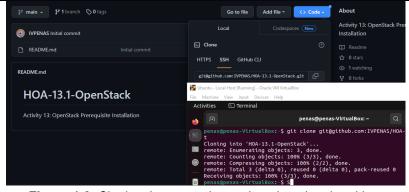


Figure 1.2. Cloning the created repository into the virtual box

```
GNU nano 6.2

[controller_node]
workstation ansible_user=penas

penas@penas-VirtualBox:~/HOA-13.1-OpenStack$ ansible all -m ping
workstation | SUCCESS => {
    "ansible_facts": {
        "discovered_interpreter_python": "/usr/bin/python3"
    },
    "changed": false,
    "ping": "pong"
}
```

Figure 1.3. Copying and editing the ansible.cfg and inventory [IP: 192.168.56.116]

NTP:

```
penas@penas-VirtualBox:-/MOA-13.1-openstack/roles/ntp$ cat files/chrony.conf
#Please consider joining the pool.
#Please consider joining thurst
# Record the rate at which the system clock gains/losses time.
# Record the rate at which the system clock gains/losses time.
# Record the rate at which the system clock gains/losses time.
# Allow the system clock to be stepped in the first three updates
# if its offset is larger than 1 second.
# If its offset is larger than 1 second.
# Enable kernel synchronization of the real-time clock (RTC).
# Specify directory for log files.
# Specify files.
# Specify directory for log files.
# Specify files.
# Specify directory for log files.
# Specify files.
# Allow fi
```

Openstack Packages:

```
#Obtaining the OpenStack Packets
- name: Enabling OpenStack repository
    repo: 'obs://Cloud:OpenStack:Stein/Ubuntu_22.01.6'
- name: Installing OpenStack
    pip:
        name: python-openstackclient
```

SQL Database:

```
penas@penas-VirtualBox:~/HOA-13.1-OpenStack/roles/SQL$ cat tasks/main.yml
#Installation of Mariadb - SQL
  - name: Installing Mariadb
   apt:
     name:
        - mariadb-server
  - name: Copying openstack.cnf file
   copy:
      src: openstack.cnf
     dest: /etc/my.cnf.d/openstack.cnf
     owner: root
     group: root
     mode: 644
  - name: Starting/Enabling Mariadb service
   service:
     name: mysql
     state: started
     enabled: true
penas@penas-VirtualBox:~/HOA-13.1-OpenStack/roles/SQL$ cat handlers/main.yml
#Restarting Mariadb for confirmation it was enabled
  - name: Restarting Mariadb service
    service:
     name: mysql
     state: restarted
     enabled: true
```

Message Queue:

Memcached:

```
enas@penas-VirtualBox:~/HOA-13.1-OpenStack/roles/Memcached$ cat tasks/main.yml
#Installing Memcahed
  - name: Installing Memcached
   apt:
     name:
       - memcached
       - python-python-memcached
     state: latest
  - name: Editing memcached.conf file
   copy:
     src: memcached
     dest: /etc/sysconfig/memcached
     owner: root
     group: root
     mode: 644
 - name: Starting memcached service
   service:
     name: memcached
     state: started
     enabled: true
service:
     name: memcached
     state: restarted
     enabled: true
penas@penas-VirtualBox:~/HOA-13.1-OpenStack/roles/Memcached$ cat files/Memcached
MEMCACHED_PARAMS="-l 192.168.56.116"
MEMCACHED_USER="memcached"
MEMCACHED_GROUP="memcached"
```

ETCD:

```
penas@penas-VirtualBox:-/HOA-13.1-OpenStack/roles/ETCD$ cat tasks/main.yml
#Installation of ETCD

- name: Creating a ETCD User
group:
- name: etcd
- system: true
- state: present

- name: etcd
- hone: "Var /itb/etcd"
- shelt: /bin/false
group: etcd
- system: true

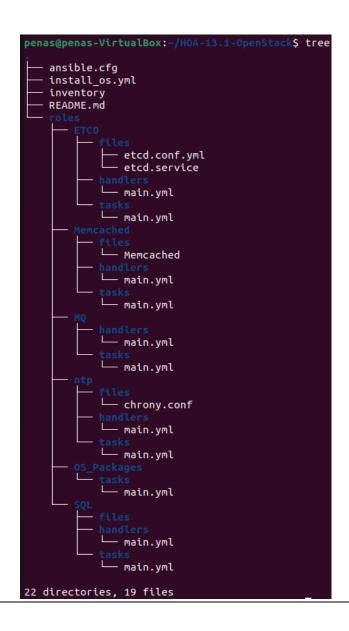
- name: Creating Directory I for etcd
- file:
- path: /etc/etcd
- state: directory
- owner: etcd
- group: etcd
- group: etcd
- group: etcd
- state: directory
- owner: etcd
- group: etcd
- group: etcd
- file:
- path: /var/Itb/etcd
- state: directory
- owner: etcd
- group: etcd
- file:
- path: /var/Itb/etcd
- state: directory
- owner: etcd
- group: etcd
- rowner: etcd
- group: etcd
- rowner: etcd
- group: etcd
- name: Installing ETCD tar.gz file from GitHub
- shelt: |
- ETCD_VER=v3.2.7
- rn - ff /tmp/etcd && mkdir - p /tmp/etcd
- cut - l. https://github.com/coreos/etcd/releases/download/$(ETCD_VER)-linux-amd64.tar.gz - o /tmp/etcd-$(ETCD_VER)-linux-amd64.tar.gz
- tar xxxf /tmp/etcd && fileCD_VER)-linux-amd64.tar.gz
- compression of the prescription of the properties of the propertie
```

```
#Restarting ETCD service to verify it was enabled
- name: Reloading systemd Service
systemd:
daemon_reload: yes
ignore_errors: yes
penasypenas-VirtualBox:-/HOA-13.1-OpenStack/roles/ETCU$ cat files/etcd.service
[Unit]
After=network.target
Description=etcd - highly-available key value store

[Service]
# Uncomment this on ARM64.
# Environment="ETCD_UMSUPPORTED_ARCH=arm64"
LintiNOFILE=65530
Restart=on-fallure
Type=notify
Exectsart=/usr/bin/etcd --config-file /etc/etcd/etcd.conf.yml
User=etcd
User=etcd
Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target

penasypenas-VirtualBox:-/HOA-13.1-OpenStack/roles/ETCU$ cat files/etcd.conf.yml
group: root
mame: controller
data-dir: var/lib/etcd
initial-cluster-state: 'new'
initial-cluster-state: 'new'
initial-cluster-state: 'new'
initial-cluster-state: 'new'
initial-cluster-unls: http://j192.168.56.116:2380
advertise-clear-unls: http://j192.168.56.116:2379
listen-peer-unls: http://j192.168.56.116:2379
listen-peer-unls: http://j192.168.56.116:2379
listen-peer-unls: http://j192.168.56.116:2379
listen-peer-unls: http://loo.0.0.2380
listen-peer-unls: http://loo.0.0.0.2380
```

Tree:



Install_os.yml:

```
- hosts: all
  become: true
 pre_tasks:
  - name: Updating and Upgrading the OS
    apt:
      name: "*"
      state: latest
      update cache: true
hosts: controller_node
 become: true
 roles:
    - ntp

    OS_Packages

    - SQL
    MQ

    Memcached

    ETCD
```

```
penas@penas-VirtualBox:~/HOA-13.1-OpenStack$ git add *
penas@penas-VirtualBox:~/HOA-13.1-OpenStack$ git commit -m "Commiting"
[main 8a4d855] Commiting
18 files changed, 250 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 ansible.cfg
create mode 100644 install_os.yml
create mode 100644 inventory
create mode 100644 roles/ETCD/files/etcd.service
create mode 100644 roles/ETCD/files/etcd.service
create mode 100644 roles/ETCD/handlers/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/ETCD/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/MQ/handlers/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/MQ/handlers/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/Memcached/files/Memcached
create mode 100644 roles/Memcached/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/SQL/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/SQL/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/SQL/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/sQL/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/ntp/files/chrony.conf
create mode 100644 roles/ntp/files/chrony.conf
create mode 100644 roles/ntp/files/chrony.conf
create mode 100644 roles/ntp/tasks/main.yml
create m
```

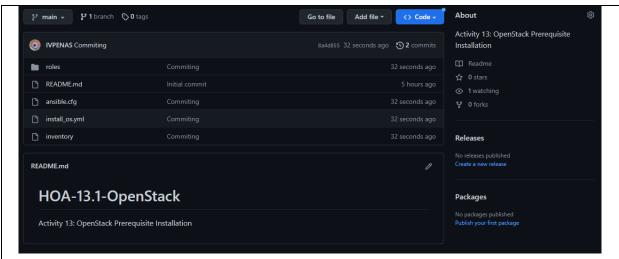


Figure 8.1. Pushing all the modified folder to sync to the repository

Playbook Output:

```
VirtualBox:~/HOA-13.1-OpenStack$ ansible-playbook --ask-become-pass install_os.yml
BECOME password:
TASK [Memcached : Starting memcached service] **********************************
```

```
TASK [ETCD : Creating a ETCD User]

Ok: [workstation]

TASK [ETCD : Creating a directory/folder for ETCD files]

Ok: [workstation]

TASK [ETCD : Creating a directory/folder for ETCD files]

Ok: [workstation]

TASK [ETCD : Creating Directory 1 for etcd]

Ok: [workstation]

TASK [ETCD : Creating Directory 2 for etcd]

Ok: [workstation]

TASK [ETCD : Creating Directory 2 for etcd]

Ok: [workstation]

TASK [ETCD : Creating a config file for ETCD]

Ok: [workstation]

TASK [ETCD : Creating a config file for ETCD]

Ok: [workstation]

TASK [ETCD : Copying the ETCD service file]

Ok: [workstation]

TASK [ETCD : Copying the ETCD service file]

Ok: [workstation]

TASK [ETCD : Copying the ETCD service file]

Ok: [workstation]

PLAY RECAP

workstation : ok=18 changed=0 unreachable=0 failed=0 skipped=0 rescued=0 ignored=0
```

Link: https://github.com/IVPENAS/HOA-13.1-OpenStack.git

Reflections:

Answer the following:

1. What are the benefits of implementing OpenStack? Implementing OpenStack can benefit companies that uses Cloud upon storing data from their clients whereas it can handle faster and numerous deployments of IT resources resulting for the businesses to start their own network services and application as soon it was implemented that benefits the workforce to adjust, plan, and complete projects earlier. In cloud hosting scalability is a key component where as clients can increase their resources due to the rise of demand whereas the OpenStack can accommodate demands as it was flexible enough to adjust whether requests from clients are high or low without creating errors to the network and cloud. Because of this companies continue to use Cloud Hosting applications such as Open Stack as it was ready to use for the recipient without spilling money, and it was easy to use as applications has in-built tools

Conclusions:

In this activity the student was able to accomplish it with the given due date, there are some major setbacks on the student's personal family life which resulted for the output's to be incomplete in a way it lacks of description per figures and steps. Without further ado, the OpenStack is an open-source cloud computing operating system which was used by Administrators and IT when managing cloud where as it allows users to build their own cloud infrastructure. Unlike other Cloud Services such as Amazon Web Services, IBM Cloud and more, the OpenStack is free to be installed by student to practice and hone their skills to control their respective data inputted to the cloud. Yet in when being a professional in a workforce, most probably the company uses and shouldered by a Cloud Service which most likely has in-built tools, in which it allows Administrator to handle, store, complete projects efficiently, it also benefits the company itself due to its flexibility to keep up to the latest demand and supply from high to low without wasting and failing the resources of the cloud and the money coming in to the company.