# 前期热身报告

# 准备环境

• 安装依赖

```
build_chain.sh 脚本依赖于 openssl, curl, 使用下面的指令安装。若为 CentOS, 将下面命令中的 apt 替换为 yum 执行即可。macOS 执行 brew install openssl curl 即可。
```

FISCO BCOS 所需的必要安装和配置

先在 Vbox 上复制安装了老师提供的虚拟机,配置好网络,一个是 NAT,一个是 host-only, 之前在云计算课程中配置过的,所以直接用了

```
sudo apt install -y openssl curl
 isco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~$ sudo apt install -y openssl curl
[sudo] password for fisco-bcos:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
curl is already the newest version (7.58.0-2ubuntu3.8).
openssl is already the newest version (1.1.1-1ubuntu2.1~18.04.4).
O upgraded, O newly installed, O to remove and 21 not upgraded.
  创建操作目录
cd ~ && mkdir -p fisco && cd fisco
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~$ cd ~ && mkdir -p fisco && cd fisco
   下载 build chain. sh 脚本
bash <(curl -s https://raw.githubusercontent.com/FISCO-BCOS/FISCO-
BCOS/master/tools/get_buildchain.sh)
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco$ bash <(curl -s https://raw.githubusercontent.com/FISCO-BCO
S/FISCO-BCOS/master/tools/get_buildchain.sh)</pre>
  % Total
           % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                                     Time
                                                                  Current
                              Dload Upload
                                             Total
                                                     Spent
                                                             Left Speed
     605
           0 605
                                664
                                         0
                                                                     663
100 41194 100 41194
                                           0:00:02 0:00:02 --:--
                              17352
                                                                   33409
```

搭建单群组 4 节点联盟链

在 fisco 目录下执行下面的指令,生成一条单群组 4 节点的 FISCO 链。请确保机器的 30300~30303, 20200~20203, 8545~8548 端口没有被占用。

bash build\_chain.sh -1 "127.0.0.1:4" -p 30300, 20200, 8545

```
.<mark>sco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco$ bash build_chain.sh -l "127.0.0.1:4" -p 30300,20200,8545</mark>
[NFO] Downloading fisco-bcos binary from https://github.com/FISCO-BCOS/FISCO-BCOS/releases/downloa
              % Received % Xferd Average Speed
  % Total
                                                               Time
                                                                         Time Current
                                    Dload Upload Total
                                                              Spent
                                                                        Left Speed
                                              0 --:--:--
                                0
                                     853
                                                                                852
100
                 608
     608
18 8026k
            18 1494k
                                0 70676
                                                0 0:01:56 0:00:21 0:01:35 92084
                         0
curl: (28) Operation too slow. Less than 102400 bytes/sec transferred the last 20 seconds
                                                                        Time Current
Left Speed
              % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                                      Time
                                                               Time
                                    Dload Upload
                                                               Spent
                        0 0 1481k
                                               0 0:00:05 0:00:05 --:-- 1415k
100 8026k 100 8026k
Generating keys
Processing IP:127.0.0.1 Total:4 Agency:agency Groups:1
Generating configurations...
Processing IP:127.0.0.1 Total:4 Agency:agency Groups:1
                          : 30300 20200 8545
: 127.0.0.1:4
bash <(curl -s https://raw.githubusercontent.com/FISCO-BCOS/console/master/tools/download_console.
```

#### 注解

• 其中-p 选项指定起始端口,分别是

p2p\_port, channel\_port, jsonrpc\_port, 出于安全考虑 jsonrpc/channel 默认监听 127.0.0.1, **需要外网访问请添加-i 参数**。

命令执行成功会输出 All completed 。如果执行出错,请检查 nodes/build.log 文件中的错误信息。

```
Generating configurations...
Processing IP:127.0.0.1 Total:4 Agency:agency Groups:1
[INFO] Execute the following command to get FISCO-BCOS console
bash <(curl -s https://raw.githubusercontent.com/FISCO-
BCOS/console/master/tools/download_console.sh)
[INFO] FISCO-BCOS Path : bin/fisco-bcos
[INFO] Start Port
                     : 30300 20200 8545
[INFO] Server IP
                      : 127. 0. 0. 1:4
[INFO] State Type
                       : storage
[INFO] RPC listen IP : 127.0.0.1
[INFO] Output Dir
                      : /home/ubuntu16/fisco/nodes
                    : /home/ubuntu16/fisco/nodes/cert/ca.key
[INFO] CA Key Path
[INFO] All completed. Files in /home/ubuntu16/fisco/nodes
```

## 启动 FISCO BCOS 链

• 启动所有节点

```
bash nodes/127.0.0.1/start_all.sh
```

```
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco$ bash nodes/127.0.0.1/start_all.sh
try to start node0
try to start node1
try to start node2
try to start node3
node2 start successfully
node3 start successfully
node0 start successfully
node1 start successfully
```

启动成功会输出类似下面内容的响应。否则请使用 netstat -an | grep tcp

检查机器的 30300~30303, 20200~20203, 8545~8548 端口是否被占用。

```
try to start node0
try to start node1
try to start node2
try to start node3
node1 start successfully
node2 start successfully
node0 start successfully
node3 start successfully
```

# 检查进程

• 检查进程是否启动

```
ps -ef | grep -v grep | grep fisco-bcos
                                         o$ ps -ef | grep -v grep |
00:00:00 /home/<mark>fisco-bcos</mark>
                                                                     /fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/node3/../
fisco-b+
           2576
                 898 3 18:00 pts/0
         -c config.ini
                                          00:00:00 /home/ftsco-bcos/fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/node0/../f
fisco-b+ 2578
                 898 3 18:00 pts/0
         -c config.ini
                                          00:00:00 /home/fisco-bcos/fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/node1/../fi
fisco-b+
                       3 18:00 pts/0
                 898
         ·c config.ini
                       3 18:00 pts/0
                                          00:00:00 /home/fisco-bcos/fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/node2/../fi
                 898
```

正常情况会有类似下面的输出;如果进程数不为 4,则进程没有启动(一般 是端口被占用导致的)

```
1 1 17:11 pts/0
fisco
            5453
                                         00:00:02
/home/fisco/fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/node0/../fisco-bcos -c config.ini
                    1 1 17:11 pts/0
fisco
            5459
                                        00:00:02
/home/fisco/fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/node1/../fisco-bcos -c config.ini
fisco
            5464
                    1 1 17:11 pts/0
                                         00:00:02
/home/fisco/fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/node2/../fisco-bcos -c config.ini
                    1 1 17:11 pts/0
                                         00:00:02
/home/fisco/fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/node3/../fisco-bcos -c config.ini
```

# 检查日志输出

如下,查看节点 node0 链接的节点数

```
tail -f nodes/127.0.0.1/node0/log/log* | grep connected

fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco$ tail -f nodes/127.0.0.1/node0/log/log* | grep connected
info|2019-10-23 18:01:07.212736|[P2P][Service] heartBeat,connected count=3
info|2019-10-23 18:01:17.212838|[P2P][Service] heartBeat,connected count=3
info|2019-10-23 18:01:27.212921|[P2P][Service] heartBeat,connected count=3
info|2019-10-23 18:01:37.213076|[P2P][Service] heartBeat,connected count=3
^C
```

正常情况会不停地输出链接信息,从输出可以看出 node0 与另外 3 个节点有链接。

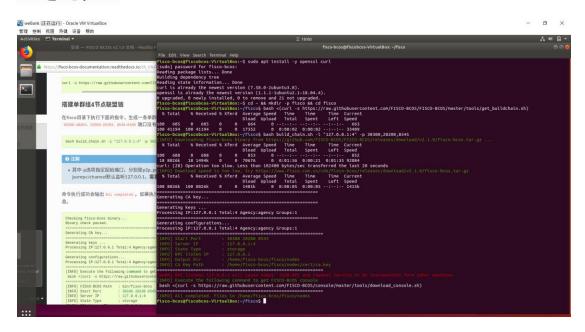
```
\label{eq:connected} $\inf(2019-01-21\ 17:30:58.316769)$ [P2P][Service]$ heartBeat connected count, size=3 info|2019-01-21\ 17:31:08.316922| [P2P][Service]$ heartBeat connected count, size=3 info|2019-01-21\ 17:31:18.317105| [P2P][Service]$ heartBeat connected count, size=3 info|201
```

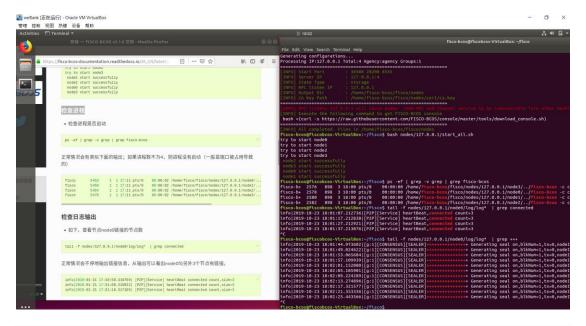
• 执行下面指令, 检查是否在共识

```
tail -f nodes/127.0.0.1/node0/log/log* | grep +++
```

```
| grep ++-
                                                   + Generating seal on,blkNum=
1,tx=0,nodeIdx=0,hash=8a38bf88.
info|2019-10-23 18:01:49.024622|[g:1][CONSENSUS][SEALER]<del>************</del>+ Generating seal on,blkNum=
1,tx=0,nodeIdx=0,hash=07206e12.
1,tx=0,nodeIdx=0,hash=df1aa64c.
1,tx=0,nodeIdx=0,hash=e8e63195.
1,tx=0,nodeIdx=0,hash=c7fba36c.
info|2019-10-23 18:02:05.185901|[g:1][CONSENSUS][SEALER]*********** Generating seal on,blkNum=
1,tx=0,nodeIdx=0,hash=e6ca12b4...
info|2019-10-23 18:02:09.224289|[g:1][CONSENSUS][SEALER]************ Generating seal on,blkNum=
1,tx=0,nodeIdx=0,hash=d0ce34d1.
info|2019-10-23 18:02:13.274896|[g:1][CONSENSUS][SEALER]********** Generating seal on,blkNum=
1,tx=0,nodeIdx=0,hash=6f71a9c7
info|2019-10-23 18:02:21.353336|[g:1][CONSENSUS][SEALER]<del>+++++++++++</del> Generating seal on,blkNum=
1,tx=0,nodeIdx=0,hash=c7af7f89.
info|2019-10-23 18:02:25.443566|[g:1][CONSENSUS][SEALER]********** Generating seal on,blkNum=
1,tx=0,nodeIdx=0,hash=7b4f49b0...
正常情况会不停输出 ++++Generating seal ,表示共识正常。
info | 2019-01-21 17:23:32.576197 |
[g:1][p:264][CONSENSUS][SEALER]++++++++++Generating seal
on, b1kNum=1, tx=0, myIdx=2, hash=13dcd2da...
info | 2019-01-21 17:23:36.592280 |
[g:1][p:264][CONSENSUS][SEALER]+++++++++++Generating seal
on, b1kNum=1, tx=0, myIdx=2, hash=31d21ab7...
info | 2019-01-21 17:23:40.612241 |
[g:1][p:264][CONSENSUS][SEALER]++++++++++Generating seal on,
```

### 上述过程:





# 配置及使用控制台

在控制台通过 Web3SDK 链接 FISCO BCOS 节点,实现**查询区块链状态、部署调用合约**等功能,能够快速获取到所需要的信息。控制台指令详细介绍参考这里。

# 准备依赖

• 妄装 openjdk

Ubuntu 使用下面命令安装 Java, CentOS 请手动安装, macOS 执行

brew cask install java 安装。

sudo apt install -y default-jdk

```
isco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco$ sudo apt install -y default-jdk
 Reading package lists... Done
 Reading dependency tree

Reading state information... Done

The following additional packages will be installed:

default-jdk-headless default-jre default-jre-headless gstreamer1.0-gtk3 libreoffice-avmedia-backe
nd-gstreamer libreoffice-base-core libreoffice-calc
 libreoffice-core libreoffice-draw libreoffice-gnome libreoffice-gtk3 libreoffice-impress libreoffice-math libreoffice-ogltrans libreoffice-writer
     openjdk-11-jdk openjdk-11-jdk-headless openjdk-11-jre openjdk-11-jre-headless python3-uno
 Suggested packages
     gstreamer1.0-plugins-bad libreoffice-base ocl-icd-libopencl1 libreoffice-evolution libreofficekit
  -data fonts-crosextra-caladea fonts-crosextra-carlito
 libreoffice-java-common openjdk-11-demo openjdk-11-source visualvm fonts-ipafont-gothic fonts-ipa
font-mincho fonts-wqy-microhei | fonts-wqy-zenhei
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 default-jdk default-jdk-headless default-jre default-jre-headless gstreamer1.0-gtk3 openjdk-11-jd
k openjdk-11-jdk-headless openjdk-11-jre
     openjdk-11-jre-headless
 The following packages will be upgraded:
 libreoffice-avmedia-backend-gstreamer libreoffice-base-core libreoffice-calc libreoffice-core libreoffice-draw libreoffice-gnome libreoffice-gtk3
     libreoffice-impress libreoffice-math libreoffice-ogltrans libreoffice-writer python3-uno
 12 upgraded, 9 newly installed, 0 to remove and 9 not upgraded.

Need to get 283 MB of archives.

After this operation, 373 MB of additional disk space will be used.

Get:1 https://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 libreoffice-calc amd64 1:6.0.7-0
 ubuntu0.18.04.10 [7,038 kB]
 Get:2 https://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 libreoffice-impress amd64 1:6.0.
7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10 [905 kB]
 Get:3 https://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 libreoffice-draw amd64 1:6.0.7-0
 ubuntu0.18.04.10 [2,677 kB]
 Get:4 https://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 libreoffice-gnome amd64 1:6.0.7-
0ubuntu0.18.04.10 [59.2 kB]
 Get:5 https://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 libreoffice-gtk3 amd64 1:6.0.7-0
 ubuntu0.18.04.10 [216 kB]
ubuntu0.18.04.10 [216 kB]

Get:6 https://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 python3-uno amd64 1:6.0.7-0ubunt
u0.18.04.10 [123 kB]

Get:7 https://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 libreoffice-base-core amd64 1:6.
0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10 [704 kB]

Get:8 https://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 libreoffice-math amd64 1:6.0.7-0
ubuntu0.18.04.10 [395 kB]

Get:9 https://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 libreoffice-ogltrans amd64 1:6.0
.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10 [73.9 kB]

Get:10 https://mirrors.aliyun.com/ubuntu bionic-security/main amd64 libreoffice-avmedia-backend-gst
 ialver (serialver) in auto mode
 update-alternatives: using /usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/bin/jaotc to provide /usr/bin/jaotc (
 jaotc) in auto mode
 update-alternatives: using /usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/bin/jhsdb to provide /usr/bin/jhsdb (
jhsdb) in auto mode
 Setting up libreoffice-core (1:6.0.7-Oubuntu0.18.04.10) ...
 Setting up python3-uno (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10) ...
Setting up libreoffice-gtk3 (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10)
Setting up libreoffice-gnome (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10)
Setting up default-jre-headless (2:1.11-68ubuntu1~18.04.1) ...
Setting up default-jdk-headless (2:1.11-68ubuntu1~18.04.1) ...
Setting up openjdk-11-jre:amd64 (11.0.4+11-1ubuntu~18.04.3) ...
Setting up librooffic desw (416.0.7 0ubustu0 40.04.10)
Setting up openjdk-11-jre:amd64 (11.0.4+11-1ubuntu2~18.04.3) ...

Setting up libreoffice-draw (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10) ...

Setting up libreoffice-avmedia-backend-gstreamer (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10) ...

Setting up libreoffice-impress (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10) ...

Setting up default-jre (2:1.11-68ubuntu1~18.04.1) ...

Setting up libreoffice-math (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10) ...

Setting up libreoffice-base-core (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10) ...

Setting up libreoffice-calc (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10) ...

Setting up openjdk-11-jdk:amd64 (11.0.4+11-1ubuntu2~18.04.3) ...

update-alternatives: using /usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/bin/jconsole to provide /usr/bin/jconsole (jconsole) in auto mode
update-alternatives: using /usr/ltb/jvM/java-ii-openjuk-amuo4/bin/jconsote sole (jconsole) in auto mode setting up default-jdk (2:1.11-68ubuntu1~18.04.1) ... Setting up libreoffice-ogltrans (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10) ... Setting up libreoffice-writer (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10) ... Processing triggers for libreoffice-common (1:6.0.7-0ubuntu0.18.04.10) ... Processing triggers for desktop-file-utils (0.23-1ubuntu3.18.04.2) ... Processing triggers for man-db (2.8.3-2ubuntu0.1) ...
 Processing triggers for gnome-menus (3.13.3-11ubuntu1.1) ...
Processing triggers for hicolor-icon-theme (0.17-2) ...
 Processing triggers for mime-support (3.60ubuntu1) ...
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco$ cd ~/fisco && bash <(curl -s https://raw.githubusercontent
```

• 获取控制台并回到 fisco 目录

cd ~/fisco && bash <(curl -s https://raw.githubusercontent.com/FISCO-BCOS/console/master/tools/download\_console.sh)

```
i<mark>sco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco</mark>$ cd ~/fisco && bash <(curl -s https://raw.githubusercontent
com/FISCO-BCOS/console/master/tools/download_console.sh)
ownloading console 1.0.5
% Total % Received % Xferd
                                      Average Speed
                                                                   Time
                                                                              Time
                                      Dload
                                             Upload
                                                          Total
100
      605
                   605
                                        985
                                                   0 --:--:--
                                                                                        983
   35.1M
              9 3416k
                                      38873
                                                   0 0:15:47 0:01:29 0:14:18 22441
url: (28) Operation timed out after 89380 milliseconds with 3498574 out of 36819988 bytes received:
 % Total
              % Received % Xferd
                                      Average Speed
                                                         Time
                                                                   Time
                                                                              Time Current
                                      Dload Upload
                                                                             Left Speed
                                                         Total
                                                                   Spent
100 35.1M
           100 35.1M
```

• 拷贝控制台配置文件

若节点未采用默认端口,请将文件中的 20200 替换成节点对应的 channle 端口。

cp -n console/conf/applicationContext-sample.xml console/conf/applicationContext.xml

• 配置控制台证书

cp nodes/127.0.0.1/sdk/\* console/conf/

fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco\$ cp -n console/conf/applicationContext-sample.xml console/c
onf/applicationContext.xml
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco\$ cp nodes/127.0.0.1/sdk/\* console/conf/
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco\$ cd ~/fisco/console && bash start.sh

#### 重要

• 如果控制台配置正确,但是在CentOS系统上启动控制台出现如下错误:

Failed to connect to the node. Please check the node status and the console configuration.

是因为使用了 CentOS 系统自带的 JDK 版本(会导致控制台与区块链节点认证失败),请从 OpenJDK 官网 或 Oracle 官网 下载并安装 Java 8 或以上版本(具体安装步骤 参考附录 ),安装完毕后再启动控制台。

# 启动控制台

• 启动

cd ~/fisco/console && bash start.sh

```
isco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco$ cp nodes/127.0.0.1/sdk/* console/conf
isco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco$ cd ~/fisco/console && bash start.sh
 _______
Welcome to FISCO BCOS console(1.0.5)!
Type 'help' or 'h' for help. Type 'quit' or 'q' to quit console.
                      $$$$$$|
                                 $$$$$$|
                                             $$$$$$\
                                                                          $$$$$$|
  $$$$$$$$\$$$$
                                                              $$$$$$$
                                                                                     $$$$$$1
                                                                                                SSSSSS
                                            $$
$$
                                                              $$
$$
               $$
$$
                                       \$|
                                                 | $$
| $$
                                                                                           $| $$
$$\$$
                      \$$$$$$
                                 \$$$$$
                                            \$$$$$$
                                                             \$$$$$$
                                                                         \$$$$$$
                                                                                    \$$$$$$
                                                                                                \$$$$$$
[group:1]> getNodeVersion
    "Build Time":"20190923 13:22:09",
"Build Type":"Linux/clang/Release",
"Chain Id":"1",
    "Chain 10":"1",
"FISCO-BCOS Version":"2.1.0",
"Git Branch":"HEAD",
"Git Commit Hash":"cb68124d4fbf3df563a57dfff5f0c6eedc1419cc",
"Supported Version":"2.1.0"
[group:1]> getPeers
          "Agency":"agency",
"IPAndPort":"127.0.0.1:41744",
          , 2072098391eef262a357f4cae8158d195f2d9e06831fa18
          "Topic":[
         "Agency":"agency",
"IPAndPort":"127.0.0.1:41730",
"Node":"node3",
"NodeID":"c13db12689e76a56eb9895f9119e07d799e786c4e86f78b6c69458e33d0f7d917946e380e59688bf1
ce665cdb76ae62908fbb0611a161b477287b31913427b42",
```

以上信息表明启动成功 否则请检查 conf/applicationContext.xml 中节点端口配置是否正确

#### 各字段解释:

```
getBlockNumber Query the number of most recent block.
getNodeVersion Query the current node version.
getPeers Query peers currently connected to the client.
```

```
[group:1]> getPeers 返回已经连接的 p2p 节点信息
                   {
                                          "Agency": "agency", 代理
                                           "IPAndPort": "127. 0. 0. 1:41744", 节点连接的 IP 和端口
                                           "Node":"node1",节点
                     节点 ID
\verb|"NodeID":" eaa 38c 282 2459 24f 533300 c3183 cb4a 5913 ad 96bb 69bd befb 9c75b 3e72bacd 4c658 ab 1c14da ab 1c14d
972d472072098391eef262a357f4cae8158d195f2d9e06831fa18",
                                          "Topic":[
                                                               节点关注的 topic 信息
                    },
                                           "Agency": "agency",
                                           "IPAndPort":"127.0.0.1:41730",
                                           "Node": "node3",
688bf1ce665cdb76ae62908fbb0611a161b477287b31913427b42'',\\
                                           "Topic":[
                                       ]
                     },
                                          "Agency": "agency",
                                           "IPAndPort": "127. 0. 0. 1:41738",
                                           "Node": "node2",
"Node ID": "5d3e3c3813f67b1d790530a57b78ea7aebc9205d173152d9e897c90f0d993bd86969fe16b6e" in the contraction of the contractio
6a8d25463c0c39dfefa90a060537850cde8cfe8007c7ab749b51f",
                                          "Topic":[
                                         ]
               }
]
[group:1]> deploy HelloWorld
contract address: 0xe94ea5f7604e0612ff94f0cb88f6d2208a84f718
[group:1]> getBlockNumber 区块高度
1
```

```
[group:1]> call HelloWorld Oxb3c223fcObf6646959f254ac4e4a7e355b5Oa344 get
The contract address is incorrect.

[group:1]> call HelloWorld Oxe94ea5f7604e0612ff94f0cb88f6d2208a84f718 get
Hello, World!

[group:1]> getBlockNumber
1

[group:1]> call HelloWorld Oxe94ea5f7604e0612ff94f0cb88f6d2208a84f718 set
"Hello, FISCO BCOS"
transaction hash: Ox0a099fe4cb860a9d5155cae8e82bb63b4a9ae748addc1f55537819f3df98f402

[group:1]> getBlockNumber
2

[group:1]> call HelloWorld Oxe94ea5f7604e0612ff94f0cb88f6d2208a84f718 get
Hello, FISCO BCOS

[group:1]> quit 退出
```

# 使用控制台获取信息

```
"IPAndPort": "127. 0. 0. 1:49948",
"NodeID": "b5872eff0569903d71330ab7bc85c5a8be03e80b70746ec33cafe27cc4f6f8a71f8c84fd8af9d
7912cb5ba068901fe4131ef69b74cc773cdfb318ab11968e41f",
                                  "Topic":[]
                                 "IPAndPort": "127. 0. 0. 1:49940",
\verb|"NodeID"|: \verb|"912126291183b673c537153cf19bf5512d5355d8edea | 7864496c257630d01103d89ae26d17740|: \verb|"NodeID"|: \verb|"NodeID"|: \verb|"912126291183b673c537153cf19bf5512d5355d8edea | 7864496c257630d01103d89ae26d17740|: \verb|"NodeID"|: \verb|"NodeID"|:
daebdd20cbc645c9a96d23c9fd4c31d16bccf1037313f74bb1d",
                                 "Topic":[]
               },
                                 "IPAndPort": "127. 0. 0. 1:49932",
"NodeID": "db75ab16ed7afa966447c403ca2587853237b0d9f942ba6fa551dc67ed6822d88da01a1e4da9b
51aedafb8c64e9d208d9d3e271f8421f4813dcbc96a07d6a603",
                                 "Topic":[]
 [group:1]> getPeers
                           "Agency":"agency",
"IPAndPort":"127.0.0.1:41744",
"Node":"node1",
"NodeID":"eaa38c282245924f533300c3183cb4a5913ad96bb69bdbefb9c75b3e72bacd4c658ab1c14da972d47
 2072098391eef262a357f4cae8158d195f2d9e06831fa18",
                            "Topic":[
                           "Agency": "agency",
"IPAndPort": "127.0.0.1:41730",
"Node": "node3",
"NodeID": "c13db12689e76a56eb9895f9119e07d799e786c4e86f78b6c69458e33d0f7d917946e380e59688bf1
 ce665cdb76ae62908fbb0611a161b477287b31913427b42",
                             "Topic":[
                           "Agency": "agency",
"IPAndPort": "127.0.0.1:41738",
"Node": "node2",
"NodeID": "5d3e3c3813f67b1d790530a57b78ea7aebc9205d173152d9e897c90f0d993bd86969fe16b6e6a8d25
463c0c39dfefa90a060537850cde8cfe8007c7ab749b51f",
"Topic":[
```

# 部署及调用 HelloWorld 合约

HelloWorld 合约

HelloWorld 合约提供两个接口,分别是 get() 和 set() ,用于获取/设置合约 变量 name 。合约内容如下:

```
pragma solidity ^0.4.24;

contract HelloWorld {
    string name;

    function HelloWorld() {
        name = "Hello, World!";
    }

    function get()constant returns(string) {
        return name;
    }

    function set(string n) {
        name = n;
    }
}
```

# 部署 HelloWorld 合约

为了方便用户快速体验,HelloWorld 合约已经内置于控制台中,位于控制台目录下 solidity/contracts/HelloWorld sol ,参考下面命令部署即可。

```
# 在控制台输入以下指令 部署成功则返回合约地址
[group:1]> deploy HelloWorld
contract address:0xb3c223fc0bf6646959f254ac4e4a7e355b50a344
```

```
[group:1]> deploy HelloWorld contract address: 0xe94ea5f7604e0612ff94f0cb88f6d2208a84f718
```

# 调用 HelloWorld 合约

```
# 查看当前块高

[group:1]> getBlockNumber

1

# 调用 get 接口获取 name 变量 此处的合约地址是 deploy 指令返回的地址
```

```
[group:1]> call HelloWorld 0xb3c223fc0bf6646959f254ac4e4a7e355b50a344 get
Hello, World!
# 查看当前块高, 块高不变, 因为 get 接口不更改账本状态
[group:1]> getBlockNumber
# 调用 set 设置 name
[group:1]> call HelloWorld 0xb3c223fc0bf6646959f254ac4e4a7e355b50a344 set "Hello, FISC0
0x21dca087cb3e44f44f9b882071ec6ecfcb500361cad36a52d39900ea359d0895
# 再次查看当前块高,块高增加表示已出块,账本状态已更改
[group:1]> getBlockNumber
# 调用 get 接口获取 name 变量,检查设置是否生效
[group:1]> call HelloWorld 0xb3c223fc0bf6646959f254ac4e4a7e355b50a344 get
Hello, FISCO BCOS
# 退出控制台
[group:1]> quit
[group:1]> getBlockNumber
[group:1]> call HelloWorld 0xb3c223fc0bf6646959f254ac4e4a7e355b50a344 get
The contract address is incorrect.
[group:1]> call HelloWorld 0xe94ea5f7604e0612ff94f0cb88f6d2208a84f718 get
Hello, World!
[group:1]> getBlockNumber
[group:1]> call HelloWorld 0xe94ea5f7604e0612ff94f0cb88f6d2208a84f718 set "Hello,FISCO BCOS"
transaction hash: 0x0a099fe4cb860a9d5155cae8e82bb63b4a9ae748addc1f55537819f3df98f402
[group:1]> getBlockNumber
[group:1]> call HelloWorld 0xe94ea5f7604e0612ff94f0cb88<u>f6d2208a84f718 g</u>et
Hello,FISCO BCOS
[group:1]> quit
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ cd contracts
注:
1. 部署合约还可以通过 deployByCNS 命令,可以指定部署的合约版本号,使用方式参
```

- 考这里。
- 2. 调用合约通过 callByCNS 命令,使用方式参考这里。

接下来是构建第一个区块链应用:

# 构建第一个区块链应用

本章将会介绍一个基于 FISCO BCOS 区块链的业务应用场景开发全过程,从业务场景分析,到合约的设计实现,然后介绍合约编译以及如何部署到区块链,最后介绍一个应用模块的实现,通过我们提供的 Web3SDK 实现对区块链上合约的调用访问。

本教程要求用户熟悉 Linux 操作环境,具备 Java 开发的基本技能,能够使用 Gradle 工具,熟悉 Solidity 语法。

#### 通过学习教程, 你将会了解到以下内容:

- 1. 如何将一个业务场景的逻辑用合约的形式表达
- 2. 如何将 Solidity 合约转化成 Java 类
- 3. 如何配置 Web3SDK
- 4. 如何构建一个应用,并集成 Web3SDK 到应用工程
- 5. 如何通过 Web3SDK 调用合约接口,了解 Web3SDK 调用合约接口的原理

教程中会提供示例的完整项目源码,用户可以在此基础上快速开发自己的应用。

#### 重要

请参考 <u>安装文档</u> 完成 FISCO BCOS 区块链的搭建和控制台的下载工作, 本教程中的操作假设在该文档搭建的环境下进行。

# 示例应用需求

区块链天然具有防篡改,可追溯等特性,这些特性决定其更容易受金融领域的青睐,本文将会提供一个简易的资产管理的开发示例,并最终实现以下功能:

- 能够在区块链上进行资产注册
- 能够实现不同账户的转账
- 可以查询账户的资产金额

# 合约设计与实现

在区块链上进行应用开发时,结合业务需求,首先需要设计对应的智能合约,确定合约需要储存的数据,在此基础上确定智能合约对外提供的接口,最后给出各个接口的具体实现。

### 存储设计

FISCO BCOS 提供合约 CRUD 接口开发模式,可以通过合约创建表,并对创建的表进行增删改查操作。针对本应用需要设计一个存储资产管理的表

t\_asset, 该表字段如下:

• account: 主键,资产账户(string类型)

• asset value: 资产金额(uint256 类型)

其中 account 是主键,即操作 t\_asset 表时需要传入的字段,区块链根据该主键字段查询表中匹配的记录。 t\_asset 表示例如下:

account	asset_value
Alice	10000
Bob	20000

# 接口设计

按照业务的设计目标,需要实现资产注册,转账,查询功能,对应功能的接口如下:

#### // 查询资产金额

function select(string account) public constant returns(int256, uint256)

// 资产注册

function register(string account, uint256 amount) public returns(int256)

// 资产转移

function transfer(string from\_asset\_account, string to\_asset\_account, uint256 amount)
public returns(int256)

## 完整源码

```
pragma solidity ^0.4.24;
import "./Table.sol";
contract Asset {
  // event
   event RegisterEvent(int256 ret, string account, uint256 asset_value);
   event TransferEvent(int256 ret, string from_account, string to_account, uint256
amount);
   constructor() public {
      // 构造函数中创建 t_asset 表
       createTable();
   function createTable() private {
       TableFactory tf = TableFactory(0x1001);
       // 资产管理表, key : account, field : asset_value
       // | 资产账户(主键) | 资产金额 |
       // | account / asset_value /
       // 创建表
       tf.createTable("t_asset", "account", "asset_value");
   function openTable() private returns(Table) {
       TableFactory tf = TableFactory(0x1001);
       Table table = tf.openTable("t_asset");
       return table;
   描述: 根据资产账户查询资产金额
   参数:
          account : 资产账户
   返回值:
```

```
参数一: 成功返回 0, 账户不存在返回-1
        参数二: 第一个参数为0时有效,资产金额
function select(string account) public constant returns(int256, uint256) {
   // 打开表
   Table table = openTable();
   // 查询
   Entries entries = table.select(account, table.newCondition());
   uint256 asset value = 0;
   if (0 == uint256(entries.size())) {
       return (-1, asset value);
   } else {
       Entry entry = entries.get(0);
       return (0, uint256(entry.getInt("asset_value")));
}
/*
描述: 资产注册
参数:
       account : 资产账户
       amount : 资产金额
返回值:
       0 资产注册成功
       -1 资产账户已存在
       -2 其他错误
function register(string account, uint256 asset_value) public returns(int256) {
    int256 ret_code = 0;
    int256 ret= 0;
   uint256 temp_asset_value = 0;
   // 查询账户是否存在
    (ret, temp_asset_value) = select(account);
    if(ret != 0) {
       Table table = openTable();
       Entry entry = table.newEntry();
       entry.set("account", account);
       entry.set("asset_value", int256(asset_value));
       int count = table.insert(account, entry);
       if (count == 1) {
           // 成功
           ret_code = 0;
```

```
} else {
               // 失败? 无权限或者其他错误
               ret\_code = -2;
       } else {
           // 账户已存在
           ret\_code = -1;
       emit RegisterEvent(ret_code, account, asset_value);
       return ret_code;
   /*
   描述: 资产转移
    参数:
           from_account: 转移资产账户
           to_account: 接收资产账户
           amount: 转移金额
    返回值:
           0 资产转移成功
           -1 转移资产账户不存在
           -2 接收资产账户不存在
           -3 金额不足
           -4 金额溢出
           -5 其他错误
    */
   \textbf{function} \ \ \text{transfer} (\text{string from\_account}, \ \ \text{string to\_account}, \ \ \text{uint256 amount}) \ \ \textbf{public}
returns (int256) {
       // 查询转移资产账户信息
       int ret_code = 0;
       int256 ret = 0;
       uint256 from_asset_value = 0;
       uint256 to_asset_value = 0;
       // 转移账户是否存在?
        (ret, from_asset_value) = select(from_account);
       if(ret != 0) {
           ret\_code = -1;
           // 转移账户不存在
           emit TransferEvent(ret_code, from_account, to_account, amount);
           return ret_code;
```

```
// 接受账户是否存在?
(ret, to_asset_value) = select(to_account);
if(ret != 0) {
   ret\_code = -2;
    // 接收资产的账户不存在
   emit TransferEvent(ret_code, from_account, to_account, amount);
   return ret_code;
if(from_asset_value < amount) {</pre>
   ret\_code = -3;
   // 转移资产的账户金额不足
   emit TransferEvent(ret_code, from_account, to_account, amount);
   return ret code;
}
if (to_asset_value + amount < to_asset_value) {</pre>
   ret code = -4;
   // 接收账户金额溢出
   emit TransferEvent(ret_code, from_account, to_account, amount);
   return ret_code;
Table table = openTable();
Entry entry0 = table.newEntry();
entry0.set("account", from_account);
entry0.set("asset_value", int256(from_asset_value - amount));
// 更新转账账户
int count = table.update(from_account, entry0, table.newCondition());
if (count != 1) {
   ret\_code = -5;
   // 失败? 无权限或者其他错误?
   emit TransferEvent(ret_code, from_account, to_account, amount);
   return ret_code;
Entry entry1 = table.newEntry();
entry1. set("account", to_account);
entry1.set("asset_value", int256(to_asset_value + amount));
// 更新接收账户
table.update(to_account, entryl, table.newCondition());
```

```
emit TransferEvent(ret_code, from_account, to_account, amount);

return ret_code;
}
```

注: Asset. sol 合约的实现需要引入 FISCO BCOS 提供的一个系统合约接口

文件 Table. sol ,该系统合约文件中的接口由 FISCO BCOS 底层实现。当 业务合约需要操作 CRUD 接口时,均需要引入该接口合约文件。

Table. sol 合约详细接口参考这里。

# 合约编译

上一小节,我们根据业务需求设计了合约 Asset. sol 的存储与接口,给出了完整实现,但是 Java 程序无法直接调用 Solidity 合约,需要先将 Solidity 合约文件编译为 Java 文件。

控制台提供了编译工具,可以将 Asset. sol 合约文件存放在

console/contracts/solidity 目录。利用 console 目录下提供的 sol2java.sh 脚本进行编译,操作如下:

- # 切换到 fisco/console/目录
- \$ cd ~/fisco/console/
- #编译合约,后面指定一个Java的包名参数,可以根据实际项目路径指定包名
- \$ ./sol2java.sh org.fisco.bcos.asset.contract

这里遇到了一个问题,就是一开始我编译合约后报错说找不到 asset 合约, 检查多次之后发现是把文件名写错了,把 Asset. sol 写成了 asset. sol 所以 一直编译不过:

```
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ cd contracts
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console/contracts$ ls
console sdk solidity
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console/contracts$ cd solidity
 fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console/contracts/solidity$ l
HelloWorld.sol Table.sol TableTest.sol
 fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console/contracts/solidity$ gedit asset.sol
 fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console/contracts/solidity$ cd ..
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console/contracts$ cd ..
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ l
apps/ conf/ contracts/ deploylog.txt get_account.sh* lib/ log/ replace_solc_jar.sh* sol2jav
a.sh* start.sh*
isco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ./sol2java.sh org.fisco.bcos.asset.contract
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.UnsupportedOperationException: No contract found with name 'as
set'. Please specify a valid contract name. Available keys ([/home/fisco-bcos/fisco/console/contract
ts/solidity/Table.sol:Condition, /home/fisco-bcos/fisco/console/contracts/solidity/Table.sol:Entrie
s, /home/fisco-bcos/fisco/console/contracts/solidity/Table.sol:Entry, /home/fisco-bcos/fisco/console
e/contracts/solidity/Table.sol:Table, /home/fisco-bcos/fisco/console/contracts/solidity/Table.sol:T
ableFactory, /home/fisco-bcos/fisco/console/contracts/solidity/asset.sol:Asset]).
at org.fisco.bcos.web3j.solidity.compiler.CompilationResult.getContract(CompilationResult.j
ava:100)
 ava:109)
           at console.common.ConsoleUtils.compileSolToJava(ConsoleUtils.java:236) at console.common.ConsoleUtils.main(ConsoleUtils.java:191)
更改之后删除 asset. sol 后成功编译:
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ./sol2java.sh org.fisco.bcos.asset.contract
Compile solidity contract files to java contract files successfully!
运行成功之后,将会在 console/contracts/sdk 目录生成 java、abi 和 bin 目
录,如下所示。
|-- abi # 生成的 abi 目录, 存放 solidity 合约编译生成的 abi 文件
   -- Asset. abi
      -- Table. abi
|-- bin # 生成的 bin 目录, 存放 solidity 合约编译生成的 bin 文件
    -- Asset.bin
      -- Table.bin
|-- contracts # 存放 solidity 合约源码文件,将需要编译的合约拷贝到该目录下
      |-- Asset. sol # 拷贝进来的 Asset. sol 合约, 依赖 Table. sol
       |-- Table. sol # 默认提供的系统 CRUD 合约接口文件
|-- java # 存放编译的包路径及 Java 合约文件
      -- org
               --fisco
                        --bcos
                                |--asset
                                         |--contract
                                                    |--Asset. java # Asset. sol 合约生成的 Java 文件
                                                    |--Table. java # Table. sol 合约生成的 Java 文件
```

-- sol2java.sh

```
isco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls contracts/sdk
abi bin java
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls contracts/sdk/abi
Asset.abi HelloWorld.abi Table.abi TableTest.abi
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls contracts/sdk/bin
Asset.bin HelloWorld.bin Table.bin TableTest.bin
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls contracts/sdk/java
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls contracts/sdk/java/org/fisco/bcos/asset/contrac
c
Asset.java HelloWorld.java Table.java TableTest.java
<mark>fisco-bc</mark>os@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ cat contracts/sdk/java/org/fisco/bcos/asset/contra
ct/Asset.java
package org.fisco.bcos.asset.contract;
import java.math.BigInteger;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.concurrent.Callable;
import org.fisco.bcos.channel.client.TransactionSucCallback;
import org.fisco.bcos.channel.event.filter.EventLogPushWithDecodeCallback;
import org.fisco.bcos.web3j.abi.EventEncoder;
import org.fisco.bcos.web3j.abi.TypeReference;
import org.fisco.bcos.web3j.abi.datatypes.Event;
import org.fisco.bcos.web3j.abi.datatypes.Function;
import org.fisco.bcos.web3j.abi.datatypes.Type;
import org.fisco.bcos.web3j.abi.datatypes.Utf8String;
import org.fisco.bcos.web3j.abi.datatypes.generated.Int256;
java 目录下生成了 |org/fisco/bcos/asset/contract/|包路径目录,该目录下包含
Asset. java 和 Table. java 两个文件, 其中 Asset. java 是 Java 应用调用
Asset. sol 合约需要的文件。
Asset. java 的主要接口:
package org. fisco.bcos.asset.contract;
public class Asset extends Contract {
     // Asset. sol 合约 transfer 接口生成
    public RemoteCall<TransactionReceipt> transfer(String from_account, String
to_account, BigInteger amount);
     // Asset. sol 合约 register 接口生成
    public RemoteCall<TransactionReceipt> register(String account, BigInteger
asset_value);
    // Asset. sol 合约 select 接口生成
     public RemoteCall<Tuple2<BigInteger, BigInteger>> select(String account);
    // 加载 Asset 合约地址, 生成 Asset 对象
    public static Asset load(String contractAddress, Web3j web3j, Credentials
credentials, ContractGasProvider contractGasProvider);
  // 部署 Assert. sol 合约,生成 Asset 对象
```

```
public static RemoteCall<Asset> deploy(Web3j web3j, Credentials credentials,
ContractGasProvider contractGasProvider);
}
```

其中 load 与 deploy 函数用于构造 Asset 对象,其他接口分别用来调用对应的 solidity 合约的接口,详细使用在下文会有介绍。

# SDK 配置

```
我们提供了一个 Java 工程项目供开发使用, 首先获取 Java 工程项目:
   # 获取 Java 工程项目压缩包
   $ cd ~
   $ curl -LO https://github.com/FISCO-BCOS/LargeFiles/raw/master/tools/asset-
app. tar. gz
    # 解压得到 Java 工程项目 asset-app 目录
    $ tar -zxf asset-app.tar.gz
  sco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~$ curl -LO https://github.com/FISCO-BCOS/LargeFiles/raw/master/too
 s/asset-app.tar.gz
   Total
          % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                                       Time Current
                           Dload Upload
                                        Total
                                              Spent
                                                      Left Speed
                                    0 0:00:04 0:00:04 --:-- 72885
            213k
                        0 47713
 isco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~$ tar -zxf asset-app.tar.gz
isco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~$ ls
                        Desktop Documents Downloads examples.desktop fisco Music Picture
         solc Templates treaty.txt Videos webase-deploy
asset-app 项目的目录结构如下:
|-- build.gradle // gradle 配置文件
-- gradle
| |-- wrapper
       |-- gradle-wrapper.jar // 用于下载 Gradle 的相关代码实现
        |-- gradle-wrapper.properties // wrapper 所使用的配置信息, 比如 gradle 的版本等
信息
|-- gradlew // Linux 或者 Unix 下用于执行 wrapper 命令的 Shell 脚本
|-- gradlew.bat // Windows 下用于执行 wrapper 命令的批处理脚本
  -- main
      -- java
             -- org
                  -- fisco
                        -- bcos
                              -- asset
                                    |-- client // 放置客户端调用类
```

```
-- AssetClient. java
                                  |-- contract // 放置 Java 合约类
                                        -- Asset. java
    -- test
       |-- resources // 存放代码资源文件
           |-- applicationContext.xml // 项目配置文件
           |-- contract.properties // 存储部署合约地址的文件
           |-- log4j.properties // 日志配置文件
           |-- contract //存放 solidity 约文件
                   -- Asset. sol
                   -- Table. sol
|-- tool
    |-- asset_run.sh // 项目运行脚本
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~$ cd asset-app
 isco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app$ ls
bin build.gradle gradle gradlew gradlew.bat src tool
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-appS gedit build.g
项目引入Web3SDK
项目的 build. gradle 文件已引入 Web3SDK,不需修改。其引入方法介绍如
下:
   Web3SDK 引入了以太坊的 solidity 编译器相关 jar 包,因此在 build. gradle 文件
   需要添加以太坊的远程仓库:
repositories {
       url "http://maven.aliyun.com/nexus/content/groups/public/"
   maven { url "https: //dl.bintray.com/ethereum/maven/" }
   mavenCentral()
   引入 Web3SDK jar 包
compile ('org.fisco-bcos: web3sdk: 2.1.0')
证书与配置文件
```

• 区块链节点证书配置

拷贝区块链节点对应的 SDK 证书

#### # 进入~目录

# 拷贝节点证书到项目的资源目录

\$ cd

\$ cp fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/sdk/\* asset-app/src/test/resources/

fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app\$ gedit build.gradle
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app\$ compile ('org.fisco-bcos:web3sdk:2.1.0')
bash: syntax error near unexpected token `'org.fisco-bcos:web3sdk:2.1.0''
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app\$ cd ~
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~\$ cp fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/sdk/\* asset-app/src/test/resources/

applicationContext.xml

注意: 如果搭链时设置的 rpc\_listen\_ip 为 127. 0. 0. 1 或者 0. 0. 0. 0, channel\_port 为 20200,则 applicationContext. xml 配置不用修改。若区块链 节点配置有改动,需要同样修改配置 applicationContext. xml ,具体请参考 <u>SDK</u>使用文档。

# 业务开发

我们已经介绍了如何在自己的项目中引入以及配置 Web3SDK,本节介绍如何通过 Java 程序调用合约,同样以示例的资产管理说明。asset-app 项目已经包含示例的完整源码,用户可以直接使用,现在介绍核心类 AssetClient 的设计与实现。

AssetClient. java: 通过调用 Asset. java 实现对合约的部署与调用,路径 /src/main/java/org/fisco/bcos/asset/client , 初始化以及调用流程都在该类中进行。

• 初始化

初始化代码的主要功能为构造 Web3j与 Credentials 对象,这两个对象在创建对应的合约类对象(调用合约类的 deploy 或者 load 函数)时需要使用。

// 函数 initialize 中进行初始化

```
ApplicationContext context = new

ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("classpath:applicationContext.xml");

Service service = context.getBean(Service.class);

service.run();

ChannelEthereumService channelEthereumService = new ChannelEthereumService();

channelEthereumService.setChannelService(service);

// 初始化Web3j对象

Web3j web3j = Web3j.build(channelEthereumService, 1);

// 初始化Credentials对象

Credentials credentials 可能

Credentials credentials create(Keys.createEcKeyPair());
```

#### • 构造合约类对象

可以使用 deploy 或者 load 函数初始化合约对象,两者使用场景不同,前者适用于初次部署合约,后者在合约已经部署并且已知合约地址时使用。

#### // 部署合约

```
Asset asset = Asset.deploy(web3j, credentials, new StaticGasProvider(gasPrice, gasLimit)).send();
// 加载合约地址
Asset asset = Asset.load(contractAddress, web3j, credentials, new
StaticGasProvider(gasPrice, gasLimit));
```

#### • 接口调用

使用合约对象调用对应的接口,处理返回结果。

```
// select 接口调用
Tuple2<BigInteger, BigInteger> result = asset.select(assetAccount).send();
// register 接口调用
TransactionReceipt receipt = asset.register(assetAccount, amount).send();
// transfer 接口
TransactionReceipt receipt = asset.transfer(fromAssetAccount, toAssetAccount, amount).send();
```

# 运行

至此我们已经介绍使用区块链开发资产管理应用的所有流程并实现了功能,接下来可以运行项目,测试功能是否正常。

编译

```
$ cd ~/asset-app
#编译项目
$ ./gradlew build
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~$ cd ~/asset-app
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app$ ./gradlew build
Downloading https://services.gradle.org/distributions/gradle-5.6.2-bin.zip
 Welcome to Gradle 5.6.2!
 Here are the highlights of this release:
   · Incremental Groovy compilation
  - Groovy compile avoidance
- Test fixtures for Java projects
- Manage plugin versions via settings script
 For more details see https://docs.gradle.org/5.6.2/release-notes.html
 Starting a Gradle Daemon (subsequent builds will be faster)
 BUILD SUCCESSFUL in 3m 33s
 4 actionable tasks: 4 executed
编译成功之后,将在项目根目录下生成 dist 目录。dist 目录下有一个
asset run. sh 脚本,简化项目运行。现在开始一一验证本文开始定下的需求。
部署 Asset. sol 合约
# 讲入 dist 目录
$ cd dist
$ bash asset run.sh deploy
Deploy Asset successfully, contract address is
0xd09ad04220e40bb8666e885730c8c460091a4775\\
 isco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app$ cd dist
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh deploy
deploy Asset success, contract address is 0x0a2a18a56f592f399285dcc6470046fc088d1fce
  注册资产
$ bash asset run.sh register Alice 100000
Register account successfully => account: Alice, value: 100000
$ bash asset run.sh register Bob 100000
Register account successfully => account: Bob, value: 100000
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-virtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh register Alice 100000 register asset account success => asset: Alice, value: 100000 fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh register Bob 100000
 register asset account success => asset: Bob, value: 100000
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh query Alice
asset account Alice, value 100000
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh query Bob
 asset account Bob, value 100000
```

# 切換到项目目录

#### • 查询资产

```
$ bash asset_run.sh query Alice
account Alice, value 100000
$ bash asset_run.sh query Bob
account Bob, value 100000

fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh query Alice
asset account Alice, value 100000
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh query Bob
asset account Bob, value 100000
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh transfer Alice Bob 50000
transfer success => from_asset: Alice, to_asset: Bob, amount: 50000
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh query Alice
asset account Alice, value 50000
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh query Bob
asset account Bob, value 150000
```

#### • 资产转移

```
$ bash asset_run.sh transfer Alice Bob 50000
Transfer successfully => from_account: Alice, to_account: Bob, amount: 50000
$ bash asset_run.sh query Alice
account Alice, value 50000
$ bash asset_run.sh query Bob
account Bob, value 150000

fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh transfer Alice Bob 50000
transfer success => from_asset: Alice, to_asset: Bob, amount: 50000
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh query Alice
asset account Alice, value 500000
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh query Bob
asset account Bob, value 150000
```

**总结:** 至此,我们通过合约开发,合约编译,SDK 配置与业务开发构建了一个基于 FISCO BCOS 联盟区块链的应用。以上过程:

```
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ./sol2java.sh org.fisco.bcos.asset.contract

Compile solidity contract files to java contract files successfully!
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls /sontracts/sdk
ls: cannot access '/sontracts/sdk': No such file or directory
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls sontracts/sdk
ls: cannot access 'sontracts/sdk': No such file or directory
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls ./sontracts/sdk
ls: cannot access './sontracts/sdk': No such file or directory
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls contracts/sdk
abi bin java
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls contracts/sdk/abi
Asset.abi HelloWorld.abi Table.abi TableTest.abi
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls contracts/sdk/bin
Asset.bin HelloWorld.bin Table.bin TableTest.bin
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls contracts/sdk/java
org
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ ls contracts/sdk/java/org/fisco/bcos/asset/contract
```

```
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/fisco/console$ cd ~
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~$ curl -LO https://github.com/FISCO-BCOS/LargeFiles/raw/master/too
ls/asset-app.tar.gz
                   % Received % Xferd Average Speed Time Time
Dload Upload Total Spent
                                                                                                     Time Current
Left Speed
   % Total
                                                                  0 --:--:--
100 159 100 159
100 213k 100 213k
                                                                                                                      232
                                                                     0 0:00:04 0:00:04 --:-- 72885
                                               0 47713
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~$ tar -zxf asset-app.tar.gz
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~$ ls
asset-app
                                          z Desktop Documents Downloads examples.desktop fisco Music Picture
asset-app asset-app.tal.gz besktop bocaments bowntoads ex
s Public solc Templates treaty.txt Videos webase-deploy
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~{scatterps} ls
bin build.gradle gradlew gradlew.bat src tool fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app$ gedit build.gradle fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app$ compile ('org.fisco-bcos:web3sdk:2.1.0') bash: syntax error near unexpected token `'org.fisco-bcos:web3sdk:2.1.0''
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app$ cd ~
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/$ cp fisco/nodes/127.0.0.1/sdk/* asset-app/src/test/resources/
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~{$ cd ~/asset-app}
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app$ ./gradlew build
Downloading https://services.gradle.org/distributions/gradle-5.6.2-bin.zip
Welcome to Gradle 5.6.2!
Here are the highlights of this release:
  - Incremental Groovy compilation
 Groovy compile avoidanceTest fixtures for Java projects
  - Manage plugin versions via settings script
For more details see https://docs.gradle.org/5.6.2/release-notes.html
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BUILD SUCCESSFUL in 3m 33s
4 actionable tasks: 4 executed
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app$ cd dist
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh deploy
 deploy Asset success, contract address is 0x0a2a18a56f592f399285dcc6470046fc088d1fce
register asset account success => asset: Alice, value: 100000

register asset account success => asset: Alice, value: 100000

fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh register Bob 100000

register asset account success => asset: Bob, value: 100000

fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh query Alice
 asset account Alice, value 100000
BUILD SUCCESSFUL in 3m 33s
4 actionable tasks: 4 executed
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app$ cd dist
 fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh deploy
 deploy Asset success, contract address is 0x0a2a18a56f592f399285dcc6470046fc088d1fce
fisco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh register Alice 100000
```

```
### dactionable tasks: 4 executed ### disco-bcos@fiscobcos-VirtualBox:~/asset-app/dist$ bash asset_run.sh deploy ### depl
```