Propositional Logic Properties

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Outline

- 1 Validity and satisfiability
- 2 Equivalence
- 3 Entailment
- 4 Exercises

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Observations

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- 3 The converse of 1 and 2 does not hold in general
- 4 Tautologies and contradictions form disjoint sets

| Α | В | C | $\neg A$ | $\neg A \lor B$ | $\neg A \land C$ | $\neg A \lor B \to \neg A \land C$ |
|---|---|---|----------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

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|---|---|---|----------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
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 $\blacksquare \neg A \lor B \rightarrow \neg A \land C$ is invalid

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- $\blacksquare \neg A \lor B \rightarrow \neg A \land C$ is invalid
- $\blacksquare \neg A \lor B \rightarrow \neg A \land C$ is satisfiable
- $\neg A \lor B \rightarrow \neg A \land C$ is neither a tautology nor a contradiction

Identify tautologies and contradictions among the following formulas:



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 $\blacksquare \phi \rightarrow \phi$

tautology

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- $lacktriangledown \phi o \phi$ tautology
- \bullet $\phi \land \neg \phi$ contradiction

Identify tautologies and contradictions among the following formulas:

tautology

 $\blacksquare \phi \land \neg \phi$

contradiction

 $\blacksquare \phi \lor \neg \phi$

tautology

 $\ \ \, \ \, \ \, \phi \lor \top$

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- $lack \phi \lor \top$ tautology
- $\blacksquare \hspace{0.1cm} \phi \wedge \bot$

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 $lacktriangledown \phi o \phi$ tautology

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 $lacktriangledown \phi \wedge \bot$ contradiction

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Observations

■ A wff ϕ is a tautology if and only if $\phi \equiv \top$

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- A wff ϕ is a tautology if and only if $\phi \equiv \top$
- A wff ϕ is a contradiction if and only if $\phi \equiv \bot$

- $\blacksquare \ \phi \wedge \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \phi$

- (commutativity)
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- $\bullet \land \psi \equiv \psi \land \phi$
- $\bullet \phi \lor \phi \equiv \phi$

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- $\quad \blacksquare \ \phi \lor \phi \equiv \phi$
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- $\bullet \land \neg \phi \equiv \bot$
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- $\neg (\phi \lor \psi) \equiv \neg \psi \land \neg \phi$
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- $\phi \lor (\psi \lor \gamma) \equiv (\phi \lor \psi) \lor \gamma$

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Given an interpretation I and a set of wffs Γ , $I(\Gamma) = 1$ iff for each $\phi \in \Gamma$ we have $I(\phi) = 1$

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- Actually, it is a wff only if Γ
 has finite cardinality

Can we represent an interpretation *I* as a set Γ of wffs such that *I* is the only model of Γ?

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For I = \{T_1, T_2, ...\}, consider \Gamma = \{T_1, T_2, ..., \neg F_1, \neg F_2, ...\}, where F_1, F_2, ... are the false variables according to I
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- If $\Gamma \models \phi$ then we say that Γ entails ϕ
- We also say that ϕ is a logical consequence of Γ

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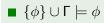
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 $\models \phi$ if and only if ϕ is a tautology



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Example

 $\blacksquare \{\phi\} \cup \Gamma \models \phi$

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 $\Gamma, \phi \models \psi$ if and only if $\Gamma \models \phi \rightarrow \psi$

Contraposition Theorem

$$\Gamma \models \phi \rightarrow \psi$$
 if and only if $\Gamma, \neg \psi \models \neg \phi$

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4 Exercises

Decide whether formula

$$X \vee \neg y \wedge \neg z$$

is satisfiable

Decide whether formula

$$\neg x \lor z \leftrightarrow y \land \neg z$$

is a tautology

3 Decide whether formula

$$X \leftrightarrow \neg Y \rightarrow \neg Z \wedge \neg X \vee Y$$

is a contradiction



END OF THE LECTURE