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CSCI 112

BlackJack Project

This project is based on a BlackJack system where users can enjoy a fun and exciting way to learn BlackJack. The purpose of this project will allow us to comprehend the fundamentals of BlackJack in an easier format. The goal of BlackJack is to get 21 without going over while beating the dealer hand. The application will give a realistic feel of the casino's most popular game where you can perform activities that are done in a real casino environment.

```
1 // BlackJack
2 // Will Bouasisavath on 12/17/20.
3 // 007547473
4 // CSCI 112
5
6 #include <stdio.h>
7 #include <time.h>
8 #include <stdlib.h>
9
10 int shuffle(int cards[]) //function to shuffle deck of cards
11 {
12
13     int t;
14     int i;
15     int desk[52];
16     for (i = 0; i < 52; i++)
17         desk[i] = (i / 13 + 3) * 100 + i % 13 + 1;
18
19     srand(time(NULL));
20     for (i = 0; i < 52; i++)
21     {
22         do
23         {
24             t = rand() % 52;
25         } while (desk[t] == 0);
26         cards[i] = desk[t];
27         desk[t] = 0;
28     }
29
30     return 0;
31 }
32
33 int convert_jkc(int a) //face value of cards is 10
34 {
35     if ((a%100 == 11) || (a%100 == 12) || (a%100 == 13)) return (a/100)*100 + 10;
36     else return a;
37 }
```

```
39 void pic(int num) //potential number of cards
40 {
41     char fl;
42     int po_num;
43
44     fl = num / 100;
45     po_num = num % 100;
46     switch (po_num)
47     {
48         case 1:
49         {
50             printf("* %c *\n", fl);
51             printf("* A *\n");
52             break;
53         }
54         case 2:
55         case 3:
56         case 4:
57         case 5:
58         case 6:
59         case 7:
59         case 8:
59         case 9:
59         case 10:
59         {
60             printf("* %c *\n", fl);
61             printf("* %d *\n", po_num);
62             break;
63         }
64         case 11:
64         {
65             printf("* %c *\n", fl);
66             printf("* J *\n");
67             break;
68         }
69         case 12:
69         {
70             printf("* %c *\n", fl);
71             printf("* Q *\n");
72             break;
73         }
74         case 13:
74         {
75             printf("* %c *\n", fl);
76             printf("* K *\n");
77             break;
78         }
79     }
80 }
```

Part1 and 2 uses <time.h> for srand

time(NULL) and variable case statements.

```

165 //whether player receives another cards
166 i = 0;
167 for (i = 0; i < 3; i++)
{
    char j = 'n';
170
171 printf("Would you like to hit? Input y or n:\n");
172 do{
    j = getchar();
174 } while (j!= 'y' && j!= 'n');
175
176 if (j == 'y')
{
    printf("play receives another card.\n");
179 pcards[i + 2] = cards[i + 4];
180 printf("and your card %d is:\n", i + 3);
181 pic(pcards[i + 2]);
182
183 if (pcards[i + 2] % 100 == 1)
{
    printf("A value of the card %d, input 'y' for 11 or 'n' for 1:\n", i + 3);
186 do{
    d = getchar();
188 } while (d!= 'y' && d!= 'n');
189 if (d == 'y')
{
    printf("chosen value 11 for card A.\n");
192 psum = psum + 11;
}
193 else if(d == 'n')
{
    printf("chosen value 1 for card A.\n");
196 psum = psum + 1;
}
199 }
200 else if ((convert_jka(pcards[i+2]) %100 ==10) psum = psum + 10;
201 else psum = psum + pcards[i+2] %100;
202
203 if (psum > 21)
{
    printf("Sum of Player's cards now:%d\n\n",psum);
    printf("Dealer win!\n");
    return 1;
}
208 else if (psum == 21)

```

```

89 int play(void) //function to start the game
90 {
    int i;
    int psum=0;
    int bsum=0;
94     int pcards[5]=@0;
95     int bcards[5]=@0;
96     int cards[62];
97     char go_on;
98     char d;
99
100    printf("Welcome to BlackJack!\n");
101   "Good Luck and Have fun! Press Enter:\n";
102 do{
    go_on = getchar();
104 } while (go_on != '\n');
105 printf("\n");
106
107 //shuffles the cards
108 shuff(cards);
109
110 //gives the cards
111 pcards[0] = cards[@0];
112 pcards[1] = cards[1];
113 bcards[0] = cards[2];
114 bcards[1] = cards[3];
115
116 //the 2 cards player get
117 printf("Top of Dealer's cards:\n");
118 pic(bcards[0]);
119 printf("\n");
120 printf("Cards of Player:\n");
121 pic(pcards[0]);
122 //printf("\n");
123 pic(pcards[1]);
124 //printf("\n");
125
126 i = 0;
127 for (i = 0; i < 2; i++)
{
    if (pcards[i] % 100 == 1)
130 {
        printf("A value of the card %d, input 'y' for 11 or 'n' for 1 :\n", i + 1);
131 do{
        d = getchar();
133 } while (d!= 'y' && d!= 'n');
}
134

```

```

229 //the 2 cards of Dealer/Computer
230 //i=0;
231 printf("Dealer's cards:\n");
232 pic(bcards[0]);
233 pic(bcards[1]);
234
235 if (bcards[0] %100 + bcards[1] %100 == 2)
{
    bsum=12; //two A cards
238     printf("Sum of Dealer's cards now:%d\n\n", bsum);
}
239
240 else if ((convert_jka(bcards[0]))%100 + (convert_jka(bcards[1]))%100 ==1)
{
    bsum=21;
243     printf("Sum of Dealer's cards now:%d\n\n", bsum);
    printf("Dealer win!\n");
    return 1;
}
246
247 else if (bcards[0] %100==1 || bcards[1] %100==1)
{
    bsum=(bcards[0]+bcards[1])%100+(rand()%2)*18;
250     printf("Sum of Dealer's cards now:%d\n\n", bsum);
}
252
253 else
{
    bsum = (convert_jka(bcards[0]))%100 + (convert_jka(bcards[1]))%100;
254     printf("Sum of Dealer's cards now:%d\n\n", bsum);
}
256
258 //whether computer get another cards until bsum>16
259 //i=0;
260 for (i=0; i<3 && bsum<17; i++)
{
    bcards[i+2]=cards[i+7];
263     printf("Dealer's card %d is:\n", i+3);
    pic(bcards[i+2]);
265
266 if (bcards[i+2] %100 == 1)
{
    if (bsum+11 <= 21)
{
        printf("Dealer has chosen A as 11\n");
        bsum = bsum+11;
        printf("Sum of Dealer's cards now:%d\n\n", bsum);
}
271
272 }
}
276
278
279 //whether computer get another cards until bsum>16
280 //i=0;
281 for (i=0; i<3 && bsum<17; i++)
{
    bcards[i+2]=cards[i+7];
283     printf("Dealer's card %d is:\n", i+3);
    pic(bcards[i+2]);
285
286 if (bcards[i+2] %100 == 1)
{
    if (bsum+11 <= 21)
{
        printf("Dealer has chosen A as 11\n");
        bsum = bsum+11;
        printf("Sum of Dealer's cards now:%d\n\n", bsum);
}
291
292 }
}
296
298
299 //the last step
300 if (bsum>21 || psum>bsum)
{
    printf("Player wins!\n");
    return 0;
}
301 else if (psum == bsum)
{
    printf("Tie!\n");
    return 3;
}
303 else if (psum < bsum)
{
    printf("Dealer wins!\n");
    return 1;
}
308
310 return 3;
}
312
313 int main(void) // function for asking player to play again
{
315     char again;
316
317     play();
318
319     printf("\nPlay again? Input 'y' or 'n':\n");
320     do{
321         again = getchar();
322     } while (again!= 'y' && again!= 'n');
323
324     if (again == 'y')
{
325         printf("\nGood Luck!\n\n");
            main();
}
328
329
330 return 0;
}
331
332

```

Part 3, 4, 5 uses global variables of value of cards with if else statements giving cycles of certain cards for both the player and the dealer.



Part 6 determines whether player wins or dealer wins!

```

● ● ● blackjackoutput.txt ▾
Welcome to BlackJack!
Good Luck and Have fun! Press Enter:

Top of Dealer's cards
* *
* 7 *

Cards of Player:
* *
* K *
* *
* 3 *

Sum of Player's cards now:13

Would you like to hit? Input y or n:
y

Play receives another card.
and your card 3 is:
* *
* 8 *
Sum of Player's cards now:21

Player win!

Play again? Input 'y' or 'n':
y

```