A Friendly Guide to your OS!

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You can use vim keys (h/j/k/1) or arrow keys to navigate this document. Pressing s will fit it to window width (a to revert). The + and - keys zoom in and out, while q exits. (These are general binds set for **Zathura**, the pdf reader.)

- Meta+F1 will show this document at any time.
- By Meta, I mean the ALT Key.

FAQs are at the end of this document.

Welcome!

Basic goals and principles of these configs:

- Naturalness Remove the border between mind and matter: everything important should be as few keypresses as possible away from you, and you shouldn't have to think about what you're doing. Immersion.
- **Economy** Programs should be simple and light on system resources and highly extensible. Because of this, many are terminal or small neurses programs that have all the magic inside of them.
- **Keyboard/vim-centrality** All terminal programs (and other programs) use vim keys when possible. Your hands never need leave the home row or thereabout.
- **Decentralization** This system is a web of small, modifiable and replaceable programs that users can easily customize.

Package management

```
sudo pacman -Syu <pkg>
    - Install and update package list
sudo pacman -S
sudo pacman -Rsc <pkg>
    - Uninstall package
sudo pacman -Ss
sudo pacman -Syu
sudo pacman -Syu
sudo pacman -Qdt
sudo pacman -Rns
$(pacman -Qdtq)
- Install and update package list
- Uninstall package
- Vuninstall package
- Upgrades e verything
- List unneeded packages
- Uninstall all unneeded dependencies
```

The Status Bar

To the left, you'll see the window manager mode along with the numbers of your current workspace. On the right, you'll see various system status notifiers, the date, volume and hardware info if possible. Each module on the right of the statusbar is a qtile widget configurable in

~/.config/qtile/config.py. You can see what they do and modify them from there or check http://docs.qtile.org/en/latest/manual/ref/widgets.html. I'm sure you can figure it out. You can also interact with the modules with the mouse clicks.

Key Bindings

The window manager quile abstractly orders all of your windows into a stack from most important to least, based on when you last manipulated it. quile is an easy to use window manager, but you should understand that it makes use of that stack layout.

Notice the case sensitivity of the shortcuts*Be sure you play around with these. Be flexible with the basic commands and the system will grow on you quick.

- Meta+Enter Spawn terminal (the default terminal is Tilix; run man tilix for more)
- Meta+q Close window
- Meta+r rofi (For running programs without shortcuts)
- Meta+Left/Right Cycle thru windows by their stack order
- Meta+Ctrl+Left/Right Change width of selected window
- Meta+Shift+Left/Right Shuffles the active window to selected side
- Meta+LeftMouseBtn Make a window float (Hold and drag to move it)
- Meta+RightMouseBtn Resize a floating window(Hold and drag to keep resizing)
- Meta+Tab Changes between tiling mode (active by default) and monocle mode

Basic Programs

- Super+1 Brave (Web Browser)
- Super+2 PCManFM (file browser/manager)
- Super+3 Tilix (terminal)
- Super+4 Visual Studio Code (big bloated text editor)
- Super+5 Spyder IDE (python data focused IDE)
- Super+6 Vmware (Virtual Machine manager)
- Super+7 Android Studio (Android apps IDE)
- Super+8 Document Scanner (PDF document scanner GUI)
- Super+9 Librewolf (privacy focused firefox fork)
- Super+0 bpytop (task manager, system monitor)

System

- Meta+Shift+q Exits qtile and shows XDM (Display Manager)
- Mod+F1 Show this document
- Mod+F2 Opens the Archwiki in Librewolf
- FN+F1 Mute audio

^{*}To type capital letters, hold down the Shift key.

- FN+F2 Lower volume by 5%
- FN+F3 Increase volume by 5%
- FN+F4 Mute microphone
- FN+F5 Lowers brightness by 5%
- FN+F6 Increase brightness by 5%
- Mod+PrintScrn Spawn flameshot in GUI mode
- Super+PrintScrn Saves a screenshot to ~/Pictures/.

Tags/Workspaces

There are nine workspaces, active workspaces are highlighted in the top left corner.

- Super+ (Number) Go to that number tag
- Super+Shift+(Number) Send active window to that workspace

Configuration

Dotfiles/settings files are located in ~/.config/, note that dotfiles to programs not included in the cited above are there as well. I do not necessarily maintain all these dotfiles, but they should be usable.

Source based programs like dwm (Suckless's window manager), st (Suckless's terminal) and dmenu among others do not have traditional config files, but have their source code location in ~/.local/src/. There you can modify their config.h files, then sudo make install to reinstall. (You'll have to restart the program to see its effects obviously.)

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

My audio isn't working!

On fresh install, the Linux audio system often mutes outputs. You may also need to set your preferred default output sink which you can do by the command line, or by selecting one with alsamixer.

How do I copy and paste?

Copying and pasting is always program-specific on any system. In most graphical programs, copy and paste will be the same as they are on any desktop OS: ctrl-c and ctrl-v. Additionally, I've set vim to use the clipboard as the default buffer, which means when you yank or delete something in vim, it will be in your system clipboard as well, so you can ctrl-v it into your browser instance, etc. You can also paste material copied from other programs into vim with the typical vim bindings.