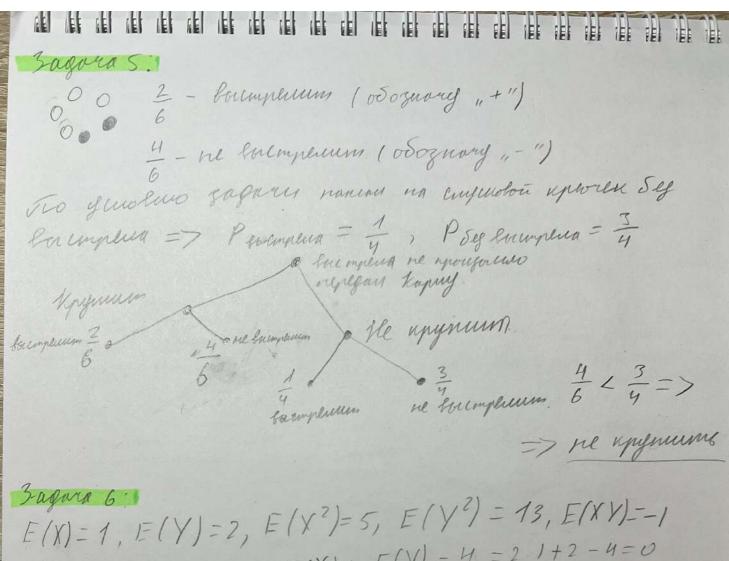
3-agara 1. 6- ramement (T) / Ecret 2 lapuanus) Mal ygobilemlopulions will nopulgar 1)BT1BT1BT1BT1BT Been Eguanino Ermans & orepress - 12! 3) 15/18/18/18/18/16/18 Bapurunul lenes & origings gird 1-6'.4 4) TRITE ITRITE ITRITE Jul 15 - 31.4  $= \frac{3! \cdot 4 \cdot 3! \cdot 4 \cdot 6! \cdot 4}{12!} = \frac{H}{135 \cdot 11} = \frac{4}{616}$ Du B = 3 .4 Omlen: Prenegolamis 3-agora 2: Belo mem-10 Inluno quel Transum Pp - Egosminoune, mus gla memia zainnym. choSogunx g mein O manor 40000 0000 Pp = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{8}, ananormen gud Namaunen 4 0000 P=2((\frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{8}) + (\frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{8}) + (\frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{8}) = \frac{1}{6}

ynnommen ma 2, m. a crumaten, rano
migan - 2000 paquele reogn. P- lepartinewolung Empleelel ragon & Transmi 3-agama 3: lecho 7!, no Dynn "A"-2 paga => = 2! -2520 wgo6 AEZAKMI Bagaru 4: 2 - ucupobnul (A) 3- cuarus unore (15) 



$$E(X) = 1, E(Y) = 2, E(X^{2}) = 5, E(Y^{2}) = 13, E(XY) = -1$$

$$E(X) = 1, E(Y) = 2, E(X) + E(Y) - 4 = 2.1 + 2 - 4 = 0$$

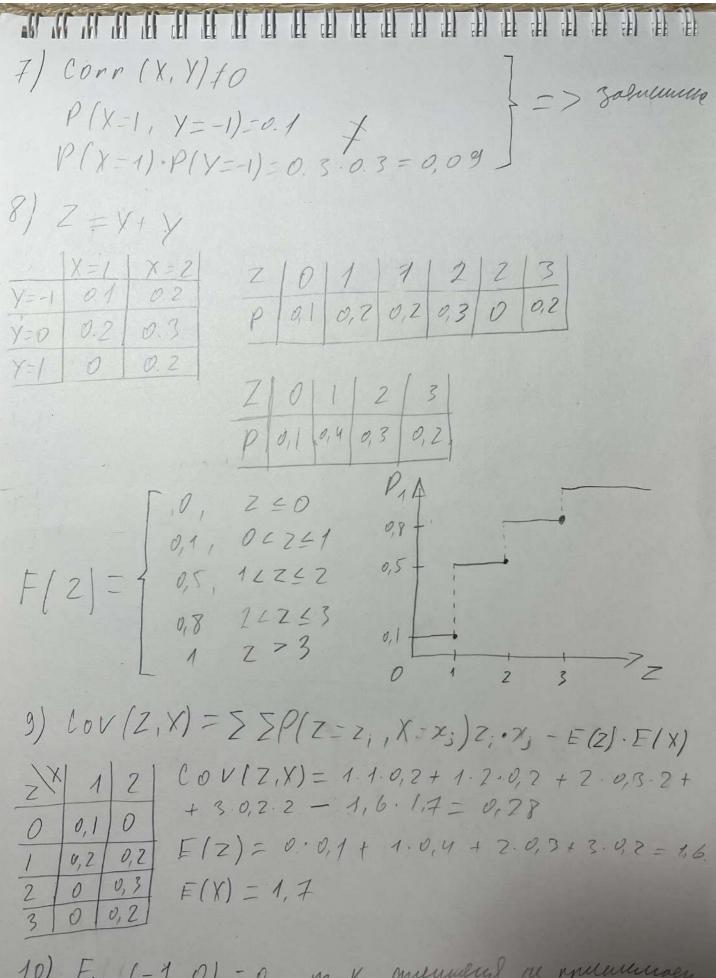
$$E(X) = 1, E(X) + Y - 4 = 2.1 + 2 - 4 = 0$$

2) 
$$Var(Y) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2 = 5 - 1^2 = 4$$
  
 $Var(Y) = E(Y^2) - (E(Y))^2 = 13 - 2^2 = 9$ 

5) 
$$E(XY) = E(X) E(Y) + cov(X,Y)$$
  
 $cov(X,Y) = -E(X) - E(X) E(Y) = -1 - 2 \cdot 1 = -3$   
 $cov(X,Y) = \frac{cov(X,Y)}{vo(X)} = \frac{-3}{2 \cdot 3} = -\frac{1}{2}$ 

3-agara 7: 1) P(x-1)Y=0 = 0.2|X-1|X=2Y=-1010222) P(X=1) -01+0.2=03 Y=0 0.2 0 3 3) E(1Y1) = > x, P; | Y | 0 | | => E (141) = 0.0.5 + 1.0.5 = 0.5 Y=1 0 0.2 4) Y -1 0 1 Y 2 1 0 p 0.3 05 0.2 p 0.5 05 5) COV(X, Y) = \( \int P(X=X, Y=Y, ) \cdot x; y; - E(X)E(Y) E(X)= \( X; P; = 1.0,3+2.0.7=1,7 E(Y) = -1.0,3+0.0,5+1.0,2=-0,1. Cov(X, Y)= (-1) 0,1.1+(-1).0,2.2+1.0,2.2+1.7=0,07 6) Corr(X, Y) = COV(X, V)

VD(X) · VD(V) D(x) = > (21, -Mx) 2. P; = (1-1,8)20,3+(2-1,8)20+= D(Y)= \( \left( g; -Mg)^2 P\_i = \left( -1 + 0, 1)^2 \, 0, 5 + 10 + 0, 1)^2 \, 0, 5 + 11 + 0, 1)^2 \, 0, 2 = Corr(X,Y) = 0,07 = 0,1 = 1 V0,27 · V0,497 = V0,22 = V22. -0,49



10) Fx, y (-1,0)=0, m. K. opynuful re munumens

Bagara 9 Duy Trammer. Y 1 2 3.4 5 6 P 1 1 1 1 1 1 P 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

Dud Kapua

3-agara 8:

N=3/24-l'epequeur overen za 24 raco.

1) M > 0. T=1 Hangens P set overla 1 ral; Pm=0= (\frac{3}{24})^0 \left(\frac{3}{24})^0 \cdot \frac{3}{24} \pi 0,8825

$$P_{m=0} = \frac{\left(\frac{3}{24}\right)^{0}}{0!} \approx 0.8825$$

3 agard 1: lapuanus 2. / Yarolul noured no grepours)

2 lapuanus paccurinolus 6 orlplas: 5 B B B B B => 2.3!.3!
B B B B B B

Belo lapuammo 6!

Pennorms renepples =  $\frac{2 \cdot 3! \cdot 3!}{6!} = 0.1$ 

3 agara 10:

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} e \cdot x^2, & x \in [1]; \end{cases}$$

1) unomorge of 
$$f(x)dx=1$$

$$\int_{1}^{3} Cx^{2}dx = C\frac{x^{3}}{3}\Big|_{1}^{3} = C \cdot \frac{26}{3} = 1$$

$$C = \frac{3}{26}$$

3) 
$$F(x) = \int_{-1}^{x} F(t) dt$$

$$x < 1 - F(x) = 0 = > F(x) = 0$$

$$1 \le 2 \le 3 - F(x) = \int_{-26}^{3} \frac{1}{26} t^2 dt = \frac{3}{26} \frac{t^3}{3} dt \Big|_{1}^{3} = \frac{1}{26} (x^3 - 1)$$

$$2(73 - F(x)) = \int_{1}^{13} \frac{3}{26} t^{2} dt = \frac{3}{26} \frac{t^{3}}{3} dt \Big|_{1}^{3} = 1$$

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{26}(x^3 - 1), 1 \le x \le 3 \\ 1, x > 3 \end{cases}$$